

ElectricFlow 6.4 Installation Guide

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ElectricFlow 6.4

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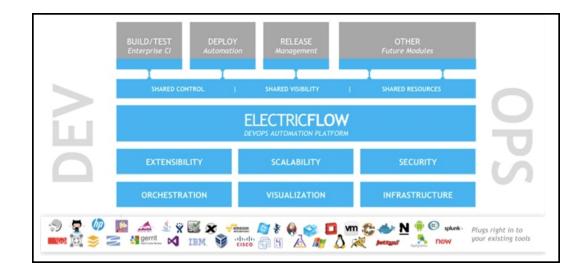
Chapter 1: Introduction to ElectricFlow

ElectricFlow™ (including the ElectricFlow Platform, formerly known as ElectricCommander) accelerates the continuous delivery of software and makes software delivery processes more repeatable, visible, scalable, and efficient. It provides domain-specific capabilities to automate the build, test, package, deploy, and release processes across many delivery pipelines.

ElectricFlow is built on a powerful proven automation platform that natively integrates domain-specific capabilities for Enterprise-level continuous delivery. The automation platform gives distributed DevOps teams shared control and visibility into infrastructure, tool chains, and processes. It accelerates and automates the software delivery process and enables agility, availability, predictability, and security across many build-test, deployment, and release pipelines.

The following diagram shows how ElectricFlow provides build/test, deploy, and release automation.

- ElectricFlow provides automation, management, and visibility of the build, test, deploy, and release processes by
 - Automating any workflows and pipelines.
 - Modeling and deploying one application for more than one use case.
 - Deploying all, some, or specific versions of artifacts in an application.
 - Keeping track of changes to tracked objects including applications, artifacts, jobs, resources, and workflows, referred to as Change Tracking.
 - Optimizing how resources are used in dynamic environments.
- ElectricFlow uses a process model to connect applications to environments.
- You create and manage resources, artifacts, projects, workflows, and procedures to support deployment and pipeline automation.



Unique Functionality

ElectricFlow is the most scalable solution on the market. Only ElectricFlow provides enterprise-class scalability for build and release management. It is easy to install and use on a simple build, yet scales to support the largest and most complex build and test processes. The ElectricFlow multi-threaded Java server provides efficient synchronization even under high job volume.

Facilities provided by ElectricFlow:

Complete end-to-end software deployment solution

Automates standard deployment processes across your enterprise. You can select the components of the working applications in your software environment.

• Workflow functionality

Use Workflows to design and manage processes at a higher level than individual jobs. Workflows allow you to combine procedures into processes to create build-test-deploy lifecycles (for example). A workflow contains states and transitions you define to provide complete control over your workflow process. The ElectricFlow Workflow feature allows you to define an unlimited range of large or small lifecycle combinations to meet your needs.

Continuous Integration Manager (CI Manager)

This feature provides a front-end user interface for creating, managing, and monitoring continuous integration builds. The CI Manager dashboard provides:

- ° Visually see your running builds, build progress, build status, and historical build outcomes.
- Easily accessed "Actions" to configure a continuous integration build.
- ° Quick configuration of your preferred SCM system.
- A project can contain any number of continuous integration builds, depending on the work you have already set up for your procedures/steps to perform.

• Resource management

If a resource is over committed, ElectricFlow delays some jobs until others have finished with the resource. You can define pools of equivalent resources and ElectricFlow balances the load across the pool.

Access control

Users log into the system and ElectricFlow uses their information to control activities. Privileges can be set for individuals or groups to ensure the security you need.

• Preflight Build functionality

Developers can build and test code changes in isolation on their local machines before those changes are committed to a production build.

• Search, sort, and filter functions

Minimize the display of information that is of no interest to you, and quickly retrieve the information you need.

• Detailed job information

ElectricFlow records a variety of information about each job. You can view jobs and see step run times, successes, and failures.

Email notifications

Get important information or data to individuals or groups immediately and on a regular basis for a particular job or a specific job aspect.

• Powerful and flexible reporting facilities

Various statistics such as the number of compiles or test errors are collected after each step and recorded in the ElectricFlow database. A variety of reports can be generated from this information.

• Artifact management

Use artifacts to improve performance across builds, provide better reusability of components, and improve cross-team collaboration with greater traceability. For example, instead of each developer repeatedly downloading third-party packages from external source, these components can be published and versioned as an artifact. A developer then simply retrieves a specific artifact version from a local repository, guaranteeing a consistent package from build to build.

ElectricFlow command-line tool

All ElectricFlow features are available from a command-line tool (ectool), a Perl API (ec-perl), and a web interface.

• Plugin capability

ElectricFlow has an extensible UI which enables easy development of plugins. You can integrate with other tools, use custom dashboards, and create unique user experiences based on roles.

• Workspaces

ElectricFlow creates a workspace for each job. A workspace is a disk area jobs can use for storage.

• Data models based on properties

Properties are used to store job input data such as the source code branch to use for the build, to collect data during a job (such as number of errors or warnings), and to annotate the job after it completes (for example, a build has passed QA).

Zones and gateways

A zone (or top-level network) is a way to partition a collection of agents to secure them from use by other groups. A gateway is a secured connection between two zones when you want to share or transfer information to another zone. For example, you might want a developers zone and a test zone. The ElectricFlow server is a member of the default zone, created during ElectricFlow installation.

Challenges Solved by ElectricFlow

Traditional software build processes face the following challenges:

• Wasted time on script-intensive, manual, home-grown systems

These systems are error prone, do not scale well, and have little or no management visibility or reporting.

· Multiple, disconnected build and test systems across locations

Disconnected build and test systems result in redundant work and the inability to share/reuse code files across teams, making it painful to manage build and test data.

• Slow overall build and release cycles

Slow cycle times directly impact release predictability and time-to-market.

ElectricFlow addresses these problems with a three-tier architecture, AJAX-powered web interface, and first-ofits-kind build and release analytic capabilities for reporting and compliance. With this solution, your developers, release engineers, build managers, QA teams, and managers gain:

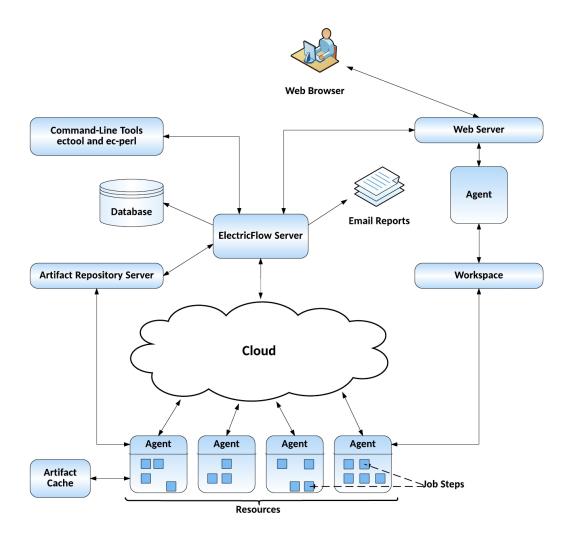
- A shared platform for disseminating best practices and reusing common procedures
- The ability to support geographically distributed teams
- · Continuous integration and greater agility
- Faster throughput and more efficient hardware utilization
- · Visibility and reporting for better project predictability
- Better software quality by integrating and validating against all target platforms and configurations

Architecture

ElectricFlow was architected from the ground up to support enterprise scale software production. Based on a three-tier architecture, ElectricFlow scales to handle large, complex environments. ElectricFlow's multi-threaded Java server provides efficient synchronization even under high job volume.

Local Configuration

The following diagram shows an ElectricFlow architecture configuration at a single site.



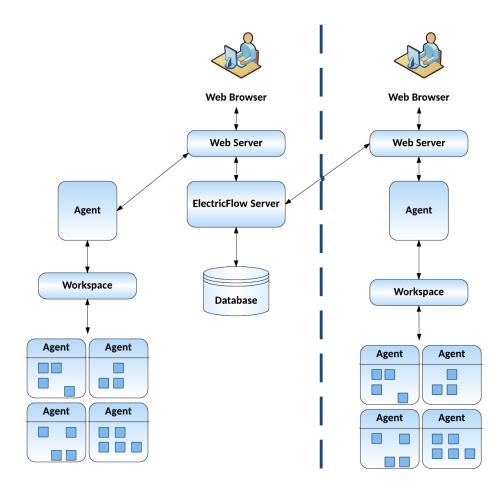
In the local configuration:

- The ElectricFlow server manages resources, issues commands, generates reports.
- An underlying database stores commands and metadata.
- Agents execute commands, monitor status, and collect results, in parallel across a cluster of servers for rapid throughput.

If you are only evaluating the ElectricFlow software, the database, ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server can reside on the same machine. In a production environment, the database should reside on a separate machine from the ElectricFlow server to prevent performance issues. It is acceptable for the ElectricFlow server, and repository server to reside on the same machine in a local configuration, but not required.

Remote Web Server Configuration

The following diagram shows an example of a remote web server architecture configuration.



In the example remote web server configuration:

- There are web servers at each site
- The database and ElectricFlow server is located at your headquarters
- Proxy resources exist at each site

This remote web server configuration helps prevent network latency. If you have multiple sites, ElectricFlow can be configured in numerous ways to help you work more efficiently.

ElectricFlow supports multiple workspaces, including those co-located on agents that use them. In this architecture, step log files are created locally so even the largest log files can be captured without a performance penalty. You can view the step log files remotely from the web UI, but there will be a performance penalty if the files must be retrieved across the WAN. This means that remote users will experience the performance penalty when the web server retrieves the step log file contents, and when the contents are sent back across the WAN to the browser.

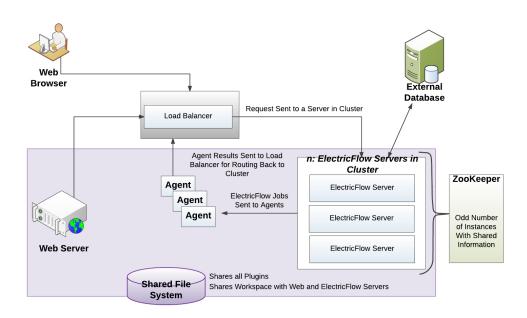
To minimize these performance issues, install one central ElectricFlow server, and then install an ElectricFlow web server at each remote site. The remote ElectricFlow web servers should be co-located with the remote agents and workspaces so remote users to log in through their local web server. Any operations initiated from the remote location, including running a job, are completed by the central ElectricFlow server. Job data is retrieved from the central server when a remote user views the Job Details page. If the job is using a workspace at the remote user's site, the links to all step log files will refer to local paths. The log files are only accessed by the remote web server's agent, and not the ElectricFlow server. This eliminates both trips across the WAN which

improves performance. The ElectricFlow web server reads the log file locally (via its agent), and then displays the page to the user whose browser is also on the same side of the WAN.

Note: You can install ElectricFlow web servers on any Windows or Linux platform suitable for installing the ElectricFlow server.

Clustered Configuration

The following diagram shows an ElectricFlow clustered configuration.



You can also add horizontal scalability and high availability to your ElectricFlow environment by adding additional machines to create a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

A clustered ElectricFlow configuration has the following benefits:

- Add fault tolerance by re-routing jobs to running ElectricFlow servers
- · Increase the supported number of simultaneous jobs and corresponding API requests
- Expand capacity over time by adding additional ElectricFlow servers
- Distribute API requests across multiple ElectricFlow servers
- Distribute ElectricFlow requests across multiple web servers

A clustered ElectricFlow configuration requires two additional software components:

- · A centralized service for maintaining and synchronizing group services in cluster
- · A load balancer for routing work to machines in the cluster

See Clustering on page 4-1 for additional details and clustered configuration set up procedures.

Chapter 2: System Requirements and Supported Platforms

This section describes hardware and software specifications and configurations for installing and running ElectricFlow on Windows or UNIX systems. All version requirements for operating systems and databases are routinely tested and fully supported by Electric Cloud. Contact Electric Cloud technical support if you have any questions regarding newer software versions.

Supported Server Platforms

This section describes the supported platforms for the ElectricFlow, web, or repository servers.

Windows Platforms

The following table lists all supported Microsoft Windows server platforms.

Platform	Notes
Windows 10 (64-bit)	_
Windows 8.1 (64-bit)	_

Platform	Notes
Windows 7 (64-bit)	 SP1 recommended An administrator might need to disable User Account Control (UAC). If the installer runs under account <i>X</i>, but services will run under account <i>Y</i>, installation directories (both program and data) will probably have permissions that prevent Y's access. This applies particularly to data directories.
Windows Server 2012 Windows Server 2008 and Windows 2008 R2 (64-bit)	 An administrator might need to disable User Account Control (UAC). If the installer runs under account <i>X</i>, but services will run under account <i>Y</i>, installation directories (both program and data) will probably have permissions that prevent Y's access. This applies particularly to data directories. When using ecconfigure to restart all services after the cluster configuration is changed, do one of the following:
	 If UAC is enabled and the current user (for example, the "builld" user) is in the administrator group, open the "Run as Administrator" command window, and enter ecconfigure serverName \$<zookeeper_server_ip> serverZooKeeperConnection \${<zookeeper_server_ IP>}:2181.</zookeeper_server_ </zookeeper_server_ip>
	 Disable UAC as described in http://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/13953. windows-server-2012-deactivating-uac.aspx. Then enter ecconfigureserverName \$<zookeeper_server_ip> - -serverZooKeeperConnection \${<zookeeper_server_ IP>}:2181, where the command will run under administrator privileges.</zookeeper_server_ </zookeeper_server_ip>

Linux Platforms

The following table lists all supported Linux server platforms.

Platform	Notes
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6 (64-bit)	 For all ElectricFlow installers: Do not choose "nobody" for the RHEL user. RHEL does not allow a "su - nobody -c foo.sh" because it is not a shell account. Using "nobody" prevents the SQL server from starting, which means the default ElectricFlow database is inaccessible. For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection:

Platform	Notes
	 You must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. These libraries are required for the ElectricFlow installation executable file to work. We recommend running <i>all</i> of these commands on your RHEL 6, 64-bit machines.
	 Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.
	• Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.
	 Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.
	Example:
	Enter commands similar to the following to download packages and install them on the target machine.
	To download the packages, enter these commands:
	sudo su -
	cd /tmp
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp libstdc ++.i686
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp libuuid .i686
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp nss-pa m-ldapd*.i686
	To install the packages on the target machine, enter these commands:
	rpm -ivh libstdc++-4.4.7-16.el6.i686.rpm
	rpm -ivh libuuid-2.17.2-12.18.el6.i686.rpm
	rpm -ivh nss-pam-ldapd-0.7.5-20.el6_6.3.i686.rpm

Platform	Notes
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 (64-bit)	 For all ElectricFlow installers: Do not choose "nobody" for the RHEL user. RHEL does not allow a "su - nobody -c foo.sh" because it is not a shell account. Using "nobody" prevents the SQL server from starting, which means the default ElectricFlow database is inaccessible. If you plan to use ElectricFlow on RHEL5.x, the supported installation method requires the SeLinux configuration to be less restrictive. Either run the # setenforce 0 command as the root user to set the SeLinux operating mode to "Permissive", or the file /etc/selinux/config and change the line "SELINUX=enforcing" to "SELINUX=permissive". Either change requires rebooting the Linux server to have the changes take effect.

Platform	Notes
Ubuntu 10.04 and 12.04 (64-bit)	 For all ElectricFlow installers: Run these commands before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:
	 sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0 sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386 Update /etc/environment to include the ElectricCommander bin directory in PATH. Steps running with impersonation on Ubuntu run with a PATH environment variable set in /etc/environment. As a side-effect, the ElectricCommander bin directory is not in the PATH in the impersonation context, so calls to tools like ectool and postp fail with a "not found" error.
	 If you receive an error during installation similar to: File "/usr/lib/lsb/install_initd", line 3, in <module> import sys, re, os, initdutils File "/usr/lib/lsb/initdutils.py", line 18 raise ValueError, 'need a file or string' ^ SyntaxError: invalid syntax</module>
	This is a known Ubuntu bug. To fix it, run sudo sed -i "s/python3/python/" /usr/lib/lsb/install_initd.
	For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection:
	 Run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install lib32bz2- 1.0 before installing ElectricFlow. This command installs Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer.
	 If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with Ubuntu 12.04 64-bit, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.
	Example:
	Enter commands similar to the following to download packages and install them on the target machine.
	To download the packages, enter these commands:
	sudo su -
	aptitude download ia32-libs
	aptitude download libnss-ldap:i386
	To install the packages on the target machine, enter these commands:

Platform	Notes
	dpkg -iforce-depends ia32-libs_20090808ubuntu36_amd64.de b
	dpkg -iforce-depends libnss-ldap_264-2.2ubuntu2_i386.deb

Platform	Notes		
Ubuntu 14.04	For all ElectricFlow installers:		
(64-bit)	• Update /etc/environment to include the ElectricCommander bin directory in PATH. Steps running with impersonation on Ubuntu run with a PATH environment variable set in /etc/environment. As a side-effect, the ElectricCommander bin directory is not in the PATH in the impersonation context, so calls to tools like ectool and postp fail with a <i>not found</i> error.		
	 If you receive an error during installation similar to: File "/usr/lib/lsb/install_initd", line 3, in <module> import sys, re, os, initdutils File "/usr/lib/lsb/initdutils.py", line 18 raise ValueError, 'need a file or string'</module> 		
	^ SyntaxError: invalid syntax		
	This is a known Ubuntu bug. To fix it, run sudo sed -i "s/python3/python/" /usr/lib/lsb/install_initd.		
	For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection:		
	Run these commands before installing ElectricFlow. They install the Ubuntu 32-bit compatibility layer.		
	sudo apt-get update		
	sudo dpkgadd-architecture i386		
	sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0		
	sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386		
	 If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu 14.04, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start. 		
	Example:		
	Enter commands similar to the following to download packages and install them on the target machine.		
	To download the packages, enter these commands:		
	sudo su -		
	dpkgadd-architecture i386		
	apt-get update		
	aptitude download lib32bz2-1.0		
	aptitude download libuuid1:i386		
	aptitude download libnss-ldap:i386		

Platform	Notes		
	To install the packages on the target machine, enter these commands:		
	dpkg -iforce-depends lib32bz2-1.0_1.0.6-5_amd64.deb		
	dpkg -iforce-depends libuuid1_2.20.1-5.1ubuntu20.7_i386. deb		
	dpkg -iforce-depends libnss-ldap_264-2.2ubuntu4.14.04.1_ i386.deb		
	Theforce-depends option is required on Ubuntu to prevent the system from trying to install dependencies for packages.		

Supported Agent Platforms

The following table lists all supported agent platforms.

Platform	Notes	
32-bit and 64-bit server machines specified for the ElectricFlow server	Go to Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.	
HP-UX 11i v1 (11.11) or later (Architecture: PA-RISC 2.0)	 Make sure that patches PHKL_29243 and PHSS_39077 (or patches superceding these patches) are installed. HP-UX Secure Shell requires a random number generator on the system. It searches for /dev/urandom and then /dev/random and uses the first device it finds. If it fails to find them, it uses its own internal random number generator. By default, HP-UX 11i v2 systems includes these random number devices. They can also be obtained for HP-UX 11i v1 by downloading and installing the HP-UX Strong Random Number Generator from http://software.hp.com. HP recommends that Secure Shell users on HP-UX 11i v1 systems install the Strong Random Number Generator product, as it significantly speeds up program initialization and execution for some commands. 	
Mac OS X 10.4 (Tiger) or later (Architecture: Intel)	_	
Sun Solaris 10 (Architecture: Sparc and Intel x86)	_	
Sun Solaris 9 (Architecture: Sparc only)	_	

Platform	Notes
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12.1 (32 and 64-bit)	Run zypper install libstdc++6-32bit before installing ElectricFlow agents on a 64-bit machine. This command installs the SUSE 32-bit libraries required for the ElectricFlow executable file to work.
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11.4 (32 and 64-bit)	_
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 10.4 and 10.3 (32 and 64-bit)	_

Server and Agent Compatibility

Servers running ElectricFlow 5.0 or later no longer support agents running with versions 4.1 or earlier. The pre-ElectricCommander 4.2 ectool/Perl API no longer communicates with the ElectricFlow server. You must upgrade any pre-Commander 4.2 agents before you upgrade the ElectricFlow server.

Note: ElectricCommander 4.1 and earlier are no longer supported. Contact Electric Cloud technical support for manual instructions to upgrade your installation.

Hardware Requirements

This section lists the minimum requirements for any Windows or Linux machines installed with the ElectricFlow server software.

- Processor clock rate: 1.5 GHz or higher
- Memory: 4 GB available RAM or more (8 GB recommended for small to medium deployments)
- Cores: 2 or more (4 cores recommended for small to medium deployments)

Browser Requirements

ElectricFlow supports the following web browsers:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 10.0 or later
- Mozilla Firefox 10.0 or later
- Chrome 13 or later

Note: Web browser extensions such as AdBlockPlus for Google Chrome can interfere with the display of ElectricFlow web pages. We recommend disabling any ad blocking browser extensions or add an exclusion for ElectricFlow web pages.

Port Usage

ElectricFlow is pre-configured to use certain ports by default. This section contains the default port values and actions you can take to avoid port conflicts.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow web server and the ElectricFlow server.

Default Server Ports

ElectricFlow servers use the following ports:

- 8000 ElectricFlow Server
- 8443 ElectricFlow Server (SSL port)
- 80 ElectricFlow Web Server
- 443 ElectricFlow Web Server (SSL port)
- 6800 Port used by the ElectricFlow agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
- 7800 ElectricFlow Agents (by default, this is an HTTPS port)
- 61613 Preflight file transfer port, other file transfer, event notifications, or other messaging
- 8200 Artifact repository server (by default, this is an HTTPS port)

Default Database Ports

Alternate databases use the following ports:

- 1521 Oracle 11g Release 1, and R2; Oracle 12c
- 1433 Microsoft SQL Server
- 3306 MySQL

Default Ports for ElectricFlow Services

The Java Service Wrapper uses the following ports to communicate with a Java virtual machine (JVM):

- 127.0.0.1:32000-ElectricFlow Agents
- 127.0.0.1:32001-ElectricFlow Server
- 127.0.0.1:32002–Artifact Repository

Avoiding Port Conflicts

If you are installing an ElectricFlow server and you have a web server or other application that uses the same ports as the ElectricFlow host, you can choose one of the following actions:

- · Select different web server or application ports
- · Uninstall the existing web server or application
- Disable the existing web server or application
- · Reconfigure the existing web server or application to use another port

IMPORTANT: Make sure your firewall is open for the ports used by ElectricFlow.

Database Requirements

You are not able to log into ElectricFlow until a database is set up. During the ElectricFlow server installation, you can choose to install the built-in (default) database or an alternate database.

Note: If you are using two different ElectricFlow servers, the servers *cannot* point to the same database.

Built-In Database

If you install ElectricFlow using the built-in ElectricFlow database, be advised that this database is not supported for production systems. We strongly recommends using an alternate database in your production environment. *Using an alternate database requires an ElectricFlow enterprise license.*

You can switch to an alternate database at anytime. For more information, see Configuration on page 5-1.

Supported Alternate Databases

Alternate databases must be UTF-8 compliant, and configured to allow up to 200 open connections. ElectricFlow supports the following alternate databases:

• MySQL 5.0, 5.1, 5.5.12, 5.6, 5.7 or later (5.5.12 or later is recommended)

Notes:

- For clean installs of the ElectricFlow server 4.2.3 or later, you must install the MySQL JDBC driver.
 See Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-69.
- For upgrades, additions to my.cnf/my.ini are required. See Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-69.
- MS SQL Server 2008, 2008 R2
- MS SQL Server 2012
- MS SQL Server 2014
- MariaDB 10.0.17 or later
- Oracle 10g R2 (including RAC)
- Oracle 11g Release 2, R2
- Oracle 12c

Note: In the Oracle database, set the OPEN_CURSORS parameter to at least 1000 to prevent ElectricFlow from running out of open cursors.

Database Sizing

Expected database growth over time can be correlated with the number of job steps created. Database growth is NOT correlated with build log or build artifact sizes.

To create a reasonable database growth estimate per period:

- 1. Estimate the number of jobs per period.
- 2. Multiply the "estimated number of jobs" by the number of steps estimated per job. This will determine the estimated number of steps per period.
- 3. Multiply the "estimated number of steps per period" by 10 to determine the disk size (in Kbytes) required per period.

For example: If you run 500 jobs per day with an average of 200 steps per job, you would run 100K steps per day. This means your database would grow about 1 GB per day or 90 GB per quarter. Using this example, if you prune jobs older than 30 days, database size could be maintained at about 30 GB.

Disk Usage

Disk space usage varies and depends on the quantity and size of the jobs you run. We recommend starting with the following free space recommendations:

- Server-10 GB
- Agents-5 GB each

Sizing artifact cache directory space on resources

By default, artifacts are retrieved into the <DATA_DIRECTORY>/artifact-cache directory of the agent installation. You can modify the agent.conf file to change the location, or you can specify the cache directory location on each resource known to ElectricFlow. Determining how much free space the cache partition needs to accommodate all of your artifact versions can be difficult. Here is one approach to approximate the disk/partition size you need:

For each artifact, estimate how large you think each version will be and how many versions you plan to keep. Compute the total required space to be the sum of version-size * numVersions for each artifact. Add a buffer of 50%. Using your end result, allocate a disk/partition that size and configure the cache as a directory on that disk/partition.

• **Repository server**–If using Artifact Management functionality, you could need 20-30 GB, or more disk space for your repository server.

Although a server install includes an artifact repository, We recommend that production repository servers be installed on different machines than the ElectricFlow server. The repository server might do a very large amount of disk and network I/O when transferring artifact versions to and from requesters and this might adversely affect ElectricFlow server performance.

Sizing the repository backingstore

For a repository installation, by default, the repository backingstore is the <DATA_ DIRECTORY>/repository-data directory. You can modify the <DATA_ DIRECTORY>/conf/repository/server.properties file or use ecconfigure to update the backingstore location. Determining exactly how much free space the backingstore disk/partition needs to accommodate your artifact versions can be difficult. Here is one approach to approximate the disk size you need:

For each artifact, estimate how large you think each version will be and how many versions you plan to keep. Compute the total required space to be the sum of version-size * numVersions for each artifact. Add a buffer of 50%. Using your end result, allocate a disk/partition that size and configure the repository backingstore as a directory on that disk/partition.

• Logs

You can set the following properties as Java system properties in wrapper.conf:

- ec.logRoot controls the location of the log output. The default location is the logs/commander.log directory.
- ec.logHistory controls the number of days of log history that is kept. The default is 30 days.
- ec.logSize controls the size of each log file before it is zipped up and a new log file started. The default is 100 MB, but each log rotation will zip the file, so that only about 6-7 MB of space are being taken.

Production systems generate multiple log files per day – an average system can generate 50-100 log files. This means that the daily requirement for space (under this type of load) is 300-700 MB. Retaining 1 months' worth of logs requires 9-21 GB of space, so adjusting the ec.logHistory value to something lower might be appropriate, if you want to allot less space for this logging.

To limit the amount of disk space for logging, the most effective approach is to use a lower ec.logHistory value.

Memory Usage

Memory usage varies depending on whether or not the ElectricFlow server is a dedicated machine.

- An ElectricFlow server running on a dedicated machine has a default minimum heap memory allocation of 20% and a maximum heap memory allocation of 40%. This applies to either a 32 or 64-bit system.
- In general, an ElectricFlow agent has a default minimum memory usage of 16 MB and a maximum memory usage of 64 MB. However, agents for REPO-server, Web-Server and Proxy agents needing higher settings; for details, see the KB article "KBEC-00248 - Agent Memory configuration" at https://electriccloud.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/articles/202828823-KBEC-00248-Agent-Memoryconfiguration.

Modifying the Memory Settings for an ElectricFlow Server

There are two ways you can adjust the amount of memory for the ElectricFlow server.

• Modify the wrapper.java.initmemory.percent and wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent lines in wrapper.conf

Server Type	System	Path	
Non-repository	Windows 2008	c:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\wrapper.conf	
	Windows 7		
	Linux	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/wrapper.conf	
Repository	Windows 2008	c:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\wrapper.conf	
	Windows 7	Cloud Liectric commander confreepository wrapper.com	
	Linux	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/wrapper.conf	

Use the following table to determine the correct directory path.

• Use ecconfigure to set the initial and maximum memory settings.

For example, to set the ElectricFlow Server initial memory percentage to 21% and the maximum memory percentage to 31%, enter the following command:

ecconfigure --serverInitMemory 21 --serverMaxMemory 31

Modifying the Memory Settings for an ElectricFlow Agent

To adjust the amount of memory for the ElectricFlow agent, modify the wrapper.java.initmemory.percent and wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent lines in wrapper.conf for the agent. Use the appropriate directory path:

- Windows: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\agent\wrapper.conf
- · Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/agent/wrapper.conf

Note: For agents only, on a 32-bit Physical Address Extension (PAE) OS, Java allocates percentage of memory based on the physical memory, not the extended memory. The maximum memory for a 32-bit system is 4 GB, so a 20% allocation is about 1 GB.

Checksum Utility

An MD5 checksum file is available on the Electric Cloud FTP site. If you choose to verify that ElectricFlow files are intact and unaltered from their original form and content after you download them, download the corresponding MD5 checksum file also.

MD5 utilities are available for Windows, Linux, and Mac operating systems.

- On Linux, verify with md5sum --check ElectricFlow-<version>.md5
- Most Linux installations provide an md5sum command for calculating MD5 message digests.
- An MD5 utility for Windows can be downloaded at http://fourmilab.ch/md5/

To use the MD5 checksum utility on a Mac:

- 1. In Finder, browse to /Applications/Utilities.
- 2. Double-click the Terminal icon. A Terminal window appears.
- 3. In the Terminal window, type: "md5" (followed by a space).
- 4. Drag the downloaded file from the Finder into the Terminal window.
- 5. Click in the Terminal window, press the Return key, and compare the checksum displayed on the screen to the one on the download page.

Software Licenses

The Licenses page in the ElectricFlow web interface shows you the current software use entitlements. You can view your license information by going to **Administration** > **Licenses** in the platform UI.

Standard License

The standard license allows you to use only the built-in database. In ElectricCommander 4.2 and later, *standard license* is packaged with the server and is automatically installed if no other license is present.

This is an example of an ElectricFlow server with a standard license.

Licenses				
All Licenses				Import Licen
Company	Feature	Expiration	Grace Period (Days)	Actions
Electric Cloud, Inc.	Server (standard)		0	ي نا
Current Usage				
Maximum Concurrent Steps: 2				
Concurrent Steps: 0				
Maximum Concurrent Hosts: unlim	ited			
Concurrent Hosts In Use: 0				
Maximum Proxied Hosts: unlim	ited			
Proxied Hosts In Use: 0				
Maximum Concurrent Users: unlim	ited			
Active Users: 0				

The standard license restricts you to running only two concurrent steps.

Enterprise License

The enterprise license allows you to use an external (alternate) database. In ElectricCommander 4.2 and later, you must apply an enterprise license key when you want to configure an alternate database.

This is an example of an ElectricFlow server with an enterprise license.

Licenses				
All Licenses				Import License
Company	Feature	Expiration	Grace Period (Days)	Actions
Electric Cloud	Server (enterprise)	2016-01-07	0	2
Current Usage				
Maximum Concurrent Steps: unlimited Concurrent Steps: 0 Maximum Concurrent Hoats: 60 Concurrent Hoats: Hole: 0 Maximum Proxide Hoats: 60 Proxidel Hoats In Use: 0 Maximum Concurrent Users: unlimited Active Users: 0				

Registered Host License

Registered hosts are dedicated hosts on which a procedure or step can always run. This license controls the number of unique registered host names.

Note: ElectricFlow can have a mixed license with concurrent and registered hosts.

Licenses				
All Licenses				Import License
Company	Feature	Expiration	Grace Period (Days)	Actions
Electric Cloud	Server (freemium)	2015-10-31	0	۵ 🖞
Current Usage				
Maximum Concurrent Steps: u Concurrent Steps: 0 Maximum Registered Hosts: 0 Registered Hosts in Use: 0 Maximum Concurrent Users: 0 Active Users: 0 Maximum Applications: 3 Applications in Use: 1) 5) nimitted)			

Legacy Software Licenses

Before ElectricCommander 4.2, *all licenses were enterprise licenses*. If you are a legacy customer, and you perform a clean server installation, you can install your original (pre-ElectricCommander 4.2) license (which is an enterprise license) on the new server and configure the server to talk to the production database. This approach is possible only when *no other server* is running and connected to the production database.

Note: If you want to install a new server (such as for testing), do *not* install your original license on the new server. For simple testing, you might be able to use the standard license on the test server, if your needs fit within the constraints of this license. However, if you need a production license for a test server, contact Electric Cloud Technical Support.

Chapter 3: Installing ElectricFlow

This section describes the various methods for installing the ElectricFlow software in a new environment.

IMPORTANT: Product Name Change and Deprecation Notice

To bring a singular focus to the ElectricFlow brand moving forward, the name "ElectricCommander" is being changed to "ElectricFlow". All of the capabilities you are familiar within ElectricCommander are still available and intact. All changes (involving the new name) are being introduced in a way that ensures backward compatibility. The scripts you've written and URL/shortcuts you currently have should work without any changes required. We've posted an FAQ to help answer questions you may have concerning this name change.

The installation documentation refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

IMPORTANT: If you are upgrading a previously-installed ElectricCommander or ElectricFlow version, follow the instructions in Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.

IMPORTANT: The following situation may occur when the workspace files are in a directory other than the default *workspace* directory and the ElectricFlow configuration has a link to this workspace directory. When you install a new version of ElectricFlow, ElectricFlow creates a workspace directory in the default location. It does not recognize the pre-configured workspace link in the previous configuration.

When configuring ElectricFlow after upgrading it, you cannot use ecconfigure to move the workspace directory to the pre-configured network location. To resolve this, you must manually specify the link to the workspace directory in the new configuration.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

ElectricFlow Installer Files

The following installer files are available for the Windows and Linux platforms.

Туре	What the Installer Does	Filename
Full	Installs all components, including the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, agents, and ElectricFlow tools. Only 32-bit agents are installed.	ElectricFlow- <version> Example: ElectricFlow-6.0.0.12345</version>
32-bit agent only	Installs only the 32-bit agent.	ElectricFlowAgent-x86- <version> Example: ElectricFlowAgent-x86-6.0.0.12345</version>
64-bit agent only	Installs only the 64-bit agent.	ElectricFlowAgent-x64- <version> Example: ElectricFlowAgent-x64-6.0.0.12345</version>

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands: sudo apt-get update

```
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Choosing the Correct Installation Process

This section describes the various installation methods and available options for specific platform types.

For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Installations

These methods provide an installation Wizard you use to install the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. These installation methods are generally preferred by Windows users, but are supported on Linux platforms with X installed.

Installation options:

• Express Server

This option installs the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, built-in database, one agent (for running jobs), and ElectricFlow tools on one machine with the default ElectricFlow server settings. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). This installation method is most useful for quickly installing the ElectricFlow software for evaluation purposes.

IMPORTANT:

Running ElectricFlow on a single machine with the built-in database is generally not recommended for a production environment. ElectricFlow will connect to an external database in a typical production configuration.

If ElectricFlow was installed with the built-in database, you can reconfigure it to use an external database. Go to External Database Configuration on page 5-2 for configuration instructions.

Advanced

This installation option allows you to select individual components, directories, or ports. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). You can use this option to install the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server on a machine without the built-in database.

Express Agent

This option quickly installs an ElectricFlow agent and ElectricFlow tools. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where

you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-5.

• 32-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a 32-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the 32-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-5.

• 64-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a 64-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the 64-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-5.

Interactive Command-Line Installation

These methods provide an interactive command line for installing the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. These installation methods are only available for Linux platforms.

Installation options:

• Express Server

This option installs the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, built-in database, one agent (for running jobs), and ElectricFlow tools on one machine with the default ElectricFlow server settings. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). This installation method is most useful for quickly installing the ElectricFlow software for evaluation purposes.

IMPORTANT:

Running ElectricFlow on a single machine with the built-in database is generally not recommended for a production environment. ElectricFlow will connect to an external database in a typical production configuration.

If ElectricFlow was installed with the built-in database, you can reconfigure it to use an external database. Go to External Database Configuration for the configuration instructions.

Advanced

This installation option allows you to select individual components, directories, or ports. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). You can use this option to install the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server on a machine without the built-in database.

Express Agent

This option quickly installs an ElectricFlow agent and ElectricFlow tools. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the method called Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-5.

• 32-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a 32-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the 32-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-5.

• 64-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a 64-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the 64-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-5.

Silent Unattended Installation

This method provides a non-interactive command-line installation for supported server platforms. This option is available via the "full" installer file, the 32-bit installer file, or the 64-bit installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). You might find this installation method preferable for installing multiple remote agents and servers.

• Windows

This option is only for Windows platforms.

Linux

This option is only for Linux platforms.

Non-Server Platform Agent Installation

This method provides a command-line for installing the ElectricFlow agent and tool software on supported non-server platforms. This installation method is only supported on non-server platforms.

Installation options:

• Command-Line Agent

This option allows you to install an agent from a UNIX command-line installer.

• Silent Agent

This option allows you to run unattended (silent) installations with the UNIX installer.

Before You Install ElectricFlow

Review the following information before attempting to install any ElectricFlow software.

Linux and Windows Installations

- You must install ElectricFlow on a local drive. Electric Cloud does not support installing the ElectricFlow server on a network volume.
- We recommend installing the ElectricFlow server first, before installing remote agents or web servers.
- Make sure you have competed any prerequisite platform setup.

For more information, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

- The ElectricFlow-provided built-in database is *not* recommended for production systems. We strongly
 recommend using an alternate database in your production ElectricFlow environment. Additionally, the
 built-in database is *not* supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. See Supported Alternate
 Databases on page 2-14 for alternate databases supported by ElectricFlow.
- If the X Window System is not running or not available, the Linux user interface installer will run in interactive command-line mode.
- When installing a 64-bit machine, the 64-bit version of the Java Runtime Environment is installed automatically.
- When installing an agent, repository server, and/or web server, you can enter information for a remote ElectricFlow server. That information can then be used to discover the server's plugins directory and set it accordingly so the local install is in sync with the remote ElectricFlow server. During an agent installation, you can create a resource object on the server automatically. Similarly, during a repository installation, you can create a repository object on the server automatically.
- If you plan to use a clustered ElectricFlow configuration, see Clustering on page 4-1 to read about additional requirements and considerations.

Linux Installations

Review the following information before installing ElectricFlow on a Linux machine.

64-Bit Linux Platforms

The Linux installer checks for and installs the required 32-bit compatibility libraries on supported 64-bit Linux platforms. When you (as the root user) are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine running a supported Linux platform, the installer checks if the required 32-bit libraries are installed on it during the installation process. If the 32-bit libraries are already installed, the installation process continues to the next step. However, if the 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the following messages:

```
Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".
```

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow.Thj Install them? [n/Y]

- If you enter y, the software installs the missing 32-bit libraries, and then continues to the next step.
- If you enter n, the installation process stops (aborts).

The installer does not check for the required 32-bit libraries in these situations:

- The machines run on unsupported Linux platforms such as Debian, CentOS, or Fedora.
- The system is not connected to the internet.

Full Installer and 32-Bit Agent Installer

The ElectricFlow full and 32-bit installers are 32-bit executables that do not check if the machine has the required 32-bit compatibility libraries during the installation process.

Before installing ElectricFlow agents on a RHEL machine, you may need to complete this prerequisite:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were

omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Before installing Electric Flow agents on a Ubuntu machine, you may need to complete this prerequisite:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Unsupported Linux Platforms

For platforms such as Debian, CentOS, or Fedora, install the following 32-bit libraries before installing ElectricFlow. They are required for the ElectricFlow installation executable file to work. We recommend installing *all* of these libraries on your 64-bit machines.

- libstdc++.i686: If you do not install this, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.
- libuuid.i686:Install this if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.
- nss-pam-Idapd*.i686: Install the 32-bit NSS packages if you are using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

No Internet Connection

These are alternate ways to download and install the 32-bit libraries:

• Ubuntu: Create an offline copy of the repository and manage it offline as described in

https://help.ubuntu.com/community/AptGet/Offline/Repository/

• Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL): Manage the yum repositories as described in

https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-US/Red_Hat_Enterprise_Linux/7/html/System_ Administrators_Guide/sec-Configuring_Yum_and_Yum_Repositories.html

Default Installation Directories

ElectricFlow uses the following default installation directories:

Platform	Data Type	Default Path
Windows	Program files	C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander
	Data (database, logs, configuration files)	Windows 2008 or Windows 7: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander
UNIX/Mac	All program files and data	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander

Note: You can change the installation directories when you install the ElectricFlow software.

Graphical User Interface Installation Methods

The graphical user interface installation methods are supported by Windows platforms and Linux platforms running the X Window System.

Running an Express Server Graphical User Interface Installation

The express server installation installs the ElectricFlow server, including the web server, built-in database, agent for running jobs, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: The built-in database is not supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to run the full installer.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0 installer. Specify the type of install you would like to perform.	×
• Express Server - Installs the server, database, web server, agent, and repository server.	
C Express Agent - Installs an agent used to run jobs for an existing ElectricFlow server.	
C Advanced - Allows you to specify components, directories, ports, and so on.	
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.	
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back,	Vext > Cancel

Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options will appear in some windows on a Linux system.

2. Select the Express Server installation option, and then click Next to continue.

The Server Service Account screen appears.

lectricFlow Setup Server service account	×
Specify the account you would like the server/web/repository services to	orun as.
User Name	
build	
Password	
Domain - Leave blank for local users	
Use the local system account	ad adda a such as A
Use the same account for the agent service (not recommended for pro	oduction systems)
lectric Cloud, Inc	
	<back next=""> Cancel</back>

- 3. Select the appropriate step for your platform and complete the information for the server service account.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
 - Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server services to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

• Use the same account for the agent service - Select this check box if you want the agent on the ElectricFlow server machine to run as the same account.

For security reasons in production environments, you may want to use a separate account for the agent service because the server account has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different account for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - Group Name Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - Use the same account for the agent service Select this check box if you want the same user and group to own the agent process on the ElectricFlow server machine.

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

4. Click Next to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

IMPORTANT: If you selected the Use the same account for the agent service check box on the previous screen, you will not see this screen.

Agent service account Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.	
User Name build	
Password	
Domain - Leave blank for local users	
Use the local system account	
Electric Cloud, Inc	

5. Select the appropriate step for your platform and complete the information for the agent service account.

- If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the *\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log* directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account does not have access to network shares.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_</code> DIRECTORY/log directory.

- Group Name Use this field to enter the name of the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 6. Click Next to continue.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Ready to install Review the settings before beginning the install.	
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the install.	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools	<u> </u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander	
Server settings: HTTP port: 8000 HTTPS port: 8443 File transfer port: 61613	
Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-in	
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8 Service account: build	
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build	
Agent settings:	• •
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back Next >	Cancel

- 7. Review the default settings and your service account selections. Use the **Back** button to change your service account selections if necessary.
- 8. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the installation process which can take fifteen minutes. When the install process is complete, the Install Wizard Complete screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
N	Install Wizard Complete
	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94192 was successfully installed!
	Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log.
2	Click Finish to exit the wizard.
	☑ Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow.
	Finish Cencel

Note: The ElectricFlow server will automatically start when installation is complete.

- 9. Select the Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 10. Click **Finish** to close the wizard.

Running an Advanced Graphical User Interface Installation

The advanced graphical user interface installation allows you to install individual ElectricFlow components such as an ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or ElectricFlow tools on specific machines. You can also change the default installation settings to accommodate your environment. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to run the installer.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options will appear in some windows on a Linux system.

2. Select the Advanced installation option, and then click Next to continue.

The Components screen appears. All options are selected by default.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Components	
Select the components you would like to install.	
Server - The main ElectricFlow server.	
🔽 Database - A built-in database installation. Uncheck to use an external dat	atabase.
🗹 Web server - An Apache server and web interface used to access a Electri	tricFlow server.
Repository - Server used to store and retrieve artifacts.	
Agent - Used by an ElectricFlow server to run jobs on this machine.	
Tools (Required) - Command-line utilities used to access an ElectricFlow ser	erver.
Electric Cloud, Inc	
	< Back Next > Cancel

 Clear the check boxes for any servers you do NOT want to install on the current machine. For more information, see Architecture on page 1-4.

Available options are:

Server - Select this check box if you want to install an ElectricFlow server.

Database - Only select this check box if you want to install the built-in database. This is not recommended for production systems. Additionally, the built-in database is *not* supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. Clear this check box if you plan to use an external database. If you plan to use MySQL, see Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-69.

Web server - Select this check box if you want to install an Apache web server.

Repository - Select this check box if you want to install an ElectricFlow repository server. If you select this option, a single agent is automatically installed on the machine to run jobs.

Agent - Select this check box if you want to install ElectricFlow agent software.

Tools - Select this check box if you want to install ElectricFlow tools. If you only want to install the ElectricFlow tools, clear all the check boxes. This option does not automatically install an ElectricFlow agent like the other options.

IMPORTANT: The following installation screens will vary depending on which servers you choose to install. You might see all, some, or none of the screens in the following steps.

4. Click **Next** to accept the component selections.

The Directories screen appears. ElectricFlow uses the default directories to install files and components.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Directories	
Specify the directories you would like to use.	
Install directory - Contains program files and binaries.	
C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Browse	
Data directory - Contains configuration files and logs.	
C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Browse	
Electric Cloud, Inc.	
< Back Next	Cancel

5. Click Next to continue, or click Browse to specify different directory locations.

The Ports screen with the default ElectricFlow port values appears if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.

ElectricFlow Setup Ports Specify the ports you would like to use		< Contract of the second
Server HTTP Port 8000 Server File Transfer Port	Server HTTPS Port 8443	1
61613 Web HTTP Port	Web HTTPS Port 443	
Agent Port 7800 Agent Local Port	Repository Server Port 8200	
6800		
Electric Cloud, Inc		< Back Next > Cancel

6. Complete the information for the Ports screen, and click **Next** to continue. You can enter alternate port numbers if you need to specify different port values.

The Web Server Host Name screen appears if you are installing a web server.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Web server host name Specify the name that users will type in their browser to access the web server	er.	
Host Name vilyaVM5-w2k8		
Electric Cloud, Inc	< Back Cancel	

7. Complete the information for the Web Server Host Name screen, and click **Next** to continue. The host name is the name users must enter in their browser to access the ElectricFlow web server.

The Server Service Account screen appears if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Server service account Specify the account you would like the server/web/repository services to run as			
User Name build Password Domain - Leave blank for local users Use the local system account Use the local system account Use the same account for the agent service (not recommended for production	n systems)		
Electric Cloud, Inc	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 8. Complete the information on the Server Service Account screen, and click Next to continue.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - Domain Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
 - Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server services to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

• Use the same account for the agent service - Select this check box if you want the agent on the ElectricFlow server machine to run as the same account.

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate account for the agent service because the server account has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different account for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - **Group Name** Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - Use the same account for the agent service Select this check box if you want the same user and group to own the agent process on the ElectricFlow server machine.

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

The Agent Service Account screen appears if you are installing an agent. An agent is automatically installed on the machine to run jobs if you are installing a web or repository server.

tricFlow Setup	×
jent service account Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.	
Jser Name Duild	
Password	
Domain - Leave blank for local users	
Use the local system account	
ctric Cloud, Inc-	

9. Complete the information on the Agent Service Account screen, and click Next to continue.

- If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the *SINSTALL_DIRECTORY/log* directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account does not have access to network shares.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_</code> DIRECTORY/log directory.

 Group Name - Use this field to enter the name of the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Ready to install			1
Review the settings before beginning the install.			
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the setting	gs, click Next to b	egin the install.	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools			<u> </u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander			
Server settings: HTTP port: 8000 HTTPS port: 8443			
File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build			
Database Settings: Type: Built-in			
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80			
HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8			
Service account: build			
Repository settings: Port: 8200			
Service account: build			_
Agent settings:			• [
Electric Cloud, Inc			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 10. Review your installation settings. Use the **Back** button to modify any information if necessary.
- 11. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the installation process which can take fifteen minutes. When the install process is complete, the Install Wizard Complete screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
	Install Wizard Complete	
	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94192 was successfully installed!	
A	Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log.	
2	Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
	☑ Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow.	
	Finish Cancel	

Note: The ElectricFlow server will automatically start when installation is complete.

- 11. Select the Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow check box if you want the ElectricFlow login screen to open.
- 12. Click **Finish** to close the wizard.

Running an Express Agent Graphical User Interface Installation

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0 installer.			1
Specify the type of install you would like to perform.			
C Express Server - Installs the server, database, web server, agent, and repo	sitory server.		
Express Agent - Installs an agent used to run jobs for an existing ElectricFlow	v server.		
C Advanced - Allows you to specify components, directories, ports, and so on.			
Conversity (c) 2006-2015. Electric Cloud, Inc. All visits recovered			
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel
	~ Ddck	Mext >	

Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options might appear on a Linux system.

2. Select the **Express Agent** installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Remote ElectricFlow server Specify an existing ElectricFlow server an	nd what you would like to retrieve from it.
Server Host Name I ElectricFlow User Name admin Password I	✓ Discover the plugins directory ✓ Create a resource ☐ Trusted (restrict to one server) Resource Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 ☐ Create a repository Repository Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 ✓ Create in default zone Agent Gateway URL ✓ Zone Name
танынын талантуйуу (АТТС	< Back Next > Cancel

- 3. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.
 - Server Host Name Use this field to enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. If the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port, you must specify the Server Host Name as host:port.
 - ElectricFlow User Name Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory Select this check box if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

- Create a resource Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.
- Trusted Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- Resource Name Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- Create in default zone Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.

- Agent Gateway URL Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 4. Click Next to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Agent service account			1
Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.			
User Name			
build			
Password			
Domain - Leave blank for local users			
Use the local system account			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
		1	
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 5. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

- **Group Name** Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 6. Click Next to continue.

The Ready to Install Screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Ready to install	
Review the settings before beginning the install.	
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the install.	
Components: Agent, Tools	<u>^</u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander	
Agent settings: Port: 7800	
Service account: build	
	_
<u> </u>	F
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back Next >	Cancel

- 7. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if necessary.
- 8. Click Next to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
	Install Wizard Complete	
	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94192 was successfully installed!	
	Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log.	
	Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
	Finish Cance	

9. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

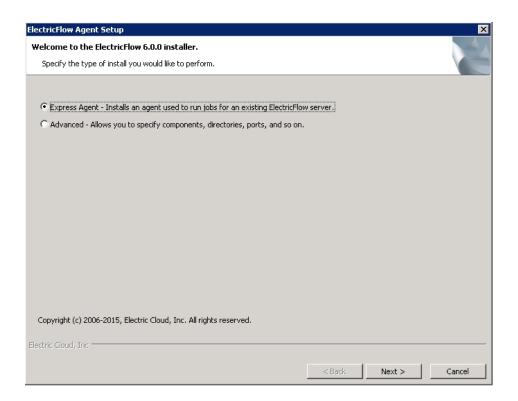
Running an Express Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. You can install a 32-bit agent or a 64-bit agent. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> file (for a 32-bit agent) or the ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> file (for a 64-bit agent).

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.



Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options might appear on a Linux system.

2. Select the Express Agent installation option, and then click Next to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Remote ElectricFlow server Specify an existing ElectricFlow server	and what you would like to retrieve from it.
Server Host Name I ElectricFlow User Name admin Password	Discover the plugins directory Create a resource Trusted (restrict to one server) Resource Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 Create a repository Repository Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 Create in default zone Agent Gateway URL Zone Name
наначита напочниј и по	< Back Next > Cancel

- 3. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.
 - Server Host Name Use this field to enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. If the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port, you must specify the Server Host Name as host:port.
 - ElectricFlow User Name Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory Select this check box if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9

- Create a resource Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.
- Trusted Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name** Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- Create in default zone Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.

- Agent Gateway URL Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 4. Click Next to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Agent service account			A
Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.			Contraction of the local division of the loc
User Name			
build			
Password			
Domain - Leave blank for local users			
Use the local system account			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
tanoon no sanoona ji ar no			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 5. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

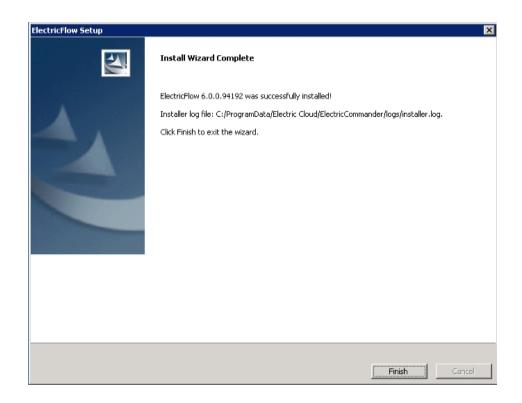
- **Group Name** Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 6. Click Next to continue.

The Ready to Install Screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Ready to install	and the
Review the settings before beginning the install.	
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the install.	
Components: Agent, Tools	<u>^</u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander	
Agent settings: Port: 7800	
Service account: build	
	_
T	
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back Next >	Cancel
Electric Cloud, Inc	Cancel

- 7. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if necessary.
- 8. Click Next to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes.



9. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Running an Advanced Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. You can install a 32-bit agent or a 64-bit agent. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> file (for a 32-bit agent) or the ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> file (for a 64-bit agent).

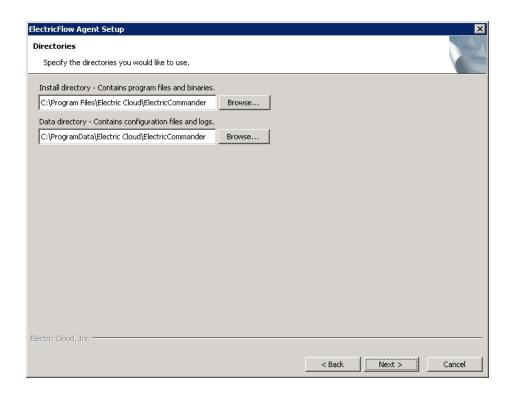
The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Agent Setup			×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0 installer.			A second
Specify the type of install you would like to perform.			Contraction of the local division of the loc
☞ Express Agent - Installs an agent used to run jobs for an existing ElectricFlow	······		
	server.		
$\hfill O$ Advanced - Allows you to specify components, directories, ports, and so on.			
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
Lieun ciodo, nic			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options might appear on a Linux system.

2. Select the Advanced Agent installation option, and then click Next to continue.

The Directories screen appears.



- 3. Complete the following information on the Directories screen.
 - **Install directory** Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.
 - **Data directory** Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.
- 4. Click Next to continue.

The Ports screen appears.

ElectricFlow Agent Setup			×
Ports Specify the ports you would like to use.			
Agent Port 7800 Agent Local Port 6800			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 5. Complete the following information on the Ports screen.
 - Agent port Use this field to specify a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.
 - **Agent local port** Use this field to specify a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
- 6. Click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Remote ElectricFlow server Specify an existing ElectricFlow server a	and what you would like to retrieve from it.
Server Host Name ElectricFlow User Name admin Password	Discover the plugins directory Create a resource Trusted (restrict to one server) Resource Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 Create a repository Repository Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 Create in default zone Agent Gateway URL Zone Name
Electric Cloud, Inc	< Back Next > Cancel

- 7. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.
 - Server Host Name Use this field to enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. If the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port, you must specify the Server Host Name as host:port.
 - ElectricFlow User Name Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory Select this check box if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9

- Create a resource Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.
- Trusted Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- Resource Name Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- Create in default zone Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.

- Agent Gateway URL Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 8. Click Next to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Agent service account			A 44
Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.			Contraction of the local division of the loc
User Name			
build			
Password			
Domain - Leave blank for local users			
Use the local system account			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
		1	
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 9. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

- **Group Name** Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 10. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
- 11. Click Next to continue.

The Ready to Install Screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Ready to install	1
Review the settings before beginning the install.	
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the install.	
Components: Agent, Tools	<u>_</u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander	
Agent settings:	
Port: 7800 Service account: build	
	T
<u>́ </u>	F
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back Next >	Cancel

- 12. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if necessary.
- 13. Click Next to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
	Install Wizard Complete	
	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94192 was successfully installed!	
A	Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log.	
	Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
	Finish Cancel	

14. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Interactive Command-Line Installation Methods

The interactive command-line installation methods are only supported for Linux-only installs on a local Linux volume. Electric Cloud does not support installing the ElectricFlow server on a network volume.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

Running an Express Server Command-Line Installation

The express server command-line installation installs the ElectricFlow server, web server, built-in database, agent for running jobs, and ElectricFlow tools. This installation uses the default ElectricFlow server settings. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: The built-in database is not supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the full installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter: ./ElectricFlow-<version>
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter: ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console

The software displays the following message.

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]

- 3. Enter: expressServer.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Specify the user the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y to continue the installation.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []

5. Enter a user name.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []

6. Enter a group name.

This is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The software displays the following message.

Use the same service account for the agent (not recommended for production systems)? $\left[y/N \right]$

Note: For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- 7. Choose one of the following options:
 - Enter y to use the same user and group for the agent service. This is not recommended for production systems.
 - Enter n to use a separate user and group for the agent service.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

a. Enter a User Name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the *\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory*.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

b. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Advanced Command-Line Installation

The advanced command-line installation allows you to install individual ElectricFlow components such as an ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or ElectricFlow tools on specific machines. You can also change the default installation settings to accommodate your environment. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Run the following command to start the installer.
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter: ./ElectricFlow-<version>
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter: ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console

The software displays the following message.

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This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

Enter y to continue the installation.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]

- 3. Enter: advanced.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Install an ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

Enter y to continue the installation.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Install an ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 Select the servers you want to install on the current machine. For more information, see Architecture on page 1-4.

Note: If you only want to install the ElectricFlow tools, enter n for all of the server options. The ElectricFlow tools are automatically installed even if you choose not to install any server software.

a. Enter y to install an ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

Install a built-in database? [n/Y]

- b. Choose one of the following options:
 - Enter y to install a built-in database.

This is not recommended for production systems. Additionally, the built-in database is **not** supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

• Enter n if you plan to use an external database.

For more information, see External Database Configuration on page 5-2. If you plan to use MySQL, see Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-69.

The software displays the following message.

Install an Apache web server? [n/Y]

c. Enter y to install an Apache web server.

The software displays the following message.

Install an ElectricFlow repository server? [n/Y]

d. Enter y to install an ElectricFlow repository server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

IMPORTANT: The following installation options will vary depending on which servers you choose to install. You might see all, some, or none of the prompts in the following steps.

5. Press **Enter** to accept the default installation directory, or enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the data directory (for configuration files and logs). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]

Press Enter to accept the default installation directory, or enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.

The software displays prompts for server port values. The prompts that appear will vary depending on the sever software you previously selected to install.

 Press Enter to accept the default port values, or enter alternate port numbers if you need to specify a different port value.

The following message only appears if you are installing an Apache web server. If you are not installing a web server, you will see a prompt to enter a user name.

Specify the host name that users will type in their browser to access the web server. [hostName]

- 8. Enter a web server host name if you are installing an Apache web server.
- 9. This is the host name users need to type into their browser to access the ElectricFlow web server.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []

10. Enter a user name if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the server, web, and/or web repository will run as. []

11. Enter a group name if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.

This is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The following message only appears if an agent is installed on this machine. An agent is automatically installed with a web or repository server.

Use the same service account for the agent (not recommended for production systems)? $[\rm y/N]$

Note: For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- 12. Choose one of the following options if an agent is automatically installed with the server:
 - Enter y to use the same user and group for the agent service. This is not recommended for production systems.

• Enter n to use a separate user and group for the agent service.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

a. Enter a User Name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

b. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process..

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter: ./ElectricFlowAgent-<version
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter: ./ElectricFlow--<version> --mode console

The software displays the following message.

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This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

2. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]

- 3. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander". The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for pre-existing
ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

7. Choose one of the following options:

- If a gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
- ° If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

IMPORTANT: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [n/Y]

7. Enter y to create the agent in the default zone.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the host:port of a remote ElectricFlow server the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. [] <hostName:port>

 Enter the Server Host Name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. You must specify the Server Host Name as hostName:port if the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user name with which to login to <hostName:port>. [admin]

9. Enter the user name of a user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. The default is the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the password for "<electricflow user>" on <hostName:port>. []

10. Enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the name of the resource to create on <hostName:port>. [<resource name>]

- 11. Enter the following information if the agent must be registered as a trusted agent. These options only appear if you entered y for Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N].
 - a. Enter a resource name to use on the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the agent gateway URL in the form of 'ipOrHostname:port' []

b. Enter an agent gateway URL. This is the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the zone name for the agent and/or repository []

c. Enter the Zone Name. This is the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

12. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

13. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> (for a 64-bit agent).
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-x86-<version> --mode console (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode console (for a 64-bit agent).

The software displays the following message.

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This will install ElectricFlow Agent on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

2. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]

- 3. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander". The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for pre-existing
ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for rest or development systems.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

7. Choose one of the following options:

- If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
- ° If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

IMPORTANT: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

7. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the $\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log$ directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

8. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Advanced Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> (for a 64-bit agent).
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-x86-<version> --mode console (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode console (for a 64-bit agent).

The software displays the following message.

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

2. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]

- 3. Enter: advanced.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

5. Enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the data directory (for configuration files and logs). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

6. Enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the agent port. [7800]

7. Enter a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the agent local port. [6800]

8. Enter a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? $\left[n/Y\right]$

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for pre-existing
ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

- 11. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

IMPORTANT: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

11. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

12. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer) When the Server Uses Registered and Concurrent Licenses

Use this procedure when the ElectricFlow server uses a mix of registered and concurrent licenses.

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> (for a 64-bit agent).
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-x86-<version> -- mode console (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode console (for a 64-bit agent).

The software displays the following message.

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This will install ElectricFlow Agent on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

Enter y to continue the installation.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 3. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for *pre-existing*ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

7. Enter n if you are installing the ElectricFlow Community Edition.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [y/n]

8. Enter y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the host:port of a remote ElectricFlow server that the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. []

9. Enter the <host:port>.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user name with which to login to "<host:port>". [admin]

10. Enter admin.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the password for "admin" on "<host:port>". []

11. Enter a password.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the name of the resource to create on "<host:port>". []

12. Enter a resource name.

The software displays the following message.

Specify resource type for remote server: Registered or Concurrent. []

13. Enter Registered.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

14. Enter a user name.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

15. Enter a group name.

This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine.

When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Silent Unattended Installation Method

You can run the ElectricFlow installers in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux. Use the arguments in the following list to construct the commands you need for the particular installation you need to perform. For example: server, agent, web server, and so on.

Running a Silent Install

- Choose one of the following commands to begin a silent install:
 - ° If you have a Linux system, go to a command line and enter one of the following commands:

Full installer: ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent <--arguments>

32-bit agent-only installer: ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<*version*> --mode silent <-- arguments>

64-bit agent-only installer: ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode silent <-- arguments>

• If you have a Windows system, go to a command line and enter one of the following commands:

Full installer: ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent <--arguments>

32-bit agent-only installer: ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<*version*>.exe --mode silent <-- arguments>

64-bit agent-only installer: ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<*version*>.exe --mode silent <-- arguments>

Where:

- <version> is your ElectricFlow version number
- <arguments> represents any additional silent install arguments you add to the command. For more information, see Silent Install Arguments on page 3-53.

Silent Install Arguments

The following argument table is an excerpt from the installer help text. You can view the full installer help by entering the ElectricFlow-<version> --help command, the ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> command, or the ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> command.

IMPORTANT: Only limited validity checking is performed on these values during an unattended installation, which means typing errors or other mistakes might manifest themselves in strange ways.

agentGatewayURL [ARG]	The URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server.
agentLocalPort [ARG]	Port used by the ElectricFlow agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
agentPort [ARG]	Port used by the installed ElectricFlow agent for HTTPS communication on any network interface.
dataDirectory [ARG]	Directory used to store configuration files, logs, and database artifacts.
force32Bit	Force a 32-bit install, even if the machine is 64-bit.

haveRunMigrationUtility	When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 5.0 and later, the database is modified to support modifications to universally unique identifiers (UUIDs).				
	The upgrade process includes using a migration tool to add support for UUIDs. For more information, go to Properties Changed to UUIDs on page 7-5.				
help	Display this information.				
installAgent	Install the ElectricFlow agent. This option is not required when using the 32-bit or 64-bit agent-only installers. It is ignored when used.				
installDatabase	Install a local built-in database to use with the main ElectricFlow server. This database is not recommended for production systems.				
installDirectory [ARG]	Directory used to store program files and binaries.				
installRepository	Install an ElectricFlow artifact repository server.				
installServer	Install the main ElectricFlow server.				
installWeb	Install the local web server and ElectricFlow web interface.				
mode [ARG]	The mode in which the installer will run. Available values: console, silent, or standard				
remoteServer [ARG]	The host:port for the remote ElectricFlow server. The port is optional and can be omitted if the server is using the default HTTP port.				
remoteServerCreateRepository	Create a repository object on the remote ElectricFlow server.				
remoteServerCreateResource	Create a resource for the installed agent on the remote ElectricFlow server.				
remoteServerDiscoverPlugins	Set the plugins directory for the installed agent and/or web server to the shared plugins directory defined on the remote ElectricFlow server.				
remoteServerPassword [ARG]	The password to use when logging in to the remote ElectricFlow server.				
remoteServerRepository [ARG]	The name of the repository to create on the remote ElectricFlow server.				
remoteServerResource [ARG]	The name of the resource to create on the remote ElectricFlow server.				

remoteServerResourceType [ARG]	The type of the resource to create on the remote ElectricFlow server.				
	This argument is available only when the remote server uses the Registered license.				
remoteServerUser [ARG]	The user name to use when logging in to the remote ElectricFl server.				
repositoryPort [ARG]	Port used by the ElectricFlow artifact repository server (the defa is 8200).				
response-file [ARG]	A file containing installer responses. ARG is a file with or without path. The file contains name/value pairs separated by "=" (an equal sign) representing command line argument values. Any value on the command line supersedes the value in the response-file. The response-file can be automatically created during the install using the save-response-file command-line argument.				
save-response-file [ARG]	A file for writing installer responses to when the installer exists.				
serverFileTransferPort [ARG]	File transfer port used by the installed ElectricFlow server.				
serverHttpPort [ARG]	HTTP port used by the installed ElectricFlow server.				
serverHttpsPort [ARG]	HTTPS port used by the installed ElectricFlow server.				
temp [ARG]	Directory used to store temporary files used by the installer.				
trustedAgent	Restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.				
unixAgentGroup [ARG]	The group the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.				
unixAgentUser [ARG]	The user the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.				
	The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.				
unixServerGroup [ARG]	The group the installed ElectricFlow/web/repository server runs as.				
unixServerUser [ARG]	The user the installed ElectricFlow/web/repository server runs as.				
useSameServiceAccount	Use the same account for server and agent services. Not recommended for production systems.				
version	Display installer version information.				

webHostName [ARG]	The name users need to type in their browser to access the web server.
webHttpPort [ARG]	HTTP port used by the installed web server.
webHttpsPort [ARG]	HTTPS port used by the installed web server.
windowsAgentDomain [ARG]	The domain of the account the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.
windowsAgentLocalSystem	Run the ElectricFlow agent as the local system account.
windowsAgentPassword [ARG]	The password of the account the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.
windowsAgentUser [ARG]	The user name of the account the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.
	The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.
windowsServerDomain [ARG]	The domain of the account the installed ElectricFlow/web/repository server runs as.
windowsServerLocalSystem	Run the ElectricFlow/web/repository server as the local system account.
	Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.
windowsServerPassword [ARG]	The password of the account the installed ElectricFlow/web/repository server runs as.
windowsServerUser [ARG]	The user name of the account the installed ElectricFlow/web/repository server runs as.
windowsSkipAdminCheck	Do not check that the user running the installer is a direct member of group Administrators.
zoneName [ARG]	The zone name used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation.

Linux Silent Installation Examples

The following examples are command strings to use for unattended (silent) installations. In many instances, the command text with the associated options wraps to the following lines.

IMPORTANT: You must enter the installation command and all options on a single line.

Complete ElectricFlow Installation

This installation installs the ElectricFlow server, including the web, repository, and database servers, one agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

```
    Enter:

            /ElectricFlow-<version>
                --mode silent
                --installServer
                --installAgent
                --installDatabase
                --installRepository
                --unixServerUser <server user>
                --unixServerGroup <server group>
                --unixAgentUser <agent user>
                --unixAgentGroup <agent group>
                --unixAgentGroup <agent group>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Repository Server and an Agent Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow repository server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
--unixServerUser <server user>
--unixServerGroup <server group>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Full Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. This installation also installs Tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent --installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
```

Where:

- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure. This example uses the 64-bit agent-only installer file.

• Enter:

```
./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version>
--mode silent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
```

Where:

- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Web Server and an Agent

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow web server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent --installWeb
--installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
--unixServerUser <server user>
--unixServerGroup <server group>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Tools Only Installation

This installation example installs only the ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent

Windows Silent Installation Examples

The following examples are command strings to use for unattended (silent) installations. In many instances, the command text with the associated options wraps to the following lines.

IMPORTANT: You must enter the installation command and all options on a single line.

Complete ElectricFlow Installation

This installation installs the ElectricFlow server, including the web, repository, and database servers, one agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe

--mode silent

--installServer

--installAgent

--installDatabase

--installWeb

--installRepository

--windowsServerUser <server user>

--windowsServerDomain <domain>

--windowsServerPassword <password>

--windowsAgentUser <agent user>

--windowsAgentDomain <domain>

--windowsAgentDomain <domain>

--windowsAgentPassword <password>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Repository Server and an Agent Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow repository server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--windowsAgentUser <agent user>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentPassword <password>
--windowsServerUser <server user>
```

```
--windowsServerDomain <domain>
--windowsServerPassword <password>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
Where:
```

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Full Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. This installation also installs Tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent --installAgent --windowsAgentUser
<agent user> --windowsAgentDomain <domain> --windowsAgentPassword <password>
```

Where:

• <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure. This example uses the 64-bit agent-only installer file.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version>.exe --mode silent --windowsAgentUser <agent
user> --windowsAgentDomain <domain> --windowsAgentPassword <password>
```

Where:

• <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Web Server and an Agent

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow web server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe

--mode silent

--installAgent

--installWeb

--windowsAgentUser <agent user>

--windowsAgentDomain <domain>

--windowsAgentPassword <password>

--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>

--windowsServerUser <server user>

--windowsServerDomain <domain>

--windowsServerPassword <password>

Where:
```

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Tools Only Installation

This installation example installs only the ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent

Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method

To install agents and tools on machines that are not supported ElectricFlow server platforms, you must use the appropriate UNIX installer instead of the ./ElectricFlow-<version> installer file. For more information about supported agent platforms, see Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

You must use the commander_<OStype>.bin file to install the ElectricFlow agent software on a Solaris, HP-UX, or Mac OS agent machine. You can find copies of the various agent UNIX installers on the Electric Cloud FTP site.

Installing Agents with the UNIX Installer

Use the commander_<Ostype>.bin file to install the ElectricFlow agent software on a Solaris, HP-UX, or Mac OS agent machine.

- 1. Obtain a copy of commander_<OStype>.bin
- 2. Log in as root.
- 3. Run chmod +x ./commander <OStype>.bin to ensure the installer is executable.
- 4. Run ./commander <ostype>.bin to begin the ElectricFlow agent installation on a UNIX machine.

Where <OStype> is the agent platform.

The following information is displayed.

```
Checking installer integrity, please wait...
ElectricCommander 6.0.0.94439 for Linux Installer
Copyright 2006-2015 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.
```

Press CTRL-C to exit at any time.

Press Enter to accept default settings.

log file: /tmp/commander_install_20150713_151337.log
This suite installer can install several different product options.
Note: The default is to install everything.
Which products would you like to install (agent, tools): agent

5. Enter: agent

Note: When you enter the "agent" option, an agent and tools will be installed.

6. Press Enter to begin the ElectricFlow UNIX agent installation.

The following information is displayed.

Installing agent and tools.

Where would you like the software to be installed? NOTE: The destination should NOT be an nfs filesystem. If no directory is specified, by default an "electricCloud" directory is created in /opt. Enter destination directory (default is /opt): <directory path>

7. Enter the destination directory path.

The following information is displayed.

Enter a pre-existing user to own installed agent files and run agent processes:

8. Enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The following information is displayed.

Enter a pre-existing group to own installed agent files and run agent processes:

9. Enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The following information is displayed.

Enter the agent port (default is 7800):

- 10. Accept the default port or specify a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.
- 11. Press Enter to start the agent software installation.

When the installation is complete, the following information is displayed.

OK: Installation successful!

UNIX Agent Silent Installation

The UNIX installers also have a command-line interface for unattended (silent) installations. You can specify configuration options on the command line or in a configuration file.

UNIX Silent Installation Command Arguments

The following table lists the arguments for running a silent install with the UNIX installer.

-d	This option causes the installer to operate in silent mode. The default installation options will be used unless overridden in a configuration file or on the command line.
-f	This option forces the installer to remove and replace any existing files in the destination directory. This option does <i>not</i> uninstall the previous version, it completely removes the directory and writes a new one. For upgrades, see Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.
config	This option can be used to specify a file containing configuration variables and values.

Running a Silent UNIX Installation

Use the following procedure to run a silent UNIX installation.

• Enter the following command to begin a silent install:

commander <OStype>.bin -q <arguments>

Where:

- <OStype> is the agent platform.
- ° <arguments> represents any additional silent install arguments you add to the command.

The following example command-line string uses a configuration file to override default values on a silent install:

commander sun4u SunOS.bin -q -f --config myconfig

Example Configuration File Parameters

The following examples are parameter values to use for an unattended (silent) installation configuration file.

Agent Install Parameters

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=agent
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
AGENT_USER_TO_RUN_AS=(user for agent files and processes)
AGENT_GROUP_TO_RUN_AS=(group for agent)
EC_AGENT_PORT=(agent port number)
```

Tools Install Parameters

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=tools
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
USER_TO_RUN_AS="user"
GROUP TO RUN AS="group"
```

Moving the Artifact Repository in Linux

In this scenario, the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/wrapper.conf file has these settings:

- set.default.INSTALL DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
- set.default.DATA DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander

If the Linux server where the current artifact repository is stored is full and you want to move it to a new device with more disk space, map the artifact repository to a new network location.

In this procedure, the set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY value will change to the NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY value. The REPOSITORY BACKING STORE value in

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.properties will remain the same, relative to the DATA_DIRECTORY, which will be NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY.

In the example, the DATA_DIRECTORY will be changed to /vagrant_data, and the REPOSITORY_BACKING_ STORE value will be relative to this directory.

Note: The REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value is always relative to the DATA_DIRECTORY and cannot be set to a fully qualified absolute path. The solution in http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/2192/how-to-configure-which-directory-the-artifact-repository-uses will not work until you change the DATA_DIRECTORY as described in this procedure.

 Publish the artifact under the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/ repository-data/<artifact name>/<version> directory:

```
ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName <artifact_name> --version <version>
--fromDirectory <directory> --compress 0
```

Example: To publish an artifact under the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/ repository-data/jdoe/2001/1.0.0 directory, enter:

```
ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName "jdoe:2001" --version "1.0.0"
--fromDirectory /tmp/job1 --compress 0
```

The from Directory (/tmp/job1) contains the files to be uploaded.

2. Stop the repository server:

/etc/init.d/commanderRepository stop

 Move the artifact repository data from the /DATA_DIRECTORY directory to the /NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY directory:

mv /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data/NEW DATA DIRECTORY

4. In /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/wrapper.conf, change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY.

Example: Change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/vagrant_data.

5. Create a logs/repository/ subdirectory under NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY.

Example: Create /vagrant data/logs/repository using the following commands:

```
mkdir /vagrant_data/logs
mkdir /vagrant_data/logs/repository
```

 Copy /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.properties and /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/keystore to the NEW DATA DIRECTORY/conf/repository directory.

Example: Copy the directories to the /vagrant_data/conf/repository using the following commands.

mkdir /vagrant_data/conf
mkdir /vagrant_data/conf/repository
cp /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.properties/
vagrant_data/conf/repository
cp /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/keystore/
vagrant_data/conf/repository

7. In /etc/init.d/commanderRepository, change

DATADIR=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to DATADIR=/NEW DATA DIRECTORY.

Example: Change DATADIR=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to DATADIR=/vagrant_
data.

8. Start the repository server:

/etc/init.d/commanderRepository start

9. Check if ElectricFlow has started using the artifact repository in the new network location:

netstat -aon | grep 8200

Example:

vagrant@commander1:~\$ netstat -aon | grep 8200

```
tcp 0 0.0.0.0:8200 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN off (0.00/0/0)
```

This shows that the DATA DIRECTORY repository has moved to /vagrant data.

The repository service.log, repository.log and repository.pid files will be created in the /vagrant data/logs/repository directory.

10. Publish a new artifact and check if it is published:

ectool getArtifactVersions | grep artifactVersionName

Moving the Artifact Repository in Windows

In this scenario, the DATA directory definition in C:\ProgramData\Electric

Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\wrapper.conf Or C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/repository/bin/wrapper-windows-x86-64.exe (depending on where ElectricFlow is installed) has these settings:

- set.default.INSTALL_DIRECTORY=C:/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander
- set.default.DATA DIRECTORY=C:/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander

If the Windows server where the current artifact repository is stored is full and you want to move it to a new device with more disk space, map the artifact repository to a new network location.

In this procedure, the set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY value will change to the NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY value. The REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value in C:\ProgramData\Electric

Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\server.properties will remain the same, relative to the DATA_DIRECTORY, which will be NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY.

In the example, the DATA_DIRECTORY will be changed to d:\ecdata, and the REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value will be relative to this directory.

Note: The REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value is always relative to the DATA_DIRECTORY and cannot be set to a fully qualified absolute path. The solution in http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/2192/how-to-configure-which-directory-the-artifact-repository-uses will not work until you change the DATA_DIRECTORY as described in this procedure.

 Publish the artifact under the current directory (C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data\<artifact name>\<version>):

ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName <artifact_name> --version <version>
--fromDirectory <directory> --compress 0

Example: To publish an artifact under the current directory (C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data\jdoe\2001\1.0.0), enter:

ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName "jdoe:2001" --version "1.0.0"
--fromDirectory d:/temp/artest --compress 0

The from Directory (d:/temp/artest) contains the files to be uploaded.

- 2. Stop the repository server one of these ways:
 - Use the Windows service pane.
 - If you have admin user permissions, enter net stop CommanderRepository.
- 3. Move the artifact repository data from the current /DATA_DIRECTORY directory to the /NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY directory using one of these methods:
 - Use Windows Explorer.
 - Enter move * <destinationDirectory> where the <destinationDirectory> is the /NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY directory.

Example: To move the data to D: \ECDATA, enter move * d:\ecdata.

4. In C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\wrapper.conf, change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander to set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY.

Example: Change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=C:/ProgramData/ Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander **to** set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=D:/ECDATA.

- Create a logs/repository/ subdirectory under the NEW_DATA_DIRECTORYusing one of these methods:
 - Use Windows Explorer.
 - Enter the mkdir command as in the following example:

Example: Create D: \ECDATA\logs\repository using the following commands.

mkdir D:\ECDATA\logs
mkdir D:\ECDATA\logs\repository

6. Copy C:\ProgramData\Electric

```
Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\server.properties and
C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\keystore to the
NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY/conf/repository directory using one of these methods:
```

- Use Windows Explorer.
- Enter the mkdir command as in the following example:

Copy the directories to the /ECDATA/conf/repository using the following commands:

```
mkdir /ECDATA/conf
mkdir /ECDATA/conf/repository
copy C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\
server.properties D:\ECDATA\conf\repository\
copy C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\
keystore D:\ECDATA\conf\repository\
```

- 7. Start the repository server using Windows Service pane.
- 8. Check if ElectricFlow has started using the artifact repository in the new network location:

```
netstat -aon | find "8200"
```

Example:

```
C:\windows\system32> netstat -aon | find "8200"
TCP 0.0.0.0:8200 0.0.0.0:0 LISTENING 22868
```

This shows that the DATA_DIRECTORY repository has moved to D: \ECDATA.

The repository service.log, repository.log and repository.pid files will be created in the D:\ECDATA \logs\repository directory.

9. Publish a new artifact and check if it is published:

ectool getArtifactVersions | grep artifactVersionName

Connecting ElectricFlow to a Microsoft SQL Server Named Instance

If you are using a named instance of the SQL server, you need to configure the SQL server to listen on specific port so that the ElectricFlow server can connect to it.

- 1. In SQL Server Configuration Manager, expand the **SQL Server Network Configuration**, and click on the server instance that you want to configure.
- 2. In the right pane, double-click TCP/IP.
- 3. In the TCP/IP Properties dialog box, click the IP Addresses tab.
- 4. In the IPAII section, enter an available port number in the TCP Port field.

For example, enter 1433.

- 5. Click OK to close the dialog box.
- 6. When a message appears that the server must be restarted, click OK.
- 7. In the left pane, click SQL Server Services.
- 8. In the right pane, right-click the instance of SQL Server that you selected in Step 1, and click Restart.

When the Database Engine restarts, it will listen on port 1433.

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			6	IP8			
				Active	Yes		
				Enabled	No		
				IP Address	192.168.1.86		
				TCP Dynamic Ports	0		
				TCP Port			
			E	IP9			
				Active	Yes		
				Enabled	No		
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				TCP Port	1433		-
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9. Enable TCP/IP.

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Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver

Starting with Commander 4.2.3, ElectricFlow no longer includes the MySQL JDBC driver. If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, this change has no effect (the existing driver is saved).

If you plan to perform a clean ElectricFlow server installation that will connect to a MySQL database, you must obtain and install the MySQL JDBC driver.

Follow these steps:

1. Run the installer.

Make sure that you do not install the built-in database.

- After the installation completes, download the MySQL JDBC driver from http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/.
- 3. Install the driver in the <install-dir>/server/lib directory.
- 4. Restart the server.
- 5. Go to the Database Configuration page and configure the server to use a MySQL database.

Logging Into the ElectricFlow Web Interface

This task describes how to log into the ElectricFlow web interface. If you chose during installation to configure an external database, you will not be able to log into ElectricFlow until you set up a database configuration.

1. Enter the URL of the ElectricFlow server in a browser window. For example, https://123.123.1.222

The login screen appears.



IMPORTANT: For a new installation, the default admin account user name is *admin* and the password is *changeme*. You should change the default admin account as soon as possible.

2. Enter a user name and password, and click Login.

Chapter 4: Clustering

This section provides you with guidelines and procedures for adding horizontal scalability and high availability to your ElectricFlow environment. Horizontal scalability and high availability is achieved by adding additional machines to an ElectricFlow configuration to create a server cluster. A clustered configuration of ElectricFlow servers also requires these software components:

- A centralized service for maintaining and synchronizing group services in a cluster called Apache ZooKeeper.
- A software or hardware load balancer for routing work to machines in the cluster.

These components typically need to be managed by your IT department.

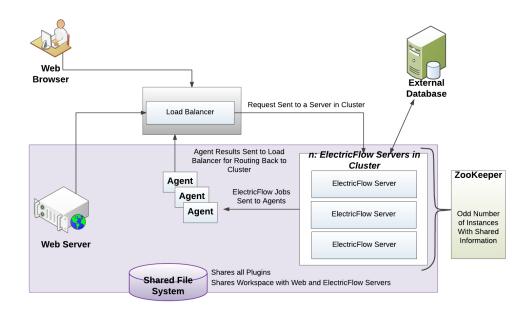
Benefits from Clustering

A clustered ElectricFlow configuration has the following benefits:

- Add fault tolerance by rerouting jobs and API requests to running ElectricFlow servers
- Increase the supported number of simultaneous jobs and API requests
- Distribute API requests across multiple ElectricFlow servers
- Expand capacity over time by adding additional ElectricFlow servers
- Distribute ElectricFlow requests across multiple web servers

Architecture of an ElectricFlow Cluster

The following figure shows an example of the ElectricFlow architecture in a clustered configuration.



In the clustered configuration, a node refers to the machine on which an agent is installed, and a server refers to the ElectricFlow server cluster. In the *server status*, the load balancer reports only status and error messages about a specific server.

As shown in the previous diagram, we strongly recommend that you point the web browser to the load balancer, not to the web server.

Resource, Agent, and Procedure Configuration Considerations

This section describes various ElectricFlow behaviors and possible modifications that you may want to make in your ElectricFlow configuration.

Default Local Resource Use

In a default installation, an agent is installed alongside the ElectricFlow server, and a resource named *local* is automatically created for the agent. In a cluster, the local resource points to only one node. By default, some of the plugins and sample code installed with ElectricFlow automatically use the local resource because it is usually present.

Many ElectricFlow users also write procedures that use the local resource for these reasons:

- A user knows the local resource exists.
- The user needs local access to the file system, such as access to the log files or configuration files.
- The user needs local access to resources on the ElectricFlow server to perform tasks such as checking the CPU, memory, or disk space usage.

IMPORTANT: Any existing procedures for local access to ElectricFlow server file systems or resources need to be modified when you change your installation to run in a server cluster. There are now multiple ElectricFlow server nodes, each with their own log files, configuration files, and local resources.

The name of the ElectricFlow log file on an ElectricFlow server node in a cluster has also been changed to

commander-<hostname>.log to facilitate collecting the multiple logs together without them overwriting each other.

Unsupported Host

ElectricFlow does not support the local host IP address (127.0.0.1) for any ElectricFlow configuration, because it is ambiguous when multiple servers are used.

Separate Local Agents For Improved Performance

If you are using clustering for performance reasons, you must manage your machine resources efficiently. You use additional machine resources if you run an ElectricFlow agent and ElectricFlow server on the same machine. If you are concerned about performance, remove any agents from your ElectricFlow server node machines. You should also verify that any agents that may have been installed as part of an earlier configuration are also removed. *An agent is installed automatically with any ElectricFlow service by default*.

Pool Local Agents For Improved Reliability

If you are using clustering only for reliability reasons, you must reduce or eliminate single points of failure. In this configuration, having a single server node that runs the local agent is counterproductive. If you need a more reliable configuration, you can install agents on all of your ElectricFlow server node machines and put them in a resource pool named *local*. Local agents should be used for broadcast and maintenance type work. See the "Agent Resource Strategies" section below for more information.

Procedure Strategies

If you have a local agent on each ElectricFlow server, it may be appropriate for some procedures to have one or more procedure steps that are broadcast across all the resources in the local resource pool. These procedure steps are probably followed by a step that aggregates the resulting data in an appropriate way. For other procedures, it may be more appropriate to use the shared file system to which all the ElectricFlow servers have access, and still have the step run on a single agent.

Agent Resource Strategies

If you do not have any agents local to any of your server machines, a local resource is not automatically created. There are two possible strategies to handle this:

- Do not have a local resource and remove any local resource on your system. For everything that is currently configured to use the local resource, reconfigure them to use other resources.
- Create a resource pool or resource called *local* for agents on non-ElectricFlow-server machines. Everything that is configured to use the local resource now runs on an agent of the local pool. However, this agent is no longer local to any of your ElectricFlow server nodes.

If anything relies on the local resource being local to the server, it must be modified to work across multiple server nodes, to function remotely from an agent running on another machine, or to be both. In some configurations, you may need to use the shared file system between the ElectricFlow servers and the remote agent.

For example, if you want to write log-parsing procedures using nonlocal agents, you can configure all of your ElectricFlow servers to write their logs to different locations in this shared file system. A procedure step running on a remote agent machine with access to this shared file system can then parse all the server logs.

Database Restriction

The built-in database is not supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. You must use an alternate database listed in Supported Alternate Databases on page 2-14: Oracle, MS SQL Server, or MySQL.

broker-data Directory Restriction

The contents of the DATA_DIRECTORY/broker-data directory can never be shared between nodes in an ElectricFlow cluster.

This may occur when a virtual machine running an ElectricFlow server is cloned, and the DATA_ DIRECTORY/broker-data directory is also cloned as part of the cloning operation.

If this occurs, remove the DATA_DIRECTORY/broker-data directory from the new virtual machine (VM) as follows:

- 1. Shut down the ElectricFlow server on the new VM.
- 2. Delete the DATA_DIRECTORY/broker-data directory on the new VM.
- 3. Restart the server on the new VM.

Software for Clustering

Apache Zookeeper

Apache ZooKeeper is a centralized service required for clustering.

- Apache ZooKeeper is a critical part of the clustering architecture. You must use ZooKeeper Version 3.4.6 or later to maintain and synchronize group services in the ElectricFlow cluster. Electric Cloud has also provided a tool called ZKConfigTool, which you can use to quickly populate ZooKeeper with ElectricFlow configuration information.
- Exhibitor can be used in conjunction with ZooKeeper to monitor the synchronization between the ZooKeeper nodes. This software is not required to implement an ElectricFlow cluster configuration, but can provide instance monitoring, backup, recovery, cleanup and visualization services. For more information, see the Exhibitor documentation.

Load Balancer

You must use a load balancer in an ElectricFlow cluster. You can choose to use any hardware load balancer or load-balancing software for a cluster configuration as long as the load balancer can act as an SSL endpoint and support returning HTTP redirections.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow web server and the ElectricFlow server.

Dependencies for Clustering

A clustered configuration has the following minimum requirements:

- Two or more copies of the ElectricFlow server. Clustering is supported starting with ElectricFlow 5.0.
- Two or more ElectricFlow agents.
- At least one ElectricFlow web server on its own machine, or two or more servers if you are using clustering for reliability improvements.
- An enterprise license. The license is required by ElectricFlow to connect to an external database.
- Apache ZooKeeper as the centralized service for maintaining configuration information.
 - ZooKeeper should be installed on a machine without an ElectricFlow server or load balancer. This separation of services is advised to optimize the performance and reliability of your configuration.

- ZooKeeper must be installed on an odd number of machines. For example, you may need 1, 3, 5, or more instances of the software depending on your environment.
- The ElectricFlow servers must be configured to appear as a single instance in ZooKeeper.
- A hardware load balancer or load-balancing software installed on one machine.
- The web servers, agents, and ElectricFlow servers should share a common file system for plugin information.

Electric Cloud recommends at least one ElectricFlow web server on its own machine or two or more servers if you are using clustering for reliability improvements.

Note: Multiple ElectricFlow clusters can use the same database server, but not the same database schema instance.

Configuring Clustering

There are two different approaches you can take when you configure your ElectricFlow software for horizontal scalability. The approach you choose depends on the needs for your particular ElectricFlow environment for reliability versus performance.

IMPORTANT: Whichever of the following approaches you choose, we recommend that you install multiple ElectricFlow services (agent, web server, ElectricFlow server, and repository) on more than one physical machine (for example, not just virtual machines) to eliminate single points of failure.

- Reliability Choose this type of configuration if your only concern is redundancy for the ElectricFlow application. This approach requires only the addition of multiple ElectricFlow machines to the server cluster. Multiple ElectricFlow services can reside on a machine, but multiple instances of the service software should exist. For example, an ElectricFlow server and agent can reside on the same machine as long as other instances of the components exist on different physical machines.
- Performance Choose this type of configuration if your ElectricFlow cluster will be in a high load environment. This approach requires the installation of the ElectricFlow software services on a sufficient number of dedicated machines. You should install the ElectricFlow server, repository, web server, and agent services on separate machines from the server nodes to avoid competition for system resources.

Note: You can change a reliability configuration to a performance configuration at a later time, but additional configuration of your ElectricFlow software will be required. For more information, see Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers on page 4-25.

Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers

Use this procedure if you need to separate ElectricFlow services and agents. By default, an ElectricFlow agent is installed with the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository. For more information, see Resource, Agent, and Procedure Configuration Considerations on page 4-2 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-26.

- 1. Verify that no ElectricFlow agents are installed on any of the ElectricFlow server nodes. If necessary, remove the agent software from the ElectricFlow server nodes.
- 2. Verify that none of the ElectricFlow utilities use a local resource. If you are not sure if a local resource is in use, create an agent resource called *local* and monitor the system.
- 3. Remove the local resource.
- Create a new agent resource with a new name for each agent on each ElectricFlow server node machine.
- 5. Create a resource pool named *local* containing all these resources.

Preparing Your Cluster Resources

Before you install any ElectricFlow software, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1. Identify all machines to be used in the horizontally scalable configuration. It is helpful to have all the network information and machine descriptions available before you begin any work so IP addresses can be used consistently throughout a cluster.
 - a. Identify which systems will have a new installation of the ElectricFlow software and which preexisting systems will be converted to operate in a cluster. Because traffic between the load balancer and the ElectricFlow server nodes is not encrypted, for security reasons all the ElectricFlow server nodes should be located on the same private network as the load balancer, preferably in the same data center.
 - b. Record the IP addresses of:
 - The load balancer machine
 - The machines that will run ZooKeeper
 - The web server machines
 - The ElectricFlow server you will use to import configuration information into ZooKeeper
 - The remaining ElectricFlow server machines that will make up the cluster
 - c. Record the fully qualified domain name of the load balancer machine. This name will be used in several stages of the configuration process, and should be used consistently throughout the process.
- 2. Install the load balancer on a machine. For more information, see the instructions from the manufacturer.
- Install ZooKeeper on an odd number of machines. To eliminate a single point of failure, three or five instances of the software are recommended. For more information, go to Installing ZooKeeper on page 4-7.

Installing and Configuring a Load Balancer

You must use a load balancer in an ElectricFlow cluster. You can choose to use any hardware load balancer or load-balancing software for a cluster configuration as long as the load balancer can act as an SSL endpoint and support returning HTTP redirections.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow web server and the ElectricFlow server.

When configuring your load balancer, follow these general guidelines.

- You must configure a load-balancer IP address for each node in your cluster.
- Load-balance traffic on port 8000 across the ElectricFlow servers on port 8000
- Act as an SSL endpoint for port 8443 and load-balance the traffic on that port across the ElectricFlow servers on port 8000.
- Act as an SSL endpoint for port 61613 and load-balance the traffic on that port across the ElectricFlow servers on port 61613.

- The load balancer should be able to perform frequent health check HTTP GET requests for a specific URL and take servers temporarily out of rotation if they receive an HTTP status 503 response. For example, for the ElectricFlow server, this URL can be used: http://<server-host-name>:<server-http-port>/commanderRequest/health.
- There are no requirements for the state associated with a user session to be replicated across the cluster.

For an example of how to configure a widely used load balancer such as HAProxy, go to the knowledge base article called "Configuring Load Balancers in ElectricCommander Clusters" on the Electric Cloud support web site:

- 1. Go to https://electriccloud.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/categories/200176553-ElectricCommander.
- 2. In the Commander KB section, enter KBEC-00281 in the Search field.
- 3. Click Search.
- Click the link to the knowledge-based article called "KBEC-00281 Configuring Load Balancers in ElectricCommander Clusters" to open it.

You can use the previous example as a model for the load balancer configuration in your system and modify it to meet the system requirements of your particular model of load balancer and system configuration.

Electric Cloud does not support any specific load balancer. For information using about HAProxy, go to the HAProxy website. For more information about using another load balancer, go to the website for that load balancer.

Note: If you are using HAProxy and are exporting or importing data in an large XML file, a *504 Gateway Timeout* error, also called an *HTTP 504* error, may occur. We recommend that you change the timeout value in the /etc/haproxy.cfg configuration file from 50 seconds

```
clitimeout 50000
srvtimeout 50000
```

to

10 minutes

```
clitimeout 600000
srvtimeout 600000
```

Installing ZooKeeper

Use Apache Zookeeper Version 3.4.6 or later to maintain and synchronize group services in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. For more information, go to the Apache ZooKeeper website.

For your convenience, ZooKeeper 3.4.6 is bundled in your ElectricFlow installation here: <install dir>/utils.

To install ZooKeeper:

- 1. Use either the bundled ZooKeeper or download ZooKeeper from the ZooKeeper website.
- Extract and install the files into an appropriate location. For example, /opt/zookeeper-<release_ version>

IMPORTANT: You must install ZooKeeper on an odd number of machines. The number of machines will determine if you install ZooKeeper in standalone mode (for one machine) or in replicated mode (for three or five machines).

- 3. Create a zoo.cfg configuration file for each machine with an instance of ZooKeeper. For example, zookeeper-<release version>/conf/zoo.cfg.
 - For standalone mode on a single ZooKeeper machine, the file has these values:

```
tickTime=2000
dataDir=/var/lib/zookeeper
clientPort=2181
```

 For replicated mode across multiple ZooKeeper machines, the zoo.cfg file on each server should have these values:

```
tickTime=2000
dataDir=/var/lib/zookeeper
clientPort=2181
initLimit=5
syncLimit=2
server.1=<ZooKeeper_hostname_1>:2888:3888
server.2=<ZooKeeper_hostname_2>:2888:3888
server.3=<ZooKeeper_hostname_3>:2888:3888
server.4=<ZooKeeper_hostname_4>:2888:3888
server.5=<ZooKeeper_hostname_5>:2888:3888
```

Where <*ZooKeeper_hostname_1*> through <*ZooKeeper_hostname_5*> are the hostnames of the servers for the ZooKeeper service.

Note: The file has only three server value lines for a three-ZooKeeper configuration.

Create /var/lib/zookeeper/myid files on each ZooKeeper server, with each containing a single ASCII digit: 1 for the first server, 2 for the second server, and so on, corresponding to their server.

- 4. Create /var/lib/zookeeper/myid files on each ZooKeeper server, with each containing a single ASCII digit as follows:
 - 1 for the first server,
 - 2 for the second server
 - Up to 5, corresponding to the appropriate server.<digit> value in the zoo.cfg file.

Running ZooKeeper as a Service on Linux

Install ZooKeeper on machines other than those running ElectricFlow. ZooKeeper must not be run on the same machines as those running the ElectricFlow servers.

To run ZooKeeper as a service, follow these steps:

- 1. For each machine on which you want to install ZooKeeper, navigate to the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file in the ElectricFlow <install dir>/utils directory.
- Copy or move the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file to each of the machines that you want to use for ZooKeeper.
- 3. Extract zookeeper-wrapper.zip to a directory of your choice.

For example, /opt/zookeeper-<release version>.

4. Using a text editor, open the wrapper.conf file in the extracted zookeeper-wrapper/conf directory.

For example, /opt/zookeeper-<release version>/zookeeper-wrapper/conf.

5. Add the path to the ZooKeeper home directory. For example:

Path to unpacked zookeeper

set.default.ZOOKEEPER HOME=/opt/zookeeper-<release version>

6. Add the path to the JRE. For example:

set.default.JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-7-openjdk-amd64/jre

Now you are ready to start ZooKeeper as a service.

7. Run zookeeper start

Running ZooKeeper as a Service on Windows

Install ZooKeeper on machines other than those running ElectricFlow. ZooKeeper must not be run on the same machines as those running the ElectricFlow servers.

To run ZooKeeper as a service, follow these steps:

- 1. For each machine on which you want to install ZooKeeper, navigate to the <code>zookeeper-wrapper.zip</code> file in the ElectricFlow <install dir>\utils directory.
- 2. Copy or move the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file to each of the machines that you want to use for ZooKeeper.
- 3. Extract zookeeper-wrapper.zip to a directory of your choice.

For example, C:\Users\Administrator\zooservice

4. Using a text editor, open the wrapper.conf file located in the extracted zookeeper-wrapper\conf directory.

For example, C:\Users\Administrator\zooservice\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeperwrapper\conf

5. Add the path to the ZooKeeper home directory.

For example:

Path to unpacked zookeeper

set.default.ZOOKEEPER HOME=C:\Users\Administrator\zooservice\zookeeper-3.4.6

Now you are ready to install and start ZooKeeper as a service.

6. Navigate to and click InstallZooKeeper-NT.bat to install ZooKeeper as a service.

The file is in the zookeeper-wrapper\bin directory.

```
For example, C:\Users\Administrator\
zooservice\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\conf.
```

7. Navigate to and click StartZooKeeper-NT.bat to start ZooKeeper as a service.

The file is located in the zookeeper-wrapper\bin directory.

For example, C:\Users\Administrator\
zooservice\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\conf.

If you choose to use the command-line interface or a script to start the service, enter ZooKeeperCommand.bat start.

Ensuring ZooKeeper Can Locate Java

Because ZooKeeper is a Java application, ensure Java is installed and ZooKeeper can locate it.

The default value for JAVA_HOME setting (in the <code>zookeeper-wrapper/conf/wrapper.conf file)</code> is

set.default.JAVA HOME=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/jre

If ElectricFlow is not installed or not installed in its default directory, set JAVA_HOME in wrapper.conf to the location for Java. For example:

set.default.JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-7-openjdk-amd64

Verifying that ZooKeeper is Running

To quickly check that the ZooKeeper software is running, follow these steps:

1. Log in to each ZooKeeper machine and run the command:

echo ruok | nc 127.0.0.1 2181

2. Confirm that you get the following response from each ZooKeeper instance:

imok

Note: If you get no response, or a 'broken pipe' error, ZooKeeper is not running.

3. Obtain more information about the status of Zookeeper by logging into each ZooKeeper machine and running the command:

echo status | nc 127.0.0.1 2181

Exhibitor Software

After installing ZooKeeper you might want to install the optional Exhibitor software on every machine with an instance of Zookeeper. The Exhibitor software provides a web interface that allows you to monitor the status of ZooKeeper. It also keeps the configurations of all the ZooKeeper nodes in sync when any of them are changed, and provides tools to rotate and prune the ZooKeeper logs, to prevent them from growing indefinitely. For more information, see the Exhibitor documentation.

If you choose to install Exhibitor, you must configure your ElectricFlow server nodes so they know how to contact Exhibitor. If you have already set up your ElectricFlow server cluster and ZooKeeper servers and are later adding Exhibitor to it, this can be done using the ecconfigure tool, which is normally found at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure on Linux or C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin\ecconfigure.exe on Windows. Bring down all nodes in your cluster, and run ecconfigure on each ElectricFlow node in the cluster with the option (as the user that ElectricFlow runs as, or with administrative privileges):

ecconfigure --serverExhibitorConnection <Exhibitor servers>

where <*Exhibitor_servers*> is a comma-separated (no spaces) list of the IP addresses or fully-qualified domain names of your three or five (or for a test system possibly just one) Exhibitor servers (the port number that

ElectricFlow uses to connect to Exhibitor is always port 80). For example, 10.0.2.1,10.0.2.2,10.0.2.3 for a three-ZooKeeper/Exhibitor cluster.

Note: It is not necessary to use the command with a single exhibitor and single ZooKeeper server.

Configuring a Multi-ZooKeeper Cluster

If you plan to use a multi-ZooKeeper cluster, you must configure each ZooKeeper with a unique number from the range 1, 2, 3 for a 3-ZooKeeper cluster, or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 for a 5-ZooKeeper cluster. You must include this number in the following file:

```
<dataDir>/myid
```

where <dataDir> is the path you set in your zoo.cfg file.

For example, you can run these commands:

sudo touch /var/lib/zookeeper/myid

sudo -- sh -c 'echo <number> > /var/lib/zookeeper/myid'

where <*number*> is the appropriate number between 1 and 3, or 1 and 5.

ZooKeeper Requires a Majority of Nodes to Be Up

ZooKeeper requires a majority of its nodes to be up in order for it to be functional. A majority is:

- 1 of 1
- 2 of 3
- 3 of 5

If a majority of nodes is not up, the expected behavior is a "not currently serving requests" error from ZooKeeper.

Installing ElectricFlow Software

You must install the ElectricFlow software components on all the nodes in your ElectricFlow cluster. Where you install the individual components depends on the type of cluster configuration you need to create. For more information on how to install the ElectricFlow software, see Installing ElectricFlow on page 3-1.

Use the reliability approach if you want to minimize single points of failure in your ElectricFlow installation; use the performance approach if (in addition to minimizing single points of failure), you want to maximize throughput of your ElectricFlow server at the cost of using more hardware.

In the reliability approach, other ElectricFlow components such as agents, repositories, and web servers are placed on the same machine as a node of the ElectricFlow server cluster; in the performance approach, they are placed on other servers to leave as many resources as possible available for the ElectricFlow server node.

Choose one of the following four installation approaches for your environment:

- New ElectricFlow Installation for Reliability on page 4-12
- New ElectricFlow installation for Performance on page 4-12
- Converting an Existing ElectricFlow installation for Reliability on page 4-13
- Converting an Existing ElectricFlow Installation for Performance on page 4-14

For any of these approaches, when you install agent, repository, and web server services, you can save time by configuring the software to point to a remote server location. You must also register all of these service agents as resources on the ElectricFlow server. For more information, see Duplicating Repository Contents on page 4-14.

- For a command-line installation, set the option --remoteServer <load_balancer_FQDN>. If you are doing an advanced installation on Linux, when prompted for the remote ElectricFlow server, enter the <load_balancer_FQDN>.
- For a graphical user interface installation, set the Server Host Name field in the "Remote ElectricFlow server" installer page to <*load_balancer_FQDN*>:8000.
 The *load_balancer_FQDN* is the fully qualified domain name of your load balancer machine.

New ElectricFlow Installation for Reliability

The reliability approach allows multiple ElectricFlow services to run on a machine, but multiple instances of the service should exist to prevent single points of failure.

1. Install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on one node in the ElectricFlow cluster.

Note: If you do not already have an ElectricFlow web server that you can temporarily point at this ElectricFlow server node, you might want to also install an ElectricFlow web server that can be used for the following two steps in this section. Before you install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster, turn off the web server. You turn off the web server on Linux by using the command /etc/init.d/commanderApache_stop, or on Windows by stopping the service and setting the Startup Type to Manual.

2. Configure ElectricFlow to use an external database. At this time, the ElectricFlow node is in a singleserver configuration.

For more information, see Switching to an Alternate Database on page 11-10.

3. Move the plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server software node to a location on the shared file system.

For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

- 4. Install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 5. Install the ElectricFlow repository service on one or more machines.
- 6. Register agents on these machines as resources on the ElectricFlow server.
- 7. Install the ElectricFlow web server service on one or more machines.

New ElectricFlow installation for Performance

The performance approach requires separate machines for each ElectricFlow service.

1. Install just the ElectricFlow server software on all the nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster.

For more information, see Silent Unattended Installation Method on page 3-52.

Note: If you do not already have an ElectricFlow web server that you can temporarily point at this ElectricFlow server node, you may also want to install an ElectricFlow web server that can be used for the following two steps in this section. Before you install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster, turn off the web server . You turn off the web server on Linux by using the command /etc/init.d/commanderApache stop, or on Windows by stopping the service and setting the Startup Type to Manual.

2. Configure one instance of the ElectricFlow server software to use an external database.

At this time, the ElectricFlow node is in a single-server configuration.

For more information, see Switching to an Alternate Database on page 11-10.

Move the plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server software node to a location on the shared file system.

For more information, see Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location on page 5-9.

4. Install the following software services on one or more individual machines.

Each service should not be installed with any other ElectricFlow software components.

- ElectricFlow agent
- ElectricFlow repository server
- ElectricFlow web server
- 5. Remove any agents that were automatically installed with the ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers on page 4-25 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-26.

Converting an Existing ElectricFlow installation for Reliability

Because this is a conversion of an existing ElectricFlow system, one or more machines with the ElectricFlow server, agent, web server, and repository software already exist. The reliability approach allows multiple ElectricFlow services to run on a machine, but multiple instances of the service should exist to prevent single points of failure.

1. Upgrade the existing ElectricFlow software according to the instructions in Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.

Horizontal scalability is supported starting with ElectricFlow 5.0.

2. Verify that the ElectricFlow software is pointing to an external database.

To verify which database is in use:

- a. Log in to ElectricFlow.
- b. Select Administration > Database Configuration to see the current database.

The database connection is successfully configured if you can log into ElectricFlow.

See Switching to an Alternate Database on page 11-10 if additional configuration is required.

Verify that the ElectricFlow software is configured to use a plugins directory located on the shared file system.

For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory.

- 4. Install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes for the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 5. Install the ElectricFlow repository server on one or more machines.
- 6. Install the ElectricFlow web server on one or more machines.
- 7. Register the machine agents as resources on the ElectricFlow server.

Converting an Existing ElectricFlow Installation for Performance

Because this is a conversion of an existing ElectricFlow system, one or more machines with the ElectricFlow server, agent, web server, and repository software already exist. The performance approach requires separate machines for each ElectricFlow service.

1. Upgrade the existing ElectricFlow software according to the instructions in Roadmap for the Upgrade Process.

Horizontal scalability is supported starting with ElectricFlow 5.0.

2. Verify that the ElectricFlow software is pointing to an external database.

To verify which database is in use:

- a. Log in to ElectricFlow.
- b. Select Administration > Database Configuration to see the current database.

The database connection is successfully configured if you can log into ElectricFlow.

See Switching to an Alternate Database on page 11-10 if additional configuration is required.

 Verify that the ElectricFlow software is configured to use a plugins directory located on the shared file system.

For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory.

4. Remove any web server or agent software that is installed with the original ElectricFlow machine.

This software will be reinstalled on a separate system.

- 5. Install the ElectricFlow server software on the nodes for the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 6. Install the following software services on one or more individual machines.

Each machine should not be installed with any other ElectricFlow software services.

- ElectricFlow agent
- ElectricFlow repository server
- ElectricFlow web server
- 7. Remove any agents that were automatically installed with the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository services.

The original ElectricFlow machine as well as the new installations should be checked to verify that the agent software is removed.

For more information, see Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers on page 4-25 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-26

8. Remove any repository server software that is installed with the original ElectricFlow machine after you duplicate the repository server contents.

For more information, see Installing ElectricFlow Software on page 4-11.

If necessary, install the repository software on additional machines.

Duplicating Repository Contents

To duplicate the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Stop the repository servers.
- 2. Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows-C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data
- 3. Start both repository servers.

Running a Cluster in Clustered Mode

You must configure the machines installed with the ElectricFlow software to operate as a cluster.

To configure them in clustered mode:

1. Share the plugins directory across the ElectricFlow servers, agents, and web servers if you have not done so already. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory.

 Configure all the ElectricFlow servers for clustered mode operation, giving them a unique identifier that points to the load balancer, the location of the ZooKeeper servers, and optionally also the Exhibitor servers if you are using Exhibitor.

You must use the ecconfigure commands on each ElectricFlow server, web server, and agent on which the software component is installed. You must enter the commands on each server that you add. There are no problems if you rerun the commands on a machine. Use one of these methods:

- Use the ecconfigure tool.
 - a. Locate the ecconfigure tool.

For Linux, it is usually at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure.

For Windows, it is usually at C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin\ecconfigure.exe.

b. Run it with the following options on each ElectricFlow server node (as the user that ElectricFlow runs as, or with administrative privileges):

ecconfigure --serverName <load_balancer_FQDN>
--serverZooKeeperConnection <ZooKeeper servers>

• Use Exhibitor and enter:

ecconfigure --serverName <load_balancer_FQDN>
--serverZooKeeperConnection <ZooKeeper_servers>
--serverExhibitorConnection <Exhibitor servers>

where

- <load_balancer_FQDN> is the fully-qualified domain name of your load balancer machine
- <ZooKeeper_servers> is a comma-separated (no spaces) list of the IP_address_or_ FQDN:port_number for each of your three or five (or for a test system possibly just one) ZooKeeper servers (the port number for ZooKeeper is normally 2181).
- If you are using Exhibitor, <*Exhibitor_servers*> is a comma-separated (no spaces) list of the IP addresses or fully-qualified domain names of your three or five (or for a test system possibly just one) Exhibitor servers (the port number that ElectricFlow uses to connect to Exhibitor is always port 80). For example, 10.0.2.1,10.0.2.2,10.0.2.3 for a three-ZooKeeper/Exhibitor cluster.

Example for a three-ZooKeeper cluster:

ecconfigure --serverName machine.company.com --serverZooKeeperConnection
10.0.2.1:2181,10.0.2.2:2181,10.0.2.3:2181

3. Configure the load balancing software for the ElectricFlow server cluster and ElectricFlow web servers.

For more information, see the instructions from the manufacturer.

Running a Cluster in Single-Server Mode

A couple of rarely-used ElectricFlow operations are not supported in clustered mode. If you need to perform any of the following operations, you must restart the server in single-server mode:

• Changing the database configuration

This operation can be done in the web UI using Administration > Database Configuration or with ectool. After performing this operation, you must rerun ZKConfigTool to upload the changed configuration from the local database.properties file to ZooKeeper before switching back to clustered mode.

- Doing a full import using ectool
- Doing a full export using the safe mode with either of these options:
 - Restart
 - Shutdown

To run an ElectricFlow machine in single-server mode:

- 1. Identify the machine you need to work on and shut down the other machines in the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 2. Verify that the database.properties, keystore, passkey, and commander.properties configuration files on the machine you are working on are up to date and match those that were uploaded to ZooKeeper.
- 3. Switch this remaining ElectricFlow machine to single-server mode by running the following command:

ecconfigure --serverEnableClusteredMode=0

The commanderAgent and commanderServer services restart.

- 4. Complete your work on the ElectricFlow machine.
- 5. If you changed the database configuration, use ZKConfigTool to upload the updated database.properties file to ZooKeeper.

If you used the eccert tool (for added trusted agents, revoked certificates, and so on), use ZKConfigTool to upload the updated keystore file and/or conf/security folder to ZooKeeper.

If you updated the commander.properties file, use ZKConfigTool to upload it to ZooKeeper.

See Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper on page 4-17 for more information.

6. Switch this remaining ElectricFlow machine back to clustered mode by running the following command:

ecconfigure --serverEnableClusteredMode=1

7. Start all the other nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster back up

Adding the Configuration to ZooKeeper

After setting the cluster in clustered mode, you must populate ZooKeeper with your configuration files.

Use ZKConfigTool to upload configuration files from your pre-existing ElectricFlow server to ZooKeeper.

Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper

Before starting the ElectricFlow server cluster, you need to populate an Apache ZooKeeper server with configuration files that all ElectricFlow server nodes will use in a clustered configuration. This command-line tool imports your ElectricFlow database configuration files into your ZooKeeper server.

The following minimum set of files is imported:

- database.properties
- keystore

- passkey
- commander.properties

Prerequisites

- The ElectricFlow server package must be installed on the system.
- The system must be running a version of Java supported by ElectricFlow. Java is automatically installed on a system with the ElectricFlow software as part of the Tools installation.
- The ZooKeeper software must be installed on the network.

Location

The ElectricFlow installer adds ZKConfigTool to the following default locations:

• Windows:

```
C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\
zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
```

• Linux:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/server/bin/
zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
```

Command

ZKConfigTool is best run from the <ElectricFlow install dir>/conf directory.

```
$ java -jar zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar -<options>
```

Option	Description
-commanderPropertiesFile <path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow commander.properti es file.
-confSecurityFolder <path_to_folder></path_to_folder>	Import the ElectricFlow Server conf/security folder.
-databasePropertiesFile <path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow database.propertie s file.
-help	Show the command help.
-keystoreFile <path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow keystore file.
-passkeyFile < path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow passkey file.

Option	Description
<pre>-readFile <path_on_zookeeper> <path_to_file></path_to_file></path_on_zookeeper></pre>	Read the specified file from the ZooKeeper server.
-readFolder <path_on_zookeeper> <path_to_folder></path_to_folder></path_on_zookeeper>	Read the specified folder from the ZooKeeper server.
-writeFile <path_on_zookeeper> <path_to_file></path_to_file></path_on_zookeeper>	Write the specified file to the ZooKeeper server.
-writeFolder <path_on_zookeeper> <path_to_folder></path_to_folder></path_on_zookeeper>	Write the specified folder to the Zookeeper server.

Import Files

Run ZKConfigTool to completely populate the ZooKeeper server with configuration information. The system must have the Tools installation and can communicate with ZooKeeper.

• If you run the command with defined file options, the tool immediately attempts to contact the specified ZooKeeper system and import the specified files.

Example command run from the conf directory:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181
../jre/bin/java -jar
../server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool
--databasePropertiesFile database.properties
--keystoreFile keystore
--passkeyFile passkey
--commanderPropertiesFile commander.properties
```

• If you run the command without defined file options, the tool displays a series of prompts for the required ElectricFlow information. After the correct information is entered, the tool contacts the specified ZooKeeper system to import the specified files.

Example command run from the conf directory:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 ../jre/bin/java -jar
../server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool
```

Next Steps

After you have uploaded the new configuration files, you should shut down all the ElectricFlow servers in your cluster if any are running. Then restart all the ElectricFlow servers in the cluster.

Getting information on the ElectricFlow Server Cluster from ZooKeeper

Use ClusterInfoTool to get information on the running ElectricFlow server cluster from ZooKeeper.

Prerequisites

- The ElectricFlow server cluster must be installed and running on the network.
- Configuration files that all ElectricFlow server nodes will use in a clustered configuration must be uploaded to Apache ZooKeeper server using the ZKConfigTool.
- The ZooKeeper cluster must be running an odd number of Zookeeper nodes and there must be a leader node.
- The system must be running a version of Java supported by ElectricFlow. Java is automatically installed on a system with the ElectricFlow software as part of the Tools installation.

Locations

The ElectricFlow installer adds the ClusterInfoTool to the following default locations:

- Windows: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\clusterinfo-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
- Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/server/bin/cluster-info-tool-jar-withdependencies.jar

Command

\$ java -DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server1_IP>:2181,<ZooKeeper_Server2_IP>:21 81,<ZooKeeper_Server3_IP>:2181 -jar cluster-info-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar

where DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION must point to the ZooKeeper system to which the ElectricFlow server cluster is connected.

Output

This is sample output generated by ClusterInfoTool:

```
Checking /commander/jgroups/hornetq:
```

```
582d3642-9736-e87f-4e19-c22d7776ccab ->
```

WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-21066	6c80e9a9-2fed-6352-e437-fe76b65aa80d	10.0
.175.78:5446 F WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-28728	0afa39df-d072-b05a-034a-aed74b7a39ee	10.0
.238.179:5446 F WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-28295	c69f0430-df04-bf24-1294-b471a4a3f151	10.0
.2.207:5446 F WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-15869	582d3642-9736-e87f-4e19-c22d7776ccab	10.0
.2.206:5446 T		

Checking /commander/jgroups/commander:

0c32103a-d4e7-da91-f8c4-1fd8e125c156 ->

```
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-19713 0c32103a-d4e7-da91-f8c4-1fd8e125c156 10.0
.2.206:5447 T
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-14432 75afe3eb-7a04-d160-c8d0-d64f8ac3c796 10.0
.175.78:5447 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-33530 1cf1795f-e658-3cae-c515-546082bffec9 10.0
.238.179:5447 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-60743 cf8b4201-3fac-71c4-18da-0a885b3e1e61 10.0
.2.207:5447 F
```

How to interpret ClusterInfoTool output:

- The nodes /commander/jgroups/hornetq and /commander/jgroups/commander contain information on these JGroups clusters:
 - commander for the ElectricFlow server cluster
 - hornetq for the HornetQ cluster
- The children nodes under each of the JGroups nodes represent the participating ElectricFlow servers in the cluster. Each child node entry is in this form:

<Logical Name> <UUID> <IP address>:<port> T|F

 The number of entries in both JGroups nodes should be the same, with matching IP addresses but with different port numbers and distinct logical names and UUIDs. The coordinator node in each JGroups cluster is identified with a 'T' against its entry.

Configuring Web Server Properties

You must update the httpd.conf file on each web server in the cluster. The httpd.conf file is usually in apache/conf on a Linux machine and ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\conf on a Windows machine.

To configure all the web servers for clustered mode operation and give them the name of the load balancer:

1. Locate the ecconfigure tool.

On Linux, it is usually at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure.

On Windows, it is usually at

C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\ bin\ecconfigure.exe.

Run the tool with the following option on each web server. You may need to do this as root or with administrative privileges.

ecconfigure --webTargetHostName <load balancer FQDN>

where <load_balancer_FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of your load balancer machine.

Configuring Repository Server Properties

Additional configuration is required for any repository servers that existed before being converted to operate in a cluster, or were not configured to point to point to a remote server location during installation.

To configure all the repository servers for clustered mode operation and give them the name of the load balancer:

1. Locate the ecconfigure tool.

On Linux, it is usually at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure.

On Windows, it is usually at

```
C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\
bin\ecconfigure.exe.
```

2. Run the tool with the following option on each repository server, You may need to do this as root or with administrative privileges.

ecconfigure --repositoryTargetHostName <load balancer FQDN>

where <load_balancer_FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of your load balancer machine.

Configuring ElectricFlow Agents

You must configure ElectricFlow agents to function within a resource pool.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow web server and the ElectricFlow server.

- 1. Start and log in to ElectricFlow.
- 2. Go to the Cloud > Resources page.
- 3. Delete any resource named local.
- 4. Create a resource pool named local.
- 5. Create resources for all the machines that had the ElectricFlow agent software installed.
- 6. Add agent resources to the local resource pool.

Choose the appropriate step for your approach.

- If you are creating a reliability configuration where each ElectricFlow server machine also has an agent installed, the local resource pool should consist of the set of agents local to the ElectricFlow server machines.
- If you are creating a performance configuration where none of the ElectricFlow server machines have agents installed, the local resource pool (which in this configuration is not actually local to the servers) should contain several agents to handle any work that may be assigned. For example, work may be assigned due to old default resource settings.
- 7. Verify that the default resource pool contains two or more resources for reliability.

You must create and add resources to this pool if none exist.

- 8. Go to the Administration > Server page.
- 9. Click on the Settings link near the top right to open the Edit Server Settings form.
- 10. Set the Server IP address entry in the form to the fully qualified domain name of your load balancer.

This setting controls how agents contact the ElectricFlow server when they send results from jobs and similar messages.

11. Set the Stomp Client URI entry to

stomp+ssl://<load_balancer_FQDN>:61613

where <load_balancer_FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of your load balancer.

12. Click to clear the Use SSL for Stomp check box.

Note: If you add additional agents, you must configure the agents to use the shared plugins directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory.

Configuring the Cluster Workspace

You must edit the default workspace for log files across the ElectricFlow servers, agents, and web servers.

IMPORTANT: As you need and create more workspaces over time, each workspace should be in a shared network location that all machines in the ElectricFlow cluster can access.

To edit the default workspace:

- 1. Select Cloud > Workspaces.
- 2. Edit the default workspace entry to reference a shared network location.

For more information, see the "Workspaces and Disk Space Management" topic in the ElectricFlow Help.

Configuring ElectricFlow Repositories

You must configure ElectricFlow repositories.

- 1. Go to the Artifacts > Repositories page.
- 2. Verify that the repository server URL points to the load balancer machine.

Adding Trusted Agents to Clusters

Perform the following procedures in these situations:

- · Every time that you create trusted agents.
- Every time that you revoke the certificates of existing trusted agents.
- To create a gateway to a zone with trusted agents at both ends. You have to do this only a few times.
- When you want all agents in cluster to be trusted.

You can select one of these methods to add a trusted agent to a cluster:

- Before adding the trusted agent, shut down all but one node in the cluster. Go to Method 1 on page 4-24.
- Keep most of the nodes up while adding trusted agents. Go to Method 2 on page 4-25.

Preparing Your Cluster Environment

Perform the following steps one time when configuring the cluster to work with trusted agents. You can skip these steps if you have already done them.

- 1. Select the server node. This should be the node you used to upload configuration files to ZooKeeper while performing the procedure in Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper on page 4-17.
- Confirm that the certificate files from the node you selected and from ZooKeeper match by using the verifyClusterCertificate.pl script. Go to https://helpcenter.electric-cloud.com/hc/enus/articles/207814706-KBEC-00342-Using-the-verifyClusterCertificate-pl-script-for-Trusted-Agents for the detailed instructions and the script output.

In the script output, look for "SUCCESS" to confirm that certificate files match.

If this fails, you may be on the wrong node.

3. Replace conf/security folder on all nodes with conf/security folder from node selected in Step 1.

- 4. If you want to add a trusted agent to a cluster and it is acceptable to shut down all but one node in the cluster, go to Method 1 on page 4-24.
- 5. If you want to keep most of the nodes up while adding trusted agents, perform the rest of the steps in this procedure.
- 6. Upload the conf/security folder from the node you selected to ZooKeeper by using the following command:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 <INSTALL_
DIRECTORY>/jre/bin/java -cp <INSTALL_DIRECTORY>/server/bin/zk-config-tool-
jarwith-dependencies.jar com.electriccloud.commander.zkconfig.ZKConfigTool -
writeFolder /commander/conf/security <DATA DIRECTORY>/conf/security
```

- 7. On all cluster nodes:
 - a. Open wrapper.conf in the <DATA_DIRECTORY>/conf directory.
 - b. Uncomment the following line:

wrapper.java.additional.603=-DCLUSTER_CERTIFICATE_SERVICE_USE_ZOOKEEPER
=true

c. Make sure that DCLUSTER_CERTIFICATE_SERVICE_USE_ZOOKEEPER is set to true.

Ensure that there is no conflict with number 603 and that it is not already used in the system.

- 8. Restart the nodes with updated configurations.
- 9. Go to Method 2 on page 4-25.

Method 1

Follow these steps to add a trusted agent to a cluster by first shutting down all but one node in the cluster. Perform the tasks from Step 2 to Step 4 on the agent machine.

- 1. Shut down all but one node in the cluster.
- 2. On the machine with an agent that you want to make a trusted agent, enter commands such as the following to create the trusted agent:
 - a. ectool --server <Server_host> login admin changeme to log into the server with the specified hostname of IP address and save the session ID.
 - b. If the agent is remote, enter

<INSTALL_DIRECTORY>/bin/eccert initAgent --remote --force

to generate a certificate request for this agent, send a certificate authority (CA) request to the ElectricFlow server (the CA), receive a signed certificate from the CA for this agent, and add the CA certificate and the agent's private key (also signed by the CA) to the agent's keystore. In this example, the agent is remote because the remote argument is specified.

The ElectricFlow server keeps a copy of the signed agent certificate in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/conf/security/certs directory</code>.

If the agent is local, use the local argument instead of the remote argument, and enter <INSTALL DIRECTORY>/bin/eccert initAgent --local --force

3. On the agent machine, enter

ectool createResource <agent name> --hostName <agent FQDN or IP> --trusted true

to add the agent as a trusted agent to the ElectricFlow server in the previous step, where <agent_FQDN_ or IP> is the fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the agent.

4. Restart the agent on the agent machine.

Method 2

Perform the following steps on an agent machine to add a trusted agent to a cluster without shutting down server nodes. This procedure works only in ElectricFlow 6.3 or later.

Due to limitations in ZooKeeper, using this method imposes a maximum of around 500 signed certificates. If you want to use this method and are likely to need more than 500 trusted agents, we recommend re-using a certificate across multiple trusted agents.

- 1. On the machine with an agent that you want to make a trusted agent, enter commands such as the following to create the trusted agent:
 - a. ectool --server <Server_host> login admin changeme to log into the server with the specified hostname of IP address and save the session ID.
 - b. If the agent is remote, enter

<INSTALL DIRECTORY>/bin/eccert initAgent --remote --force

to generate a certificate request for this agent, send a certificate authority (CA) request to the ElectricFlow server (the CA), receive a signed certificate from the CA for this agent, and add the CA certificate and the agent's private key (also signed by the CA) to the agent's keystore. In this example, the agent is remote because the remote argument is specified.

The ElectricFlow server keeps a copy of the signed agent certificate in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/conf/security/certs directory</code>.

If the agent is local, use the local argument instead of the remote argument, and enter <INSTALL DIRECTORY>/bin/eccert initAgent --local --force

2. On the agent machine, enter

ectool createResource <agent name> --hostName <agent FQDN or IP> --trusted true

to add the agent as a trusted agent to the ElectricFlow server in the previous step, where <agent_FQDN_ or IP> is the fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the agent.

3. Restart the agent on the agent machine.

Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers

Use this procedure if you need to separate ElectricFlow services and agents. By default, an ElectricFlow agent is installed with the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository. For more information, see Resource, Agent, and Procedure Configuration Considerations on page 4-2 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-26.

 Verify that no ElectricFlow agents are installed on any of the ElectricFlow server nodes. If necessary, remove the agent software from the ElectricFlow server nodes.

- 2. Verify that none of the ElectricFlow utilities use a local resource. If you are not sure if a local resource is in use, create an agent resource called *local* and monitor the system.
- 3. Remove the local resource.
- Create a new agent resource with a new name for each agent on each ElectricFlow server node machine.
- 5. Create a resource pool named *local* containing all these resources.

Verifying ElectricFlow Services

You can verify what services are on a machine installed with ElectricFlow software by the following methods:

- If you have a Linux system
 - 1. Go to the /etc/init.d/ directory.
 - 2. Look for scripts starting with "commander". For example, commanderAgent, commanderApache, commanderRepository, commanderServer.
 - 3. As root, from any directory, use this command format:

/etc/init.d/<service name> status

where <service_name> is the ElectricFlow service you are interested in, such as

/etc/init.d/commanderServer status

- If you have a Windows system:
 - 1. Go to the Services control panel.
 - 2. Look for services starting with the name "ElectricFlow". For example, ElectricFlow Agent, ElectricFlow Database, or ElectricFlow Server.
 - 3. If the services have a status of Started, they are installed and running.

Accessing ElectricFlow with Clustering

You access an ElectricFlow server in a clustered configuration the same way you would for a single-server configuration.

Enter the address of one of the web servers into your browser address bar.

If you are using ectool, use the --server option to direct your request to the fully qualified domain name of the load balancer.

Additional Ways to Improve an ElectricFlow Cluster

Clustering your ElectricFlow configuration does not necessarily remove all single points of failure or potential performance bottlenecks from your system. There are other components that are part of the ElectricFlow environment that you must consider to eliminate single points of failure or prevent performance bottlenecks.

Third-Party Software

The following items are widely-used third-party commercial products that are used in conjunction with ElectricFlow. A variety of solutions and strategies to increase the reliability and scalability of these products and eliminate remaining single-points-of-failure are available from other vendors and sources.

- Network
- Load balancer
- External database
- File server used for the shared file system

ElectricFlow Components

You can address some or all of the following potential issues with the following ElectricFlow components. The issues you address depends on the level of reliability and performance you need for your system.

- Repository server You can mirror your artifacts across multiple repository servers.
- ElectricFlow procedures or steps You can specify a resource pool of agents rather than a single agent.

Chapter 5: Configuration

This section contains the configuration tasks you must perform after you install ElectricFlow.

IMPORTANT: The following situation may occur when the workspace files are in a directory other than the default *workspace* directory and the ElectricFlow configuration has a link to this workspace directory. When you install a new version of ElectricFlow, ElectricFlow creates a workspace directory in the default location. It does not recognize the pre-configured workspace link in the previous configuration.

When configuring ElectricFlow after upgrading it, you cannot use ecconfigure to move the workspace directory to the pre-configured network location. To resolve this, you must manually specify the link to the workspace directory in the new configuration.

Applying an Enterprise License Key

Use the following task to add an enterprise license to an ElectricFlow server.

1. Log into the ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Logging Into the ElectricFlow Web Interface on page 3-69.

- 2. Go to Administration > Licenses.
- 3. Click Import License.

The Import License text box appears.

Import License			
Contents:	1		
		ок	Cancel

- 4. Open the license file in a text editor and copy and paste the entire license text in the Import License text box.
- 5. Click **OK** to import the ElectricFlow license.

External Database Configuration

During the ElectricFlow server installation, if you elected *not* to install the built-in [default] database, you need to configure your alternate database choice. An ElectricFlow enterprise license is required to configure an alternate database. For more information about supported databases, see Database Requirements on page 2-14. For installation instructions, see Configuring ElectricFlow to Use an Alternate Database on page 5-3.

Database Interactions

Your database administrator (DBA) must create a database for use specifically by ElectricFlow. The ElectricFlow server interacts with the database using a JDBC driver for each of the databases that ElectricFlow supports.

For MySQL, the JDBC driver is not installed by the ElectricFlow installer (for licensing reasons). It must be downloaded and installed separately from the MySQL website. For more information, go to Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-69.

The first step in any interaction is to present user credentials to the database. This information is stored in the ElectricFlow database.properties file as a user name plus a password. The password is stored as an encrypted string, using the "passkey" generated by the server.

Database User

For MS SQL Server and MySQL, your DBA should create a database user for use specifically by ElectricFlow.

For Oracle, your DBA must create a database user for use specifically by ElectricFlow.

The ElectricFlow database user must have permissions to add or delete rows from the database at all times. The database user must also have rights to create or delete tables, and add or remove a columns, indices, and constraints to a table at certain defined times.

IMPORTANT:

Electric Cloud only supports installations where the database user has rights to create and delete tables at all times.

To upgrade the MySQL databases, the database user must also have permissions to create and delete schema (databases) for the entire duration of the upgrade process.

For security reasons, permissions granted to database users to create and delete schema in multi-tenant MySQL databases may be revoked after the upgrade process is completed.

When the ElectricFlow server first starts up, ElectricFlow creates a schema in the specified database so the database user should be the owner of the ElectricFlow database. This will allow the ElectricFlow software to make required schema changes.

If the ElectricFlow server could not connect to the database, it will continue to run waiting for a valid database configuration. Check the log files for a successful database connection.

Recommended MySQL Settings

See the following knowledge-based article:

Go to the KBEC-00038, a knowledge-based article in the Electric Cloud Support Web Site to improve the ElectricFlow server performance:

- 1. Go to https://electriccloud.zendesk.com/hc/en-us/categories/200176553-ElectricCommander.
- 2. In the ElectricCommander section, enter KBEC-00038 in the Search field.
- 3. Press Enter.
- Click the link to the knowledge-based article called "KBEC-00038 Improving ElectricCommander server performance by tuning memory allocation" to open it.

Configuring ElectricFlow to Use an Alternate Database

If you deselected the "database" check box during installation, you will *not* be able to log into ElectricFlow until you set up a database configuration pointing to an external database. An ElectricFlow enterprise license is required, see External Database Configuration on page 5-2. You can change the database configuration through the ElectricFlow web interface or the ElectricFlow command-line tool.

If you are currently using ElectricFlow in clustered mode and need to change the database configuration, you must reset ElectricFlow to single-server mode before changing the database configuration. For more information, go to Running a Cluster in Single-Server Mode on page 4-16.

Setting the Database with the Web Interface

Use this procedure to set the database with the ElectricFlow web interface. You will *not* be able to log into ElectricFlow until you set up a database configuration pointing to an external database, but you can use the ElectricFlow web interface to connect to an external database.

1. Go to the Administration tab in the ElectricFlow UI and select Database Configuration.

The Database Configuration screen appears.

	5										Logged in as 'System Administr	ator' Logout	Hebp ▼
- Flow	/										,		
Home	Flow Tools	Projects	Jobs	Workflows	Cloud	Artifact	s Search	Administratio	on			Change	History
Event Log	Groups	Users Licenses	Director	y Providers	Email Configura	tions I	Database Configuration	n Plugins	Server	Source Control	Defect Tracking		
Databas	e Configur	ation											*
D	atabase Type	Oracle	۲		Req	uired							
Da	tabase Name	ecloud			Req	uired							
	Host Name	ora-db-test			Req	uired							
	Por	1521											
Databas	e Credentials	User Name	DB1		Req	uired							
		Password											
		Retype Password	:										
										s	ave and Restart Server	Cance	:1

- 2. Select your **Database Type** from the drop-down menu.
- 3. Fill-in your Database Name.
- 4. Fill-in the Host Name for your database server.
- 5. Accept the default **Port** or supply the port number you need for your database.
- 6. Supply the database **User Name** the ElectricFlow server will use to access your database.
- 7. Fill-in and confirm the **Password** for the database user you specified.
- 8. Click Save and Restart Server after supplying information in all fields.

Setting the Database from a Command Line

This section contains topics related to setting an alternate database for ElectricFlow through a command line.

SQL Server Authentication

SQL Server supports two types of user authentication:

- SQL Server Authentication
- Windows Authentication

You must find out from your DBA which authentication type is required for the ElectricFlow user because, the authentication type influences how information is provided in the ectool command setDatabaseConfiguration. See setDatabaseConfiguration Command Examples on page 5-5 for example command syntax.

Setting the Database with ectool

Use the ectool command setDatabaseConfiguration to change the database configuration from a command line.

1. Determine if your database is SQL Server. The type of user authentication utilized by the database impacts the syntax of the setDatabaseConfiguration command you use in this procedure.

For more information, see these topics:

- SQL Server Authentication on page 5-4
- setDatabaseConfiguration Command Examples on page 5-5
- Setting the Database as a SQL Server with SSO Login on Windows on page 5-6
- 2. In ElectricFlow 5.0 and later, set the database configuration based on the type of user authentication used by the database:
 - For SQL server authentication or a SQL Server with NTLM login, go to the command line and enter:

setDatabaseConfiguration <--options>

where <--options> are the options that you specify based on the type of user authentication used by the database.

For more information, go to setDatabaseConfiguration Command Options on page 5-7.

• For a SQL server with the SSO login on Windows, go to Setting the Database as a SQL Server with SSO Login on Windows on page 5-6 for the detailed steps.

After the ElectricFlow database configuration is changed, the server attempts to connect to the database to do the initial schema setup.

3. Use getServerStatus to see if there are problems logging into the database or creating the schema. This command shows log messages from the server bootstrap process.

Note: Before the server is completely up, getServerStatus does not require a login session, but after the server is up, it does. Thus, if you enter the getServerStatus call and get a "session expired" error, the server is up.

setDatabaseConfiguration Command Examples

The following text shows some examples of the setDatabaseConfiguration command.

SQL Server Authentication:

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration
--databaseType sqlserver
--databaseName commander
--hostName localhost
--port 1433
--userName commander
--password commander
```

The --userName and --password options must be included in the setDatabaseConfiguration command.

SQL Server with NTLM login:

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration
--databaseType sqlserver
--databaseName commander
--hostName localhost
--port 1433
--userName commander@domain.com
--password commander
```

The user name must include the domain name, for example, user@domain.com or domain/user.

Setting the Database as a SQL Server with SSO Login on Windows

1. Download JDBC driver from Microsoft.

Select the appropriate Microsoft JDBC Driver version from the Microsoft JDBC driver download page (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=11774). See the information in the "Details" and "System Requirements" sections to help you select the driver you need.

Example: If you download the sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar.gz file and unzip it, you get this file:

sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar.gz\sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar\sqljdbc_4.0\enu\auth\x64\sqljdbc_ auth.dll

2. Check if you already have the JDBC driver file, such as *sqljdbc4.jar*, in the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\wars\commander-server.war\WEB-INF\ib\ directory.

This file ships with ElectricFlow and should be version 4.0 or later.

 Copy the sqljdbc_auth.dll file from Step 1 to the "C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/server/lib" directory, which is the same folder set as the java.library.path property.

Note: If you are using the 32-bit agent installer, you will need to copy the *sqljdbc_auth.dll* file in *sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar.gz\sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar\sqljdbc_4.0\enu\auth\x86* to the "*C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/server/lib*" directory. If you do not, the following error appears in the commander.log file:

2015 -07 -07T18:04:34.737 | WARN | CP -pool -watch -thread -commander | | | "com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException" "This driver is not configured for integrated authentication"

4. Enter the following command to update the COMMANDER_CUSTOM_DB_URL and COMMANDER_DB_URL properties in the C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\database.properties file with the JDBC URL specified in the customDatabaseUrl argument:

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration --databaseType sqlserver --databaseName commande
r --hostName localhost --port 1433 --customDatabaseUrl "jdbc:sqlserver://localho
st:1433;integratedSecurity=true;databaseName=commander;applicationName=ElectricC
ommander;selectMethod=cursor"
```

Note: ElectricFlow uses COMMANDER_DB_URL for information only. If COMMANDER_CUSTOM_DB_URL is set, this value is used instead of COMMANDER_DB_URL.

5. Set the "ElectricCommander Server" service in the Windows services to run as a user who can log into the SQL Server database using Windows authentication.

6. Restart the ElectricFlow server.

The ElectricFlow server connects to the SQL Server with SSO login.

If this is successful, the following lines appear in the commander.log file:

USERDNSDOMAIN=ELECTRIC -CLOUD.COM

USERDOMAIN=ELECTRIC -CLOUD

USERNAME=<user who can log into the SQL Server database using Windows authentica tion>

USERPROFILE=C:\Users\<user who can log into the SQL Server database using Window s authentication>

```
...
java.library.path=C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/server/lib
...
2015 -07 -07T18:08:13.255 | INFO | bootstrap | | | 2015 -07 -07T18:08:13.319 | WARN
| bootstrap | | |
...
2015 -07 -07T18:08:14.479 | INFO | bootstrap | | 2015 -07 -07T18:08:14.479 | INFO
| bootstrap | | |
```

setDatabaseConfiguration Command Options

The following options are available for use with the ectool command setDatabaseConfiguration. The option command syntax is:

setDatabaseConfiguration

```
[--databaseType <mysql|sqlserver|Oracle|builtin>]
[--databaseName <database name>]
[--hostName <host name>]
[--ignorePasskeyMismatch <Boolean flag>]
[--ignoreServerMismatch <Boolean flag>]
[--password <password>]
[--port <port number>]
[--preserveSessions <Boolean flag>]
[--userName <user name>]
[--customDatabaseDialect <custom database dialect>]
[--customDatabaseDriver <custom database driver>]
[--customDatabaseUrl <custom database URL>]
```

The following table describes the command options:

Option	Description
databaseType	Selects the database type—supported options are mysql sqlserver Oracle builtin
databaseName	The name of your alternate database—this is not the host name, but the name the DBA gave the database object.
hostName	The host name where your database is running
ignorePasskeyMismatch	<boolean -="" 0 1 true false="" flag=""> - If the server is started with a different passkey, ignore the mismatch if "true". Note: This action discards all saved passwords.</boolean>
ignoreServerMismatch	<boolean -="" 0 1 true false="" flag=""> - If the server is started on a different host than where the server previously started, ignore the mismatch if "true".</boolean>
port	The port number used by the database Server—if omitted, port 1433 is used
preserveSessions	<boolean -="" 0 1 true false="" flag=""> - If ignoring a server mismatch, default behavior invalidates all sessions. Setting this flag to "true" saves all sessions, allowing the server to reconnect to running jobs. This option is used in combination with ignoreServerMismatch.</boolean>
userName	The user name to use when connecting to the database—For MS SQL Server, see the information on the next page regarding support for SQL Server Authentication and Windows Authentication.
password	The password to use to connect to the database—For MS SQL Server, see the information on the next page regarding support for SQL Server Authentication and Windows Authentication.
customDatabaseDialect	Internal option - use only at the request of Electric Cloud support
customDatabaseDriver	Internal option - use only at the request of Electric Cloud support
customDatabaseUrl	Internal option - use only at the request of Electric Cloud support

Enabling Full Database URL Control

If you want to enable full control over the database URL:

- 1. Go to the database.properties file.
- 2. Create a property called COMMANDER_CUSTOM_DB_URL.
- 3. Add the explicit connect string to that property.

Note: COMMANDER_DB_URL is a "write-only" property that it is never read by ElectricFlow. It is generated based on other settings in that file and serves as information only.

If you were using ElectricFlow in clustered mode, you should now upload your modified database.properties.file to ZooKeeper and then change ElectricFlow back to clustered mode. For more information, go to Running a Cluster in Clustered Mode on page 4-15.

Universal Access to the Plugins Directory

A plugin is a collection of one or more features, or a third-party integration or tool that can be added to ElectricFlow. The ElectricFlow server installs all plugins into a configurable location named the plugins directory. This directory must be readable by the web server and any agents that need access to the content of one or more plugins. There are two ways to make the plugins directory readable by the web server and any agents. You can configure the ElectricFlow server, agents, and web servers to point to a central network location, or you can replicate the contents of the plugins directory on remote agents and web servers.

Configuring Universal Access for a Network Location

Use these procedures to configure ElectricFlow server, agents, and web servers to point to a universally accessible network location. This is the recommended approach because newly installed plugins are immediately available to all agents and web servers. We strongly recommend that you do this when you are running ElectricFlow in clustered mode, because it allows all the server nodes to share a common plugins directory. You also avoid the overhead of managing multiple plugins directories.

Note: Windows local system accounts cannot access remotely mounted plugin directories.

Ways to Configure Universal Access to Plugins

A network location for the plugins directory can be set up in one of two ways:

- Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location on page 5-9 This approach is
 recommended if you already have a network file system accessible to the ElectricFlow server and all
 remote agents and web servers.
- Leaving the Plugins Directory on the ElectricFlow Server on page 5-10 This approach leaves the plugins directory in the current location on the ElectricFlow server and shares the location across the network. This approach is only recommended if you do not already have a network location available.

Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location

Use this task to move the plugins directory to a pre-configured network location. You must have a network file system accessible to the ElectricFlow server and all remote agents and web servers to perform this task.

IMPORTANT: You must have root privileges to use the --webPluginsDirectory option.

- 1. Create an empty directory in the network accessible location.
- Move the contents of the plugins subdirectory from the ElectricFlow server's data directory to this new directory.
- 3. Run the following commands on the ElectricFlow server:

a. ectool setProperty /server/settings/pluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"

This command gives the ElectricFlow server the location of pluginsDirectory.

b. Run this command *only* if a web server was installed on this machine (by default, during an Express Server installation):

ecconfigure --webPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"

This command modifies Apache web server configuration files (ectool lacks this ability). This command properly configures the Apache web server for the new plugins directory.

c. Run this command *only* if an agent was installed on this machine (by default during an Express Server install):

ecconfigure --agentPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"

This command properly configures the ElectricFlow agent for the new plugins directory.

- d. Run this command ONLY if you plan on installing remote Windows agents or web servers: ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/windowsPluginsShare" "<PLUGINS>"
- e. Run this command ONLY if you plan on installing remote UNIX agents or web servers: ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/unixPluginsShare" "<PLUGINS>"

Where <PLUGINS> is either the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

Note: When installing remote agents or web servers, you will be prompted to enter information about the ElectricFlow server. Select the check box to "discover the plugins directory", and the correct location is automatically picked up from the server and set during installation.

4. Run the following command on remote agents that were already installed:

ecconfigure --agentPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"

Where <PLUGINS> is either the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

5. Run the following command on remote web servers that were already installed:

```
ecconfigure --webPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
```

Where <PLUGINS> is either the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

Leaving the Plugins Directory on the ElectricFlow Server

Use this task to leave the plugins in the current location on the ElectricFlow server and share that location across the network so remote agents and web servers can obtain access.

IMPORTANT: This approach is recommended only if you do not already have a network location available to the ElectricFlow server and all remote agents and web servers. See Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location on page 5-9if you do have a universally available network location.

IMPORTANT: You must have root privileges to use the --webPluginsDirectory option.

- 1. Choose the appropriate step based on the ElectricFlow server platform:
 - If your ElectricFlow server is a Windows machine, the plugins directory is automatically shared by the name "commander-plugins" during installation. When you install remote agents and web servers on

Windows, they will discover this location and be configured to use it.

- If you are installing remote agents or web servers on UNIX machines, follow these steps:
 - a. Create a Samba mount on a UNIX machine pointing to the plugins share on the Windows machine.

```
//<COMMANDER_SERVER_HOST_NAME>/commander-plugins
```

- Export the Samba mount as a network file system share on the same UNIX machine used in the previous step.
 - i. Add the following entry to /etc/exports: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/plugins by default): <EXPORT> * (ro, sync) Where <EXPORT> is the directory you want to export.
 - ii. Start/restart the NFS server.
- c. Mount the network file system share to an available directory before installation on UNIX remote agents and web servers. Make sure to mount the share to the same directory across all machines, henceforth referred to as <UNIX PLUGINS>.
 - i. Create <UNIX PLUGINS>.

 - iii. Call: mount -a.
- d. Run the following command on the ElectricFlow server machine: ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/unixPluginsShare" "<UNIX_ PLUGINS>"
- Perform the following steps if your ElectricFlow server is a Linux machine and you are installing remote agents or web servers on other UNIX machines. The plugins directory is not automatically shared as on Windows.
 - a. Export the local plugins directory as a network file system share on the ElectricFlow server machine:
 - i. Add the following entry to
 /etc/exports (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/plugins by default):
 <EXPORT> * (ro, sync)
 Where <EXPORT> is the directory you want to export.
 - ii. Start/restart the NFS server.
 - b. Mount the network file system share to an available directory before installation on UNIX remote agents and web servers. You must mount the share to the same directory across all machines. This share is referred to as <UNIX PLUGINS> in the following steps:
 - i. Create <UNIX_PLUGINS>.
 - ii. Add the following entry to /etc/fstab (replace <HOST> with the host name of the machine on which the directory has been exported and <EXPORT> with the directory being exported on that machine):

<HOST>:<EXPORT> <UNIX PLUGINS> nfs defaults 0 0

- iii. Call: mount -a.
- c. On the ElectricFlow server machine, run the following command:

```
ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/unixPluginsShare"
"<UNIX PLUGINS>"
```

- If you are installing remote agents or web servers on Windows machines, perform the following steps:
 - i. Create a Samba share on the ElectricFlow server that is accessible to Windows machines under the name <WINDOWS PLUGINS>.
 - ii. Run the following command:

```
ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/windowsPluginsShare"
"<WINDOWS PLUGINS>"
```

- 3. Choose the appropriate step to configure remote agents or web servers.
 - If you need to install the software for a new remote agent or web server, you must select the "discover the plugins directory" option. This will allow the installer to automatically detect and set the correct location from the server.
 - If you need to configure remote agents that were previously installed, run the following command: ecconfigure --agentPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
 Where <PLUGINS> is the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.
 - If you need to configure a remote web servers that were already installed, run the following command:

ecconfigure --webPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"

Where <PLUGINS> is the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

Replicating the Plugin Directory on Remote Systems

Use this procedure to keep the Plugins directory in its default server location and replicate the contents to remote agents and web servers.

IMPORTANT: This approach requires you to manage multiple plugin directories. Every time a new plugin is installed on the ElectricFlow server, you must synchronize the changes across all remote copies of the directory. **Only replicate the Plugins directory if you cannot use or configure a central network location.**

- Copy the plugins directory to remote agents and web servers using any file copy mechanism.
 - The copied plugins directories must be readable by only the remote agents and web servers.
 - Plugins should be copied to a plugins subdirectory within the data directory for each remote agent and web server.
 - Every time the ElectricFlow server Plugins directory is updated, you must synchronize the changes across all remote copies.

Environment Proxy Server Configuration

In your environment proxy servers might exist between an intranet and internet. Because proxy servers can inhibit certain types of internet access, you will need to set proxy settings for each impacted machine in your installation.

ElectricFlow servers or web servers can be deployed behind a proxy server.

It is not a common practice to place repository servers or agent systems behind a proxy server since these systems communicate with ElectricFlow through an intranet connection.

Configuring Proxy Settings for Servers

Use ecconfigure to set proxy settings for any web server or ElectricFlow server in your configuration that is deployed behind a proxy server. Repository servers are not typically placed behind a proxy server.

- 1. Select the appropriate perl scripts to run depending on the server type.
 - To set ElectricFlow server proxy settings, enter:

```
ec-perl src/ecconfigure.pl
--serverProxyHost <IP_ADDRESS_PROXY>
--serverProxyPort <PORT>
--serverNoProxyHosts "<HOST1,HOST2>"
```

• To set web server proxy settings, enter:

```
ec-perl src/ecconfigure.pl
--webProxyUrl http://<IP_ADDRESS:PORT>
--webNoProxyHosts <HOST1,HOST2,HOST3>
```

Where:

<IP_ADDRESS_PROXY> is the IP address of the proxy server,

<PORT> is the server port for the proxy server, and

<HOST1,HOST2> is one or more comma separated host names for the servers in the configuration.

2. Restart all the servers where you have applied a proxy setting

IMPORTANT: If you do not restart the servers, the proxy settings will not work.

Testing Server Proxy Settings

Use the following task to verify your proxy server settings.

- Perform the following steps depending on your server type.
 - If you have a web server:
 - 1. Go to the Plugin Manager web page.
 - 2. Verify the catalog can be viewed and no errors are reported when accessing the catalog URL.
 - If you have an ElectricFlow server:
 - 1. Go to the Plugin Manager web page.
 - 2. Verify you can install a plugin from the catalog.

Configuring Proxy Agents

Use ecconfigure to set proxy settings for any agent system that is deployed behind a proxy server. A proxy server is not usually placed between agents and an ElectricFlow server.

IMPORTANT: When you use a proxy agent, the proxy target *must* run an SSH v2 server. For more information on proxy target agents, see the Configuration and Resource online help topics.

1. Run the following command to set Agent proxy settings:

```
ec-perl src/ecconfigure.pl
```

```
--agentProxyHost <IP_ADDRESS_PROXY>
```

```
--agentProxyPort <PORT>
```

```
--agentNoProxyHosts "<HOST1,HOST2>"
```

Where:

<IP_ADDRESS_PROXY> is the IP address of the proxy server,

<PORT> is the server port for the proxy server, and

<HOST1,HOST2> is one or more comma separated host names for the servers in the configuration.

2. Set the cygwin 1.7 privilege by running the following commands.

Note: Certain commands require administrator privileges to run (for example, net stop xxx) using cygwin 1.7 sshd. These commands can fail with "access denied" errors. These errors did not occur in cygwin 1.5. The ElectricFlow proxy agent relies on sshd being privileged. To set this privilege on cygwin 1.7, you need to run an additional setup script (in addition to ssh-host-config).

- a. cyglsa-config
- b. reboot

Increasing File Descriptors on Linux

A file descriptor is an object a process uses to read or write to an open file and open network sockets (although there are other uses).

Operating systems place limits on the number of file descriptors a process can open. In addition to per-process limits, an OS also has a global limit on the number of file descriptors that all its processes, together, might consume.

A common bottleneck in the default Linux operating system configuration is a lack of file descriptors.

ElectricFlow Server

An ElectricFlow Server uses approximately one file descriptor per running job step and three per uncompleted job.

The following example configures ElectricFlow to use a new limit of 32768:

 Add the following line to the init script for the ElectricFlow Server (in /etc/init.d/commander) before the su - command:

ulimit -n 32768

2. Restart the ElectricFlow server:

/etc/init.d/commanderServer restart

ElectricFlow Agent

An ElectricFlow Agent uses at least two file descriptors per running job step.

It is important to make sure that operating systems on high traffic sites are configured to provide sufficient numbers of file descriptors to ElectricFlow.

The following example describes how to raise the maximum number of file descriptors to 32768 for the ElectricFlow process on the Red Hat Linux distribution:

- 1. Allow all users to modify their file descriptor limits from an initial value of 1024 up to the maximum permitted value of 32768 by changing /etc/security/limits.conf. The following two lines should be part of the file contents:
 - ° soft nofile 1024
 - o hard nofile 32768
- 2. In /etc/pam.d/login, add the following line if it does not already exist:

```
session required pam_limits.so
```

 Configure ElectricFlow to use the new limits. Add the following line to the init script for the ElectricFlow Agent (in /etc/init.d/ecmdrAgent or /etc/init.d/commanderAgent):

ulimit -n 32768

4. Restart the ElectricFlow agent:

/etc/init.d/commanderAgent restart

Adjusting Swappiness on Linux

For Java-based machines (ElectricFlow server, repository server, agent), We recommend that you adjust the swappiness kernel parameter to favor applications over disk cache.

• To favor applications 100% over disk cache use:

sysctl -w vm.swappiness=0

The default of 60 can result in significant delays during garbage collection if any i/o intensive process runs on the machine.

Chapter 6: Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow

IMPORTANT: If your system is running a version earlier than ElectricCommander 4.2, you first need to upgrade to ElectricCommander 4.2.x. You should be able to safely upgrade from ElectricCommander 3.10.x, 4.0.x, or 4.1.x to ElectricCommander 4.2.x, and then upgrade to ElectricFlow 6.x.

Upgrade		File to	Run the	Run the Back-	Run the	Go to
From	То	Download	Migration Tool	grounder Tool	Install- er	6010
ElectricComman der 4.2.x	ElectricFlo w 6.x	upgrade- bundle.zip	Yes	Yes	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricComman der 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x on page 7-1
ElectricFlow 5.x	ElectricFlo w 6.x, the latest version	ElectricFlo w- <version></version>	No	No	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the Latest Version on page 9-1

Upgrade		File to	Run the Migration	Run the Back-	Run the Install- er	Go to
From	То	Download	Download Tool grounder Tool Tool			
ElectricFlow 5.x for a clustered environment	ElectricFlo w 6.x, the latest version, for a clustered environme nt	ElectricFlo w- <version></version>	No	No	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the Latest Version in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1
ElectricFlow 6.x	ElectricFlo w 6.x, the latest (newer) version	ElectricFlo w- <version></version>	No	No	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the Latest Version on page 9-1
ElectricFlow 6.x for a clustered environment	ElectricFlo w 6.x, the latest (newer) version, for a clustered environme nt	ElectricFlo w- <version></version>	No	No	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the Latest Version in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1

IMPORTANT: When upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use the migration tool, background upgrader, and installer in the upgrade bundle.

When upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use only the ElectricFlow installer (ElectricFlow-<version>), which works the same way as the installers in previous releases. Do not use the migration tool or the background upgrader.

If you are upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, your database is large, and you want to minimize the downtime during the upgrade, review the following information:

IMPORTANT: If you are installing on new hardware while performing the upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, be aware that you need to do an additional step when using the background upgrader.

When performing an upgrade on existing hardware, you run the background upgrader against your source database, and then run the installer to install the latest software version. Running the installer will run the background upgrader with the --final flag, ensuring that your database is finalized for the upgrade.

However, when installing new hardware (specifically, a new server that is not pointing at the newly upgraded database) while performing the upgrade, the --final flag will not run automatically for the background upgrader, and you will need to run it manually.

You need to run the background upgrader one more time with --final flag as an option in this command:

commander-upgrade.pl --final. This will mark the database as being finalized and allow ElectricFlow to work properly.

Your order of upgrade operations may be as follows:

1. Run the background upgrader against the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database on the existing hardware.

2. Install the ElectricFlow 6.x software on the new server.

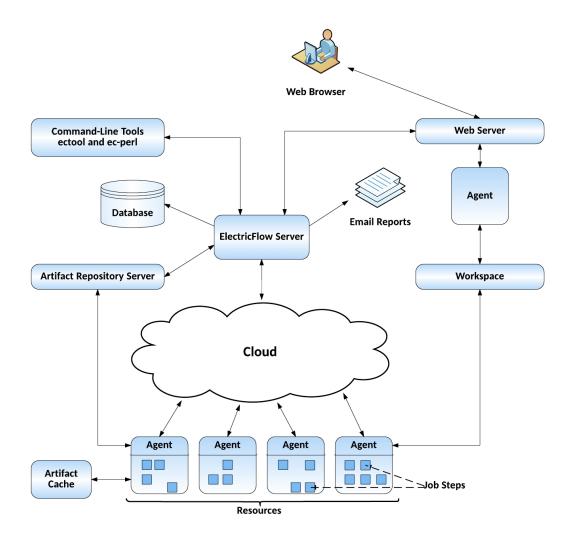
3. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server, and run the background upgrader script (commander-upgrade.pl) with the --final flag on the new hardware.

4. Point the new ElectricFlow 6.x server to the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, either through the UI or using the ectool setDatabaseConfiguration command.

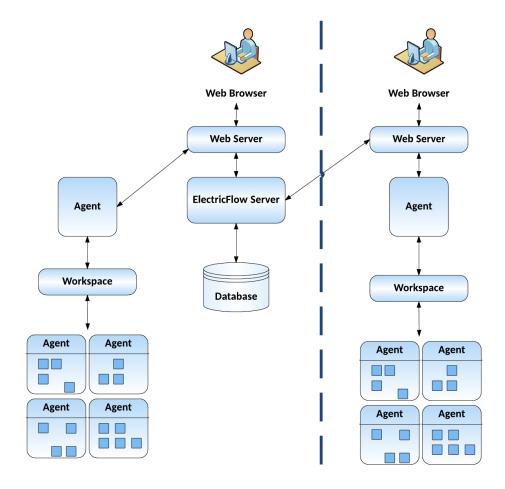
If you are running the standard installation (from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x) on an existing ElectricFlow environment, you do not need to manually run the commander-upgrade.pl command with the --final flag, because this command is run automatically when you execute the installer to upgrade your existing ElectricFlow server to the new version.

These are sample ElectricFlow configurations:

Single-Site Architecture



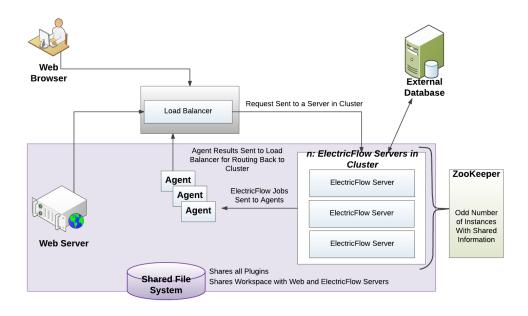
Architecture on page 1-4 for a complete description of this configuration.



Remote Web Server Configuration

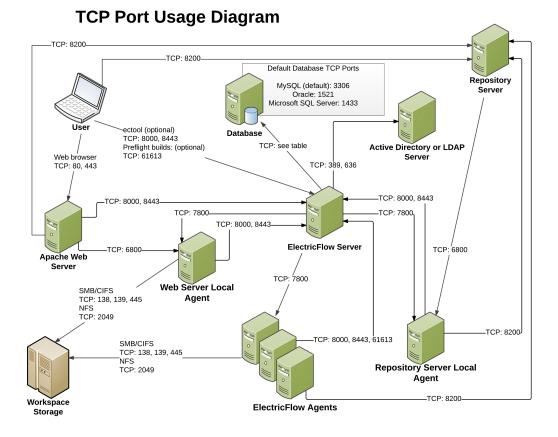
Architecture on page 1-4 for a detailed description of this architecture.

Clustered Configuration



Architecture of an ElectricFlow Cluster on page 4-1 for a detailed description of this configuration.

Server Components in ElectricFlow



For a detailed description, go to https://electriccloud.zendesk.com/hc/en-us and search for KBEC-00041.

Chapter 7: Upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x

Upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x is more complex and extensive than for previous releases.

- The software upgrade requires a database upgrade that is bigger than in previous releases.
- The upgrade process has changed. Starting in ElectricFlow 5.0, the database is modified to use universally unique identifiers (UUIDs) for entity IDs in all tables This requires recreating all the foreign key relationships in the database, a time-consuming operation.

You use the tools in the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. The upgrade bundle includes a migration tool to convert <code>\$[jobID]</code> and <code>\$[workflowId]</code> references in your projects to <code>jobCounter</code> and <code>workflowCounter</code> references respectively and a background upgrader to upgrade the database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

Depending on your ElectricFlow configuration. you may run both the migration tool and the background upgrader before installing ElectricFlow 6.x.

• Running the ElectricFlow installer is the last step in the upgrade process. The installer works the same way as the installers in previous releases. The ElectricFlow-<version> installer, where <version> is the software version, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, configures the system with all property values mined, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: If your system is running a version earlier than ElectricCommander 4.2, you first need to upgrade to ElectricCommander 4.2.x. You should be able to safely upgrade from ElectricCommander 3.10.x, 4.0.x, or 4.1.x to ElectricCommander 4.2.x, and then upgrade to ElectricFlow 6.x.

IMPORTANT: When upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use the migration tool, background upgrader, and installer in the upgrade bundle.

When upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use only the ElectricFlow installer (ElectricFlow-<version>), which works the same way as the installers in previous releases. Do not use the migration tool or the background upgrader.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Upgrade Process Overview

IMPORTANT: If your system is running a version earlier than ElectricCommander 4.2, you first need to upgrade to ElectricCommander 4.2.x. You should be able to safely upgrade from ElectricCommander 3.10.x, 4.0.x, or 4.1.x to ElectricCommander 4.2.x, and then upgrade to ElectricFlow 6.x.

IMPORTANT: You cannot upgrade the ElectricCommander 4.2.x H2 database. If you want to continue using a built-in database in ElectricFlow 6.x, follow the procedures in Use Case 5: Built-In Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-103 or Use Case 6: Built-In Database Upgrade on New Hardware on page 7-106.

The upgrade process includes these tasks:

• Using the tools in the upgrade bundle to upgrade the software from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

- Running the migration tool and the background upgrader before running the ElectricFlow 6.x installer.
- Running the migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.

• Running the background upgrader to upgrade the database.

The benefits of using the background upgrader are:

- It minimizes downtime during the ElectricFlow software installation.
- When you run the installer without running the background upgrader first, the database is automatically updated as part of the installation process. However, this could take a long time. If your database is large, this could result in a downtime of up to several days.

The database upgrade process includes the following tasks:

• Creating a target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database in the same database instance as the source (original) database.

IMPORTANT: Before you start the database upgrade, you must create a new, empty database that is the same type as the existing source (original) database and is the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database for the upgrade.

IMPORTANT: You must ensure that the database has sufficient disk space for the upgrade, which includes space for the data copied during the upgrade in addition to space for temporary usage during the upgrade for log files, redo files, and undo files. We recommend that you have at least three times (3x) the size of your current database available during the upgrade process.

 Prepopulating your target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database using the *background upgrader*, which replicates data and upgrades the database while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running.

While this can be a slow process, if your database is large, it reduces the downtime between turning off your ElectricCommander 4.2.x server and starting your ElectricFlow 6.x server by copying most of the data across while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running.

If a large number of jobs have run against (or other changes have been made to) the source (original) database between the last pass of the background upgrader and running the ElectricFlow installer, this will increase the downtime required to complete the software upgrade process. This downtime can be minimized by running the background upgrader again to incrementally replicate recent changes from the source (original) database to the target (the ElectricFlow 6.x) database shortly before running the ElectricFlow installer.

IMPORTANT: Change tracking is enabled when you upgrade to ElectricFlow 5.3 and later. This can significantly increase the time (about an hour) to complete the upgrade. If you want to upgrade without enabling change tracking, add this line to the database.properties file before starting the software upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x: COMMANDER_DB_AUDITING_ENABLED=false

- Running the background upgrader more than once to ensure that the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases remain synchronized.
- The database upgrade can be slow. To estimate the time that the upgrade may take, see the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the appropriate use case.

IMPORTANT: Change tracking is enabled when you upgrade to ElectricFlow 5.3 and later. This can significantly increase the time (about an hour) to complete the upgrade. If you want to upgrade without enabling change tracking, add this line to the database.properties file before starting the software upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x: COMMANDER DB AUDITING ENABLED=false

IMPORTANT: If you are installing on new hardware while performing the upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, be aware that you need to do an additional step when using the background upgrader.

When performing an upgrade on existing hardware, you run the background upgrader against your source database, and then run the installer to install the latest software version. Running the installer will run the background upgrader with the --final flag, ensuring that your database is finalized for the upgrade.

However, when installing new hardware (specifically, a new server that is not pointing at the newly upgraded database) while performing the upgrade, the --final flag will not run automatically for the background upgrader, and you will need to run it manually.

You need to run the background upgrader one more time with --final flag as an option in this command: commander-upgrade.pl --final. This will mark the database as being finalized and allow ElectricFlow to work properly.

Your order of upgrade operations may be as follows:

1. Run the background upgrader against the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database on the existing hardware.

2. Install the ElectricFlow 6.x software on the new server.

3. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server, and run the background upgrader script (commander-upgrade.pl) with the --final flag on the new hardware.

4. Point the new ElectricFlow 6.x server to the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, either through the UI or using the ectool setDatabaseConfiguration command.

If you are running the standard installation (from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x) on an existing ElectricFlow environment, you do not need to manually run the commander-upgrade.pl command with the --final flag, because this command is run automatically when you execute the installer to upgrade your existing ElectricFlow server to the new version.

Properties Changed to UUIDs

Starting in ElectricFlow 5.0, entity types changed. ElectricFlow now uses a universally unique identifier (UUIDs) for all entity types. The most common entity changes that affect you are the jobId and workflowId properties. In previous releases, these properties were monotonically incrementing integers that were created directly by the database. The new auto-generated UUID is a 36-character string. This UUID is stored internally in the database as a 128-bit binary type.

For example:

• A new job in ElectricCommander 4.2.x may show 1809 as a jobId, but launching this same job in ElectricFlow 6.x may result in a jobId like this: 4fa765dd-73f1-11e3-b67e-b0a420524153.

• When you migrate a jobId from Commander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, ElectricFlow converts the jobId to hexadecimal and adds zeroes before creating the 36-character string.

You most commonly reference jobId and workflowId in the Job name template and Workflow name template fields in these locations in the platform UI:

- Administration > Server > Settings
- Edit procedure or Edit workflow definition

Because the change to UUIDs most commonly occurs in jobId and workflowId and it appears in job and workflow names, Electric Cloud has provided a tool to help you convert the Job name templates and the Workflow name templates in your projects.

Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x

You use the tools in the upgrade bundle to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. The upgrade bundle has a migration tool that automates and eases the transition to jobCounter and workflowCounter.

Reasons for the Change

Starting with ElectricFlow 5.0, IDs were changed to UUIDs for several reasons:

- ElectricFlow now allows you to configure a cluster of ElectricFlow servers, which adds horizontal scalability and high availability to your ElectricFlow implementation. Using UUIDs for all primary keys enables multiple ElectricFlow servers to run against the same database without having to coordinate primary key generation across the servers or through the database, which could cause a performance bottleneck.
- In ElectricCommander 4.2.x, the database generated IDs directly. This would create confusion if you moved from one database to another, such as moving from MySQL to Oracle, which would reset the IDs after you uploaded the new database. Using custom counters avoids this ID reset problem and is convenient when moving to a production database such as MS SQL Server or Oracle.
- Some customers were close to running out of 32-bit integer ID values.

Impact for ElectricCommander 4.2.x Users

Dependence on jobId or workflowId

Many customer implementations have relied on job and workflow names that depend on *\$[jobId]* or *\$[workflowId]*. Although jobs and workflows with these system-generated identifiers do not fail after upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x, the readability of this information will become more difficult for users because previously sequential numbers are replaced by 36-character random hexadecimal UUIDs.

Order of Preference for Name Template Values

Whenever a job is run, ElectricFlow names the job according to the job name template value in these locations in descending order of preference:

- 1. The procedure
- 2. The property sheet in Administration > Server > Settings in the platform UI
- 3. The server's hard-coded default

Job Name Templates

Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x automatically updates ElectricFlow hard-coded default job and workflow name templates. However, you may not see this change in your job or workflow names.

ElectricFlow 6.x *does not automatically update* your name templates if you have ever saved your ElectricFlow server settings for the template default names. It does not matter if you made any changes; the only action that matters is saving the server settings. Saving the server settings creates a custom property sheet, even though it might contain all default values. The creation of the property sheet means job and workflow names are derived from the property sheet's name templates and not the hard-coded name templates. The hard-coded name templates were updated in ElectricFlow 5.0 or later, but because your job and workflow names are not derived from hard-coded name templates, their names are not updated automatically the next time you run a job or workflow. Similarly, your name templates remain as they were in ElectricCommander 4.2.x if they are located in an individual procedure. You need to run the migration tool to update occurrences of *sjobid* or *s[workflowId]*.

ElectricFlow 6.x *automatically updates* your name templates if you have never saved your ElectricFlow server settings. Because you have never saved the server settings, a custom property sheet does not exist. This means that ElectricFlow uses the default hard-coded name templates, which were updated in ElectricFlow 5.0 or later. Your job or workflow names automatically use the new default name templates the next time you run a job or workflow.

To determine which name templates ElectricFlow is using, follow these steps:

- 1. In the platform UI, go to Administration > Server.
- 2. Check if more than one property is listed in the Custom Server Properties section.

If multiple properties are listed, you are using a property sheet's templates, not hard-coded templates.

Default Job Name Template Impact

The ElectricCommander 4.2.x default job name template contains the jobId, as seen in:

job_\$[/myJob/jobId]_\$[/timestamp]

If you are using a property sheet's default job name template and you leave the default job name template as-is, job names for new jobs on the ElectricFlow 6.x server will display with a UUID entry instead of the sequential counter.

If you are using the hard-coded default job name template and you leave the default job name template as-is, your job names will have a job counter instead of the job ID number after you upgrade.

Examples:

Example 1	You are using the property sheet's default job name template in ElectricCommander 4.2.x. This means you do not have a procedure-level job name template. You do not change anything after upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x.
	Assume you have previously run 2500 jobs. In ElectricCommander 4.2.x, your next job name might be
	job_2501_201401021303
	In ElectricFlow 6.x that job name would now look like
	job_4fa765dd-73f1-11e3-b67e-b0a420524153_201401021303
Example 2	You are using the hard-coded default job name template in ElectricCommander 4.2.x. This means you do not have a custom property sheet nor a procedure-level job name template. You do not change anything after upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x.
	This means you do not have a custom property sheet nor a procedure-level job name
	This means you do not have a custom property sheet nor a procedure-level job name template. You do not change anything after upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x. Assume you have previously run 2500 jobs. In ElectricCommander 4.2.x, your next job
	This means you do not have a custom property sheet nor a procedure-level job name template. You do not change anything after upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x. Assume you have previously run 2500 jobs. In ElectricCommander 4.2.x, your next job name might be

Customized Job Name Template Impact

If you customized your job name template but still used the jobId, the UUID now appears instead of the previous jobId. This is also true if you used jobId in a procedure-level job name template.

We strongly recommend running the migration tool.

Workflow Name Template Impact

The ElectricCommander 4.2.x default workflow name template contains the workflowId, as shown in:

workflow_\$[/myWorkflow/workflowId]_\$[/timestamp]

The impact to your workflow names would be the same as what is shown in the job name example.

Actions to Take

Note: This section references jobId to jobCounter changes, but also consider the same actions for workflowID to workflowCounter changes.

• We strongly recommend that you convert your naming templates to reference an incrementing job or workflow counter that is tied to the project. You can use the migration tool to help you with the conversion.

Examples of naming templates containing properties that increment automatically:

```
$[projectName]_$[/increment /myproject/jobCounter]_$[/timestamp yyyMMddHHmmss]
$[projectName]_$[/increment /myproject/workflowCounter]_$[/timestamp yyyMMddHHmmss]
```

• If you have any scripts that refer to object IDs and assume that they are numeric, you must update these scripts to handle the IDs as strings.

The migration tool is not able to make the same changes to any locations in your scripts or step commands that reference <code>jobId</code> or <code>workflowId</code>. You need to manually make the changes to <code>jobCounter</code> and <code>workflowCounter</code>.

For example, a Perl script with my <code>\$jobId = \$[jobId]</code>; should be modified by quoting the job ID as follows: my <code>\$jobId = '\$[jobId]'</code>;. This should be done to accommodate the change from a numeric value to an alphanumeric value, the UUID.

Migration Tool in the Upgrade Bundle

Electric Cloud provides the migration tool to ease the transition from jobId and jobCounter.

This script does the following:

- Examines every procedure in your system and makes the following changes to any jobNameTemplate it finds
 - \$[jobId] becomes \$[/increment /myProject/jobCounter] or \$[/increment /server/ec_ counters/jobCounter]
 - Within \$[/javascript myJob.jobId], myJob.jobId becomes getProperty('/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter') OF getProperty('/increment /server/ec_ counters/jobCounter')
- Examines every procedure in your system and makes the following changes to any workflowNameTemplate it finds
 - o \$[workflowId] becomes \$[/increment /myProject/workflowCounter] or \$[/increment /server/ec counters/workflowCounter]
 - Within \$[/javascript myWorkflow.workflowbId], myWorkflow.workflowbId] becomes getProperty('/increment /myWorkflow/project/workflowCounter') Or getProperty ('/increment /server/ec counters/workflowCounter')
- Determines the current value of the global job ID counter by querying the most recent job. This is used as the starting value for a jobCounter property (you can override this value).

By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing the *before* and *after* values). You must run the script with an explicit option to actually make the changes.

You can run this script either before or after you upgrade to ElectricFlow 6.x.

Rather than waiting to upgrade to ElectricFlow 6.x before using jobCounters, we recommend that you begin exploring the use of jobCounters in your existing production environment. Changing your existing projects to reference a counter rather than jobId can be implemented at any time and allows you to start recording your project-level job-count metrics. Applying these changes to your system before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x allows you to make these changes at your own pace and avoid concerns being raised by users encountering UUIDs in their job/workflow names after the upgrade.

Default Job Name and Workflow Name Template Changes

Users who upgraded from ElectricCommander 4.2.x may notice that ElectricFlow updated the hard-coded job name and workflow name templates for ElectricFlow 6.x. They no longer contain jobld or workflowld.

The new default name templates are:

```
$[projectName]_$[/increment /myproject/jobCounter]_$[/timestamp yyyMMddHHmmss]
$[projectName]_$[/increment /myproject/workflowCounter]_$[/timestamp yyyMMddHHmmss]
```

Changing from a system jobId to a project-based jobCounter allows you to recognize the number of jobs that each project launches. The previous default of using a system jobId provided only a single system-level metric

Disadvantages of Using jobId and workflowId

We strongly recommend using jobCounter and workflowCounter instead of jobId and workflowId. These are a few reasons to use jobCounter and workflowCounter instead of jobId and workflowId:

- The jobId and workflowld are no longer human-readable integers so they do not provide any indentifiable information and cannot be used as counters.
- Because of the increased length of jobId and workflowId, you might encounter limitations such as maximum Windows path name length, maximum URL length, and maximum command line length.
- The default job name and workflow name templates no longer contain jobId and workflowId.

jobCounter Considerations

When using the migration tool to define a starting jobCounter value, keep in mind the following scenarios and their respective actions:

My job names will keep the same general format, replacing jobId with a new jobCounter

You must set your starting counter at a number higher than the most recent job that was used for this project.

However, you might find it more useful to use a more recognizable base point to allow you to differentiate jobs that began after making this change

Example:

- The last job run under this project as job 32348.
- Technically, setting your counter to "32349" would avoid any possible job name conflicts.
- However, it would be probably be more effective to set your counter to "40000", "100000" or "1000000" to help clarify that any new jobs were jobs that were launched after making this change.

My job names will use a completely different format than in the past and will rely on a new jobCounter

You might simply want to set your jobCounter to "1".

My job names did not rely on jobld previously; they relied on timestamps for unique naming

No change is necessary, but you might want to consider using a jobCounter in the future to help capture the relative number of jobs occurring under each project.

My job names already use a project-based jobCounter property

No changes are necessary.

If you plan to use Change Tracking on the project, mark the counter property as a counter in ElectricFlow, and consider moving it to a separate counter project.

My job names already use a server-based jobCounter property

Although you do not have to change this, be aware that using a project-based property instead might provide slight performance improvements during large bursts of job launches.

Use Cases

The actual steps that you perform to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x are based on your ElectricFlow environment.

Use Case	Database Type	Impact on Downtime	Hardware Changes	Link to the Upgrade Pro- cess Steps
1	Large	Significant (must minimize the downtime)	Same hardware before and after the upgrade	Use Case 1: Large Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-11Use Case 1: Large Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-11
2	Large	Significant (must minimize the downtime)	Installing a new ElectricFlow 6.x server	Use Case 2: Large Database Upgrade on New Hardware on page 7- 43
3	Small	Not significant	Same hardware before and after the upgrade	Use Case 3: Small Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-75
4	Small	Not significant	Installing a new ElectricFlow 6.x server	Use Case 4: Small Database Upgrade on New Hardware on page 7- 89 Use Case 4: Small Database Upgrade on New Hardware
5	Built-in	n/a	Same hardware before and after the upgrade	Use Case 5: Built-In Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-103
6	Built-in	n/a	Installing a new ElectricFlow 6.x server	Use Case 6: Built-In Database Upgrade on New Hardware on page 7- 116

Review the information in the following table, and select the use case that best matches your ElectricFlow environment to go to the detailed upgrade process steps.

A large ElectricFlow installation can have database upgrades in the size range of 10 GB to several tens of GB.

A small ElectricFlow installation has significantly less data in its database.

Use Case 1: Large Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the database must be upgraded. The database upgrade process includes creating a new database for ElectricFlow 6.x and copying the data from the source (original ElectricCommander 4.2.x) database to the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.

This process is more involved than in previous releases because the database changes are more extensive than in previous ElectricFlow upgrades. You use the background upgrader in the upgrade bundle to upgrade the database.

IMPORTANT: You cannot upgrade the ElectricCommander 4.2.x H2 database. If you want to continue using a built-in database in ElectricFlow 6.x, follow the procedures in Use Case 5: Built-In Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-103 or Use Case 6: Built-In Database Upgrade on New Hardware on page 7-116.

IMPORTANT: Before you start the database upgrade, you must create a new, empty database that is the same type as the existing source (original) database and is the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database for the upgrade.

IMPORTANT: After you have run the ElectricFlow 6.x server, you cannot rerun the background upgrader against the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database because ElectricFlow 6.x makes further database upgrades.

Step 1.1: Download and Extract the Upgrade Bundle

You use the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

The upgrade-bundle.zip file has these files:

- README.txt: README file for Windows and Linux
- migrateTemplates.pl: Migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.
- commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar: Background upgrader to update the database. You can run this tool or the background upgrader script before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- commander-upgrade.pl: Background upgrader script to update the database. You run this script or the background upgrader tool before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- ElectricFlow-<version>: ElectricFlow installer to install the latest software version.

The Windows installer for ElectricFlow 6.x is ElectricFlow-<version>.exe.

The corresponding Linux installer is ElectricFlow-<version>.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

Perform these steps to download and extract the upgrade bundle:

- 1. Download the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) from the Electric Cloud site.
- 2. Extract the following files into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY directory:
 - README file:

Put README.txt into any \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory.

• Migration tool for UUIDs:

Put migrateTemplates.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

• Background upgrader:

Put commander-upgrade.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/utils directory.

3. Extract the ElectricFlow-<version> installer into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Linux Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/:

- Put README.txt into any /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version> into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Windows Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\:

- Put README.txt into any C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version>.exe into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the C:\temp directory.

Step 1.2: Run the Migration Tool to Convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] References

This section describes how to convert [jobID] and [workflowId] references in your projects to jobCounter and workflowCounter references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /server/jobCounter]</code> and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0

Step 1.3: Prepare for the Database Upgrade

The database upgrade process to ElectricFlow 6.x can be time-consuming.To minimize the duration of this process, the upgrade bundle has a background upgrader to allow your ElectricFlow system to build the ElectricFlow 6.x database while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running. You run the background upgrader before you run the installer, which can minimize downtime for the ElectricFlow environment and reduce the time required for the upgrade process.

Your DBA should review the following steps to determine which are necessary for your environment to prepare for the database upgrade:

1. Estimate how long the database upgrade may take.

It may take many hours to several days to upgrade the database, depending on the database hardware, database size, and the load on your database server. The background upgrader might put significant extra load on your database server while it runs in the background.

In our internal testing on moderately powerful database servers, database upgrades in the size range of 10 GB to several tens of GB usually took many hours on MySQL or Microsoft SQL Server, and several days on Oracle.

If you have a large database, you can run the background upgrader more than once to synchronize the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running.

To estimate the duration of the next database upgrade pass:

a. Find the log file called upgrade.log.

When you run the background upgrader, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* of the current working directory from which the background upgrader was run.

b. In the log file, search for the phrase "End of pass <number> through tables."

c. Calculate the duration of a database upgrade pass.

Look for the timestamp when the current upgrade ended and the timestamp when the previous upgrade ended.

The duration is the difference between the time when the last pass ended and the time when the previous pass ended.

The downtime for upgrading ElectricFlow 6.x is expected to take at least as long as the last pass, because it runs one more pass of the background upgrader. On MySQL, it can take many hours more than that, because MySQL requires entire tables to be copied when new columns are added to them.

IMPORTANT: Change tracking is enabled when you upgrade to ElectricFlow 5.3 and later. This can significantly increase the time (about an hour) to complete the upgrade. If you want to upgrade without enabling change tracking, add this line to the database.properties file before starting the software upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x: COMMANDER_DB_AUDITING_ENABLED=false

- 2. Running the background upgrader puts additional load on the database. To minimize both the background upgrader runtime and your upgrade downtime:
 - If you usually run your ElectricFlow database server with your database located on a nonlocal disk such as a network file server, we recommend relocating both your ElectricCommander 4.2.x and new ElectricFlow databases to one or more local disks.
 - If your current database contains a lot of unused free space, we recommend compacting it. If it is fragmented, we recommend defragmenting it or moving it to a solid-state drive (SSD).
- 3. Estimate the amount of disk space for the database upgrade.

Keep the following in mind:

- You need to make sure that the database server has sufficient disk space for the database upgrade, including disk space for the data copied during the upgrade, log files, redo files, and undo files. The log space depends on the database type and the logging strategy.
- We recommend that you have at least three times (3x) the size of your current ElectricCommander 4.2.x source (original) database of free disk space.
- Some of this space is needed temporarily for the upgrade process to run. After the upgrade process is completed, the disk space for the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database is only a little larger than before.
- 4. (Optional) Delete old data in the database.

IMPORTANT: If your ElectricCommander 4.2 .x source (original) database contains a lot of old job data, we *strongly* recommend that you delete as much of this data as possible before running the background upgrader, which will help to speed up the eventual upgrade. It will take time for this deletion effort to complete and for the background upgrader to run.

5. Perform the following tasks that are necessary for your environment:

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

We also strongly recommend that you make a copy of your database and walk through the database upgrade process on a test environment before performing the actual database upgrade on your production environment. The result of this is to understand the impact of performing the database upgrade in your environment and to understand the effect that the upgrade has on your environment. If you need a test license to perform such a test, contact support@electric-cloud.com to request a temporary license.

Backups

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data *before* upgrading. For more information about backups, see ElectricFlow Server Backups on page 11-1.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in the data directory:
 - $^\circ~$ ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files in the ${\tt conf}$ subdirectory
 - The passkey file in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows
 - $^\circ~$ Apache web server configuration files in the <code>apache/conf</code> subdirectory
 - The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory (if applicable)
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The number of ElectricFlow files you may have modified is too numerous to list, so you may want to back up the entire data directory and other miscellaneous files that may have changed.

- If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory.
- Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the platform UI by accessing the **Administration** > **Server** tab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_customEditors*. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_preflight*. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend

backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example, change ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce to ec_ preflight/clientDrivers/perforce_modified.

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

Step 1.4: Run the Background Upgrader

To upgrade the database:

- 1. Create the new empty target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database with these characteristics:
 - The new database must be the same type as the existing source (original) database and is the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database for the upgrade.
 - Your source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases must be on the same database server.
 - The text encoding settings of the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases must match exactly.
 - a. For MySQL databases, perform the following additional tasks:
 - You must give ElectricFlow permissions to create new databases and to add and delete tables at all times.
 - You must also give ElectricFlow DROP SCHEMA and CREATE SCHEMA permissions to create and delete databases during the duration of the upgrade process. This includes the intermediate database with the "_upgrade" suffix in its name.

IMPORTANT: If you do not give ElectricFlow the permissions previously listed, the database upgrade will fail with an error similar to the following:

```
2015-07-16T22:22:16.885 | ERROR | bootstrap | | |
schemaMaintenance | ServerStatus | Database upgrade failed:
Migration failed for change set
com/electriccloud/commander/upgrade/upgrade_5062_5063.xml::5062_
5063-0040::commander:
Reason: liquibase.exception.DatabaseException:
com.mysql.jdbc.exceptions.jdbc4.MySQLSyntaxErrorException:
Access denied for user 'admin'@'%' to database 'commander_
upgrade'
```

- These are the external MySQL database characteristics:
 - When upgrading ElectricFlow, ensure that default-storage-engine=INNODB is in the [mysqld] section in my.cnf/my.ini.
 - An install and upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

• Although the background upgrader does the bulk of the conversion of the MySQL server database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the remaining database conversion occurs during the ElectricFlow upgrade. For a large database, this might take many hours.

IMPORTANT: After starting the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, do not interrupt the upgrade process.

If the upgrade process is interrupted, you might corrupt your database. You have to restore your database from a previous backup.

- The following applies when the database is updated:
 - Upgrading saves the existing local MySQLdatabase, if applicable.
 - Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter ectool getServerStatus.
- b. For Oracle databases, do the following tasks:
 - A database schema is a *user* in Oracle. One user has one schema.
 - You must have a new user for the new empty target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database tables.
 - We recommend putting the new user tables in their own workspace because this can make managing disk usage easier.
 - Ensure that you have allocated adequate table space, temp space, and undo space.
 - You must explicitly grant read access permissions to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database user so that this user can read information in the source (original) database user's tables.

Example: Enter the following SQL commands.

To specify the source (original) database, enter GRANT "CONNECT" TO "COMMANDER42" where COMMANDER42 is the source (original) database schema or user.

To specify the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, enter GRANT "RESOURCE" TO "FLOW60" where FLOW60 is the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database schema or user.

To give the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database read access permissions to each table in the source (original) database, enter GRANT SELECT ON "COMMANDER42"."EC_AGENT" TO "FLOW60" where COMMANDER42 is the source (original) database schema or user, EC_AGENT is a table in the source (original) database, and FLOW60 is the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database schema or user.

Enter a command like this for each table in the source (original) database.

For a detailed example, see http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/5_4/PDF/grant_ access.sql.

- The target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database user must have the same password as the source (original) database user.
- Ensure that the database UNDO_RETENTION parameter is set large enough (at least 12 to 24 hours).

2. Create or edit an upgrade.properties file.

The upgrade.properties file provides information to the database upgrade process about the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) and source (original) databases.

In Linux, the file is usually in

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/upgrade.properties

• In Windows, the file is usually in

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\upgrade.properties

Create or edit the file one of these ways:

a. Use the wizard to help you edit the file.

- b. Create or edit a new upgrade.properties file with the upgrade.properties file template.
 - i. Copy the template content corresponding to your target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database type.
 - ii. Open a new empty file in a text editor.
 - iii. Paste the entire template contents into the new file.
 - iv. Replace the template values (after the = symbols) with the values from your existing ElectricFlow deployment.

Except for the COMMANDER_DB_PASSWORD, COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE, COMMANDER_DB_NAME (MySQL or Microsoft SQL Server), and COMMANDER_DB_USER (Oracle) values, use your existing database value in one of these locations:

- Administration > Database Configuration tab in your existing ElectricFlow server
- \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/conf/database.properties file in your existing ElectricFlow deployment for Linux (for example, /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/database.propertie s)
- \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY\conf\database.properties file in your existing
 ElectricFlow deployment for Windows (for example,

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\database.properties)

Make sure that you maintain the formatting of the values in the database.properties file.

- v. Save the file as upgrade.properties.
- vi. Because the upgrade.properties file contains the plaintext password for your ElectricFlow database, restrict read access to the file, or make sure that it is deleted when you no longer need it.

MySQL

Example configuration file for mysql COMMANDER_DB_TYPE=mysql

The ip or dns of the mysql server COMMANDER DB HOST=myDbHost.example.com

The mysql port (defaults to 3306) COMMANDER DB PORT=3306

The name of the target (Commander 6.x) database COMMANDER_DB_NAME=commander50

The mysql username
COMMANDER_DB_USER=mySqlUser

The mysql password COMMANDER DB PASSWORD=mySqlPassword

The mysql batch size COMMANDER DB BATCH SIZE=100

```
# The existing 4.2 database.
# Must be on the same server as the new
# database and readable by the mySqlUser
OLD_COMMANDER_DB_NAME=commander42
```

Microsoft SQL Server

Example configuration file for sqlserver COMMANDER DB TYPE=sqlserver

The ip or dns of the sqlserver server COMMANDER_DB_HOST=myDbHost.example.com

The sqlserver port (defaults to 1433) COMMANDER_DB_PORT=1433

The name of the target (Commander 6.x) database COMMANDER DB NAME=commander50

The sqlserver username
COMMANDER DB USER=sqlServerUser

The sqlserver password COMMANDER DB PASSWORD=sqlServerPassword

The sqlserver batch size COMMANDER DB BATCH SIZE=100

The existing 4.2 database.
Must be on the same server as the new
database and readable by the sqlServerUser
OLD COMMANDER DB NAME=commander42

Oracle

```
# Example configuration file for oracle
COMMANDER DB TYPE=oracle
# The ip or dns of the TNS listener
COMMANDER DB HOST=myDbHost.example.com
# The TNS listener port (defaults to 1521)
COMMANDER DB PORT=1521
# The sid of database
COMMANDER DB NAME=commanderSID
# The target (Commander 5.x) username/database
COMMANDER DB USER=commander50
# The oracle password
COMMANDER DB PASSWORD=oraclePassword
# The oracle barch size
COMMANDER DB BATCH SIZE=100
# The existing 4.2 user/database.
# Must be on the same server as the new
```

database and readable by the target (Commander 6.x) user OLD COMMANDER DB USER=commander42

3. As the root user, run the background upgrader in the

\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/bin/commander-upgrade <path to your upgrade.properties file>

Note: If you are using MySQL, make sure you have put mysql-connector-java.jar in the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/server/lib directory before you run the background upgrader.

- In Linux, enter ec-perl /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/commanderupgrade.pl <path to your upgrade.properties file> when the default directory is used.
- In Windows, enter ec-perl C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin\command-upgrade.pl <path to your upgrade.properties file> when the default directory is used.

The background upgrader begins copying your existing database information into the new database.

During the database upgrade process:

• This may take a long time depending on the size of your database. If you have a very large database, it may take several days to copy your existing database information to the new database.

IMPORTANT: During the database upgrade, this step can be interrupted or stopped due to errors. If this happens, the background upgrader restarts the process to copy the database information, which may increase the time it takes to complete this step.

You can repeat this step more than once if needed.

- The background upgrader does not send output to the console. Depending on the size of your database, the database upgrade process may take hours or possibly days.
- Although the background upgrader does the bulk of the conversion of the database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the remaining database conversion occurs during the ElectricFlow upgrade. For a large database, this might take many hours.

IMPORTANT: After starting the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, do not interrupt the upgrade process.

If the upgrade process is interrupted, you might corrupt your database. You have to restore your database from a previous backup.

• Once you start the database upgrade process, ensure that the old ElectricFlow server is not shut down and then restarted. This avoids a situation where the background upgrader can fail to detect source database changes when trying to keep it synchronized with the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.

The following sequence of events rarely occurs, yet may cause the background upgrader to fail to detect source (original) database changes when the upgrade process is creating a target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database copy and keeping it in sync with the source (original) database.

- a. A run of one or more source (original) database entries with the greatest ID numbers in use have already been copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- b. This run of entries is deleted from the source (original) database, which reduces the greatest ID number in use.
- c. All the deletions are successfully propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, and the old ElectricFlow version is shut down.
- While the old ElectricFlow version is down, the background upgrader process does not complete successfully, so the deletions still are not copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- e. The old ElectricFlow version restarts and checks the source (original) database, finds the greatest ID currently in use, and sets that ID plus one as the ID of the next entry to be created.
- f. The old ElectricFlow server creates an entry reusing the ID of a deleted object that was not copied to the source (original) database, and by chance the entry:
 - Is in the same table as the deleted entry with the same ID
 - Has the same revision number, which is most likely if both were revision 1
 - Is a type that does not have a name, or else it has the same name as the deleted entry, and
 - ° Is not completely identical to the deleted entry

Based on all criteria available to the background upgrader, the two objects appear identical, so the background upgrader does not know that it must delete the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database entry and replace it with the new entry from the source (original) database. The problem is that the two are not actually identical, and these differences are not propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.

g. During the remaining background upgrader process, the background upgrader does not update the entry in the source (original) database.

To ensure that this does not happen, after you start the database upgrade process, *do not* shut down the old ElectricFlow server during the upgrade process. However, if you must do so, do one of the following:

Run the background upgrader to completion before restarting the old ElectricFlow server

- If the previous action is not practicable (for example, it requires too much downtime for the old ElectricFlow server), wipe the partially-copied target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database and start the upgrade process again.
- 4. If you are using Linux, enter the tail -f \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/logs/upgrade.log to verify that the database upgrade is progressing by checking the end of the log (also referred to as tailing the log).

\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is the current working directory from which the background upgrader or installer runs.

5. Check the log file to see if the database upgrade process succeeded.

When this pass of the database upgrade is complete, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* in the current working directory from which the background upgrader runs.

If the process succeeds, it returns a zero (0) exit code, and the last few lines of its log file show that the process has succeeded.

6. (Optional) Run the background upgrader again one or more times.

If your ElectricCommander 4.2.x database has changed a lot since the background upgrader was last run, running the background upgrader again after its initial pass allows you to capture the ongoing changes to the database because the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running. The background upgrader will replicate additions, deletions, and updates from the source (original) database to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database incrementally, which may shorten your downtime for the actual ElectricFlow 6.x installation.

When you run the background upgrader again, the background upgrader overwrites the log file after the database upgrade is completed.

Step 1.5: Troubleshooting the Database Upgrade

Issue	What to Do	Links to Help topics
What ectool options to use for troubleshooting	Usehelp andversion.	Troubleshooting: Using ectool Options on page 7-62
Check the status of the database upgrade or determine why the upgrade failed.	Review the upgrade.log file.	Troubleshooting: upgrade.log File on page 7-60
The database username and password have changed.	Go to Troubleshooting: When the Database Username and Password Change.	Troubleshooting: When the Database Username and Password Change on page 7- 62
When the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases are on different servers.	Go to Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers on page 7-63.	Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers on page 7-63

Use the following information to troubleshoot the database upgrade:

Issue	What to Do	Links to Help topics
Using thefinal flag with the background upgrader.	Go to Troubleshooting: The final Flag.	Troubleshooting: Thefinal Flag
The Oracle database upgrade fails.	Go to Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7-65.	Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7- 65
The database does not have enough disk space for the database upgrade.	Go to Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7-65.	Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7- 65
The background upgrader can fail to detect database changes.	Go to Troubleshooting: Background Upgrader Can Fail to Detect Database Changes on page 7-66.	Troubleshooting: Background Upgrader Can Fail to Detect Database Changes on page 7-66
Error messages	Go to Troubleshooting: Error Messages on page 7-61.	Troubleshooting: Error Messages on page 7-61

Troubleshooting the Background Upgrader

If the database upgrade process fails, check upgrade.log and examine the file for potential reasons for the failure.

- Look at the status entries and error messages in the log file.
- Look for incorrect, invalid, or missing values and update the upgrade.properties file with the correct values.
- Look for Java stack traces in the log file and on the screen of your workstation.
- Look for connection issues with the database server.
- If the background upgrader lost its connection to the database server, check its physical and network connections to the database server and try to reconnect.
- If the upgrade.properties file has incorrect or missing information, an error occurs and the installation fails.
- Compare the upgrade.properties file with the current database.properties file to find incorrect or missing values.
- Look for properties that could affect communication with the database server.

After resolving all the issues, restart the database upgrade process.

Troubleshooting: upgrade.log File

Review the upgrade.log file when you want to do the following:

• Check the status of the database upgrade because it does not seem like it is doing anything.

You can verify that the upgrade is progressing by using the tail -f command on the upgrade.log file in a separate terminal window.

Enter tail -f \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/logs/upgrade.log to check the status of the database upgrade. \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is the current working directory from which the background upgrader or installer runs. This command is available only for Linux platforms.

In Linux, if \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/, enter tail
-f ../logs/upgrade.log.

If you are running the background upgrader, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* in the current working directory from which the background upgrader runs.

If the background upgrader is run automatically while the installer runs, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* in the *\$INSTALL DIRECTORY* directory.

Depending on the amount of data to copy from the source to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x), you may not see changes in the upgrade.log file for up to six to ten hours at a time when the database upgrade process is running.

• Determine why a database upgrade failed.

The upgrade.log file is located at ../logs/upgrade.log, where .. represents your current working directory for running the background upgrader (the database upgrade tool).

When the background upgrader is run by the ElectricFlow installer, the current working directory will be subdirectory of the temp directory.

Troubleshooting: Error Messages

These error messages may appear when you are upgrading ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow6.x.

Warning Regarding the ElectricCommander 4.2.x Database Schema

When the background upgrader is running, you need to check the upgrade.log file for errors. If you see the following warning near the end of the log, the upgrade is not yet fully complete.

2014-11-12T16:19:17.085 | WARN | main | | | | MigrateDatabaseImpl | Due to issues with Oracle support for the SERIALIZABLE isolation level, it is not possible on Oracle to efficiently do an exact sync of the 5.0 schema to the 4.2 schema while the 4.2.x Commander server is still running. The 5.0 schema is currently NOT fully synchronized and NOT safe to use with 5.0, and its foreign key constraints are still disabled. However, the bulk of the data should now have been copied across, so future upgrader runs should be relatively quick. The 5.0 installer will automatically run the upgrader again after shutting down the 4.2.x server: as long as that upgrader run succeeds, it will bring the 5.0 schema into exact sync with the state of the 4.2 schema and reenable the contraints.

Note that the error states that it is not possible on Oracle to efficiently do an exact sync of the 5.0 schema to the 4.2 schema while the 4.2.x Commander server is still running.

If you see this warning, continue following the upgrade instructions. When you run the background upgrader with the --final option or the ElectricFlow installer, the issue should be resolved.

For more information on the --final flag, go to Troubleshooting: Using the --final Flag on page 7-63

Table or View Does Not Exist

See also: Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers on page 7-63

When the background upgrader is running, this error is in the upgrade.log file:

Unexpected error:org.hibernate.exception.SQLGrammarException: could not execute statement : java.sql.SQLSyntaxErrorException: ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

Generally, this error occurs when the owner of the ElectricFlow 6.x database table owner does not have read access to the Commander 4.2.x database tables. If the user permissions that you are using to install ElectricFlow 6.x do not have read access to the Commander 4.2.x tables, the user (you) cannot run the background upgrader. It cannot read the information to which it needs from the Commander 4.2.x tables to do the conversion.

This error can also occur if the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database was not configured correctly in the database.properties file or if the wrong database sever was configured in the file.

To resolve this error:

- 1. Have your DBA give the ElectricFlow 6.x user access to the Commander 4.2 database tables.
- 2. Rerun the background upgrader.

Access Denied

This error may occur when the background upgrader is running:

```
2014-11-03T07:21:34.344 | DEBUG | CP-pool-watch-thread-commander | | | | EcConnectionHook | Failed to acquire connection: java.sql.SQLException: Access denied for user 'commander'@'localhost' (using password: YES).
```

To resolve this error:

- 1. Define the real password (not hash) for COMMANDER_DB_PASSWORD in upgrade.properties file.
- 2. Restart the background upgrader.

Trying to Connect to the Database

This error may occur when the ElectricFlow server tries to connect to the database server:

Unexpected error:java.lang.RuntimeException: Timed out while waiting to connect to the database (possibly the database is unavailable, or one or more of the database connection parameters was set incorrectly

To resolve this error:

- 1. Check the number of mySQL instances in the host.
- 2. Check the ports used by these mySQL instances and use the correct one.

Troubleshooting: Using ectool Options

Use these ectool options to troubleshoot the database upgrade:

Option	Description
help	Displays this help information.
version	Displays the version information

Troubleshooting: When the Database Username and Password Change

Problem

While you are upgrading ElectricFlow with clustering, the database username and password changes. The database upgrade cannot be successfully completed.

Solution

Do one of the following tasks:

• Update the database.properties file on the ElectricFlow server.

If this does not resolve the issue, find where the file is stored and update that file.

- If the database.properties file is stored with other configuration files on the Apache ZooKeeper server,
 - 1. Update the username and password in the database.properties file.
 - 2. Run the following command to populate the ZooKeeper server with the new username and password:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181
../jre/bin/java -jar
../server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool
--databasePropertiesFile database.properties
--keystoreFile keystore
--passkeyFile passkey
--commanderPropertiesFile commander.properties
```

Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers

Problem

The upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x was successfully completed at a site. After the upgrade, the data center was moved to a new site. However, the new MS SQL database could not be brought up at the new site, and a SQL error message about a "table or view not found" appears.

Solution

This is an permissions issue. At the new site, when the user was bringing the new database, the system did not recognize this user and did not allow the user to bring up the database. The system identified the user as a new user who did not have the proper permissions.

To resolve this issue, assign the user bringing up the database at the new site the proper permissions to complete the task. Make sure that the database at the new site is the same database instance that was at the original site.

Troubleshooting: Using the --final Flag

Problem

The following error message appears indicating that there are issues with MS SQL server support for the SNAPSHOT isolation level:

Modifying table ec property...

Unexpected error:org.hibernate.exception.SQLGrammarException: could not execute statement : com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException: The instance of the SQL Server Database Engine cannot obtain a LOCK resource at this time. Rerun your statement when there are fewer active users. Ask the database administrator to check the lock and memory configuration for this instance, or to check for long-running transactions. - could not execute statement :

 $\verb|org.hibernate.exception.SQLGrammarException: could not execute statement|| \\$

at org.hibernate.exception.internal.SQLStateConversionDelegate.convert

```
(SQLStateConversionDelegate.java:123)
```

at org.hibernate.exception.internal.StandardSQLExceptionConverter.convert (StandardSQLExceptionConverter.java:49)

•••

This message appears when you enter

commander-upgrade.pl --final in one of the following scenarios:

• Scenario 1:

The ElectricCommander 4.2.x database server is running while the background upgrader is running. The background upgrader is capturing the ongoing updates to the source (ElectricCommander 4.2.x) database and prepopulating the target (ElectricFlow6.x) database.

Before running the ElectricFlow installer, you run the background upgrader one last time while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database server is running. After you enter jcommander-upgrade.pl -- final, the database upgrade fails, and the error message appears.

• Scenario 2:

The target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database is on a different server than the source (original) database.

When you install ElectricFlow 6.x, the database upgrader automatically runs. The database upgrade fails, and the error message appears.

Solution

The error message means that while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running, the background upgrader was successfully run without the --final flag against the database.

However, it is not possible to perform an exact synchronization of the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database to the ElectricFlow 6.x database while the Commander 4.2.x server is still running. The ElectricFlow 6.x database is not yet fully synchronized and is not safe to use with ElectricFlow 6.x. The database foreign key constraints are still disabled. Most of the data should now have been copied from the source and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, and future upgrade runs should be take less time.

During your troubleshooting, you may notice that the size of the database has decreased. The size of the database is expected to decrease before the last run of the background upgrader. It is common for an active database with many create and delete updates to have unused space in it. The upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x compacts the database. To verify that the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database has been upgraded to the ElectricFlow 6.x database, you can compare row counts for various tables in the ElectricCommander 4.2.x and ElectricFlow 6.x databases. Most of the tables should match exactly.

Do one of the following to complete the database upgrade:

• Scenario 1:

When you are installing the ElectricFlow 6.x server on the same machine as the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server, we recommend that you shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server and run the ElectricFlow installer with the appropriate options. During the installation, the background upgrader runs automatically with the *--final* flag to complete the database upgrade.

• Shut down the Commander 4.2.x server before running the background upgrader the last time. Then run the background upgrader using commander-upgrade.pl --final. If the background upgrader runs successfully, the ElectricFlow 6.x database and Commander 4.2.x database are completely synchronized and the constraints are enabled again.

Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade

Problems

The Oracle database upgrade fails, and an error message appears in the log.

Possible causes include the following:

- The batch size affects how long the database upgrade takes. If the batch size is too large, the database upgrade process can fail.
- If the database does not have enough disk space for the database upgrade, one of the following occurs:
 - The background upgrader runs for at least 15 minutes and then fails. A log message about the database running out of temporary or undo space appears. The message includes an Oracle error such as ORA-00001, ORA-01652, ORA-08176, ORA-08177, or ORA-15555).
 - The background upgrader hangs for 12 or more hours without SQL messages being added to the log during that time. The database server has used up all its available storage space. It could have run out of disk space, or have run out of RAM and be disk-thrashing.

Solution

Your DBA reviews the log messages and may need to do the following tasks:

• Edit the upgrade.properties file.

If the batch size is too large, decrease the <code>COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE</code> from 100 to a smaller value, such as 50.

However, if you use a smaller batch size, this increases how long it takes to run the database upgrade process.

- Edit the timeout settings in Oracle.
- Make more space available in the database, use a lower value for the COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_ SIZE setting in the upgrader.conf file, or do both tasks.

Then rerun the background upgrader.

• In general, smaller batches consume less database temporary and undo space.

The lower COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE values, however, are likely to make transferring a large database take longer, because smaller batches incur more overhead by resynchronizing to the updated state of the ElectricCommander 4.2 database more frequently.

• We recommend an initial value of 100 for COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE.

If that value fails, try 30, 10, 5, 2, and 1 in that order.

- Increase the UNDO_RETENTION value to 12 hours or one day.
- For most tables, the default batch row limit used is COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE x 100,000 rows per SQL query.

The background upgrader might temporarily reduce the row limit for some tables if it detects a problem.

• In general, it is not necessary (and is counterproductive) to wipe the ElectricFlow 6.x database before rerunning the background upgrader. The background upgrader copies differences from the ElectricCommander 4.2 to the ElectricFlow 6.x database to synchronize them (inserting, updating, or deleting rows from the ElectricFlow 6.x database as required). This means that a new run of the background upgrader continues building on any data that has already been transferred.

However, if the background upgrader repeatedly fails after only a few minutes with no data transferred and an error about the database being invalid, try wiping the ElectricFlow 6.x database and rerunning the background upgrader.

- If the background upgrader stops, or if you have to kill it, check that:
 - You are connected to your database.
 - The temporary resources that the background upgrader was using have been released. If not, have your DBA kill the background upgrader's connection.

Troubleshooting: Background Upgrader Can Fail to Detect Database Changes

The following sequence of events rarely occurs, but may cause the background upgrader to fail to detect existing source database changes when the upgrade process is creating a new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database copy and keeping it synchronized with the source (original) database.

- 1. A run of one or more source (original) database entries with the greatest ID numbers in use have already been copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- 2. This run of entries is deleted from the source (original) database, which reduces the greatest ID number in use.
- 3. Some or all of the deletions are not yet successfully propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, and the old ElectricFlow version is shut down.
- 4. While the old ElectricFlow version is down, the background upgrader process does not complete successfully, so the deletions still are not copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- 5. The old ElectricFlow version restarts and checks the source (original) database, finds the greatest ID currently in use, and sets that ID plus one as the ID of the next entry to be created.
- 6. The old ElectricFlow server creates an entry reusing the ID of a deleted object that was not copied to the source (original) database, and by chance the entry:
 - ° Is in the same table as the deleted entry with the same ID
 - Has the same revision number (which is most likely if both were revision 1)
 - $^{\circ}\,$ Is a type that does not have a name, or else it has the same name as the deleted entry, but
 - ° Is not completely identical to the deleted entry

Based on all criteria used by the background upgrader, the two objects appear identical, so the background upgrader does not know that it must delete the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database entry and replace it with the new entry from the source (original) database. However, the two are not actually identical, and these differences are not propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database

7. During the remaining background upgrader process, ElectricFlow does not further update the entry in the source (original) database.

To ensure that this does not happen, after you start the database upgrade process, *do not* shut down the old ElectricFlow server during the upgrade process. If, for some reason, you must do so, then do one of the following:

- Run the background upgrader to completion before restarting the old ElectricFlow server.
- If this is not practicable (for example, it requires too much downtime for the old ElectricFlow server), wipe the partially-copied target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database and start the entire upgrade process again.

Step 1.6: Shut Down the Source (Original) Server

1. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server.

Step 1.7: Run the Installer

To run the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands: sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0 sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

1. Review the information about the following methods:

These are the various installation methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Method

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Method

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is available only for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version are not be removed or modified and remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Method

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You might prefer this installation method when upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server with an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall the software. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling the software.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting with ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server.

For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and the "Run the Installer" step for each use case.

Note: ElectricFlow 6.x web servers must use an ElectricFlow 5.x agent to retrieve log files to be displayed in the web interface. This *workspace proxy* agent is typically set to *localhost* but can be modified with the config.php file.

Non-Standard Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent. You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

2. Select a method:

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review the "Prepare for the Database Upgrade" step in the use before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database, if applicable.

1. Open the installer and double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin the installation process.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard. Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.		
Opprade the existing installation.		
$\mathbb C$ Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact.		
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.		
lectric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Cance	sl

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select Perform a clean install if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Provide your **New Database Name** (non-Oracle) or **New Database Username** (Oracle) and the corresponding **Password** and click **Next** to continue.
- 5. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

lectricFlow Setup Ready to upgrade		>
Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the curren satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	nt install with new settings, click Back. If you	are
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		<u> </u>
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings: HTTP port: 6040 HTTPS port: 6843 File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-in		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build		-
Electric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Co	ancel

- 6. Review the upgrade settings. Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. This process can take up to fifteen minutes to complete. After this process is complete, the new

ElectricFlow version is installed.



- 8. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line: ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking Finish, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade

is still in progress.

electric comm	ander	Help 👻
Info		
- F - H -	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
Details		
Log Messages		
Log Messages	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:53.529 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:421.390	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core. ecupgrade: Finished deleteParametersFromRunReports	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:53.529 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 11:14:20.865	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.	

Interactive Command-line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete the command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the use case before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade ElectricFlow from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database.

- 1. Change directories to \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer automatically brings up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y] 3. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version
<version>? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter: y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

For a non-Oracle database: New database name and database password.

For an Oracle database: New database username and database password.

Then the system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer
.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in silent (unattended) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x saves the existing database.

To upgrade ElectricFlow in silent mode:

- 1. Connect your ElectricFlow server to the database.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands from a command line to begin the silent upgrade (for non-Oracle and Oracle databases, respectively):

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBName <newdatabasen
ame> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBUserName <newdatab
aseusername> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
```

where <newdatabasename> is your new database name, <newdatabaseusername> is your
new database username, <password> is the corresponding password, and
haveRunMigrationUtility confirms that you have run the migration tool.

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Use Case 2: Large Database Upgrade on New Hardware

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the database must be upgraded. The database upgrade process includes creating a new database for ElectricFlow 6.x and copying the data from the source (original ElectricCommander 4.2.x) database to the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.

This process is more involved than in previous releases because the database changes are more extensive than in previous ElectricFlow upgrades. You use the background upgrader in the upgrade bundle to upgrade the database.

IMPORTANT: You cannot upgrade the ElectricCommander 4.2.x H2 database. If you want to continue using a built-in database in ElectricFlow 6.x, follow the procedures in Use Case 5: Built-In Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware on page 7-103 or Use Case 6: Built-In Database Upgrade on New Hardware on page 7-106.

IMPORTANT: Before you start the database upgrade, you must create a new, empty database that is the same type as the existing source (original) database and is the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database for the upgrade.

IMPORTANT: After you have run the ElectricFlow 6.x server, you cannot rerun the background upgrader against the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database because ElectricFlow 6.x makes further database upgrades.

When you are performing an upgrade on existing hardware, you do not need to manually run the commanderupgrade.pl command with the --final flag, because this command is run automatically when you execute the installer to upgrade your existing ElectricFlow server to the new version.. You run the background upgrader against your source database, and then run the installer to install the latest software version. Running the installer will run the background upgrader with the --final flag, ensuring that your database is finalized for the upgrade.

However, when installing new hardware (specifically, a new server that is not pointing at the newly upgraded database) while performing the upgrade, the --final flag will not run automatically for the background upgrader, and you will need to run it manually. Before running the installer, you need to run the background upgrader one more time with --final flag as an option in this command: commander-upgrade.pl --final.

This will mark the database as being finalized and allow ElectricFlow to work properly.

If you are installing on new hardware while upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, perform the following steps.

Step 2.1: Download and Extract the Upgrade Bundle

You use the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

The upgrade-bundle.zip file has these files:

- README.txt: README file for Windows and Linux
- migrateTemplates.pl: Migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.
- commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar: Background upgrader to update the database. You can run this tool or the background upgrader script before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- commander-upgrade.pl: Background upgrader script to update the database. You run this script or the background upgrader tool before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- ElectricFlow-<version>: ElectricFlow installer to install the latest software version.

The Windows installer for ElectricFlow 6.x is ElectricFlow-<version>.exe.

The corresponding Linux installer is ElectricFlow-<version>.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

Perform these steps to download and extract the upgrade bundle:

- 1. Download the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) from the Electric Cloud site.
- 2. Extract the following files into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY directory:
 - README file:

Put README.txt into any \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory.

• Migration tool for UUIDs:

Put migrateTemplates.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

• Background upgrader:

Put commander-upgrade.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/utils directory.

3. Extract the ElectricFlow-<version> installer into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Linux Example:

If the default directory <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY</code> is <code>/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/:</code>

- Put README.txt into any /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version> into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Windows Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\:

- Put README.txt into any C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version>.exe into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the C:\temp directory.

Step 2.2: Run the Migration Tool to Convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] References

This section describes how to convert the IDs for entity types to automatically-generated universally unique identifiers (UUIDs), 36-character strings. The most common entity changes that affect you are the jobId and workflowId properties.

The migration tool is an ec-perl script called *migrateTemplates.pl* that converts jobNameTemplate and *workflowNameTemplate* properties containing \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to use a counter instead (by converting those references to jobCounter and workflowCounter respectively).

This section describes how to convert <code>\$[jobID]</code> and <code>\$[workflowId]</code> references in your projects to <code>jobCounter</code> and <code>workflowCounter</code> references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /server/jobCounter]</code> and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0

Step 2.3: Prepare for the Upgrade

The database upgrade process to ElectricFlow 6.x can be time-consuming.To minimize the duration of this process, the upgrade bundle has a background upgrader to allow your ElectricFlow system to build the ElectricFlow 6.x database while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running. You run the background upgrader before you run the installer, which can minimize downtime for the ElectricFlow environment and reduce the time required for the upgrade process.

Your DBA should review the following steps to determine which are necessary for your environment to prepare for the database upgrade:

1. Estimate how long the database upgrade may take.

It may take many hours to several days to upgrade the database, depending on the database hardware, database size, and the load on your database server. The background upgrader might put significant extra load on your database server while it runs in the background.

In our internal testing on moderately powerful database servers, database upgrades in the size range of 10 GB to several tens of GB usually took many hours on MySQL or Microsoft SQL Server, and several days on Oracle.

If you have a large database, you can run the background upgrader more than once to synchronize the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running.

To estimate the duration of the next database upgrade pass:

a. Find the log file called upgrade.log.

When you run the background upgrader, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* of the current working directory from which the background upgrader was run.

- b. In the log file, search for the phrase "End of pass <number> through tables."
- c. Calculate the duration of a database upgrade pass.

Look for the timestamp when the current upgrade ended and the timestamp when the previous upgrade ended.

The duration is the difference between the time when the last pass ended and the time when the previous pass ended.

The downtime for upgrading ElectricFlow 6.x is expected to take at least as long as the last pass, because it runs one more pass of the background upgrader. On MySQL, it can take many hours more than that, because MySQL requires entire tables to be copied when new columns are added to them.

IMPORTANT: Change tracking is enabled when you upgrade to ElectricFlow 5.3 and later. This can significantly increase the time (about an hour) to complete the upgrade. If you want to upgrade without enabling change tracking, add this line to the database.properties file before starting the software upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x: COMMANDER DB AUDITING ENABLED=false

- 2. Running the background upgrader puts additional load on the database. To minimize both the background upgrader runtime and your upgrade downtime:
 - If you usually run your ElectricFlow database server with your database located on a nonlocal disk such as a network file server, we recommend relocating both your ElectricCommander 4.2.x and new ElectricFlow databases to one or more local disks.
 - If your current database contains a lot of unused free space, we recommend compacting it. If
 it is fragmented, we recommend defragmenting it or moving it to a solid-state drive (SSD).
- 3. Estimate the amount of disk space for the database upgrade.

Keep the following in mind:

- You need to make sure that the database server has sufficient disk space for the database upgrade, including disk space for the data copied during the upgrade, log files, redo files, and undo files. The log space depends on the database type and the logging strategy.
- We recommend that you have at least three times (3x) the size of your current ElectricCommander 4.2.x source (original) database of free disk space.
- Some of this space is needed temporarily for the upgrade process to run. After the upgrade process is completed, the disk space for the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database is only a little larger than before.

4. (Optional) Delete old data in the database.

IMPORTANT: If your ElectricCommander 4.2 .x source (original) database contains a lot of old job data, we *strongly* recommend that you delete as much of this data as possible before running the background upgrader, which will help to speed up the eventual upgrade. It will take time for this deletion effort to complete and for the background upgrader to run.

5. Perform the following tasks that are necessary for your environment:

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

We also strongly recommend that you make a copy of your database and walk through the database upgrade process on a test environment before performing the actual database upgrade on your production environment. The result of this is to understand the impact of performing the database upgrade in your environment and to understand the effect that the upgrade has on your environment. If you need a test license to perform such a test, contact support@electric-cloud.com to request a temporary license.

Backups

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data *before* upgrading. For more information about backups, see ElectricFlow Server Backups on page 11-1.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in the data directory:
 - $^\circ~$ ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files in the ${\tt conf}$ subdirectory
 - The passkey file in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows
 - $^{\circ}$ Apache web server configuration files in the <code>apache/conf</code> subdirectory
 - The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory (if applicable)
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The number of ElectricFlow files you may have modified is too numerous to list, so you may want to back up the entire data directory and other miscellaneous files that may have changed.

- If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory.
- Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the platform UI by accessing the **Administration** > **Server** tab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_customEditors*. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_preflight*. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend

```
backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example,
change ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce to ec_
preflight/clientDrivers/perforce_modified.
```

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

Step 2.4: Run the Background Upgrader

To upgrade the database:

- 1. Create the new empty target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database with these characteristics:
 - The new database must be the same type as the existing source (original) database and is the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database for the upgrade.
 - Your source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases must be on the same database server.
 - The text encoding settings of the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases must match exactly.
 - a. For MySQL databases, perform the following additional tasks:
 - You must give ElectricFlow permissions to create new databases and to add and delete tables at all times.
 - You must also give ElectricFlow DROP SCHEMA and CREATE SCHEMA permissions to create and delete databases during the duration of the upgrade process. This includes the intermediate database with the "_upgrade" suffix in its name.

IMPORTANT: If you do not give ElectricFlow the permissions previously listed, the database upgrade will fail with an error similar to the following:

```
2015-07-16T22:22:16.885 | ERROR | bootstrap | | |
schemaMaintenance | ServerStatus | Database upgrade failed:
Migration failed for change set
com/electriccloud/commander/upgrade/upgrade_5062_5063.xml::5062_
5063-0040::commander:
Reason: liquibase.exception.DatabaseException:
com.mysql.jdbc.exceptions.jdbc4.MySQLSyntaxErrorException:
Access denied for user 'admin'@'%' to database 'commander_
upgrade'
```

- These are the external MySQL database characteristics:
 - When upgrading ElectricFlow, ensure that default-storage-engine=INNODB is in the [mysqld] section in my.cnf/my.ini.
 - An install and upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

• Although the background upgrader does the bulk of the conversion of the MySQL server database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the remaining database conversion occurs during the ElectricFlow upgrade. For a large database, this might take many hours.

IMPORTANT: After starting the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, do not interrupt the upgrade process.

If the upgrade process is interrupted, you might corrupt your database. You have to restore your database from a previous backup.

- The following applies when the database is updated:
 - Upgrading saves the existing local MySQLdatabase, if applicable.
 - Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter ectool getServerStatus.
- b. For Oracle databases, do the following tasks:
 - A database schema is a *user* in Oracle. One user has one schema.
 - You must have a new user for the new empty target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database tables.
 - We recommend putting the new user tables in their own workspace because this can make managing disk usage easier.
 - Ensure that you have allocated adequate table space, temp space, and undo space.
 - You must explicitly grant read access permissions to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database user so that this user can read information in the source (original) database user's tables.

Example: Enter the following SQL commands.

To specify the source (original) database, enter GRANT "CONNECT" TO "COMMANDER42" where COMMANDER42 is the source (original) database schema or user.

To specify the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, enter GRANT "RESOURCE" TO "FLOW60" where FLOW60 is the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database schema or user.

To give the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database read access permissions to each table in the source (original) database, enter GRANT SELECT ON "COMMANDER42"."EC_AGENT" TO "FLOW60" where COMMANDER42 is the source (original) database schema or user, EC_AGENT is a table in the source (original) database, and FLOW60 is the destination (ElectricFlow 6.x) database schema or user.

Enter a command like this for each table in the source (original) database.

For a detailed example, see http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/5_4/PDF/grant_ access.sql.

- The target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database user must have the same password as the source (original) database user.
- Ensure that the database UNDO_RETENTION parameter is set large enough (at least 12 to 24 hours).

2. Create or edit an upgrade.properties file.

The upgrade.properties file provides information to the database upgrade process about the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) and source (original) databases.

- In Linux, the file is usually in /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/upgrade.properties
- In Windows, the file is usually in

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\upgrade.properties

Create or edit the file one of these ways:

a. Use the wizard to help you edit the file.

- b. Create or edit a new upgrade.properties file with the upgrade.properties file template.
 - i. Copy the template content corresponding to your target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database type.
 - ii. Open a new empty file in a text editor.
 - iii. Paste the entire template contents into the new file.
 - iv. Replace the template values (after the = symbols) with the values from your existing ElectricFlow deployment.

Except for the COMMANDER_DB_PASSWORD, COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE, COMMANDER_DB_NAME (MySQL or Microsoft SQL Server), and COMMANDER_DB_USER (Oracle) values, use your existing database value in one of these locations:

- Administration > Database Configuration tab in your existing ElectricFlow server
- \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/conf/database.properties file in your existing ElectricFlow deployment for Linux (for example, /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/database.propertie s)
- \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY\conf\database.properties file in your existing
 ElectricFlow deployment for Windows (for example,

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\database.properties)

Make sure that you maintain the formatting of the values in the database.properties file.

- v. Save the file as upgrade.properties.
- vi. Because the upgrade.properties file contains the plaintext password for your ElectricFlow database, restrict read access to the file, or make sure that it is deleted when you no longer need it.

MySQL

Example configuration file for mysql COMMANDER_DB_TYPE=mysql

The ip or dns of the mysql server COMMANDER DB HOST=myDbHost.example.com

The mysql port (defaults to 3306) COMMANDER DB PORT=3306

The name of the target (Commander 6.x) database COMMANDER DB NAME=commander50

The mysql username
COMMANDER_DB_USER=mySqlUser

The mysql password COMMANDER DB PASSWORD=mySqlPassword

The mysql batch size COMMANDER DB BATCH SIZE=100

```
# The existing 4.2 database.
# Must be on the same server as the new
# database and readable by the mySqlUser
OLD_COMMANDER_DB_NAME=commander42
```

Microsoft SQL Server

Example configuration file for sqlserver COMMANDER DB TYPE=sqlserver

The ip or dns of the sqlserver server COMMANDER_DB_HOST=myDbHost.example.com

The sqlserver port (defaults to 1433) COMMANDER_DB_PORT=1433

The name of the target (Commander 6.x) database COMMANDER DB NAME=commander50

The sqlserver username
COMMANDER DB USER=sqlServerUser

The sqlserver password COMMANDER DB PASSWORD=sqlServerPassword

The sqlserver batch size COMMANDER DB BATCH SIZE=100

The existing 4.2 database.
Must be on the same server as the new
database and readable by the sqlServerUser
OLD COMMANDER DB NAME=commander42

Oracle

```
# Example configuration file for oracle
COMMANDER DB TYPE=oracle
# The ip or dns of the TNS listener
COMMANDER DB HOST=myDbHost.example.com
# The TNS listener port (defaults to 1521)
COMMANDER DB PORT=1521
# The sid of database
COMMANDER DB NAME=commanderSID
# The target (Commander 5.x) username/database
COMMANDER DB USER=commander50
# The oracle password
COMMANDER_DB_PASSWORD=oraclePassword
# The oracle barch size
COMMANDER DB BATCH SIZE=100
# The existing 4.2 user/database.
# Must be on the same server as the new
```

database and readable by the target (Commander 6.x) user OLD COMMANDER DB USER=commander42

3. As the root user, run the background upgrader in the

\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/bin/commander-upgrade <path to your upgrade.properties file>

Note: If you are using MySQL, make sure you have put mysql-connector-java.jar in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/server/lib</code> directory before you run the background upgrader.

- In Linux, enter ec-perl /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/commanderupgrade.pl <path to your upgrade.properties file> when the default directory is used.
- In Windows, enter ec-perl C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin\command-upgrade.pl <path to your upgrade.properties file> when the default directory is used.

The background upgrader begins copying your existing database information into the new database.

During the database upgrade process:

• This may take a long time depending on the size of your database. If you have a very large database, it may take several days to copy your existing database information to the new database.

IMPORTANT: During the database upgrade, this step can be interrupted or stopped due to errors. If this happens, the background upgrader restarts the process to copy the database information, which may increase the time it takes to complete this step.

You can repeat this step more than once if needed.

- The background upgrader does not send output to the console. Depending on the size of your database, the database upgrade process may take hours or possibly days.
- Although the background upgrader does the bulk of the conversion of the database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the remaining database conversion occurs during the ElectricFlow upgrade. For a large database, this might take many hours.

IMPORTANT: After starting the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, do not interrupt the upgrade process.

If the upgrade process is interrupted, you might corrupt your database. You have to restore your database from a previous backup.

• Once you start the database upgrade process, ensure that the old ElectricFlow server is not shut down and then restarted. This avoids a situation where the background upgrader can fail to detect source database changes when trying to keep it synchronized with the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.

The following sequence of events rarely occurs, yet may cause the background upgrader to fail to detect source (original) database changes when the upgrade process is creating a target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database copy and keeping it in sync with the source (original) database.

- a. A run of one or more source (original) database entries with the greatest ID numbers in use have already been copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- b. This run of entries is deleted from the source (original) database, which reduces the greatest ID number in use.
- c. All the deletions are successfully propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, and the old ElectricFlow version is shut down.
- d. While the old ElectricFlow version is down, the background upgrader process does not complete successfully, so the deletions still are not copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- e. The old ElectricFlow version restarts and checks the source (original) database, finds the greatest ID currently in use, and sets that ID plus one as the ID of the next entry to be created.
- f. The old ElectricFlow server creates an entry reusing the ID of a deleted object that was not copied to the source (original) database, and by chance the entry:
 - Is in the same table as the deleted entry with the same ID
 - Has the same revision number, which is most likely if both were revision 1
 - Is a type that does not have a name, or else it has the same name as the deleted entry, and
 - Is not completely identical to the deleted entry

Based on all criteria available to the background upgrader, the two objects appear identical, so the background upgrader does not know that it must delete the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database entry and replace it with the new entry from the source (original) database. The problem is that the two are not actually identical, and these differences are not propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.

g. During the remaining background upgrader process, the background upgrader does not update the entry in the source (original) database.

To ensure that this does not happen, after you start the database upgrade process, *do not* shut down the old ElectricFlow server during the upgrade process. However, if you must do so, do one of the following:

• Run the background upgrader to completion before restarting the old ElectricFlow server

- If the previous action is not practicable (for example, it requires too much downtime for the old ElectricFlow server), wipe the partially-copied target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database and start the upgrade process again.
- 4. If you are using Linux, enter the tail -f \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/logs/upgrade.log to verify that the database upgrade is progressing by checking the end of the log (also referred to as tailing the log).

\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is the current working directory from which the background upgrader or installer runs.

5. Check the log file to see if the database upgrade process succeeded.

When this pass of the database upgrade is complete, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* in the current working directory from which the background upgrader runs.

If the process succeeds, it returns a zero (0) exit code, and the last few lines of its log file show that the process has succeeded.

6. (Optional) Run the background upgrader again one or more times.

If your ElectricCommander 4.2.x database has changed a lot since the background upgrader was last run, running the background upgrader again after its initial pass allows you to capture the ongoing changes to the database because the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running. The background upgrader will replicate additions, deletions, and updates from the source (original) database to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database incrementally, which may shorten your downtime for the actual ElectricFlow 6.x installation.

When you run the background upgrader again, the background upgrader overwrites the log file after the database upgrade is completed.

Step 2.5: Troubleshooting the Database Upgrade

Issue	What to Do	Links to Help topics
What ectool options to use for troubleshooting	Usehelp andversion.	Troubleshooting: Using ectool Options on page 7-62
Check the status of the database upgrade or determine why the upgrade failed.	Review the upgrade.log file.	Troubleshooting: upgrade.log File on page 7-60
The database username and password have changed.	Go to Troubleshooting: When the Database Username and Password Change.	Troubleshooting: When the Database Username and Password Change on page 7- 62
When the source (original) and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) databases are on different servers.	Go to Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers on page 7-63.	Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers on page 7-63

Use the following information to troubleshoot the database upgrade:

Issue	What to Do	Links to Help topics
Using thefinal flag with the background upgrader.	Go to Troubleshooting: The final Flag.	Troubleshooting: Thefinal Flag
The Oracle database upgrade fails.	Go to Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7-65.	Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7- 65
The database does not have enough disk space for the database upgrade.	Go to Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7-65.	Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade on page 7- 65
The background upgrader can fail to detect database changes.	Go to Troubleshooting: Background Upgrader Can Fail to Detect Database Changes on page 7-66.	Troubleshooting: Background Upgrader Can Fail to Detect Database Changes on page 7-66
Error messages	Go to Troubleshooting: Error Messages on page 7-61.	Troubleshooting: Error Messages on page 7-61

Troubleshooting the Background Upgrader

If the database upgrade process fails, check upgrade.log and examine the file for potential reasons for the failure.

- Look at the status entries and error messages in the log file.
- Look for incorrect, invalid, or missing values and update the upgrade.properties file with the correct values.
- Look for Java stack traces in the log file and on the screen of your workstation.
- Look for connection issues with the database server.
- If the background upgrader lost its connection to the database server, check its physical and network connections to the database server and try to reconnect.
- If the upgrade.properties file has incorrect or missing information, an error occurs and the installation fails.
- Compare the upgrade.properties file with the current database.properties file to find incorrect or missing values.
- Look for properties that could affect communication with the database server.

After resolving all the issues, restart the database upgrade process.

Troubleshooting: upgrade.log File

Review the upgrade.log file when you want to do the following:

Check the status of the database upgrade because it does not seem like it is doing anything.

You can verify that the upgrade is progressing by using the tail -f command on the upgrade.log file in a separate terminal window.

Enter tail -f \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/logs/upgrade.log to check the status of the database upgrade. \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is the current working directory from which the background upgrader or installer runs. This command is available only for Linux platforms.

In Linux, if \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/, enter tail
-f ../logs/upgrade.log.

If you are running the background upgrader, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* in the current working directory from which the background upgrader runs.

If the background upgrader is run automatically while the installer runs, the log file is in a subdirectory called *logs* in the *\$INSTALL DIRECTORY* directory.

Depending on the amount of data to copy from the source to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x), you may not see changes in the upgrade.log file for up to six to ten hours at a time when the database upgrade process is running.

• Determine why a database upgrade failed.

The upgrade.log file is located at .../logs/upgrade.log, where ... represents your current working directory for running the background upgrader (the database upgrade tool).

When the background upgrader is run by the ElectricFlow installer, the current working directory will be subdirectory of the temp directory.

Troubleshooting: Error Messages

These error messages may appear when you are upgrading ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow6.x.

Warning Regarding the ElectricCommander 4.2.x Database Schema

When the background upgrader is running, you need to check the upgrade.log file for errors. If you see the following warning near the end of the log, the upgrade is not yet fully complete.

2014-11-12T16:19:17.085 | WARN | main | | | | MigrateDatabaseImpl | Due to issues with Oracle support for the SERIALIZABLE isolation level, it is not possible on Oracle to efficiently do an exact sync of the 5.0 schema to the 4.2 schema while the 4.2.x Commander server is still running. The 5.0 schema is currently NOT fully synchronized and NOT safe to use with 5.0, and its foreign key constraints are still disabled. However, the bulk of the data should now have been copied across, so future upgrader runs should be relatively quick. The 5.0 installer will automatically run the upgrader again after shutting down the 4.2.x server: as long as that upgrader run succeeds, it will bring the 5.0 schema into exact sync with the state of the 4.2 schema and reenable the contraints.

Note that the error states that it is not possible on Oracle to efficiently do an exact sync of the 5.0 schema to the 4.2 schema while the 4.2.x Commander server is still running.

If you see this warning, continue following the upgrade instructions. When you run the background upgrader with the --final option or the ElectricFlow installer, the issue should be resolved.

For more information on the --final flag, go to Troubleshooting: Using the --final Flag on page 7-63

Table or View Does Not Exist

See also: Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers on page 7-63

When the background upgrader is running, this error is in the upgrade.log file:

Unexpected error:org.hibernate.exception.SQLGrammarException: could not execute statement : java.sql.SQLSyntaxErrorException: ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

Generally, this error occurs when the owner of the ElectricFlow 6.x database table owner does not have read access to the Commander 4.2.x database tables. If the user permissions that you are using to install ElectricFlow 6.x do not have read access to the Commander 4.2.x tables, the user (you) cannot run the background upgrader. It cannot read the information to which it needs from the Commander 4.2.x tables to do the conversion.

This error can also occur if the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database was not configured correctly in the database.properties file or if the wrong database sever was configured in the file.

To resolve this error:

- 1. Have your DBA give the ElectricFlow 6.x user access to the Commander 4.2 database tables.
- 2. Rerun the background upgrader.

Access Denied

This error may occur when the background upgrader is running:

```
2014-11-03T07:21:34.344 | DEBUG | CP-pool-watch-thread-commander | | | | EcConnectionHook | Failed to acquire connection: java.sql.SQLException: Access denied for user 'commander'@'localhost' (using password: YES).
```

To resolve this error:

- 1. Define the real password (not hash) for COMMANDER_DB_PASSWORD in upgrade.properties file.
- 2. Restart the background upgrader.

Trying to Connect to the Database

This error may occur when the ElectricFlow server tries to connect to the database server:

Unexpected error:java.lang.RuntimeException: Timed out while waiting to connect to the database (possibly the database is unavailable, or one or more of the database connection parameters was set incorrectly

To resolve this error:

- 1. Check the number of mySQL instances in the host.
- 2. Check the ports used by these mySQL instances and use the correct one.

Troubleshooting: Using ectool Options

Use these ectool options to troubleshoot the database upgrade:

Option	Description
help	Displays this help information.
version	Displays the version information

Troubleshooting: When the Database Username and Password Change

Problem

While you are upgrading ElectricFlow with clustering, the database username and password changes. The database upgrade cannot be successfully completed.

Solution

Do one of the following tasks:

• Update the database.properties file on the ElectricFlow server.

If this does not resolve the issue, find where the file is stored and update that file.

- If the database.properties file is stored with other configuration files on the Apache ZooKeeper server,
 - 1. Update the username and password in the database.properties file.
 - 2. Run the following command to populate the ZooKeeper server with the new username and password:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181
../jre/bin/java -jar
../server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool
--databasePropertiesFile database.properties
--keystoreFile keystore
--passkeyFile passkey
--commanderPropertiesFile commander.properties
```

Troubleshooting: When the Source and Target Databases Are on Different Servers

Problem

The upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x was successfully completed at a site. After the upgrade, the data center was moved to a new site. However, the new MS SQL database could not be brought up at the new site, and a SQL error message about a "table or view not found" appears.

Solution

This is an permissions issue. At the new site, when the user was bringing the new database, the system did not recognize this user and did not allow the user to bring up the database. The system identified the user as a new user who did not have the proper permissions.

To resolve this issue, assign the user bringing up the database at the new site the proper permissions to complete the task. Make sure that the database at the new site is the same database instance that was at the original site.

Troubleshooting: Using the --final Flag

Problem

The following error message appears indicating that there are issues with MS SQL server support for the SNAPSHOT isolation level:

Modifying table ec property...

Unexpected error:org.hibernate.exception.SQLGrammarException: could not execute statement : com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException: The instance of the SQL Server Database Engine cannot obtain a LOCK resource at this time. Rerun your statement when there are fewer active users. Ask the database administrator to check the lock and memory configuration for this instance, or to check for long-running transactions. - could not execute statement :

 $\verb|org.hibernate.exception.SQLGrammarException: could not execute statement|| \\$

at org.hibernate.exception.internal.SQLStateConversionDelegate.convert

(SQLStateConversionDelegate.java:123)

at org.hibernate.exception.internal.StandardSQLExceptionConverter.convert (StandardSQLExceptionConverter.java:49)

•••

This message appears when you enter

commander-upgrade.pl --final in one of the following scenarios:

• Scenario 1:

The ElectricCommander 4.2.x database server is running while the background upgrader is running. The background upgrader is capturing the ongoing updates to the source (ElectricCommander 4.2.x) database and prepopulating the target (ElectricFlow6.x) database.

Before running the ElectricFlow installer, you run the background upgrader one last time while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database server is running. After you enter jcommander-upgrade.pl -- final, the database upgrade fails, and the error message appears.

• Scenario 2:

The target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database is on a different server than the source (original) database.

When you install ElectricFlow 6.x, the database upgrader automatically runs. The database upgrade fails, and the error message appears.

Solution

The error message means that while the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server is still running, the background upgrader was successfully run without the --final flag against the database.

However, it is not possible to perform an exact synchronization of the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database to the ElectricFlow 6.x database while the Commander 4.2.x server is still running. The ElectricFlow 6.x database is not yet fully synchronized and is not safe to use with ElectricFlow 6.x. The database foreign key constraints are still disabled. Most of the data should now have been copied from the source and target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, and future upgrade runs should be take less time.

During your troubleshooting, you may notice that the size of the database has decreased. The size of the database is expected to decrease before the last run of the background upgrader. It is common for an active database with many create and delete updates to have unused space in it. The upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x compacts the database. To verify that the ElectricCommander 4.2.x database has been upgraded to the ElectricFlow 6.x database, you can compare row counts for various tables in the ElectricCommander 4.2.x and ElectricFlow 6.x databases. Most of the tables should match exactly.

Do one of the following to complete the database upgrade:

• Scenario 1:

When you are installing the ElectricFlow 6.x server on the same machine as the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server, we recommend that you shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server and run the ElectricFlow installer with the appropriate options. During the installation, the background upgrader runs automatically with the *--final* flag to complete the database upgrade.

• Shut down the Commander 4.2.x server before running the background upgrader the last time. Then run the background upgrader using commander-upgrade.pl --final. If the background upgrader runs successfully, the ElectricFlow 6.x database and Commander 4.2.x database are completely synchronized and the constraints are enabled again.

Troubleshooting: Oracle Database Upgrade

Problems

The Oracle database upgrade fails, and an error message appears in the log.

Possible causes include the following:

- The batch size affects how long the database upgrade takes. If the batch size is too large, the database upgrade process can fail.
- If the database does not have enough disk space for the database upgrade, one of the following occurs:
 - The background upgrader runs for at least 15 minutes and then fails. A log message about the database running out of temporary or undo space appears. The message includes an Oracle error such as ORA-00001, ORA-01652, ORA-08176, ORA-08177, or ORA-15555).
 - The background upgrader hangs for 12 or more hours without SQL messages being added to the log during that time. The database server has used up all its available storage space. It could have run out of disk space, or have run out of RAM and be disk-thrashing.

Solution

Your DBA reviews the log messages and may need to do the following tasks:

• Edit the upgrade.properties file.

If the batch size is too large, decrease the <code>COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE</code> from 100 to a smaller value, such as 50.

However, if you use a smaller batch size, this increases how long it takes to run the database upgrade process.

- Edit the timeout settings in Oracle.
- Make more space available in the database, use a lower value for the COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_ SIZE setting in the upgrader.conf file, or do both tasks.

Then rerun the background upgrader.

• In general, smaller batches consume less database temporary and undo space.

The lower COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE values, however, are likely to make transferring a large database take longer, because smaller batches incur more overhead by resynchronizing to the updated state of the ElectricCommander 4.2 database more frequently.

• We recommend an initial value of 100 for COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE.

If that value fails, try 30, 10, 5, 2, and 1 in that order.

- Increase the UNDO_RETENTION value to 12 hours or one day.
- For most tables, the default batch row limit used is COMMANDER_DB_BATCH_SIZE x 100,000 rows per SQL query.

The background upgrader might temporarily reduce the row limit for some tables if it detects a problem.

• In general, it is not necessary (and is counterproductive) to wipe the ElectricFlow 6.x database before rerunning the background upgrader. The background upgrader copies differences from the ElectricCommander 4.2 to the ElectricFlow 6.x database to synchronize them (inserting, updating, or deleting rows from the ElectricFlow 6.x database as required). This means that a new run of the background upgrader continues building on any data that has already been transferred.

However, if the background upgrader repeatedly fails after only a few minutes with no data transferred and an error about the database being invalid, try wiping the ElectricFlow 6.x database and rerunning the background upgrader.

- If the background upgrader stops, or if you have to kill it, check that:
 - You are connected to your database.
 - The temporary resources that the background upgrader was using have been released. If not, have your DBA kill the background upgrader's connection.

Troubleshooting: Background Upgrader Can Fail to Detect Database Changes

The following sequence of events rarely occurs, but may cause the background upgrader to fail to detect existing source database changes when the upgrade process is creating a new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database copy and keeping it synchronized with the source (original) database.

- 1. A run of one or more source (original) database entries with the greatest ID numbers in use have already been copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- 2. This run of entries is deleted from the source (original) database, which reduces the greatest ID number in use.
- 3. Some or all of the deletions are not yet successfully propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, and the old ElectricFlow version is shut down.
- 4. While the old ElectricFlow version is down, the background upgrader process does not complete successfully, so the deletions still are not copied to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database.
- 5. The old ElectricFlow version restarts and checks the source (original) database, finds the greatest ID currently in use, and sets that ID plus one as the ID of the next entry to be created.
- 6. The old ElectricFlow server creates an entry reusing the ID of a deleted object that was not copied to the source (original) database, and by chance the entry:
 - $^{\circ}$ Is in the same table as the deleted entry with the same ID
 - Has the same revision number (which is most likely if both were revision 1)
 - ° Is a type that does not have a name, or else it has the same name as the deleted entry, but
 - ° Is not completely identical to the deleted entry

Based on all criteria used by the background upgrader, the two objects appear identical, so the background upgrader does not know that it must delete the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database entry and replace it with the new entry from the source (original) database. However, the two are not actually identical, and these differences are not propagated to the target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database

7. During the remaining background upgrader process, ElectricFlow does not further update the entry in the source (original) database.

To ensure that this does not happen, after you start the database upgrade process, *do not* shut down the old ElectricFlow server during the upgrade process. If, for some reason, you must do so, then do one of the following:

- Run the background upgrader to completion before restarting the old ElectricFlow server.
- If this is not practicable (for example, it requires too much downtime for the old ElectricFlow server), wipe the partially-copied target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database and start the entire upgrade process again.

Step 2.6: Run the Installer

To run the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

1. Review the information about the following methods:

These are the various installation methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Method

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Method

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is available only for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version are not be removed or modified and remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Method

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You might prefer this installation method when upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server with an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall the software. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling the software.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting with ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server.

For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and the "Run the Installer" step for each use case.

Note: ElectricFlow 6.x web servers must use an ElectricFlow 5.x agent to retrieve log files to be displayed in the web interface. This *workspace proxy* agent is typically set to *localhost* but can be modified with the config.php file.

Non-Standard Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent. You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

2. Select a method:

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review the "Prepare for the Database Upgrade" step in the use before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database, if applicable.

1. Open the installer and double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin the installation process.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard. Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.		
Upgrade the existing installation.		
O Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact.		
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.		
Electric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Car	icel

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Provide your **New Database Name** (non-Oracle) or **New Database Username** (Oracle) and the corresponding **Password** and click **Next** to continue.
- 5. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ectricFlow Setup		×
Ready to upgrade Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the curren satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	t install with new settings, click Back. If you are	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		-
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings: HTTP port: 8040 HTTPS port: 8443 File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-in		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build		
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Electric Cloud, Inc		
	<pre></pre>	9

- 6. Review the upgrade settings. Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. This process can take up to fifteen minutes to complete. After this process is complete, the new

ElectricFlow version is installed.



- 8. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line: ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking Finish, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade

is still in progress.

Info The server is starting. Please was INFO Installing plugin EC-ReportEngin Details Log Messages 11:14:57.398 Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine. 11:14:57.280 Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps. 11:14:48.876 Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.5	
INFO Installing plugin EC-ReportEngin Details Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine 11:14:57.398 Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine 11:14:57.280 Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
Log Messages 11:14:57.398 Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine. 11:14:57.280 Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:54.725 Installing plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine. 11:14:57.280 Promoting plugin EC-PluginManage 11:14:54.725 Installing plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps. 	
 11:14:57.280 Promoting plugin EC-PluginManage 11:14:54.725 Installing plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps. 	
 11:14:54.725 Installing plugin EC-PluginManager 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps. 	
 11:14:53.529 Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3 11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps. 	
11:14:48.894 Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
	.55868.
11:14:48./86 Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.5	
	868.
11:14:46.420 Installing plugin EC-Core.	
11:14:21.390 ecupgrade: Finished deleteParame	
11:14:20.865 ecupgrade: Starting deleteParame	
 11:14:18.248 Reloading setup scripts 11:14:18.248 backgroundDeleter is running 	tersFromRunReports

Interactive Command-line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete the command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the use case before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade ElectricFlow from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database.

- 1. Change directories to \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer automatically brings up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y] 3. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version
<version>? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter: y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

For a non-Oracle database: New database name and database password.

For an Oracle database: New database username and database password.

Then the system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer
.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in silent (unattended) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x saves the existing database.

To upgrade ElectricFlow in silent mode:

- 1. Connect your ElectricFlow server to the database.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands from a command line to begin the silent upgrade (for non-Oracle and Oracle databases, respectively):

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBName <newdatabasen
ame> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBUserName <newdatab
aseusername> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
```

where <newdatabasename> is your new database name, <newdatabaseusername> is your
new database username, <password> is the corresponding password, and
haveRunMigrationUtility confirms that you have run the migration tool.

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Step 2.7: Shut Down the Existing Server

1. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server.

Step 2.8: Complete the Upgrade

1. Point the new ElectricFlow 6.x server to the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, either through the UI or entering ectool setDatabaseConfiguration.

Use Case 3: Small Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware

Note that this use case omits the background upgrader step, which is normally used only for large databases or where downtime is an issue.

Perform the following steps to upgrade ElectricFlow on existing hardware:

Step 3.1: Download and Extract the Upgrade Bundle

You use the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

The upgrade-bundle.zip file has these files:

- README.txt: README file for Windows and Linux
- migrateTemplates.pl: Migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.
- commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar: Background upgrader to update the database. You can run this tool or the background upgrader script before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- commander-upgrade.pl: Background upgrader script to update the database. You run this script or the background upgrader tool before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- ElectricFlow-<version>: ElectricFlow installer to install the latest software version.

The Windows installer for ElectricFlow 6.x is ElectricFlow-<version>.exe.

The corresponding Linux installer is ElectricFlow-<version>.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

Perform these steps to download and extract the upgrade bundle:

- 1. Download the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) from the Electric Cloud site.
- 2. Extract the following files into the **\$INSTALL** DIRECTORY directory:
 - README file:

Put README.txt into any \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory.

• Migration tool for UUIDs:

Put migrateTemplates.pl into the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Background upgrader:

Put commander-upgrade.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the \$INSTALL_
DIRECTORY/utils directory.

3. Extract the ElectricFlow-<version> installer into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Linux Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/:

- Put README.txt into any /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version> into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Windows Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\:

- Put README.txt into any C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version>.exe into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the C:\temp directory.

Step 3.2: Run the Migration Tool to Convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] References

This section describes how to convert the IDs for entity types to automatically-generated universally unique identifiers (UUIDs), 36-character strings. The most common entity changes that affect you are the jobId and workflowId properties.

The migration tool is an ec-perl script called *migrateTemplates.pl* that converts jobNameTemplate and *workflowNameTemplate* properties containing \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to use a counter instead (by converting those references to jobCounter and workflowCounter respectively).

This section describes how to convert <code>\$[jobID]</code> and <code>\$[workflowId]</code> references in your projects to <code>jobCounter</code> and <code>workflowCounter</code> references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

```
ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]
```

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change [jobId] to [/increment /server/jobCounter] and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

```
ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0
```

Step 3.3: Prepare for the Upgrade

Review the following information before you upgrade the ElectricFlow software.

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

We also strongly recommend that you make a copy of your database and walk through the database upgrade process on a test environment before performing the actual database upgrade on your production environment. The result of this is to understand the impact of performing the database upgrade in your environment and to understand the effect that the upgrade has on your environment. If you need a test license to perform such a test, contact support@electric-cloud.com to request a temporary license.

Backups

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data *before* upgrading. For more information about backups, see <u>ElectricFlow Server Backups</u> on page 11-1.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in the data directory:
 - ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files in the conf subdirectory
 - The passkey file in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows
 - Apache web server configuration files in the apache/conf subdirectory
 - The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory (if applicable)
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The number of ElectricFlow files you may have modified is too numerous to list, so you may want to back up the entire data directory and other miscellaneous files that may have changed.

 If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory. • Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the web UI by accessing the **Administration** > **Server** tab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_customEditors*. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_preflight*. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example, change <code>ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce</code> to <code>ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce_modified</code>.

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

MySQL Upgrades

Although the background upgrader does the bulk of the conversion of the MySQL server database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the remaining database conversion occurs during the ElectricFlow upgrade. For a large database, this might take many hours.

IMPORTANT: After starting the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, do not interrupt the upgrade process.

• If the upgrade process is interrupted, you might corrupt your database. You have to restore your database from a previous backup.

The following applies when the database is updated:

- Upgrading saves the existing local MySQLdatabase, if applicable.
- Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter ectool getServerStatus.

External MySQL Database Characteristics

When upgrading ElectricFlow, ensure that default-storage-engine=INNODB is in the [mysqld] section in my.cnf/my.ini.

An install and upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

Step 3.4: Shut Down the Source (Original) Server

1. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server.

Step 3.5: Run the Installer

To run the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands: sudo apt-get update sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386 sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0 sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

1. Review the information about the following methods:

These are the various installation methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Method

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Method

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is available only for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version are not be removed or modified and remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Method

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You might prefer this installation method when upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server with an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall the software. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling the software.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting with ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server.

For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and the "Run the Installer" step for each use case.

Note: ElectricFlow 6.x web servers must use an ElectricFlow 5.x agent to retrieve log files to be displayed in the web interface. This *workspace proxy* agent is typically set to *localhost* but can be modified with the config.php file.

Non-Standard Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent. You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

2. Select a method:

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review the "Prepare for the Database Upgrade" step in the use before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database, if applicable.

1. Open the installer and double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin the installation process.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard. Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.		
Opprade the existing installation.		
$\mathbb C$ Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact.		
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.		
lectric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Cance	sl

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Provide your **New Database Name** (non-Oracle) or **New Database Username** (Oracle) and the corresponding **Password** and click **Next** to continue.
- 5. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

lectricFlow Setup		2
Ready to upgrade Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the currer satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	nt install with new settings, click Back. If you are	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings; HTTP port: 8000 HTTPS port: 8443 File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-in		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-wzk8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build		-
		Þ
lectric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Cance	əl

- 6. Review the upgrade settings. Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. This process can take up to fifteen minutes to complete. After this process is complete, the new

ElectricFlow version is installed.



- 8. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line: ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking Finish, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade

is still in progress.

electric comm	ander	Help 🝷
Info		
H2H	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
Details		
Log Messages		
11:14:57.398	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 11:14:20.865 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core.1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core. ecupgrade: Finished deleteParametersFromRunReports	

Interactive Command-line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete the command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the use case before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade ElectricFlow from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database.

- 1. Change directories to \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer automatically brings up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y] 3. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version
<version>? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter: y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

For a non-Oracle database: New database name and database password.

For an Oracle database: New database username and database password.

Then the system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer
.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in silent (unattended) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x saves the existing database.

To upgrade ElectricFlow in silent mode:

- 1. Connect your ElectricFlow server to the database.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands from a command line to begin the silent upgrade (for non-Oracle and Oracle databases, respectively):

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBName <newdatabasen
ame> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBUserName <newdatab
aseusername> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
```

where <newdatabasename> is your new database name, <newdatabaseusername> is your
new database username, <password> is the corresponding password, and
haveRunMigrationUtility confirms that you have run the migration tool.

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Use Case 4: Small Database Upgrade on New Hardware

Note that this use case omits the background upgrader step, which is normally used only for large databases or where downtime is an issue.

If you are installing on new hardware while upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, perform the following steps.

Step 4.1: Download and Extract the Upgrade Bundle

You use the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

The upgrade-bundle.zip file has these files:

- README.txt: README file for Windows and Linux
- migrateTemplates.pl: Migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.
- commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar: Background upgrader to update the database. You can run this tool or the background upgrader script before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- commander-upgrade.pl: Background upgrader script to update the database. You run this script or the background upgrader tool before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.

• ElectricFlow-<version>: ElectricFlow installer to install the latest software version.

The Windows installer for ElectricFlow 6.x is ElectricFlow-<version>.exe.

The corresponding Linux installer is ElectricFlow-<version>.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

Perform these steps to download and extract the upgrade bundle:

- 1. Download the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) from the Electric Cloud site.
- 2. Extract the following files into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY directory:
 - README file:

Put README.txt into any \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory.

• Migration tool for UUIDs:

Put migrateTemplates.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

• Background upgrader:

Put commander-upgrade.pl into the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/bin</code> directory.

Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/utils directory.

3. Extract the ElectricFlow-<version> installer into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Linux Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/:

- Put README.txt into any /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version> into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Windows Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\:

- Put README.txt into any C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.

- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version>.exe into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the C:\temp directory.

Step 4.2: Run the Migration Tool to Convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] References

This section describes how to convert the IDs for entity types to automatically-generated universally unique identifiers (UUIDs), 36-character strings. The most common entity changes that affect you are the jobId and workflowId properties.

The migration tool is an ec-perl script called *migrateTemplates.pl* that converts jobNameTemplate and *workflowNameTemplate* properties containing \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to use a counter instead (by converting those references to jobCounter and workflowCounter respectively).

This section describes how to convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] references in your projects to jobCounter and workflowCounter references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change [jobId] to [/increment /server/jobCounter] and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

```
ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0
```

Step 4.3: Prepare for the Upgrade

Review the following information before you upgrade the ElectricFlow software.

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

We also strongly recommend that you make a copy of your database and walk through the database upgrade process on a test environment before performing the actual database upgrade on your production environment. The result of this is to understand the impact of performing the database upgrade in your environment and to understand the effect that the upgrade has on your environment. If you need a test license to perform such a test, contact support@electric-cloud.com to request a temporary license.

Backups

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data *before* upgrading. For more information about backups, see <u>ElectricFlow Server Backups</u> on page 11-1.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in the data directory:
 - ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files in the conf subdirectory
 - The passkey file in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows
 - Apache web server configuration files in the apache/conf subdirectory
 - The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory (if applicable)
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The number of ElectricFlow files you may have modified is too numerous to list, so you may want to back up the entire data directory and other miscellaneous files that may have changed.

 If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory. • Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the web UI by accessing the **Administration** > **Server** tab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_customEditors*. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named *ec_preflight*. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example, change <code>ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce</code> to <code>ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce_modified</code>.

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

MySQL Upgrades

Although the background upgrader does the bulk of the conversion of the MySQL server database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, the remaining database conversion occurs during the ElectricFlow upgrade. For a large database, this might take many hours.

IMPORTANT: After starting the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, do not interrupt the upgrade process.

• If the upgrade process is interrupted, you might corrupt your database. You have to restore your database from a previous backup.

The following applies when the database is updated:

- Upgrading saves the existing local MySQLdatabase, if applicable.
- Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter ectool getServerStatus.

External MySQL Database Characteristics

When upgrading ElectricFlow, ensure that default-storage-engine=INNODB is in the [mysqld] section in my.cnf/my.ini.

An install and upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

Step 4.4: Run the Installer on the New Server

To run the installer to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow

Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:

sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

1. Review the information about the following methods:

These are the various installation methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Method

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Method

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is available only for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version are not be removed or modified and remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Method

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You might prefer this installation method when upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server with an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall the software. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling the software.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting with ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server.

For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and the "Run the Installer" step for each use case.

Note: ElectricFlow 6.x web servers must use an ElectricFlow 5.x agent to retrieve log files to be displayed in the web interface. This *workspace proxy* agent is typically set to *localhost* but can be modified with the config.php file.

Non-Standard Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent. You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

2. Select a method:

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review the "Prepare for the Database Upgrade" step in the use before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database, if applicable.

1. Open the installer and double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin the installation process.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard. Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.		
Opprade the existing installation.		
$\mathbb C$ Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact.		
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.		
lectric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Cance	sl

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select Perform a clean install if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Provide your **New Database Name** (non-Oracle) or **New Database Username** (Oracle) and the corresponding **Password** and click **Next** to continue.
- 5. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ectricFlow Setup		×
Ready to upgrade Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the curren satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	t install with new settings, click Back. If you are	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		-
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings: HTTP port: 8040 HTTPS port: 8443 File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-in		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build		
1		نے ا
Electric Cloud, Inc		
	<pre></pre>	9

- 6. Review the upgrade settings. Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. This process can take up to fifteen minutes to complete. After this process is complete, the new

ElectricFlow version is installed.



- 8. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line: ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking Finish, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade

is still in progress.

electric comm	ander	Help 🝷
Info		
	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
Details		
Log Messages		
11:14:57.398	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 11:14:20.865 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core. ecupgrade: Finished deleteParametersFromRunReports	

Interactive Command-line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete the command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the use case before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade ElectricFlow from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database.

- 1. Change directories to \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer automatically brings up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y] 3. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version
<version>? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter: y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

For a non-Oracle database: New database name and database password.

For an Oracle database: New database username and database password.

Then the system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer
.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in silent (unattended) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x saves the existing database.

To upgrade ElectricFlow in silent mode:

- 1. Connect your ElectricFlow server to the database.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands from a command line to begin the silent upgrade (for non-Oracle and Oracle databases, respectively):

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBName <newdatabasen
ame> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBUserName <newdatab
aseusername> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
```

where <newdatabasename> is your new database name, <newdatabaseusername> is your
new database username, <password> is the corresponding password, and
haveRunMigrationUtility confirms that you have run the migration tool.

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Step 4.5: Shut Down the Existing Server

1. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server.

Step 4.6: Complete the Upgrade

1. Point the new ElectricFlow 6.x server to the new target (ElectricFlow 6.x) database, either through the UI or entering ectool setDatabaseConfiguration.

Use Case 5: Built-In Database Upgrade on Existing Hardware

Note: In ElectricFlow 5.0, the built-in database changed from H2 to HSQLDB (also referred to as HyperSQL Database).

If you are using the built-in database in ElectricCommander 4.2.x and want to continue using the built-in database in ElectricFlow 6.x, perform the following steps:

Step 5.1: Download and Extract the Upgrade Bundle

You use the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

The upgrade-bundle.zip file has these files:

- README.txt: README file for Windows and Linux
- migrateTemplates.pl: Migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.
- commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar: Background upgrader to update the database. You can run this tool or the background upgrader script before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- commander-upgrade.pl: Background upgrader script to update the database. You run this script or the background upgrader tool before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- ElectricFlow-<version>: ElectricFlow installer to install the latest software version.

The Windows installer for ElectricFlow 6.x is ElectricFlow-<version>.exe.

The corresponding Linux installer is ElectricFlow-<version>.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

Perform these steps to download and extract the upgrade bundle:

- 1. Download the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) from the Electric Cloud site.
- 2. Extract the following files into the **\$INSTALL** DIRECTORY directory:
 - README file:

Put README.txt into any \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory.

• Migration tool for UUIDs:

Put migrateTemplates.pl into the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Background upgrader:

Put commander-upgrade.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the \$INSTALL_
DIRECTORY/utils directory.

3. Extract the ElectricFlow-<version> installer into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Linux Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/:

- Put README.txt into any /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version> into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Windows Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\:

- Put README.txt into any C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander directory.
- PutmigrateTemplates.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version>.exe into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the C:\temp directory.

Step 5.2: Run the Migration Tool to Convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] References

This section describes how to convert the IDs for entity types to automatically-generated universally unique identifiers (UUIDs), 36-character strings. The most common entity changes that affect you are the jobId and workflowId properties.

The migration tool is an ec-perl script called *migrateTemplates.pl* that converts jobNameTemplate and *workflowNameTemplate* properties containing \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to use a counter instead (by converting those references to jobCounter and workflowCounter respectively).

This section describes how to convert <code>\$[jobID]</code> and <code>\$[workflowId]</code> references in your projects to <code>jobCounter</code> and <code>workflowCounter</code> references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

```
ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]
```

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /server/jobCounter]</code> and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0

Step 5.3: Create a Database Backup of the ElectricCommander 4.2.x Database

1. Create a complete XML database backup of your ElectricCommander 4.2.x database.

Review the following methods and determine which method is appropriate for your environment:

- We recommend that you run ectool export on an inactive system to prevent this process from failing due to conflicts, which may be created in a running system.
- You can also create a backup of your ElectricCommander 4.2.x database by exporting without jobs to limit the time the system is inactive. However, the backup will not have history data.
- See Data Backup Methods on page 11-1 and the "Using ectool and the ElectricFlow API" help topic in the ElectricFlow online help system for more information about this process.

Step 5.4: Shut Down the Source (Original) Server

1. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server.

Step 5.5: Run the Installer

To run the installer to upgrade an ElectricFlow 6.x server that includes the built-in database from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not

need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

```
- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands:
```

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

1. Review the information about the following methods:

These are the various installation methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Method

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Method

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is available only for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version are not be removed or modified and remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Method

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You might prefer this installation method when upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server with an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall the software. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling the software.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting with ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server.

For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and the "Run the Installer" step for each use case.

Note: ElectricFlow 6.x web servers must use an ElectricFlow 5.x agent to retrieve log files to be displayed in the web interface. This *workspace proxy* agent is typically set to *localhost* but can be modified with the config.php file.

Non-Standard Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent. You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

2. Select a method:

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review the "Prepare for the Database Upgrade" step in the use before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database, if applicable.

1. Open the installer and double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin the installation process.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard. Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.	
• Upgrade the existing installation.	
C Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact.	
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.	
Electric Cloud, Inc	
	< Back Next > Cancel

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Provide your **New Database Name** (non-Oracle) or **New Database Username** (Oracle) and the corresponding **Password** and click **Next** to continue.
- 5. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ectricFlow Setup		
Ready to upgrade Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the currer satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	nt install with new settings, click Back.	If you are
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings: HTTP port: 8000 HTTP5 port: 8443 File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-inn		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaWIS-w2k8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build		
<u>ا</u>		Þ
lectric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next >	Cancel

- 6. Review the upgrade settings. Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. This process can take up to fifteen minutes to complete. After this process is complete, the new

ElectricFlow version is installed.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
	Install Wizard Complete	
	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 was successfully installed!	
	Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log.	
	Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
2	☑ Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow.	
	Finish Cancel	

- 8. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line: ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking Finish, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade

is still in progress.

electric comm	ander	Help 🝷
Info		
	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
Details		
Log Messages		
11:14:57.398	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.	
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Interactive Command-line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete the command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the use case before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade ElectricFlow from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database.

- 1. Change directories to \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer automatically brings up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y] 3. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version
<version>? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter: y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

For a non-Oracle database: New database name and database password.

For an Oracle database: New database username and database password.

Then the system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer
.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in silent (unattended) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x saves the existing database.

To upgrade ElectricFlow in silent mode:

- 1. Connect your ElectricFlow server to the database.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands from a command line to begin the silent upgrade (for non-Oracle and Oracle databases, respectively):

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBName <newdatabasen
ame> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBUserName <newdatab
aseusername> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
```

where <newdatabasename> is your new database name, <newdatabaseusername> is your
new database username, <password> is the corresponding password, and
haveRunMigrationUtility confirms that you have run the migration tool.

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- 3. Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Step 5.6: Import the ElectricCommander 4.2.x Database into ElectricFlow 6.x

1. Enter ectool --server <server name> login "<user name>" "<password>" to log in to the ElectricFlow 6.x server.

For example: ectool --server bldg1server login "Ellen Ernst" "ee123"

2. Enter ectool import <path to file>/<database filename>.

Use Case 6: Built-In Database Upgrade on New Hardware

If you are installing on new hardware while upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, perform the following steps.

Step 6.1: Download and Extract the Upgrade Bundle to the Existing Server

You use the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) to upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x.

The upgrade-bundle.zip file has these files:

- README.txt: README file for Windows and Linux
- migrateTemplates.pl: Migration tool to convert \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to jobCounter and workflowCounter in the jobNameTemplate and workflowName template.
- commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar: Background upgrader to update the database. You can run this tool or the background upgrader script before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- commander-upgrade.pl: Background upgrader script to update the database. You run this script or the background upgrader tool before installing the latest ElectricFlow software.
- ElectricFlow-<version>: ElectricFlow installer to install the latest software version.

The Windows installer for ElectricFlow 6.x is ElectricFlow-<version>.exe.

The corresponding Linux installer is ElectricFlow-<version>.

IMPORTANT: Only use the background upgrader when upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x. Do not use it when you are updating ElectricFlow 5.x to a later ElectricFlow version.

Perform these steps to download and extract the upgrade bundle:

- 1. Download the upgrade bundle (upgrade-bundle.zip) from the Electric Cloud site.
- 2. Extract the following files into the **\$INSTALL** DIRECTORY directory:
 - README file:

Put README.txt into any \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory.

• Migration tool for UUIDs:

Put migrateTemplates.pl into the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Background upgrader:

Put commander-upgrade.pl into the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.

Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/utils directory.

3. Extract the ElectricFlow-<version> installer into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Linux Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL DIRECTORY is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/:

- Put README.txt into any /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version> into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the /tmp directory.

Windows Example:

If the default directory \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY is C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\:

- Put README.txt into any C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander directory.
- Put migrateTemplates.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade.pl into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin directory.
- Put commander-upgrade-jar-with-dependencies.jar into the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\utils directory.
- Put ElectricFlow-<version>.exe into any directory except the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY directory, such as the C:\temp directory.

Step 6.2: Run the Migration Tool to Convert \$[jobID] and \$[workflowId] References

This section describes how to convert the IDs for entity types to automatically-generated universally unique identifiers (UUIDs), 36-character strings. The most common entity changes that affect you are the jobId and workflowId properties.

The migration tool is an ec-perl script called *migrateTemplates.pl* that converts jobNameTemplate and *workflowNameTemplate* properties containing \$[jobId] and \$[workflowId] to use a counter instead (by converting those references to jobCounter and workflowCounter respectively).

This section describes how to convert <code>\$[jobID]</code> and <code>\$[workflowId]</code> references in your projects to <code>jobCounter</code> and <code>workflowCounter</code> references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

```
ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]
```

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /server/jobCounter]</code> and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0

This section describes how to convert [jobID] and [workflowId] references in your projects to jobCounter and workflowCounter references respectively. By default, the migration tool runs in *dry run* mode. Dry run mode lists the changes the script would make (showing *before* and *after* values). Before you make the actual changes, make sure you examine the proposed changes thoroughly to avoid job name collision.

IMPORTANT: Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user must log into ectool using the following command and enter the password when prompted: ectool --server xyz login admin

- 1. Go to the \$INSTALL DIRECTORY/bin directory.
- 2. To invoke the migration tool, enter the following command:

```
ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server <server name> [options]
```

where --server <server name> specifies the ElectricFlow server to migrate. The default server is *localhost*.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
counters <server project></server project>	Specifies whether job counters are server-wide or project- specific.
	Default: project .
dryRun <1 0>	 1 – Shows the prospective changes in a file that you can examine. Verify the changes before the migration tool makes them. 0 – Actually makes the changes. Default: 1.
project <project></project>	Limits migration to the specified project.
startingJobId <n></n>	Initializes the job counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest job ID.
startingWorkflowId <n></n>	Initializes the workflow counter to the specified number. Default: the current greatest workflow ID.

3. View the results.

The migration tool runs successfully when the script completes and output appears showing the changes that were made.

The tool fails when an error message appears.

Example 1

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter across the entire ElectricFlow system and want the next job number to be 1001:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /server/jobCounter]</code> and initialize the job counter to 1000. This means the next job run on the server will be number 1001. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters server --startingJobId 1000 -- dryRun 0

Example 2

Before migrateTemplates.pl is invoked, the admin user logs into ectool using the ectool --server xyz login admin command and enters the password.

You want a unique job counter for each project and want the counters to continue from the current greatest job ID.

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project

The above example will change <code>\$[jobId]</code> to <code>\$[/increment /myJob/project/jobCounter]</code> and use the current greatest job ID as the initial value for the job counter. The following actually makes the proposed changes:

ec-perl migrateTemplates.pl --server Server1 --counters project --dryRun 0

Step 6.3: Create a Database Backup of the ElectricCommander 4.2.x Database

1. Create a complete XML database backup of your ElectricCommander 4.2.x database.

Review the following methods and determine which method is appropriate for your environment:

- We recommend that you run ectool export on an inactive system to prevent this process from failing due to conflicts, which may be created in a running system.
- You can also create a backup of your ElectricCommander 4.2.x database by exporting without jobs to limit the time the system is inactive. However, the backup will not have history data.
- See Data Backup Methods on page 11-1 and the "Using ectool and the ElectricFlow API" help topic in the ElectricFlow online help system for more information about this process.

Step 6.4: Install ElectricFlow 6.x on the New Server

To install ElectricFlow 6.x on the new server:

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run the one of these installers on a 64-bit RHEL 6.x environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit RHEL 6.x machines:

- Run the yum install libstdc++.i686 command. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.

- Run the yum install libuuid.i686 command if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.

- Run the yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686 command (to install 32-bit NSS packages) if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

IMPORTANT: When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 10.04, Ubuntu 12.04, and Ubuntu 14.04:

For the full installer, 32-bit-agent-only installer, 64-bit-agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, or when installing the 64-bit agent without an internet connection, you must install some 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Ubuntu. The ElectricFlow installer needs these libraries to run successfully.

When you run one of these installers on a 64-bit Ubuntu environment without 32-bit libraries, the ElectricFlow installer exits immediately because it cannot find the required 32-bit libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file has no information about the error.

To resolve this issue, we recommend running *all* of the following commands on the 64-bit Ubuntu machines before installing ElectricFlow to install Ubuntu's 32-bit compatibility layer:

- On Ubuntu 10.04 and Ubuntu 12.04, enter these commands: sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0

sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- On Ubuntu 14.04, enter these commands: sudo apt-get update sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386 sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0 sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386

- If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server/web/repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Note: Even though the ElectricFlow installer is in the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory, do not launch it from the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src</code> directory.

1. Review the information about the following methods:

These are the various installation methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Method

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Method

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is available only for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version are not be removed or modified and remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Method

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You might prefer this installation method when upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, reruns the background upgrader, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server with an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall the software. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling the software.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting with ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server.

For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and the "Run the Installer" step for each use case.

Note: ElectricFlow 6.x web servers must use an ElectricFlow 5.x agent to retrieve log files to be displayed in the web interface. This *workspace proxy* agent is typically set to *localhost* but can be modified with the config.php file.

Non-Standard Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent. You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

2. Select a method:

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review the "Prepare for the Database Upgrade" step in the use before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database, if applicable.

1. Open the installer and double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin the installation process.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard. Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.		
Upgrade the existing installation.		
O Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact.		
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.		
Electric Cloud, Inc		
	< Back Next > Car	icel

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

- 3. Click Next.
- 4. Provide your **New Database Name** (non-Oracle) or **New Database Username** (Oracle) and the corresponding **Password** and click **Next** to continue.
- 5. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ectricFlow Setup		×
Ready to upgrade Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the curren satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	t install with new settings, click Back. If you are	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		-
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings: HTTP port: 8040 HTTPS port: 8443 File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build Database Settings: Type: Built-in		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80 HTTPS port: 443 Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200 Service account: build		
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Electric Cloud, Inc		
	<pre></pre>	9

- 6. Review the upgrade settings. Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.
- 7. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. This process can take up to fifteen minutes to complete. After this process is complete, the new

ElectricFlow version is installed.



- 8. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 9. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line: ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking Finish, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade

is still in progress.

electric comm	ander	Help 🝷
Info		
	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
Details		
Log Messages		
11:14:57.398	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.725 11:14:54.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.	
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Interactive Command-line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete the command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review the "Preparing for the Database Upgrade" step in the use case before performing this procedure.

When you upgrade ElectricFlow from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to Commander 4.2 or later saves the existing database.

- 1. Change directories to \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/src.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer automatically brings up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y] 3. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version
<version>? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter: y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

For a non-Oracle database: New database name and database password.

For an Oracle database: New database username and database password.

Then the system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer
.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in silent (unattended) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

When you upgrade from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, if your database is large, we recommend that you run the background upgrader and complete the database upgrade before upgrading to ElectricFlow 5.x because the upgrade process requires an extensive database upgrade.

Note: Upgrading to ElectricFlow 6.x saves the existing database.

To upgrade ElectricFlow in silent mode:

- 1. Connect your ElectricFlow server to the database.
- 2. Go to the command line and enter one of the following commands from a command line to begin the silent upgrade (for non-Oracle and Oracle databases, respectively):

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBName <newdatabasen
ame> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent --upgradeNewDBUserName <newdatab
aseusername> --upgradeDBPassword <password> --haveRunMigrationUtility
```

where <newdatabasename> is your new database name, <newdatabaseusername> is your
new database username, <password> is the corresponding password, and
haveRunMigrationUtility confirms that you have run the migration tool.

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- 3. Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Step 6.5: Shut Down the Existing Server

1. Shut down the ElectricCommander 4.2.x server.

Step 6.6: Import the ElectricCommander 4.2.x Database into ElectricFlow 6.x

1. Enter ectool --server <server name> login "<user name>" "<password>" to log in to the ElectricFlow 6.x server.

For example: ectool --server bldg1server login "Ellen Ernst" "ee123"

2. Enter ectool import <path to file>/<database filename>.

Chapter 8: Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the Latest Version in a Clustered Environment

This section describes how to upgrade the software from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to latest ElectricFlow version and upgrade cluster configurations at the same time. The procedure is the same as when you upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the latest version except that you need to perform additional tasks to upgrade the cluster.

In this section, the term "*ElectricFlow 6.x*" refers to the latest ElectricFlow version. For example, "from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x" means from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x (the current version installed in your system) to the latest version (a newer version). In addition, ElectricCommander 5.x is referred to as ElectricFlow 5.x. Anything that refers to ElectricCommander 5.x also refers to ElectricFlow 5.x.

IMPORTANT: This upgrade process applies only to clusters, so it does not apply if your system is running ElectricCommander 4.2.x. You must use the upgrade process described in Upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x on page 7-1.

IMPORTANT: When upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use the migration tool, background upgrader, and installer in the upgrade bundle.

When upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use only the ElectricFlow installer (ElectricFlow-<version>), which works the same way as the installers in previous releases. Do not use the migration tool or the background upgrader.

To upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use the ElectricFlow-<version> installer, which collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, configures the system with all property values mined, and restores custom files and data.

After preparing for the upgrade, make sure to shut down the ElectricFlow server service before installing ElectricFlow 6.x.

Upgrading Clusters

In a cluster configuration, make sure to review the tasks in Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 9-3. You must make backup copies of these files:

- httpd.conf in <data directory>/apache/conf subdirectory
- wrapper.conf in <data directory>/conf subdirectory

Before starting the upgrade process, you must shut down the ElectricFlow server service before installing ElectricFlow 6.x.

During the upgrade process, ElectricFlow is not available after the web server is stopped or after the server service on the last ElectricFlow server node is stopped.

- 1. Perform either of these actions:
 - Stop the ElectricFlow server service on all nodes.
 - Stop the ElectricFlow server service on all nodes except on the primary ElectricFlow server node.

You can keep the server service on your primary ElectricFlow server node up at this point, because the installer automatically stops the server service on the primary node when it upgrades that node.

- 2. On the ElectricFlow server, do the following:
 - a. Upgrade the ElectricFlow server. This will also do the following:
 - Connect the server to the database.
 - Upgrade the plugins.
 - Start the server.
 - b. Check and restore the wrapper.conf settings. For example, the settings for the line "wrapper.java.additional.600=".
 - c. Restart the ElectricFlow servers service.
- 3. On the ElectricFlow web server, do the following:
 - a. Upgrade the node on the web server.
 - b. Check and restore the httpd.conf settings.
- 4. Upgrade any nodes on the repository servers.

Your ElectricFlow system is now available.

5. Upgrade the remaining ElectricFlow server nodes.

During the upgrade process, some settings may be lost. Verify the following settings before connecting to the ElectricFlow system:

- httpd.conf settings for redirecting-These lines should be commented out:
 - # Redirect http to https
 - # RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
 - # RewriteRule ^/commander/(.*) https://%{SERVER NAME}:443%{REQUEST URI} [NC,R,L]
- httpd.conf setting for COMMANDER SERVER-This should point to the load balancer:

SetEnv COMMANDER SERVER "<FQDN of your load balancer>"

• wrapper.conf contains the line pointing at your Zookeeper instances

For example:

wrapper.java.additional.600=-DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=192.168.7.20:2181

Choosing the Correct Upgrade Method

This section describes the various upgrade methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Upgrade

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is only available for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Upgrade

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You may find this installation method preferable for upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server With an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall ElectricFlow. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling ElectricFlow.

Non-Server Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent (that is, an agent on a machine that is not a supported ElectricFlow server platform). You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting in ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1, Installing ElectricFlow on page 3-1, and Copying Repository Contents on page 9-8.

Preparing for Your Upgrade

Review the following information before you upgrade the ElectricFlow software.

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This

minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

Backups

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data *before* upgrading. See ElectricFlow Server Backups on page 11-1for more information about backups.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in the data directory:
 - ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files in the conf subdirectory]\
 - The passkey file in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows

- $^\circ~$ Apache web server configuration files in the <code>apache/conf</code> subdirectory
- The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory (if applicable)
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The number of ElectricFlow files you may have modified is too numerous to list, so you might want to back up the entire ElectricFlow data directory and other miscellaneous files that might have changed.

- If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory.
- Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the web UI by accessing the Administration tab/ Server subtab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named ec_customEditors. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named ec_preflight. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example, change ec_

 $\texttt{preflight/clientDrivers/perforce} \ \texttt{to} \ \texttt{ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce_modified}.$

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

MySQL Upgrades

ElectricFlow upgrades involving a MySQL database can take several hours to complete if you have a significant data set. *Do not interrupt the upgrade process.* You can corrupt your database if the upgrade process is interrupted. A restore from a previous database backup will be required.

• Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter

```
ectool getServerStatus
```

Note: An install/upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use this procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 9-3 before performing this procedure.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin installation. The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 Install Wizard.	
Version 6.0.0.94192 is already installed on this machine.	
• Upgrade the existing installation.	
\odot Perform a clean install. Files from the existing installation will remain intact	
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Electric Cloud, Inc	
	< Back Next > Cancel

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select Perform a clean install if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

3. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Ready to upgrade		
Review the settings before beginning the upgrade.		
Settings cannot be changed for an upgrade. If you want to overwrite the current install with new settings, click Back. If satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the upgrade.	you are	
Components: Repository, Server, Database, Web Server, Agent, Tools		
Install directory: C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander Data directory: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander		
Server settings: HTTP port: 8000		
HTTPS port: 8443		
File transfer port: 61613 Service account: build		
Database Settings: Type: Built-in		
Web server settings: HTTP port: 80		
HTTPS port: 443		
Host name: vilyaVM5-w2k8 Service account: build		
Repository settings: Port: 8200		
Service account: build		
at .		٦
		-
Electric Cloud, Inc		
< Back Next >	Cancel	

4. Review the upgrade settings.

Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.

5. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. You can also view the installer.log file to see progress. The time that it takes to complete this process depends on the size of the database. It may take fifteen minutes or longer to complete. Once this process is complete, the new ElectricFlow version is installed.

ElectricFlow Setup	
	Install Wizard Complete
4	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 was successfully installed! Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
C	☑ Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow.
	Finish Cancel

6. Select the Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.

7. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line:

ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking **Finish**, you may see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade is still in progress.

lectric comm	ander Help *
nfo	
	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.
Details	
og Messages	
-	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.
11:14:57.398	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine. Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 	
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.
 11:14:57.398 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:42.390 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.
 11:14:57.280 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 11:14:20.865 	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core. ecupgrade: Finished deleteParametersFromRunReports

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete a command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 9-3 before performing this procedure.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

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```
This will install {\tt ElectricFlow} on your computer. Continue? [{\tt n}/{\tt Y}]
```

2. Enter: y

The System displays the following message:

Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version <version>? [n/Y]

- 3. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer.log.

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

Enter the following command from a command line to begin a silent upgrade:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent
```

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Chapter 9: Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the Latest Version

This section describes how to upgrade the software from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the latest ElectricFlow version. The procedure is the same as when you upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x to the latest version and upgrade cluster configurations at the same time, except that you do not need to perform additional tasks to upgrade the cluster.

In this section, the term "*ElectricFlow 6.x*" refers to the latest ElectricFlow version. For example, "from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x" means from ElectricFlow 5.x or 6.x (the current version installed in your system) to the latest version (a newer version). In addition, ElectricCommander 5.x is referred to as ElectricFlow 5.x. Anything that refers to ElectricCommander 5.x also refers to ElectricFlow 5.x.

IMPORTANT: If your system is running a version earlier than ElectricCommander 4.2, you first need to upgrade to ElectricCommander 4.2.x. You should be able to safely upgrade from ElectricCommander 3.10.x, 4.0.x, or 4.1.x to ElectricCommander 4.2.x, and then upgrade to ElectricFlow 6.x.

IMPORTANT: When upgrading from ElectricCommander 4.2.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use the migration tool, background upgrader, and installer in the upgrade bundle.

When upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use only the ElectricFlow installer (ElectricFlow-<version>), which works the same way as the installers in previous releases. Do not use the migration tool or the background upgrader.

To upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x to ElectricFlow 6.x, use the ElectricFlow-<version> installer, which collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, configures the system with all property values mined, and restores custom files and data.

After preparing for the upgrade, make sure to shut down the ElectricFlow server service before installing ElectricFlow 6.x.

Choosing the Correct Upgrade Method

This section describes the various upgrade methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

User Interface Upgrade

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is only available for Linux platforms.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

IMPORTANT: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

IMPORTANT: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Upgrade

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You may find this installation method preferable for upgrading multiple remote agents and servers.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

IMPORTANT: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server With an ElectricFlow Upgrade

After ElectricCommander 4.x, the only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall ElectricFlow. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling ElectricFlow.

Non-Server Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent (that is, an agent on a machine that is not a supported ElectricFlow server platform). You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a stand-alone repository server or stand-alone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting in ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the stand-alone repository server or web server. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1, Installing ElectricFlow on page 3-1, and Copying Repository Contents on page 9-8.

Preparing for Your Upgrade

Review the following information before you upgrade the ElectricFlow software.

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

Backups

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data *before* upgrading. See ElectricFlow Server Backups on page 11-1for more information about backups.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in the data directory:
 - $^\circ~$ ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files in the <code>conf</code> subdirectory]\

• The passkey file in one of these directories:

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows

- Apache web server configuration files in the apache/conf subdirectory
- The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory (if applicable)
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The number of ElectricFlow files you may have modified is too numerous to list, so you might want to back up the entire ElectricFlow data directory and other miscellaneous files that might have changed.

- If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory.
- Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the web UI by accessing the Administration tab/ Server subtab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named ec customEditors. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named ec preflight. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example, change ec

preflight/clientDrivers/perforce to ec preflight/clientDrivers/perforce modified.

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

MySQL Upgrades

ElectricFlow upgrades involving a MySQL database can take several hours to complete if you have a significant data set. Do not interrupt the upgrade process. You can corrupt your database if the upgrade process is interrupted. A restore from a previous database backup will be required.

• Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter

ectool getServerStatus

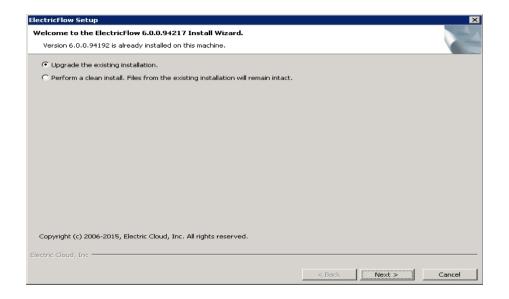
Note: An install/upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

User Interface Upgrade Method

Use this procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 9-3 before performing this procedure.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin installation. The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

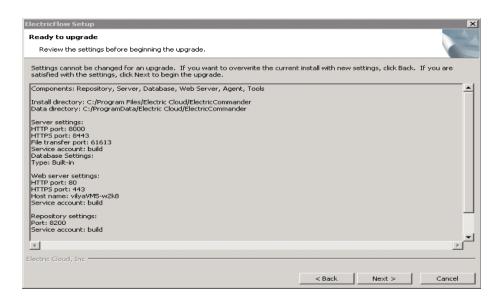


- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

IMPORTANT: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

3. Click Next to upgrade the existing installation.

The Ready to Install screen appears.



4. Review the upgrade settings.

Use the Back button to change your selections if necessary.

5. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. You can also view the installer.log file to see progress. The time that it takes to complete this process depends on the size of the database. It may take fifteen minutes or longer to complete. Once this process is complete, the new ElectricFlow version is installed.

ElectricFlow Setup	Install Wizard Complete
4	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94217 was successfully installed! Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
-	☑ Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow.
	Finish Cancel

6. Select the Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.

7. Click Finish to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete the server will continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You will not be able to log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade is complete. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line:

ectool getServerStatus.

After clicking **Finish**, you may see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade is still in progress.

electric comm	ander H	Help 🔻	Î
Info			
	e server is starting. Please wait. O Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.		E
Details			
Log Messages			
11:14:57.398	Installing plugin EC-ReportEngine.		
100			
11:14:57.280	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868.		
-	Promoting plugin EC-PluginManager-1.2.1.55868. Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.		
11:14:54.725			
 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 	Installing plugin EC-PluginManager.		
 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 	Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868.		
 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 	Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps.		
 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 	Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868.		
 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 	Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core.		
 11:14:54.725 11:14:53.529 11:14:48.894 11:14:48.786 11:14:46.420 11:14:21.390 11:14:20.865 	Installing plugin EC-PluginManager. Promoting plugin EC-FileOps-2.0.3.55868. Installing plugin EC-FileOps. Promoting plugin EC-Core-1.2.2.55868. Installing plugin EC-Core. ecupgrade: Finished deleteParametersFromRunReports		

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete a command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 9-3 before performing this procedure.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> .
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

2. Enter: y

The System displays the following message:

Upgrade the existing <version> installation to version <version>? [n/Y]

- 3. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer.log.

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

IMPORTANT: This document refers to the installer using the new ElectricFlow product name. Anywhere the installer is referenced you can also use the ElectricCommander named installer. However, be aware that we intend to stop providing the installer with "ElectricCommander" in the filename after this version.

Enter the following command from a command line to begin a silent upgrade:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent
```

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Chapter 10: Uninstalling ElectricFlow

This section contains instructions for uninstalling ElectricFlow from various types of platforms.

Uninstalling ElectricFlow on Windows

Choose one of the following procedures to completely uninstall ElectricFlow from a Windows server, web server, agent, or developer machine.

Uninstalling on Windows 2008 or Windows 7

Use this procedure to completely uninstall ElectricFlow from a Windows 2008 or Windows 7 machine.

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Uninstall a program.
- 2. Select ElectricCommander.
- 3. Click Uninstall.

The system displays an "uninstall complete" message when the ElectricFlow software is removed.

- 4. Check the <install_location>\electriccloud\electriccommander directory and C:\ProgramData\electriccloud\electriccommander directory for any files that might remain. The uninstaller does not remove files that have been created or modified by ElectricFlow after the initial installation is complete.
- 5. Remove the files if you will reinstall the ElectricFlow software. You might want to move the files to a new location if you need to retain the files for troubleshooting.

Uninstalling ElectricFlow on UNIX

Use this procedure to completely uninstall ElectricFlow from a UNIX server, web server, agent, or developer machine.

- 1. Log in as root.
- 2. Choose one of the following commands to run:
 - For Linux, enter:

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstall

• For any other UNIX platform, enter:

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstaller/uninstall

The system displays the following message.

```
This will completely remove ElectricFlow from your system. Are you sure you want to do this? [y/N]
```

3. Enter y to uninstall the software.

The system displays the following messages.

```
Uninstalling ElectricFlow...
Uninstall complete.
```

- 4. Check the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory for any files that might remain. The uninstaller does not remove files that have been created or modified by ElectricFlow after the initial installation is complete.
- 5. Remove the files if you will reinstall the ElectricFlow software. You might want to move the files to a new location if you need to retain the files for troubleshooting.

Chapter 11: Maintenance

This section contains common maintenance procedures.

ElectricFlow Server Backups

You should back up your existing ElectricFlow data frequently. We recommend full regular (nightly) database backups and database backups before an upgrade.

Data Backup Methods

There are two ways to back up your data. You can use a database-specific backup tool to create a database dump, or you can use the ElectricFlow (ectool export) tool to create a complete XML database backup. This section describes the differences between the two types of backups.

IMPORTANT: In ElectricCommander 4.0 and later, we recommend that you do not use the ectool export tool with jobs on an active system to create a trusted database backup.

Database Dumps

You must use a database-specific backup tool to create a database dump. Database dumps have the following characteristics:

- The backup process takes much less time to complete than full XML exports
- Database dumps (for example MySQL) must be performed while the database is live, up and running.
- You can quickly restore a database from a database dump.

IMPORTANT: A database dump can only be restored to the same type of database. If you are planning to switch your database type when you restore from the backup, you must create an XML backup.

Complete XML Database Backup

You must use the ectool export tool to create a complete XML database backup. Complete XML database backups have the following characteristics:

- The tool must be used while the ElectricFlow server is running.
- The database backup process can take considerably longer than simply creating a database dump, but this method is necessary in the following situations:

- Backing up the database is not an available option.
- ° You need to migrate from one type of database to another. For example, MySQL to Oracle.
- ° You want a full export in a text form you can search with an editor.

Note: While it might not be feasible to run a full XML export on a regular basis (for example, nightly), it is much faster to export all data except jobs by using the --excludeJobs option. We recommend doing job-less exports if the system is active (running jobs). For more information about the ectool export command, see the "Using ectool and the ElectricFlow API" help topic in the ElectricFlow online help system.

Preparing for a Backup

Before you backup your ElectricFlow server:

- Make sure you have plenty of free space available because full database dumps and XML export files can be extremely large.
 - ° Compress database dumps if they are not compressed by default.
- Regularly perform maintenance such as, but not limited to:
 - Pruning job workspaces
 - Deleting or compressing ElectricFlow log files
 - Deleting unused projects and/or procedures

Note: You can use ElectricFlow to perform backups by creating a procedure that runs the database dump or export command.

Backing Up an ElectricFlow Server

Use the following procedure to back up your ElectricFlow server data. Review Preparing for a Backup on page 11-2 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following methods to back up your data:
 - ° Use a database-specific backup tool to create a database dump.
 - Use ectool export to create a complete XML database backup.

Note: For more information about database backup methods, see Data Backup Methods on page 11-1.

2. Save the passkey file located in one of these directories:

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows . When you restore your server, this passkey must be in place so ElectricFlow can decrypt passwords for user impersonation, LDAP, and the database connection.

- 3. Back up the plugins directory.
 - The plugins directory is stored in a server setting property (/server/settings/pluginsDirectory).
 - If the property does not exist, the server uses the default location, which is the plugins subdirectory in the data directory.
- 4. Back up the files containing your custom configurations and settings to ensure all important settings are saved.

- The default location for ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files is the conf subdirectory in the data directory.
- The default location for the Apache web server configuration files is the <code>apache/conf</code> subdirectory in the data directory.
- The default location for the local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, is the mysql subdirectory in the data directory.
- 5. Verify that your backup contains the following items:
 - Database dump and/or XML export
 - The passkey file
 - The contents of the plugins directory
 - Configuration files
 - Keystores

ElectricFlow Server Restores

This section describes common restore related procedures for recovering ElectricFlow data.

Preparing for a Restore

Before you attempt to restore an ElectricFlow server:

- You must have a backup of your source ElectricFlow server.
 - If you are restoring your data to the exact same database or the same database type (for example, from one MySQL database to another MySQL database on a different system), a database backup is sufficient.
 - ° If you are switching to a different database type, you will need an XML export.

Note: Any activity on the source server after the backup was created will not exist on the destination server.

• The destination system must have an ElectricFlow server already installed and running, and this server must be running the same version or newer version than the source server.

Restoring Your ElectricFlow Server

The following section contains various procedures for restoring ElectricFlow data. Review Preparing for a Restore on page 11-3 section before performing any of the following procedures.

Note: All ectool commands used in the following scenarios are fully documented in the ElectricFlow online help system. See the "Using ectool and the ElectricFlow API" help topic.

Restore the Same ElectricFlow Server and Database

Use the following procedure to restore your ElectricFlow server due to a catastrophic failure or unsuccessful upgrade.

- 1. Obtain a backup of the source system.
- 2. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server. For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 11-11 for platform-specific commands.

3. If you are using a database dump (where the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the backup into the destination database.

This will be done with a command specific to the database you are using.

- 4. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 5. If you are using an XML export file, use the ectool import command to import the data into the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 6. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 command to restart the destination server.

Keep the Same ElectricFlow Server but Switch the Database

Use the following procedure to restore your ElectricFlow server if you are doing one of these tasks:

- Switching from the built-in database installation to an external database.
- Upgrading to a higher performance system for the database.
- 1. Obtain a backup of the source system.
- 2. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server. For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 11-11 for platform-specific commands.
- 3. Stop and disable the original database.
- 4. If you are using a database backup (where the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the database dump into the destination database.

This will be done with a command specific to the database you are using.

- 5. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- Set the server database configuration to point to the new database. Point to the new database one of these ways:

See the "Database Configuration" help topic in the ElectricFlow web interface.

Use the ectool setDatabaseConfigurationcommand.

- 7. If you are using an XML export file, use the ectool import command to import the data into the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 8. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 command to restart the destination server.

Switch the ElectricFlow Server but Keep the Same Database

Before switching the server, be aware of the following:

- All files and directories copied to the Destination ElectricFlow Server should be owned by the user configured to run the ElectricFlow server daemon.
- Make sure that the host name of local agent is set to 127.0.0.1 using Cloud > Resources > Local> Resource Details.
- When you install ElectricFlow without a built-in database, you can configure the database only by using ectool.

Use the following procedure to restore ElectricFlow if you are upgrading to a higher performance ElectricFlow server system.

- 1. Make sure you have a backup of the source system.
- Check the IP Address System property by selecting Administration > Server > Settings on the old (source) ElectricFlow system.

This field is empty by default to enable dynamic connections between the ElectricFlow server and agents.

If the field is not empty, you must enter the IP address for the Destination ElectricFlow Server.

3. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 11-11 for platformspecific commands.

- 4. Stop and disable the source ElectricFlow server.
- 5. Copy the passkey and keystore files from the source ElectricFlow backup to the destination system in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows.
- 6. Copy the backed-up plugins to the destination system.

You may encounter one of these scenarios:

• If the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property does not exist, the server uses the default location (the plugins subdirectory in the data directory).

Copy the backed-up plugins to that directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a local directory valid on both systems.

Copy the backed-up plugins to the same directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a shared directory valid on both systems.

You do not need to do anything.

• The plugins are stored in a directory not accessible on the destination system.

This can happen

- If the source and destination systems have different operating systems (such as Windows to Linux).
- If the plugins directory on the source system is on a drive that does not exist on the destination system.

Copy the backed-up plugins to a new directory accessible to the destination system. When the server starts, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

- 7. If you use MySQL database, do these steps on destination system:
 - 1. Install MySql JDBC driver: http://docs.electric-cloud.com/commander_doc/4_2_ 6/HTML5/Install/Content/ec_install_guide/installing_ec/10MySQL%20Driver.htm.
 - Configure access to the ElectricFlow database user from the IP address or FQDN on the destination system.
- 8. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.

9. Because the ElectricFlow host changed, connect the ElectricFlow database to the new host:

On the command-line:

- 1. Use ectool setDatabaseConfiguration to specify a database configuration and set the -- ignoreServerMismatch option.
- 2. Use the following command to restart the destination server: ectool shutdownServer -- restart 1.

In the web interface, you should automatically be redirected to the Database Configuration page.

- 1. Enter the appropriate database configuration.
- 2. Select the Ignore server hostname mismatch check box.
- 3. Select Same instance on a new host.
- 4. Click Save and Restart.
- 10. If you copied the plugins directory to a directory that does not match the plugins directory on the source system:
 - 1. Set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to this new directory.

You can use the ectool setProperty command to set this value.

2. Restart the ElectricFlow server.

Switch Both the ElectricFlow Server and Database

Use the following procedure to restore ElectricFlow if you are upgrading to higher performance systems for both the ElectricFlow server and the database.

- 1. Make sure you have a backup of the source system.
- Check the IP Address System property by selecting Administration > Server > Settings on the old ElectricFlow system.

This field is empty by default to enable dynamic connections between the ElectricFlow server and agents.

If the field is not empty, you must enter the IP address for the new ElectricFlow server.

3. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 11-11 for platform-specific commands.

- 4. Stop and disable the source ElectricFlow server.
- 5. Stop and disable the original database.
- 6. Copy the passkey file from the backup to the destination system (in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows).

7. Copy the backed-up plugins to the destination system.

You may encounter one of these scenarios:

• If the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property does not exist, the server uses the default location (the plugins subdirectory in the data directory).

Copy the backed-up plugins to that directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a local directory valid on both systems.

Copy the backed-up plugins to the same directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a shared directory valid on both systems.

You do not need to do anything.

• The plugins are stored in a directory not accessible on the destination system.

This can happen:

- If the source and destination systems have different operating systems (such as Windows to Linux).
- If the plugins directory on the source system is on a drive that does not exist on the destination system.

Copy the backed-up plugins to a new directory accessible to the destination system. When the server starts, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

8. If you are using a database backup (where the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the database dump into the destination database.

This operation is completed with a command specific to the database you are using.

- 9. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 10. Because we have replaced the passkey, the database password is no longer valid. You need to reset the database password (default: commander) and ignore the passkey mismatch either from the command-line or the web interface.
 - On the command-line, use ectool setDatabaseConfiguration to specify the password and set the --ignoreServerMismatch and --ignorePasskeyMismatch options.
 - In the web interface, you should automatically be redirected to the **Database Configuration** page. Enter the database password and select the **ignore invalid passkey** check box.
- 11. If you are using an XML export file, use the ectool import command to import the data into the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 12. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 to restart the destination server.
- 13. If you copied the plugins directory to a directory that does not match the plugins directory on the source system, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to this new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

You can use the ectool setProperty command to set this value.

Create a Clone of the ElectricFlow Server and the Database

Use the following procedure to restore your ElectricFlow server if you are setting up a production-like environment for testing.

- 1. Make sure you have a backup of the source system.
- Check the IP Address System property by selecting Administration > Server > Settings on the old ElectricFlow system.

This field is empty by default to enable dynamic connections between the ElectricFlow server and agents.

If the field is not empty, you must enter the IP address for the new ElectricFlow server.

3. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 11-11 for platform-specific commands.

- 4. Copy the passkey file from the backup to the destination system)(in one of these directories: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows).
- 5. Copy the backed-up plugins to the destination system.

You may encounter one of these scenarios:

• If the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property does not exist, the server uses the default location (the plugins subdirectory in the data directory).

Copy the backed-up plugins to that directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a local directory valid on both systems.

Copy the backed-up plugins to the same directory on the destination system.

The plugins are stored in a shared directory valid on both systems.

You do not need to do anything.

• The plugins are stored in a directory not accessible on the destination system.

This can happen:

- If the source and destination systems have different operating systems (such as Windows to Linux).
- If the plugins directory on the source system is on a drive that does not exist on the destination system.

Copy the backed-up plugins to a new directory accessible to the destination system. When the server starts, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

6. If you are using a database backup (the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the database dump into the destination database.

This operation is completed with a command specific to the database you are using.

- 7. If you are using a database backup, disable schedules, resources, or both on both servers.
 - Two servers should never *talk* to the same agent. The two servers share the same identity because they share exact copies of the database.
 - Disabling schedules prevents jobs from launching unexpectedly.
 - Disabling resources prevents scheduled or manually launched jobs from running on production agents. This operation is completed with a command specific to the database you are using.
- 8. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 9. Because we have replaced the passkey, the database password is no longer valid. You need to reset the database password (default: commander) and ignore the passkey mismatch either from the command-line or the web interface.
 - On the command-line, use ectool setDatabaseConfiguration to specify the password and set the --ignoreServerMismatch and --ignorePasskeyMismatch options.
 - In the web interface, you should automatically be redirected to the Database Configuration
 page. Enter the database password and select the ignore invalid passkey check box.
- 11. If you are using an XML export file, disable schedules, resources, or both on both servers.
 - Two servers should never "talk" to the same agent. The two servers share the same identity because they share exact copies of the database.
 - Disabling schedules prevents jobs from being launched unexpectedly.
 - Disabling resources prevents scheduled or manually launched from running on production agents.

Disable the schedules and resources one of these ways:

- Modify the import file by replacing <resourceDisabled>0</resourceDisabled> with <resourceDisabled>1</resourceDisabled>.
- Use the ectool import command with the --disableSchedules flag turned on to disable schedules.
- 12. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 command to restart the destination server.
- 13. If you copied the plugins directory to a directory that does not match the plugins directory from the source system, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

You can use the ectool setProperty command to set this value.

Switching to an Alternate Database

If you did not deselect the "database" check box during installation, you can switch to another database at any time. You can use this procedure to switch from the built-in database or to switch from the current alternate database to a different alternate database.

IMPORTANT: If you are using two different ElectricFlow servers, they cannot point to the same database.

Use this procedure to configure a new database and migrate the existing data.

1. Export your data by entering the following command:

```
ectool export <filename> --compress 1
```

IMPORTANT: If running the export on an active system, do not include jobs in the export.

- Set the database configuration using the web interface or ectool. For more information, see Configuring ElectricFlow to Use an Alternate Database on page 5-3.
- 3. Restart the ElectricFlow server by entering the following command:

ectool shutdownServer --restart 1

4. Import your data by entering the following command:

ectool import <filename> --force 1

Apache Web Server or Agent Certificates

By default, ElectricFlow generates a temporary self-signed certificate during web server installation. This certificate is used whenever a browser makes an HTTPS connection to the Apache server. Because the certificate is self-signed, browsers will generate untrusted certificate messages. To prevent these types of warnings, you must generate a new Apache web server or agent certificate signed by a recognized certificate authority (CA).

IMPORTANT: Before performing any of the following procedures, back up the <code>\$DATA_DIRECTORY/conf</code> and <code>\$DATA_DIRECTORY/apache/conf</code> directories.

Generating a CA Request

Use the following procedure to generate a CA request.

- 1. Locate the DATA_DIRECTORY directory for your platform. The default directory locations are:
 - Linux /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
 - Windows 2008 or Windows 7 C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander
- 2. Locate the appropriate certificate signing request file generated during installation:
 - Agent-\$DATA_DIRECTORY/conf/agent.csr
 - Web Server \$DATA DIRECTORY/apache/conf/server.csr

- 3. (Optional) Update server.csr with custom SSL configuration data.
 - Edit the file \$DATA_DIRECTORY/apache/conf/serverssl.cnf to add your custom configuration data.
 - From the \$DATA DIRECTORY/apache/conf, run this command:

openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr -config serverssl

Sending the CA Request

Send the server.csr (or 'agent.csr') file to a certificate authority to sign the certificate. The CA verifies the information inside and sends you a signed certificate in response. The signed certificate includes the original certificate and the CA signature.

Installing the Signed Certificate

Use the following procedure to install a signed certificate:

- 1. Replace the existing certificate in the DATA_DIRECTORY directory with the new signed certificate you received from the CA. The signed certificate file should be placed in one of the following locations:
 - Agent \$DATA_DIRECTORY/conf/agent.crt
 - Web Server \$DATA_DIRECTORY/apache/conf/server.crt
- Restart the agent and/or Apache services.

Using chkconfig

chkconfig is a simple command-line tool for maintaining the /etc/rc[0-6].d directory hierarchy. This tool relieves system administrators from the task of directly manipulating numerous symbolic links in those directories. The Linux chkconfig command can be used to manipulate ElectricFlow services running on UNIX platforms.

chkconfig - updates and queries runlevel information for system services

```
chkconfig --list [name]
chkconfig --add name
chkconfig --del name
chkconfig [--level levels] name <on|off|reset>
chkconfig [--level levels] name
```

Examples

```
(list current settings for the local ElectricFlow repository service)
/sbin/chkconfig commanderRepository --list
commanderRepository 0:off 1:off 2:off 3:on 4:off 5:on 6:off
```

(disable autostart on reboot)
/sbin/chkconfig commanderRepository off
/sbin/chkconfig commanderRepository --list
commanderRepository 0:off 1:off 2:off 3:off 4:off 5:off 6:off

Note: For every service, each runlevel has either a "start" script or a "stop" script. When switching runlevels, init will not restart an already-started service, and will not re-stop a service that is not running.

Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually

ElectricFlow servers and agents need to be manually stopped and started during administrative maintenance, upgrades, third party software installs, or system maintenance.

Stop All ElectricFlow Agent Services

To stop all ElectricFlow agent services, choose one of the following options:

- For Windows:
 - a. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
 - b. Stop "ElectricFlow Agent".
- From a command line, enter sc stop CommanderAgent
- For UNIX / Mac: using a shell, logged in as root, enter one of the following commands:
 - Linux /etc/init.d/commanderAgent stop
 - Solaris-/etc/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
 - HP-UX-/sbin/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
 - Mac-launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/ecmdrAgent.plist

Stop All ElectricFlow Server Services

To stop all ElectricFlow server services, choose one of the following options:

- For Windows:
 - a. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
 - b. Stop "ElectricFlow Server".
 - c. Stop "ElectricFlow Web Server".
 - d. Stop "ElectricFlow Database" (if it exists).
 - e. Stop "ElectricFlow Repository Server".
- From a command line, enter:
 - a. sc stop CommanderServer
 - b. sc stop CommanderApache
 - c. sc stop CommanderMySQL (if it exists)
 - d. sc stop CommanderRepository
- For Linux: using a shell, logged in as root, enter:
 - a. /etc/init.d/commanderServer stop
 - b. /etc/init.d/commanderApache stop
 - c. /etc/init.d/commanderMySQL stop (if it exists)
 - d. /etc/init.d/commanderRepository stop

Start All ElectricFlow Agent Services

To start all ElectricFlow agent services, choose one of the following options:

• For Windows:

- a. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- b. Start "ElectricFlow Agent".
- From a command line, enter sc start CommanderAgent
- For UNIX / Mac: using a shell, logged in as root, enter one of the following commands:
 - Linux /etc/init.d/commanderAgent start
 - Solaris /etc/init.d/ecmdrAgent start
 - HP-UX-/sbin/init.d/ecmdrAgent start"
 - Mac-launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/ecmdrAgent.plist

Start All ElectricFlow Server Services

To start all ElectricFlow server services, choose one of the following options:

- For Windows:
 - a. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
 - b. Start "ElectricFlow Database" (if it exists).
 - c. Start "ElectricFlow Server".
 - d. Start "ElectricFlow Web Server".
 - e. Start "ElectricFlow Repository Server".
- From a command line, enter:
 - a. sc start CommanderMySQL (if it exists)
 - b. sc start CommanderServer
 - C. sc start CommanderApache
 - d. sc start CommanderRepository
- For Linux: using a shell, logged on as root, enter:
 - a. /etc/init.d/commanderMySQL start (if it exists)
 - b. /etc/init.d/commanderServer start
 - C. /etc/init.d/commanderApache start
 - $d. \ /\texttt{etc/init.d/commanderRepository start}$

Log File Locations

The following information is for default "run time" log locations.

Agent Logs

Platform	Default Path
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs\agent
Windows 7	

Platform	Default Path
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs

Note: Agent logs "roll over" periodically so individual logs do not grow too large and older logs are deleted. Roll-over parameters are configurable in conf/logback.xml and conf/agent.conf.

Server Logs

Platform	Default Path
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs
Windows 7	
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs

Note: Server logs "roll over" periodically so individual logs do not grow too large and older logs are deleted. Roll-over parameters are configurable in conf/logback.xml and conf/agent.conf.

Web Server Logs

Platform	Default Path
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\logs
Windows 7	
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/apache/logs

Repository Server Logs

Platform	Default Path
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs\repository
Windows 7	
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/repository

Installer Logs

Platform	Default Path
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs
Windows 7	
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs

Web Interface Online Help System

Open the ElectricFlow online help system for more information. Click the **Help** link in the top-right corner of any product web page to see a help topic for that page.

When the help system opens, We recommend reviewing the Help table of contents. All Help folders above the Web Interface Help folder are user-guide style help topics that provide more detailed information on each of their subjects.

If you generally prefer to use a command-line tool rather than the ElectricFlow web interface, you will find complete ectool (the ElectricFlow command-line tool) and API (perl script) commands and options within the online help system too.

Chapter 12: Troubleshooting

This chapter contains troubleshooting procedures for some of the more common issues you might experience during the ElectricFlow installation process. More troubleshooting information can be found in ElectricFlow Knowledge Base articles located at https://electriccloud.zendesk.com/forums/.

ElectricFlow Server is Unresponsive and Displays an OutOfMemory Error

Description:

The ElectricFlow server becomes unresponsive and displays an OutOfMemory error message that states that the server is out of PermGen space. This message occurs when the server is not configured properly for a 64-bit JVM.

Workaround:

Change a setting in wrapper.conf.

- 1. Locate the wrapper.conf file.
 - The file to edit on Linux is:

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/wrapper.conf

• The file to edit on Windows is:

<ElectricCommander data dir>/conf/wrapper.conf

• On Windows 7 or 2008, the DATA_DIRECTORY is typically:

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander

2. Add the following line to the end of the existing "wrapper.java.additional" section, being careful to use the next consecutive number.

In the following example, 7 was the last pre-existing sequence number in this section.

wrapper.java.additional.8=-XX:MaxPermSize=128m

Note: We recommend setting the Java MaxPermSize to a number greater than the default (which is 84m) on an 64-bit ElectricFlow server (java) installation.

3. After the file has been edited, restart the server to utilize the new value:

- On Linux:/etc/init.d/commanderServer restart
- On Windows: use "Services"

Windows PHP Does not Handle Time Zones Correctly

Description

PHP does not handle certain operating system time zones correctly on a Windows system. If the web server is running on a machine set for one of these time zones, users connected to that web server will see all times displayed as UTC times, instead of the web server time zone.

Workaround:

In the config.php file, you musr explicitly set the PHP "timezone_identifier".

To set the timezone:

1. Edit the following file.

```
C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\htdocs\commander\config.php
```

2. Add the following line anywhere between the opening and closing PHP tags:

```
date_default_timezone_set("<timezone_identifier>");
```

For example:

To set the timezone for Taipei, you would add: date default timezone set ("Asia/Taipei");

Note: For a complete "List of Supported Timezones", see http://us2.php.net/manual/en/timezones.php

ElectricFlow Server Certificate Fails Security Scan

Description:

You might need to replace the ElectricFlow server certificate if it fails the security scan. There are three relevant configuration entries in the server/conf/commander.properties file:

```
COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT=8443
COMMANDER_KEYSTORE=file:conf/keystore
COMMANDER KEYSTORE PASSWORD=abcdef
```

Where:

- COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT configures the SSL port
- COMMANDER_KEYSTORE is the location of the java keystore where the ElectricFlow HTTP server finds its host certificate
- COMMANDER_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD is the password to the keystore

Workaround:

Follow these steps to generate and inject a self-signed certificate for 1 year.

- 1. Back up the keystore file.
- 2. Delete the original key.

user@USER /cygdrive/c/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/conf

\$ "c:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/jre/bin/keytool" -delete -a lias jetty -keystore keystore -keypass passkey Enter keystore password: abcdef

3. Generate and inject a new certificate.

user@USER /cygdrive/c/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/conf \$ "c:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/jre/bin/keytool" -keystore keystore -alias jetty -genkey -keyalg RSA -sigalg MD5withRSA -validity 365 Enter keystore password: abcdef What is your first and last name? [Unknown]: localhost What is the name of your organizational unit? [Unknown]: <Enter> What is the name of your organization? [Unknown]: <Enter> What is the name of your City or Locality? [Unknown]: <Enter> What is the name of your State or Province? [Unknown]: <Enter> What is the two-letter country code for this unit? [Unknown]: <Enter> Is CN=localhost, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown correc + ? [no]: yes Enter key password for <jetty> (RETURN if same as keystore password): <Enter>

4. Restart the server.

Your new certificate will look similar to this:

```
user@USER /cygdrive/c/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/conf
$ "c:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/jre/bin/keytool" -list -v -
keystore keystore orig -keypass passkey
Enter keystore password: abcdef
Keystore type: JKS
Keystore provider: SUN
Your keystore contains 1 entry
Alias name: jetty
Creation date: Jan 31, 2012
Entry type: PrivateKeyEntry
Certificate chain length: 1
Certificate[1]:
Owner: CN=localhost, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown
Issuer: CN=localhost, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown
Serial number: 4f28603f
Valid from: Tue Jan 31 13:42:23 PST 2012 until: Wed Jan 30 13:42:23 PST 2013
Certificate fingerprints:
```

Linux Upgrade Breaks Symbolic Links

Description:

When using the Linux installer to perform an upgrade, you might encounter problems moving broken symbolic links. You might see errors that begin with a line similar to, "could not read "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/workspace/FileOperationsLinux-LocalMove-7689/fileSymLink": no such file or directory".

Workaround:

Manually remove the file and rerun the installer if you encounter these types of errors.

Chapter 13: Installing ElectricFlow Agents

This document describes how to install 32-bit and 64-bit ElectricFlow agents on Windows and Linux. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. It executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Graphical User Interface Installation Methods

The graphical user interface installation methods are supported by Windows platforms and Linux platforms running the X Window System.

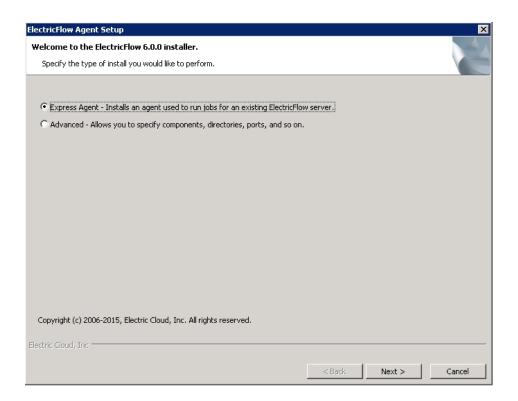
Running an Express Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. You can install a 32-bit agent or a 64-bit agent. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> file (for a 32-bit agent) or the ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> file (for a 64-bit agent).

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.



Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options might appear on a Linux system.

2. Select the Express Agent installation option, and then click Next to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
Remote ElectricFlow server Specify an existing ElectricFlow server	and what you would like to retrieve from it.	
Server Host Name ElectricFlow User Name admin Password	 ✓ Discover the plugins directory ✓ Create a resource ✓ Trusted (restrict to one server) Resource Name ✓ vilyaVM5-w2k8 ✓ Create a repository Repository Name ✓ VilyaVM5-w2k8 ✓ Create in default zone Agent Gateway URL ✓ Zone Name 	
Electric Cloud, Inc	< Back Next >	Cancel

- 3. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.
 - Server Host Name Use this field to enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. If the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port, you must specify the Server Host Name as host:port.
 - ElectricFlow User Name Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory Select this check box if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9

- **Create a resource** Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.
- Trusted Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name** Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- Create in default zone Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.

- Agent Gateway URL Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 4. Click Next to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Agent service account			A
Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.			Contraction of the local division of the loc
User Name			
build			
Password			
Domain - Leave blank for local users			
Use the local system account			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
tanoon no sanoona ji ar no			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 5. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the $\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log$ directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

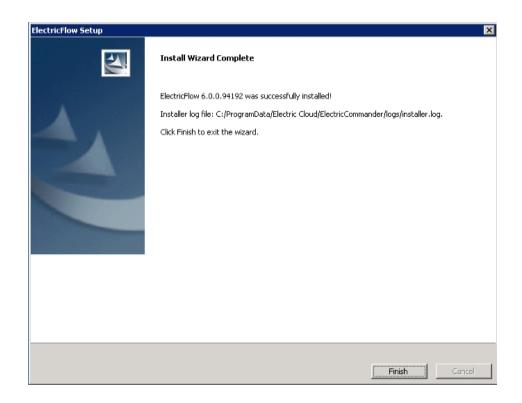
- **Group Name** Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 6. Click Next to continue.

The Ready to Install Screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Ready to install	
Review the settings before beginning the install.	
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the install.	
Components: Agent, Tools	<u>^</u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander	
Agent settings: Port: 7800	
Service account: build	
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back Next >	Cancel

- 7. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if necessary.
- 8. Click Next to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes.



9. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Running an Advanced Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. You can install a 32-bit agent or a 64-bit agent. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

1. Double-click the ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> file (for a 32-bit agent) or the ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> file (for a 64-bit agent).

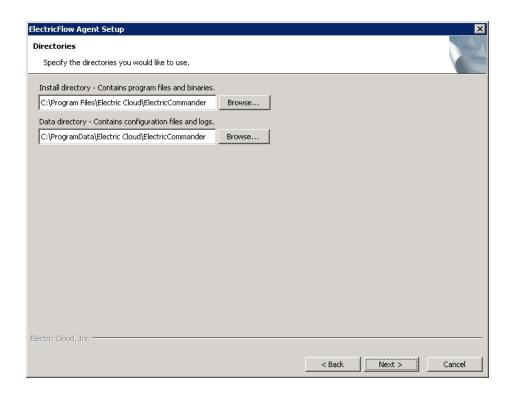
The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

ElectricFlow Agent Setup			×
Welcome to the ElectricFlow 6.0.0 installer.			
Specify the type of install you would like to perform.			Contraction of the local division of the loc
© Express Agent - Installs an agent used to run jobs for an existing ElectricFlow	Corvor		
	SELVEL		
igodot Advanced - Allows you to specify components, directories, ports, and so on.			
Convicts (a) 2020 2015. Electric Cloud Teor All statistics and			
Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
LICCHE STORY THE			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options might appear on a Linux system.

2. Select the Advanced Agent installation option, and then click Next to continue.

The Directories screen appears.



- 3. Complete the following information on the Directories screen.
 - **Install directory** Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.
 - **Data directory** Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.
- 4. Click Next to continue.

The Ports screen appears.

ElectricFlow Agent Setup			×
Ports			1
Specify the ports you would like to use.			
Agent Port			
7800			
Agent Local Port			
6800			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 5. Complete the following information on the Ports screen.
 - Agent port Use this field to specify a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.
 - **Agent local port** Use this field to specify a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
- 6. Click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Remote ElectricFlow server Specify an existing ElectricFlow server a	and what you would like to retrieve from it.
Server Host Name ElectricFlow User Name admin Password	Discover the plugins directory Create a resource Trusted (restrict to one server) Resource Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 Create a repository Repository Name vilyaVM5-w2k8 Create in default zone Agent Gateway URL Zone Name
Electric Cloud, Inc	< Back Next > Cancel

- 7. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.
 - Server Host Name Use this field to enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. If the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port, you must specify the Server Host Name as host:port.
 - ElectricFlow User Name Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password** Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory Select this check box if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9

- Create a resource Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.
- Trusted Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- Resource Name Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- Create in default zone Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.

- Agent Gateway URL Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 8. Click Next to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup			×
Agent service account			
Specify the account you would like the agent service to run as.			
User Name			
build			
Password			
Domain - Leave blank for local users			
Use the local system account			
Electric Cloud, Inc			
		1	1
	< Back	Next >	Cancel

- 9. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the $\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log$ directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain** Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electriccloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- Use the local system account Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account cannot access network resources such as shared filesystems used for plugins or workspaces.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - User Name Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

- **Group Name** Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 10. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.
- 11. Click Next to continue.

The Ready to Install Screen appears.

ElectricFlow Setup	×
Ready to install	1
Review the settings before beginning the install.	
If you want to change any settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin the install.	
Components: Agent, Tools	<u>^</u>
Install directory: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander Data directory: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander	
Agent settings: Port: 7800	
Service account: build	
() ()	
Electric Cloud, Inc	
< Back Next >	Cancel

- 12. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if necessary.
- 13. Click Next to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes.

ElectricFlow Setup		×
	Install Wizard Complete	
	ElectricFlow 6.0.0.94192 was successfully installed!	
	Installer log file: C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/logs/installer.log.	
	Click Finish to exit the wizard.	
	Finish Cance	۶I

14. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Interactive Command-Line Installation Methods

The interactive command-line installation methods are only supported for Linux-only installs on a local Linux volume. Electric Cloud does not support installing the ElectricFlow server on a network volume.

Note: You might install ElectricFlow agent software on Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, Mac, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method on page 13-23.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter: ./ElectricFlowAgent-<version
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter: ./ElectricFlow--<version> --mode console

The software displays the following message.

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]

- 3. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for pre-existing
ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

- 7. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - ° If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

IMPORTANT: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [n/Y]

7. Enter y to create the agent in the default zone.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the host:port of a remote ElectricFlow server the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. [] <hostName:port>

8. Enter the Server Host Name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. You must specify the Server Host Name as hostName:port if the remote server is using a non-default HTTP port.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user name with which to login to <hostName:port>. [admin]

9. Enter the user name of a user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. The default is the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the password for "<electricflow user>" on <hostName:port>. []

10. Enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the name of the resource to create on <hostName:port>. [<resource name>]

- 11. Enter the following information if the agent must be registered as a trusted agent. These options only appear if you entered y for Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N].
 - a. Enter a resource name to use on the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the agent gateway URL in the form of 'ipOrHostname:port' []

b. Enter an agent gateway URL. This is the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the zone name for the agent and/or repository []

c. Enter the Zone Name. This is the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

12. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the *\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log* directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

13. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> (for a 64-bit agent).
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-x86-<version> --mode console (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode console (for a 64-bit agent).

The software displays the following message.

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This will install ElectricFlow Agent on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]

- 3. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

• If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? $\left[n/Y\right]$

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for pre-existing
ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for rest or development systems.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a

data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

- 7. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - ° If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

IMPORTANT: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

7. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

8. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Advanced Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> (for a 64-bit agent).
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-x86-<version> --mode console (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode console (for a 64-bit agent).

The software displays the following message.

Copyright (c) 2006-2015, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

```
This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

2. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]

- 3. Enter: advanced.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]

5. Enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the data directory (for configuration files and logs). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]

6. Enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the agent port. [7800]

7. Enter a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the agent local port. [6800]

8. Enter a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

9. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party

integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This
option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for pre-existing
ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

- 11. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - ° If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

IMPORTANT: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

11. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the $\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log$ directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

12. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer) When the Server Uses Registered and Concurrent Licenses

Use this procedure when the ElectricFlow server uses a mix of registered and concurrent licenses.

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-5 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the installer:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> (for a 64-bit agent).
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-x86-<version> -- mode console (for a 32-bit agent) or ./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode console (for a 64-bit agent).

The software displays the following message.

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This will install ElectricFlow Agent on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]

2. Enter y to continue the installation.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 3. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

 If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the 32-bit libraries required for ElectricFlow to run correctly are not installed, the software displays the following messages.

Warning: In the future, you may need to allocate up to 3265.0 MB of additional space in "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander".

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686 . They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? [n/Y]

4. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed.

Note: If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. We recommend that you
allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party
integrations, or third-party tools.

IMPORTANT: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-9.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

6. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for *pre-existing* ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

IMPORTANT: Gateways *may be* run without trusted agents. However, we strong recommend that you use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.

- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.

7. Enter n if you are installing the ElectricFlow Community Edition.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [y/n]

8. Enter y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the host:port of a remote ElectricFlow server that the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. []

9. Enter the <host:port>.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user name with which to login to "<host:port>". [admin]

10. Enter admin.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the password for "admin" on "<host:port>". []

11. Enter a password.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the name of the resource to create on "<host:port>". []

12. Enter a resource name.

The software displays the following message.

Specify resource type for remote server: Registered or Concurrent. []

13. Enter Registered.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the user the agent will run as. []

14. Enter a user name.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the group the agent will run as. []

15. Enter a group name.

This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine.

When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Non-Server Platform Agent Installation Method

To install agents and tools on machines that are not supported ElectricFlow server platforms, you must use the appropriate UNIX installer instead of the ./ElectricFlow-<version> installer file. For more information about supported agent platforms, see Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-11.

You must use the commander_<OStype>.bin file to install the ElectricFlow agent software on a Solaris, HP-UX, or Mac OS agent machine. You can find copies of the various agent UNIX installers on the Electric Cloud FTP site.

Installing Agents with the UNIX Installer

Use the commander_<Ostype>.bin file to install the ElectricFlow agent software on a Solaris, HP-UX, or Mac OS agent machine.

- 1. Obtain a copy of commander_<OStype>.bin
- 2. Log in as root.
- 3. Run chmod +x ./commander_<*OStype*>.bin to ensure the installer is executable.
- 4. Run ./commander <ostype>.bin to begin the ElectricFlow agent installation on a UNIX machine.

Where <OStype> is the agent platform.

The following information is displayed.

Checking installer integrity, please wait... ElectricCommander 6.0.0.94439 for Linux Installer Copyright 2006-2015 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

Press CTRL-C to exit at any time.

Press Enter to accept default settings.

log file: /tmp/commander_install_20150713_151337.log
This suite installer can install several different product options.
Note: The default is to install everything.
Which products would you like to install (agent, tools): agent

5. Enter: agent

Note: When you enter the "agent" option, an agent and tools will be installed.

6. Press Enter to begin the ElectricFlow UNIX agent installation.

The following information is displayed.

Installing agent and tools.

Where would you like the software to be installed? NOTE: The destination should NOT be an nfs filesystem. If no directory is specified, by default an "electricCloud" directory is created in /opt. Enter destination directory (default is /opt): <directory path>

7. Enter the destination directory path.

The following information is displayed.

Enter a pre-existing user to own installed agent files and run agent processes:

8. Enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the <code>\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log</code> directory.

The following information is displayed.

Enter a pre-existing group to own installed agent files and run agent processes:

9. Enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The following information is displayed.

```
Enter the agent port (default is 7800):
```

- 10. Accept the default port or specify a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.
- 11. Press Enter to start the agent software installation.

When the installation is complete, the following information is displayed.

OK: Installation successful!

UNIX Agent Silent Installation

The UNIX installers also have a command-line interface for unattended (silent) installations. You can specify configuration options on the command line or in a configuration file.

UNIX Silent Installation Command Arguments

The following table lists the arguments for running a silent install with the UNIX installer.

-d	This option causes the installer to operate in silent mode. The default installation options will be used unless overridden in a configuration file or on the command line.
-f	This option forces the installer to remove and replace any existing files in the destination directory. This option does <i>not</i> uninstall the previous version, it completely removes the directory and writes a new one. For upgrades, see Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.
config	This option can be used to specify a file containing configuration variables and values.

Running a Silent UNIX Installation

Use the following procedure to run a silent UNIX installation.

• Enter the following command to begin a silent install:

```
commander_<OStype>.bin -q <arguments>
```

Where:

- *<OStype>* is the agent platform.
- *<arguments>* represents any additional silent install arguments you add to the command.

The following example command-line string uses a configuration file to override default values on a silent install:

commander_sun4u_SunOS.bin -q -f --config myconfig

Example Configuration File Parameters

The following examples are parameter values to use for an unattended (silent) installation configuration file.

Agent Install Parameters

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=agent
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
AGENT_USER_TO_RUN_AS=(user for agent files and processes)
AGENT_GROUP_TO_RUN_AS=(group for agent)
EC_AGENT_PORT=(agent port number)
```

Tools Install Parameters

EC_INSTALL_TYPE=tools DESTINATION_DIR="/opt" USER_TO_RUN_AS="user" GROUP_TO_RUN_AS="group"

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