

ElectricFlow 8.4 Installation Guide

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ElectricFlow version 8.4

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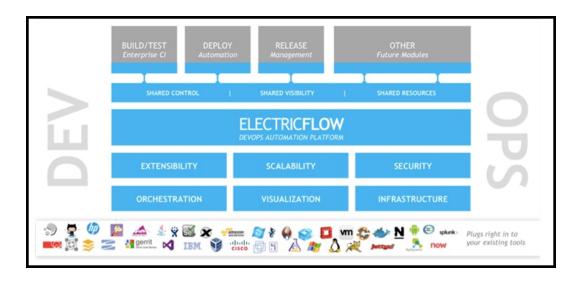
Chapter 1: Introduction to ElectricFlow

ElectricFlow® (including the ElectricFlow Platform, formerly known as ElectricCommander) accelerates the continuous delivery of software and makes software delivery processes more repeatable, visible, scalable, and efficient. It provides domain-specific capabilities to automate the build, test, package, deploy, and release processes across many delivery pipelines.

ElectricFlow is built on a powerful proven automation platform that natively integrates domain-specific capabilities for enterprise-level continuous delivery. The automation platform gives distributed DevOps teams shared control and visibility into infrastructure, tool chains, and processes. It accelerates and automates the software delivery process and enables agility, availability, predictability, and security across many build-test, deployment, and release pipelines.

The following diagram shows how ElectricFlow provides build/test, deploy, and release automation.

- ElectricFlow provides automation, management, and visibility of the build, test, deploy, and release processes by
 - · Automating any workflows and pipelines.
 - Modeling and deploying one application for more than one use case.
 - Deploying all, some, or specific versions of artifacts in an application.
 - Keeping track of changes to tracked objects including applications, artifacts, jobs, resources, and workflows, referred to as Change Tracking.
 - Optimizing how resources are used in dynamic environments.
- ElectricFlow uses a process model to connect applications to environments.
- You create and manage resources, artifacts, projects, workflows, and procedures to support deployment and pipeline automation.



Unique Functionality

ElectricFlow is the most scalable solution on the market. Only ElectricFlow provides enterprise-class scalability for build and release management. It is easy to install and use on a simple build, yet scales to support the largest and most complex build and test processes. The ElectricFlow multi-threaded Java server provides efficient synchronization even under high job volume.

Facilities provided by ElectricFlow:

Complete end-to-end software deployment solution

Automates standard deployment processes across your enterprise. You can select the components of the working applications in your software environment.

· Workflow functionality

Use Workflows to design and manage processes at a higher level than individual jobs. Workflows allow you to combine procedures into processes to create build-test-deploy lifecycles (for example). A workflow contains states and transitions you define to provide complete control over your workflow process. The ElectricFlow Workflow feature allows you to define an unlimited range of large or small lifecycle combinations to meet your needs.

• Continuous Integration Manager (CI Manager)

This feature provides a front-end user interface for creating, managing, and monitoring continuous integration builds. The CI Manager dashboard provides:

- · Visually see your running builds, build progress, build status, and historical build outcomes.
- Easily accessed "Actions" to configure a continuous integration build.
- Quick configuration of your preferred SCM system.
- A project can contain any number of continuous integration builds, depending on the work you have already set up for your procedures/steps to perform.

· Resource management

If a resource is over committed, ElectricFlow delays some jobs until others have finished with the resource. You can define pools of equivalent resources and ElectricFlow balances the load across the pool.

Access control

Users log into the system and ElectricFlow uses their information to control activities. Privileges can be set for individuals or groups to ensure the security you need.

Preflight Build functionality

Developers can build and test code changes in isolation on their local machines before those changes are committed to a production build.

· Search, sort, and filter functions

Minimize the display of information that is of no interest to you, and quickly retrieve the information you need.

Detailed job information

ElectricFlow records a variety of information about each job. You can view jobs and see step run times, successes, and failures.

Email notifications

Get important information or data to individuals or groups immediately and on a regular basis for a particular job or a specific job aspect.

Powerful and flexible reporting facilities

Various statistics such as the number of compiles or test errors are collected after each step and recorded in the ElectricFlow database. A variety of reports can be generated from this information.

· Artifact management

Use artifacts to improve performance across builds, provide better reusability of components, and improve cross-team collaboration with greater traceability. For example, instead of each developer repeatedly downloading third-party packages from external source, these components can be published and versioned as an artifact. A developer then simply retrieves a specific artifact version from a local repository, guaranteeing a consistent package from build to build.

ElectricFlow command-line tool

All ElectricFlow features are available from a command-line tool (ectool), a Perl API (ec-perl), and a web interface.

Plugin capability

ElectricFlow has an extensible UI which enables easy development of plugins. You can integrate with other tools, use custom dashboards, and create unique user experiences based on roles.

Workspaces

ElectricFlow creates a workspace for each job. A workspace is a disk area jobs can use for storage.

· Data models based on properties

Properties are used to store job input data such as the source code branch to use for the build, to collect data during a job (such as number of errors or warnings), and to annotate the job after it completes (for example, a build has passed QA).

· Zones and gateways

A zone (or top-level network) is a way to partition a collection of agents to secure them from use by other groups. A gateway is a secured connection between two zones when you want to share or transfer information to another zone. For example, you might want a developers zone and a test zone. The ElectricFlow server is a member of the default zone, created during ElectricFlow installation.

Note: The ElectricFlow server is a member of the default zone (created during ElectricFlow installation) and must be able to reach every remote zone via a gateway or a gateway chain. To ensure that the default zone can reach remote zones, do not rename it.

Challenges Solved by ElectricFlow

Traditional software build processes face the following challenges:

- Wasted time on script-intensive, manual, home-grown systems
 These systems are error prone, do not scale well, and have little or no management visibility or reporting.
- Multiple, disconnected build and test systems across locations
 Disconnected build and test systems result in redundant work and the inability to share/reuse code files across teams, making it painful to manage build and test data.
- Slow overall build and release cycles
 Slow cycle times directly impact release predictability and time-to-market.

ElectricFlow addresses these problems with a three-tier architecture, AJAX-powered web interface, and first-of-its-kind build and release analytic capabilities for reporting and compliance. With this solution, your developers, release engineers, build managers, QA teams, and managers gain:

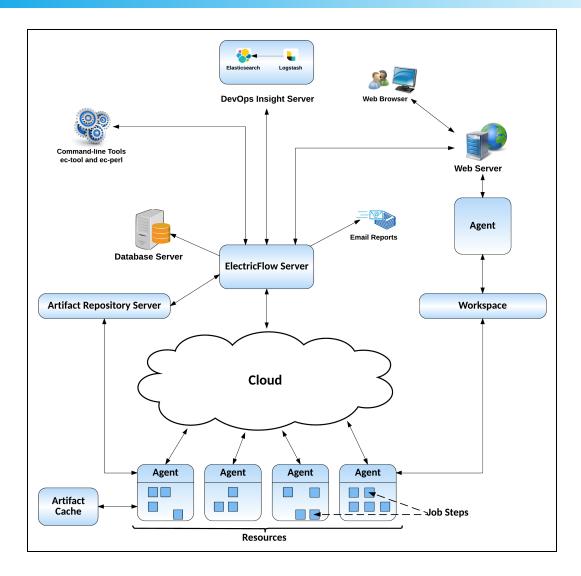
- A shared platform for disseminating best practices and reusing common procedures
- · The ability to support geographically distributed teams
- Continuous integration and greater agility
- · Faster throughput and more efficient hardware utilization
- · Visibility and reporting for better project predictability
- Better software quality by integrating and validating against all target platforms and configurations

Architecture

ElectricFlow was architected from the ground up to support enterprise scale software production. Based on a three-tier architecture, ElectricFlow scales to handle large, complex environments. ElectricFlow's multi-threaded Java server provides efficient synchronization even under high job volume.

Local Configuration

The following diagram shows an ElectricFlow architecture configuration at a single site.



In the local configuration:

- The ElectricFlow server manages resources, issues commands, generates reports.
- · An underlying database stores commands and metadata.
- Agents execute commands, monitor status, and collect results, in parallel across a cluster of servers for rapid throughput.

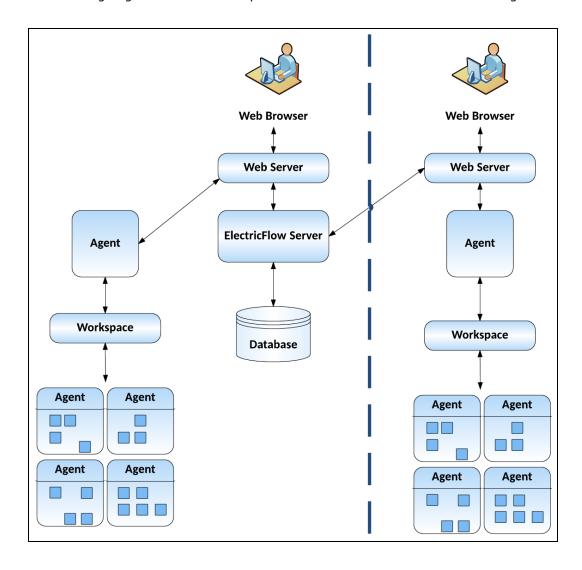
For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you install the database on a separate machine from the ElectricFlow server to prevent performance issues. It is acceptable for the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server to reside on the same machine in a local configuration, but not required. If you are only evaluating ElectricFlow, the ElectricFlow software, the database, the ElectricFlow server, the web server, and the repository server can reside on the same machine.

For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you install the DevOps Insight server on a system other than systems running other ElectricFlow components (such as the ElectricFlow

server, web server, repository server, or agent). If you must install it on the same system (such as for testing or other nonproduction or trial-basis situations only), see Running the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components on page 3-9 for instructions.

Remote Web Server Configuration

The following diagram shows an example of a remote web server architecture configuration.



In the example remote web server configuration:

- There are web servers at each site
- The database and ElectricFlow server is located at your headquarters
- · Proxy resources exist at each site

This remote web server configuration helps prevent network latency. If you have multiple sites, ElectricFlow can be configured in numerous ways to help you work more efficiently.

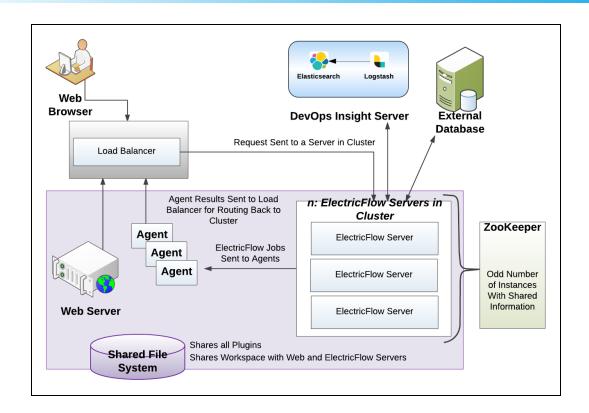
ElectricFlow supports multiple workspaces, including those co-located on agents that use them. In this architecture, step log files are created locally so even the largest log files can be captured without a performance penalty. You can view the step log files remotely from the web UI, but there will be a performance penalty if the files must be retrieved across the WAN. This means that remote users will experience the performance penalty when the web server retrieves the step log file contents, and when the contents are sent back across the WAN to the browser.

To minimize these performance issues, install one central ElectricFlow server, and then install an ElectricFlow web server at each remote site. The remote ElectricFlow web servers should be co-located with the remote agents and workspaces so remote users to log in through their local web server. Any operations initiated from the remote location, including running a job, are completed by the central ElectricFlow server. Job data is retrieved from the central server when a remote user views the Job Details page. If the job is using a workspace at the remote user's site, the links to all step log files will refer to local paths. The log files are only accessed by the remote web server's agent, and not the ElectricFlow server. This eliminates both trips across the WAN which improves performance. The ElectricFlow web server reads the log file locally (via its agent), and then displays the page to the user whose browser is also on the same side of the WAN.

You can install ElectricFlow web servers on any Windows or Linux platform suitable for installing the ElectricFlow server.

Clustered Configuration

The following diagram shows an ElectricFlow clustered configuration.



You can also add horizontal scalability and high availability to your ElectricFlow environment by adding additional machines to create a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

A clustered ElectricFlow configuration has the following benefits:

- Add fault tolerance by re-routing jobs to running ElectricFlow servers
- · Increase the supported number of simultaneous jobs and corresponding API requests
- Expand capacity over time by adding additional ElectricFlow servers
- Distribute API requests across multiple ElectricFlow servers
- Distribute ElectricFlow requests across multiple web servers

A clustered ElectricFlow configuration requires two additional software components:

- A centralized service for maintaining and synchronizing group services in cluster
- · A load balancer for routing work to machines in the cluster

See Clustering on page 4-1 for additional details and clustered configuration set up procedures.

Chapter 2: System Requirements and Supported Platforms

This section describes hardware and software specifications and configurations for installing and running ElectricFlow on Windows or UNIX systems. All version requirements for operating systems and databases are routinely tested and fully supported by Electric Cloud. Contact Electric Cloud technical support if you have any questions regarding newer software versions.

Supported Server Platforms

This section describes the supported platforms for the ElectricFlow, web, repository, and DevOps Insight servers.

Windows Platforms

The following table lists all supported Microsoft Windows server platforms.

Platform	Notes
Windows 10 (64- bit)	
Windows 8.1 (64-bit)	
Windows 7 (64-bit)	 Service Pack 1 is recommended. An administrator might need to disable User Account Control (UAC). If the installer runs under account x, but services will run under account y, installation directories (both program and data) will probably have permissions that prevent y's access. This applies particularly to data directories.
Windows Server 2016 (64-bit) Windows Server 2012 R2 (64-bit) Windows Server 2012 (64-bit)	 An administrator might need to disable User Account Control (UAC). If the installer runs under account x, but services will run under account y, installation directories (both program and data) will probably have permissions that prevent y's access. This applies particularly to data directories.

Linux Platforms

The following table lists all supported Linux server platforms.

Platform	Notes
	The following installation prerequisites apply to all ElectricFlow installers.
	Choosing the CentOS User
	Do not choose "nobody" for the CentOS user. CentOS does not allow a command such as su - nobody -c foo.sh, because it is not a shell account.
	Installing 32-Bit Libraries
	The ElectricFlow installation executable requires 32-bit libraries, which is omitted from the CentOS distribution. The installer checks whether the libraries are installed. If any are missing, the installer asks whether to automatically install them. You can also install the libraries before starting the installer by following the procedures below.
	For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer, or "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, complete the following steps.
	Enter the following command:
	yum install libstdc++.i686
	If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start, and the installer will fail silently.
	Enter the following command:
CentOS 7	yum install libuuid.i686
(64-bit)	If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only (without a web server) you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.
	 If you are using an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, and repository services, install the 32-bit NSS packages by entering the following command:
	yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686
	If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start.
	For the installer on a target machine that does not have internet access, complete the following steps.
	Download the packages to a machine that has internet access by entering the following commands:
	sudo su -
	cd /tmp
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp libstdc++.i686
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp libuuid.i686
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp nss-pam-ldapd*.i686
	Copy the packages to the target machine.

Platform	Notes
	Install the packages on the target machine by entering the following commands:
	rpm -ivh libstdc++-4.4.7-16.el6.i686.rpm
	rpm -ivh libuuid-2.17.2-12.18.el6.i686.rpm
	rpm -ivh nss-pam-ldapd-0.7.5-20.el6_6.3.i686.rpm
	Note: 32-bit libraries are not required for "pure" 64-bit agents.

Platform	Notes
	The following installation prerequisites apply to all ElectricFlow installers.
	Choosing the RHEL User
	Do not choose "nobody" for the RHEL user. RHEL does not allow a command such as su - nobody -c foo.sh, because it is not a shell account.
	Installing 32-Bit Libraries
	The ElectricFlow installation executable requires 32-bit libraries, which is omitted from the RHEL distribution. The installer checks whether the libraries are installed. If any are missing, the installer asks whether to automatically install them. You can also install the libraries before starting the installer by following the procedures below.
	For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer, or "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, complete the following steps.
	Enter the following command:
	yum install libstdc++.i686
Red Hat Enterprise	If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start, and the installer will fail silently.
Linux 7 (64-	Enter the following command:
bit)	yum install libuuid.i686
Red Hat Enterprise	If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only (without a web server) you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.
Linux 6 (64- bit)	 If you are using an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, and repository services, install the 32-bit NSS packages by entering the following command:
	yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686
	If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start.
	For the installer on a target machine that does not have internet access, complete the following steps.
	Download the packages to a machine that has internet access by entering the following commands:
	sudo su -
	cd /tmp
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp libstdc++.i686
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp libuuid.i686
	yum installdownloadonlydownloaddir=/tmp nss-pam-ldapd*.i686
	Copy the packages to the target machine.

Platform	Notes
	• Install the packages on the target machine by entering the following commands: rpm -ivh libstdc++-4.4.7-16.el6.i686.rpm rpm -ivh libuuid-2.17.2-12.18.el6.i686.rpm rpm -ivh nss-pam-ldapd-0.7.5-20.el6_6.3.i686.rpm Note: 32-bit libraries are not required for "pure" 64-bit agents.
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 (64- bit)	The following installation prerequisites apply to all ElectricFlow installers. • Do not choose "nobody" for the RHEL user. RHEL does not allow a command such as su - nobody -c foo.sh, because it is not a shell account. • To use ElectricFlow on RHEL 5.x, the supported installation method requires the SELinux configuration to be less restrictive. Either run the # setenforce 0 command as the root user to temporarily set the SELinux operating mode to "permissive" (does not require a reboot), or edit the /etc/selinux/config file and change line SELINUX=enforcing line to SELINUX=permissive (this change requires rebooting the Linux server to have the changes take effect).

Platform	Notes
Ubuntu 18.04 (64-	The following installation prerequisites apply to all ElectricFlow installers. Choosing the Ubuntu User Do not choose "nobody" for the Ubuntu user. Ubuntu does not allow a command such as su - nobody -c foo.sh, because it is not a shell account. Adding the bin Directory to the PATH Environment Variable Update /etc/environment to include the ElectricCommander bin directory in the PATH environment variable. Steps running with impersonation on Ubuntu use PATH that is set in /etc/environment. As a side-effect, the ElectricCommander bin directory is not in PATH in the impersonation context, so calls to tools such as ectool and postp fail with a "not found" error. Fixing the "raise ValueError, 'need a file or string" Error If you receive an error during installation similar to the following:
18.04 (64-bit) Ubuntu 16.04 (64-bit) Ubuntu 14.04 (64-bit)	If you receive an error during installation similar to the following: File "/usr/lib/lsb/install_initd", line 3, in <module> import sys, re, os, initdutils File "/usr/lib/lsb/initdutils.py", line 18 raise ValueError, 'need a file or string' ^ SyntaxError: invalid syntax run the following command: sudo sed -i "s/python3/python/" /usr/lib/lsb/install_initd This error is a known Ubuntu bug. Installing 32-Bit Libraries The ElectricFlow installation executable requires 32-bit libraries, which is omitted from the Ubuntu distribution. The installer checks whether the libraries are installed. If any are missing, the installer asks whether to automatically install them. You can also install the libraries before starting the installer by following the procedures below. For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer, or "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms, complete the following steps.</module>

Platform	Notes
	 Install the Ubuntu 32-bit compatibility layer by entering the following commands:
	sudo dpkgadd-architecture i386
	sudo apt-get update
	sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0 (Ubuntu 14.04) or sudo apt-get install libbz2-1.0:i386 (Ubuntu 18.04 and 16.04)
	sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
	sudo apt-get install libxft2:i386
	sudo apt-get install libxext6:i386
	 If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, or repository services, install the 32-bit NSS packages by entering the following command:
	sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386
	If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start.
	For the installer on a target machine that does not have internet access, complete the following steps.
	Download the packages to a machine that has internet access by entering the following commands:
	sudo su -
	dpkgadd-architecture i386
	apt-get update
	aptitude download lib32bz2-1.0 (Ubuntu 14.04) or aptitude download libbz2-1.0:i386 (Ubuntu 18.04 and 16.04)
	aptitude download libuuid1:i386
	aptitude download libxft2:i386
	aptitude download libxext6:i386
	 If you plan to use an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, or repository services, install the 32-bit NSS packages by entering the following command:
	aptitude download libnss-ldap:i386
	If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start.
	Copy the packages to the target machine.

Platform	Notes
	Install the packages on the target machine by entering the following commands:
	dpkg -iforce-depends lib32bz2-1.0_1.0.6-5_amd64.deb(Ubuntu 14.04) or dpkg -iforce-depends libbz2-1.0:i386_1.0.6-5_amd64.deb (Ubuntu 18.04 and 16.04)
	dpkg -iforce-depends libuuid1_2.20.1-5.1ubuntu20.7_i386.deb
	dpkg -iforce-depends libnss-ldap_264-2.2ubuntu4.14.04.1_i386.deb
	dpkg -iforce-depends libxft2_2.3.1-2_i386.deb
	dpkg -iforce-depends libxext6_1.3.2-1ubuntu0.0.14.04.1_i386.deb
	Theforce-depends option is required to prevent the system from trying to install dependencies for packages.
	Note: 32-bit libraries are not required for "pure" 64-bit agents.

Supported Agent Platforms

"Pure" Agent Platforms on page 2-10

Proxy Agents for Other Platforms on page 2-14

This section lists all agent platforms supported by ElectricFlow. You can drive automation on target machines by either installing agents natively or by running them remotely using proxy agents.

"Pure" Agent Platforms

Platform	Notes
32-bit and 64-bit platforms	See Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.
supported by the ElectricFlow	Note: "Pure" 64-bit agent-only installations (available on Linux only) are incompatible with Red Hat Enterprise Linux versions 5.6 and older.
server	

Platform	Notes
AIX 7.1	AIX agents are not compatible with ElectricCommander server versions earlier than 5.4 over HTTPS connections.

Platform	Notes
	If you require interaction between the agent and the repository, make sure that IBM Java 1.8.0 or newer is installed on each agent machine. To do so:
	Enter java -version from the command line to check the current Java version. For example:
	<pre>\$ java -version java version "1.8.0" Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build pap6480sr3fp22- 20161213</pre>
	Make sure that the PATH environment variable is updated to point to the current Java version in all applicable files (including /etc/environment/ and /etc/profile). For example, change:
	PATH=/usr/bin:/etc:/usr/sbin:/usr/ucb:/usr/bin/X11:/sbin: /usr/java5/jre/bin:/usr/java5/bin
	to
	PATH=/usr/bin:/etc:/usr/sbin:/usr/ucb:/usr/bin/X11:/sbin: /usr/java8_64/jre/bin:/usr/java8_64/bin
	 If you installed IBM Java after installing the agent on a machine, restart its agent service.
	An incorrect Java version can cause errors such as the following:
	host01[/opt/electriccloud/ec/wkspc] > ectool publishArtifactVersionartifactName "myGroup:myKey"version "1.0.1" fromDirectory /tmp/artifacts_testrepositoryName repo_for_aix
	Exit code 1: The java class could not be loaded. java.lang. ClassFormatError: (com/electriccloud/repo/client/ PublishArtifactVersionClient) unknown constant pool entry tag at offset=253
	For more information about installing and configuring IBM Java, see:
	IBM Java for AIX HowTo: Install, Upgrade, or Downgrade IBM Java
	IBM Java for AIX FAQ: Identifying the Java versions and Java installation locations for an AIX system
	Setting up and checking your AIX environment

Platform	Notes
HP-UX 11i v1 (11.11) or later (PA-	 Make sure that patches PHKL_29243 and PHSS_39077 (or patches superseding these patches) are installed.
	 HP-UX Secure Shell requires a random number generator on the system. It searches for /dev/urandom and then /dev/random and uses the first device it finds. If it fails to find them, it uses its own internal random number generator.
RISC 2.0 architectur e)	By default, HP-UX 11i v2 systems includes these random number devices. You can obtain them for HP-UX 11i v1 by downloading and installing the HP-UX Strong Random Number Generator from http://software.hp.com.
	HP recommends that Secure Shell users on HP-UX 11i v1 systems install the Strong Random Number Generator, because it significantly speeds up program initialization and execution for some commands.
macOS X 10.4 (Tiger) or later (Intel architectur e)	-
Oracle Solaris 10 (SPARC and Intel x86 architecture s)	If you require interaction between the agent and the repository, make sure that Java 1.8.0 or newer is installed on each agent machine. For more information, see How do I download and install Java for Solaris?. If you install Java after installing the agent on a machine, you must restart its agent service.
Oracle Solaris 9 (SPARC architectur e)	If you require interaction between the agent and the repository, make sure that Java 1.8.0 or newer is installed on each agent machine. For more information, see How do I download and install Java for Solaris?. If you install Java after installing the agent on a machine, you must restart its agent service.
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12.3 (32- and 64- bit)	Run zypper install libstdc++6-32bit before installing agents on a 64-bit machine. This command installs the SUSE 32-bit libraries required by the ElectricFlow executable file.

Platform	Notes
SUSE Linux	
Enterprise	
Server 11.4	_
(32 and 64-	
bit)	
bic)	

Proxy Agents for Other Platforms

A proxy agent is an ElectricFlow agent that channels to a proxy target, which lets you drive automation in an agentless fashion. A proxy agent is an agent on a supported Windows or Linux platform that you use to take actions on any platform that is not listed above. For example, you can use a proxy agent to automate actions on an IBM z Systems mainframe running z/OS or Linux OS.

You can use a proxy agent to communicate with any target platform that can run commands via an SSH protocol. For details, see the "Environment Proxy Server Configuration" section in the "Configuration" chapter of the *ElectricFlow Installation Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Server and Agent Compatibility

Not all combinations of server version and agent version are supported. This is because of an ectool/Perl API communication incompatibility as well as a Diffie-Hellman key size incompatibility.

ectool/Perl API Incompatibility

Servers running ElectricFlow 5.0 or later no longer support agents running versions 4.1 or earlier. The pre-4.2 ElectricCommander ectool/Perl API no longer communicates with the ElectricFlow server. You must upgrade any pre-4.2 Commander agents before you upgrade the ElectricFlow server.

Diffie-Hellman Key Size Incompatibility

To enable the ElectricFlow server versions 7.0 or newer to configure Diffie-Hellman cipher suites properly, ElectricFlow uses OpenSSL-1.0.1T or newer versions with SSLv2 enabled. Because of OpenSSL and JRE changes, the minimum Diffie-Hellman key size requirement is increased to 1024 bits (from 768 bits) as of version 7.0.

Server versions 7.0 or newer use Jetty (a Java HTTP server), which listens on the 8000 (unsecure) and 8443 (secure) ports. Server versions 7.0 or newer use Java 1.8.0_66, in which the ephemeral DH key size defaults to 1024 bits during SSL/TLS handshaking in the SunJSSE provider.

For details on the increase of the key size requirement as of Java 1.6-u101, see the Java release note at http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/overview-156328.html#6u101-b31. For details as of Java 1.7-u85, see the Java release note at http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/7u85-relnotes-2587591.html.

Because their minimum key size is 1024 bits, agent versions 7.0 or newer can connect only to:

- Server versions 5.4, 6.0.1, or 6.5 or higher via ectool
- External applications that require SSL with a minimum key size of 1024 bits

However, ElectricCommander agents of versions 5.0.6, 5.3, or 5.4 and ElectricFlow agent versions 6.0.1 or 6.5 or newer can connect to all ElectricFlow server versions (including 7.0 or newer) via ectool and ec-perl.

ElectricCommander server versions 5.0.6 or 5.3 or newer can run jobs using all agent versions (including 7.0 or newer). ElectricFlow server versions 7.0 or newer can run jobs using ElectricCommander agent versions 5.0.6 or 5.3 or newer.

Server and DevOps Insight Server Compatibility

Not all combinations of ElectricFlow server version and DevOps Insight server version are supported. The following matrix lists the compatibility for server and DevOps Insight server versions.

		ElectricFlow version					
		7.3	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.4
	7.3	1	-	-	-	-	-
	8.0	-	/	-	-	-	-
DevOps Insight	8.1	-	_	/	/	/	1
version	8.2	-	-	-	1	/	1
	8.3	-	_	-	-	/	1
	8.4	_	_	_	_	_	1

Hardware Requirements

This section lists the minimum requirements for any Windows or Linux machines installed with the ElectricFlow server software.

- Processor clock rate: 1.5 GHz or higher
- Memory: 4 GB available RAM or more (16 GB recommended for small to medium deployments or for the DevOps Insight server)
- Processors: 2 or more (4 processors recommended for small to medium deployments)

Browser Requirements

ElectricFlow supports the following web browsers:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 10.0 or later
- · Mozilla Firefox 10.0 or later
- · Chrome 13 or later

Note: Web browser extensions such as AdBlock Plus for Google Chrome can interfere with the display of ElectricFlow web pages. You should disable any ad-blocking browser extensions or add an exclusion for ElectricFlow web pages.

Java Requirements

ElectricFlow uses the web server SSL cipher suite for intermediate compatibility as described in the Mozilla Security/Server Side TLS wiki page. To comply with this cipher suite, you must use Java version 1.7 or newer.

Port Usage

ElectricFlow uses certain ports by default. Make sure your firewall is open for these ports. This section contains the default port values and information about avoiding port conflicts.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow server and the ElectricFlow web server.

Default Server Ports

ElectricFlow servers use the following ports:

Port	Used by	
8000	ElectricFlow server	
8443	ElectricFlow server (SSL port)	
80	ElectricFlow web server	
443	ElectricFlow web server (SSL port)	
6800	Port used by the ElectricFlow agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface	
7800	ElectricFlow agents (by default, this is an HTTPS port)	
61613	Preflight file transfer port, other file transfer, event notifications, or other messaging	

Port	Used by
8200	Artifact repository server (by default, this is an HTTPS port)
8900	ElectricFlow built-in (default) database. You can change this port number by using the ecconfiguredatabasePort <pre>cport_number> option or thedatabasePort installer argument.</pre>

Default ElectricFlow Services Ports

The Java Service Wrapper uses the following ports to communicate with a Java virtual machine (JVM):

Port	Used by	
127.0.0.1:32000	ElectricFlow agents	
127.0.0.1:32001	ElectricFlow server	
127.0.0.1:32002	Artifact repository	

Default DevOps Insight Server Ports

The ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server uses the following ports:

Port	Used by	
9200	DevOps Insight server to retrieve data from Elasticsearch	
9300	Used by the Elasticsearch service for internal communication between nodes within the Elasticsearch cluster	
9500	Logstash to receive data from ElectricFlow	
9600	Used by the Logstash service for the Logstash monitoring APIs	

Avoiding Port Conflicts

If you are installing an ElectricFlow server and your web server or other application uses the same ports as the ElectricFlow host, you must take one of the following actions:

- Select different web server or application ports
- Uninstall the existing web server or application
- Disable the existing web server or application
- Reconfigure the existing web server or application to use another port

Database Requirements

You cannot log into ElectricFlow until a database is configured. During the ElectricFlow server installation, you can select the built-in (default) ElectricFlow database (MariaDB) or an alternate database.

Note: If you are using two different ElectricFlow servers in a non-HA configuration, they cannot point to the same database.

Built-In Database

The built-in database is not supported for production systems, so you should use an alternate database in your production environment. Using an alternate database requires an ElectricFlow enterprise license.

You can switch to an alternate database at any time. For more information, see Configuration on page 5-1.

Supported Alternate Databases

ElectricFlow supports the following alternate databases:

- MySQL 5.5.12, 5.6, 5.7 or later
 - Clean installations of the ElectricFlow server version 4.2.3 or newer require the MySQL JDBC driver. See Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-158.
 - For upgrades, additions to my.cnf/my.ini are required. See Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-158.
- MS SQL Server 2008 R2, 2012 (2012 R4 is recommended), 2014, 2016, and 2017
- · Oracle 11g Release 2
- Oracle 12c

Alternate Database Requirements

Alternate databases must be configured to use UTF-8 encoding and configured to allow up to 200 open connections.

In an Oracle database, set the <code>OPEN_CURSORS</code> parameter to at least 1000 to prevent ElectricFlow from running out of open cursors. But depending on your ElectricFlow server usage, the <code>OPEN_CURSORS</code> value of 1000 might not be sufficient, and you might see <code>java.sql.SQLException:</code> <code>ORA-01000:</code> <code>maximum</code> <code>open cursors exceeded"</code> in the <code><DATA_DIR>/logs/commander.log</code> file. In this case, you must increase the value of <code>OPEN CURSORS</code> to one that is optimal depending on your usage.

Database Sizing

Expected database growth over time can be correlated with the number of job steps created. Database growth is NOT correlated with build log or build artifact sizes.

To create a reasonable database growth estimate per period:

- 1. Estimate the number of jobs per period.
- 2. Multiply the "estimated number of jobs" by the number of steps estimated per job. This will determine the estimated number of steps per period.
- 3. Multiply the "estimated number of steps per period" by 10 to determine the disk size (in Kbytes) required per period.

For example, if you run 500 jobs per day with an average of 200 steps per job, you would run 100K steps per day. This means your database would grow about 1 GB per day or 90 GB per quarter. Using this example, if you prune jobs older than 30 days, database size could be maintained at about 30 GB.

Disk Usage

Disk space usage varies and depends on the quantity and size of the jobs you run. We recommend starting with the following free space recommendations:

Server

10 GB is recommended.

Agents

5 GB each is recommended.

Sizing Artifact Cache Directory Space on Resources

By default, artifacts are retrieved into the <DATA_DIRECTORY>/artifact-cache directory of the agent installation. You can modify the agent.conf file to change the location, or you can specify the cache directory location on each resource known to ElectricFlow. Determining how much free space the cache partition needs to accommodate all of your artifact versions can be difficult. Here is one approach to approximate the disk/partition size you need:

For each artifact, estimate how large you think each version will be and how many versions you plan to keep. Compute the total required space to be the sum of version-size * numVersions for each artifact. Add a buffer of 50%. Using your end result, allocate a disk/partition that size and configure the cache as a directory on that disk/partition.

Repository Server

If using Artifact Management functionality, you could need 20-30 GB, or more disk space for your repository server.

Although a server install includes an artifact repository, We recommend that production repository servers be installed on different machines than the ElectricFlow server. The repository server might do a very large amount of disk and network I/O when transferring artifact versions to and from requesters and this might adversely affect ElectricFlow server performance.

Sizing the Repository Backingstore

For a repository installation, by default, the repository backingstore is the <DATA

DIRECTORY>/repository-data directory. You can modify the <DATA

DIRECTORY>/conf/repository/server.properties file or use ecconfigure to update the

backingstore location. Determining exactly how much free space the backingstore disk/partition needs to accommodate your artifact versions can be difficult. Here is one approach to approximate the disk size you need:

For each artifact, estimate how large you think each version will be and how many versions you plan to keep. Compute the total required space to be the sum of version-size * numVersions for each artifact. Add a buffer of 50%. Using your end result, allocate a disk/partition that size and configure the repository backingstore as a directory on that disk/partition.

Logs

You can set the following properties as Java system properties in wrapper.conf:

- ec.logRoot controls the location of the log output. The default location is the logs/commander.log directory.
- ec.logHistory controls the number of days of log history that is kept. The default is 30 days.
- ec.logSize controls the size of each log file before it is zipped up and a new log file started. The default is 100 MB, but each log rotation will zip the file, so that only about 6-7 MB of space are being taken.

Production systems generate multiple log files per day – an average system can generate 50-100 log files. This means that the daily requirement for space (under this type of load) is 300-700 MB. Retaining 1 months' worth of logs requires 9-21 GB of space, so adjusting the ec.logHistory value to something lower might be appropriate, if you want to allot less space for this logging.

To limit the amount of disk space for logging, the most effective approach is to use a lower ec.logHistory value.

DevOps Insight Server

Determining the amount of disk space required for the DevOps Insight Server depends on the shape and size of data that you will store on the DevOps server. This data is used by Elasticsearch, which is the underlying analytics store and search engine. Following are general guidelines based on Electric Cloud performance and scalability tests.

ElectricFlow sends all deployment events, pipeline runs, and release data to the DevOps Insight server. The following table shows the average size for each data set:

Data set	Amount	Documents in cor- responding Elastic- search index	Average index size
Deployments	100 deployments	73443 (The number of documents per deployment depends on the number of deployment events in your deployment process)	18.5 MB
Pipeline runs	4 pipeline runs	24 (The number of documents per pipeline run depends on your pipeline definition)	285 KB
Releases	5 releases	5	52 KB

Based on the above table, if you will run 10 deployments a week, 2 pipeline runs a month, and 1 release per month, then over one year including weekends and holidays, you will need about 97 MB (95 MB + \sim 1.7 MB + \sim 0 MB) of disk space to store deployment events, pipeline runs, and release data in the Elasticsearch server backing the DevOps Insight server.

If you have also set up the plugins to collect and send data for the Release Command Center to the DevOps Insight server, then you will need additional disk space, which can be determined as follows. The following table shows the average size for each data set:

Data set	Amount	Documents in cor- responding Elasticsearch index	Average index size
Features (stories) 400 features		1200 (Assuming that each feature underwent three updates from the point it was first sent to Elasticsearch)	256 KB
Builds	40 builds	40	248 KB
Quality (aggregated test results)	140	140	347 KB
Incidents	90 incidents	270 (Assuming that each incident underwent three updates from the point it was first sent to Elasticsearch)	164 KB

Based on the above table, if you will run 10 builds a day, 50 aggregated test results a day, 50 features (stories) per month, and 5 incidents per month, then over one year including weekends and holidays, you will need about 240 MB (22 MB + 44 MB + 64 MB + 109 MB) of additional disk space to store data collected by the plugins.

The total disk space for a year would be about 340 MB (97 MB + 240 MB) based on the above metrics. You should apply the required adjustments to calculate your disk space requirements for the DevOps Insight server based on your data-generation patterns.

Memory Settings

Memory usage varies depending on whether or not the ElectricFlow server is a dedicated machine.

- An ElectricFlow server running on a dedicated machine has a default minimum heap memory allocation of 20% and a maximum heap memory allocation of 40%. This applies to either a 32 or 64-bit system.
- In general, an ElectricFlow agent has a default minimum memory usage of 16 MB and a
 maximum memory usage of 64 MB. However, agents for REPO-server, Web-Server and Proxy
 agents needing higher settings; for details, see the KBEC-00248 Agent Memory Configuration
 Knowledge Base article.

Modifying Memory Settings for an ElectricFlow Server

There are two ways you can adjust the amount of memory for the ElectricFlow server.

• Modify the wrapper.java.initmemory.percent and wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent lines in wrapper.conf

Use the following table to determine the correct directory path.

Server Type	System	Path
	Windows 2008	al/Duo qua no Data/Elactuia Claud/Elactuia Come son deul confluencement
Non- repository	Windows	c:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\wrapper.conf
	Linux	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/wrapper.conf
	Windows 2008	c:\ProgramData\Electric
Repository	Windows 7	Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\wrapper.conf
Linux		/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/wrapper.conf

• Use ecconfigure to set the initial and maximum memory settings.

For example, to set the ElectricFlow Server initial memory percentage to 21% and the maximum memory percentage to 31%, enter the following command:

ecconfigure --serverInitMemory 21 --serverMaxMemory 31

Modifying Memory Settings for an ElectricFlow Agent

To adjust the amount of memory for the ElectricFlow agent, modify the wrapper.java.initmemory.percent and wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent lines in wrapper.conf for the agent. Use the appropriate directory path:

- Windows: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\agent\wrapper.conf
- Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/agent/wrapper.conf

Note: For agents only, on a 32-bit Physical Address Extension (PAE) OS, Java allocates percentage of memory based on the physical memory, not the extended memory. The maximum memory for a 32-bit system is 4 GB, so a 20% allocation is about 1 GB.

Modifying Memory Settings for a Containerized ElectricFlow Server or ElectricFlow Repository Server

By default, the initial memory and maximum memory for the ElectricFlow server and repository server JVMs are configured as percentages of the total system memory. However, if these servers are running in a container, their JVMs cannot see the container's total system memory.

To fix this problem, you can either:

- Make the JVM aware that it is running in a docker container and observe the container memory limits
- Modify the settings in the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/wrapper.conf file
 for the ElectricFlow server and ElectricFlow repository server to use absolute values (in MB)
 instead of using the wrapper.java.initmemory.percent and
 wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent settings.

Making the ElectricFlow Server JVM Aware of Docker Container Memory Limits

As of Java SE 8u131, and in JDK 9, you can transparently set a maximum Java heap for Docker memory limits. To make the JVM aware of these limits if you do not set a maximum Java heap via -Xmx, you must use two experimental JVM command line options:

```
-XX:+UnlockExperimentalVMOptions
```

-XX:+UseCGroupMemoryLimitForHeap

For more information, see the *KBEC-00376 - Making the ElectricFlow Server JVM Aware of Docker Container Memory Limits* knowledge base article. ElectricFlow 8.0.1 and later versions include JRE build 1.8.0 131-b11 to provide this capability.

Configuring Initial and Maximum Memory Settings for a Containerized ElectricFlow Server or ElectricFlow Repository Server

To configure the ElectricFlow server and repository server Java processes to use absolute values:

1. Open a Bash session in the container by entering:

```
docker exec -it <container_name> bash
```

where <container_name> is the name of your ElectricFlow server or repository server container. For example, enter:

```
docker exec -it efserver bash
```

2. Enter the following command:

```
ecconfigure --serverInitMemoryMB=<megabytes> --serverMaxMemoryMB=<megabytes>
or
ecconfigure --repositoryInitMemoryMB=<megabytes> --
repositoryMaxMemoryMB=<megabytes>
For example, enter:
ecconfigure --serverInitMemoryMB=4096 --serverMaxMemoryMB=6144
or
ecconfigure --repositoryInitMemoryMB=512 --repositoryMaxMemoryMB=1024
```

Select the maximum values based on your usage requirements. The server service restarts and begins using the new settings.

For more information, see the *KBEC-00387 - Configuring Initial and Maximum Memory Settings for a Containerized ElectricFlow Server or ElectricFlow Repository Server* knowledge base article. For information about using ecconfigure, see the "ElectricFlow Installed Tools" section in the "Automation Platform" chapter of the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Checksum Utility

An MD5 checksum file is available on the Electric Cloud FTP site. To verify that ElectricFlow files are intact and unaltered after you download them, download the corresponding MD5 checksum file also.

MD5 utilities are available for Windows, Linux, and macOS operating systems.

- On Linux, verify with md5sum --check ElectricFlow-<version>.md5
- Most Linux installations provide an md5sum command for calculating MD5 message digests.
- An MD5 utility for Windows can be downloaded at http://fourmilab.ch/md5/

To use the MD5 checksum utility on macOS:

- 1. In Finder, browse to /Applications/Utilities.
- 2. Double-click the Terminal icon. A terminal window appears.
- 3. In the terminal window, type: "md5" (followed by a space).

- 4. Drag the downloaded file from the Finder into the Terminal window.
- 5. Click in the Terminal window, press the Return key, and compare the checksum displayed on the screen to the one on the download page.

Software Licenses

To see your software usage entitlements, go to the **Licenses** page in the Automation Platform web UI. To do so, browse to https://<*ElectricFlow_server*>/commander/, and then click **Administration** > **Licenses**.

For information about how to import licenses, delete licenses, and view license usage statistics, see the "Licenses" section in the "Automation Platform" chapter of the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html. The section also discusses the various types of licensing, which is based on concurrent steps, concurrent hosts, concurrent users, proxied hosts, registered hosts and users, and creation of applications and microservices.

Chapter 3: Installing ElectricFlow

This section describes the methods for installing ElectricFlow in a new environment. To upgrade ElectricCommander or ElectricFlow, see Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.

Important: The following situation might occur when the workspace files are in a directory other than the default *workspace* directory and the ElectricFlow configuration links to it. When you install a new version, ElectricFlow creates a workspace directory in the default location. It does not recognize the preconfigured workspace link in the previous configuration.

When configuring ElectricFlow after an upgrade, you cannot use ecconfigure to move the work-space directory to the preconfigured network location. You must manually specify the link to the workspace directory in the new configuration.

Not all combinations of server version and agent version are supported. This is because of an incompatibility involving ectool/Perl API communication with the ElectricFlow server and a Diffie-Hellman key size incompatibility. For details, see Server and Agent Compatibility on page 2-14.

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \textbf{Although the ElectricFlow installer is in $\tt SINSTALL_DIRECTORY/src, do not launch it from there.}$

ElectricFlow Installer Files

The following installer files are available for the Windows and Linux platforms.

Туре	What the Installer Does	Filename
Full	Installs all components, including the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, agents, and ElectricFlow tools. Only 32-bit agents are installed. Used by the root user with or without sudo privileges.	<pre>ElectricFlow-<version> Example: ElectricFlow-6.0.0.12345</version></pre>

Туре	What the Installer Does	Filename
32-bit agent only	Installs the 32-bit agent. Has an option for installation by a nonroot user or a user without sudo privileges.	ElectricFlowAgent-x86- <version> Example: ElectricFlowAgent-x86-6.0.0.12345</version>
64-bit agent only	Installs the "pseudo" 64-bit agent (rather than the "pure" 64-bit agent that is installed by the ElectricFlowAgent- x64- <version>-new- with-64bit-perl installer). Has an option for installation by a non- root user or a user without sudo privileges.</version>	ElectricFlowAgent-x64- <version> Example: ElectricFlowAgent-x64-6.0.0.12345</version>

Туре	What the Installer Does	Filename
"Pure" 64-bit agent only (available on Linux only)	Installs the "pure" 64-bit agent (rather than the "pseudo" 64-bit agent that is installed by the ElectricFlowAgent-x64- <version> installer). Has an option for installation by a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. Note: This installer is incompatible with Red Hat Enterprise Linux versions 5.6 and older.</version>	ElectricFlowAgent-x64- <version>-new-with-64bit-perl Example: ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129811-new-with-64bit-perl</version>

Important:

When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x: For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer or with the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms or without an internet connection, you must install certain 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. Otherwise, the installer exits because it cannot find those libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file does not contain the error. To install the libraries, run the following commands:

- yum install libstdc++.i686—Without this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start, and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.
- yum install libuuid.i686—Required if your ElectricFlow installation includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only without Apache, you do not need this command on agent machines.
- yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686—Installs 32-bit NSS packages if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, and repository services. Without this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

32-bit libraries are not required for the "pure" 64-bit agent-only installer.

Important:

When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 14.04: For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer or

with the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms or without an internet connection, you must install certain 32-bit libraries that were omitted in the Ubuntu distribution. Otherwise, the installer exits because it cannot find those libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file does not contain the error. To install the libraries, run the following commands:

• On Ubuntu 14.04, enter:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

• On Ubuntu 18.04 or 16.04, enter these commands:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libbz2-1.0:i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

• If you will use an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, and repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages, which ensures that the ElectricFlow Apache server starts.

32-bit libraries are not required for the "pure" 64-bit agent-only installer.

Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or **Non-Administrator Mode**

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root/non-Administrator user or a user without \mathtt{sudo} privileges. The following table shows whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode.

Platform	Server	32-Bit Agent- Only	"Pseudo" 64-Bit Agent-Only	"Pure" 64-Bit Agent-Only
Linux	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Windows	No	No	No	No
AIX	No installer	No installer	No installer	Yes
HP-UX	No installer	Yes	No installer	No installer
MacOS	No installer	Yes	No installer	No installer

Platform	Server	32-Bit Agent- Only	"Pseudo" 64-Bit Agent-Only	"Pure" 64-Bit Agent-Only
Solaris	No installer	Yes	No installer	No installer

Note: For server installations, you cannot specify different users for the agent service and for the other services (ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server) during the same installer session—The user who launched the installer will be the owner for all services.

Choosing the Correct Installation Process

This section describes the various installation methods and available options for specific platform types.

For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-10.

User Interface Installations

These methods provide an installation Wizard you use to install the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. These installation methods are generally preferred by Windows users, but are supported on Linux platforms with X Windows installed.

Installation options:

Express Server

This option installs the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, built-in database, one agent (for running jobs), and ElectricFlow tools on one machine with the default ElectricFlow server settings. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). This installation method is most useful for quickly installing the ElectricFlow software for evaluation purposes.

Important:

Running ElectricFlow on a single machine with the built-in database is generally not recommended for a production environment. ElectricFlow will connect to an external database in a typical production configuration.

If ElectricFlow was installed with the built-in database, you can reconfigure it to use an external database. Go to External Database Configuration on page 5-2 for configuration instructions.

Advanced

This installation option allows you to select individual components, directories, or ports. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). You can use this option to install the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server on a machine without the built-in database.

Express Agent

This option quickly installs an ElectricFlow agent and ElectricFlow tools. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

DevOps Insight Server

This option installs the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server. This option is available via a separate DevOps Insight server installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1).

• 32-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a 32-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the 32-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

"Pseudo" 64-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a "pseudo" 64-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

• "Pure" 64-Bit Agent-Only (Available on Linux Platforms Only)

This option quickly installs a "pure" 64-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the "pure" 64-bit agent-only Linux installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

Interactive Command-Line Installation

These methods provide an interactive command line for installing the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. These installation methods are only available for Linux platforms.

Installation options:

Express Server

This option installs the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, built-in database, one agent (for running jobs), and ElectricFlow tools on one machine with the default ElectricFlow server settings. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). This installation method is most useful for quickly installing the ElectricFlow software for evaluation purposes.

Important: Running ElectricFlow on a single machine with the built-in database is generally not recommended for a production environment. ElectricFlow will connect to an external database in a typical production configuration.

If ElectricFlow was installed with the built-in database, you can reconfigure it to use an

external database. Go to External Database Configuration for the configuration instructions.

Advanced

This installation option allows you to select individual components, directories, or ports. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). You can use this option to install the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server on a machine without the built-in database.

Express Agent

This option quickly installs an ElectricFlow agent and ElectricFlow tools. This option is available via the "full" installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the method called Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

DevOps Insight Server

This option installs the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server.

32-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a 32-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the 32-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

• "Pseudo" 64-Bit Agent-Only

This option quickly installs a "pseudo" 64-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

"Pure" 64-Bit Agent-Only (Available on Linux Platforms Only)

This option quickly installs a "pure" 64-bit ElectricFlow agent. This option is available via the "pure" 64-bit agent-only Linux installer file (see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1). Use this option for managed hosts where you intend to run job steps. This installation method is useful if you need to install an individual agent. If you need to install multiple agents, you might prefer to use the Silent Unattended Installation on page 3-7.

Silent Unattended Installation

This method provides a non-interactive command-line installation for supported server platforms. This option is available via the "full" installer file, the 32-bit agent-only installer file, the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer file, and (on Linux platforms) the "pure" 64-bit installer file. For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1. You might find this installation method preferable for installing multiple remote agents, servers, and DevOps Insight servers.

Windows

This option is only for Windows platforms.

Linux

This option is only for Linux platforms.

Non-Server Platform Agent Installation

This method provides a command-line for installing the ElectricFlow agent and tool software on supported non-server platforms. This installation method is supported only on non-server platforms.

Installation options:

Command-Line Agent

This option allows you to install an agent from a UNIX command-line installer.

Silent Agent

This option allows you to run unattended (silent) installations with the UNIX installer.

Before You Install ElectricFlow

Review the following information before attempting to install any ElectricFlow software.

Linux and Windows Installations

Platform Setup Prerequisite

Make sure you have completed any prerequisite platform setup. For details, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-10.

Local Drive Requirement

You must install ElectricFlow on a local drive. Electric Cloud does not support installing the ElectricFlow server on a network volume.

Installation Order

Electric Cloud recommends installing the ElectricFlow server before installing remote agents or web servers.

Built-In Database Versus Alternate Databases

The ElectricFlow-provided built-in database is *not* recommended for production systems. ElectricFlow strongly recommends using an alternate database in your production ElectricFlow environment. Additionally, the built-in database is *not* supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. See Supported Alternate Databases on page 2-18 for alternate databases supported by ElectricFlow.

Java Runtime Environment Bitness

When you install a 64-bit machine, the 64-bit version of the Java Runtime Environment is installed automatically.

Specifying a Remote ElectricFlow Server

When installing an agent, repository server, or web server, you can enter information for a remote ElectricFlow server. That information is used to discover the server's plugins directory and set it so that the local installation is in sync with the remote ElectricFlow server.

During an agent installation, you can create a resource object on the server automatically. During a repository installation, you can create a repository object on the server automatically.

Clustered Configurations

If you plan to use a clustered ElectricFlow configuration, see Clustering on page 4-1 for additional requirements and considerations.

Running the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components

For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you install the DevOps Insight server on a system other than systems running other ElectricFlow components (such as the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or agent). If you must install it on the same system (such as for testing or other non-production or trial-basis situations), use one of the following installation processes.

If you have *not yet* installed the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server on a system:

- 1. Install the other ElectricFlow components on the system as needed.
- 2. Install the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server on the system.

If you have *already* installed the DevOps Insight server on a system:

- 1. Uninstall the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server from the system.
- 2. Clean up data, logs, and any configuration files from the ElectricFlow data directory on the system.
- 3. Install the other ElectricFlow components on the system as needed.
- 4. Reinstall the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server on the system.

Linux Installations

Review the following information before installing ElectricFlow on a Linux machine.

umask and File Permission Requirements

The ElectricFlow installer sets the required umask and permissions on all ElectricFlow directories and files as follows:

umask: 0022

Permissions for owner of Electric Cloud files: 0644

• Executable file permissions: 0755

To avoid unexpected errors in functionality, do not change these values.

Installation Mode Without the X Window System

If the X Window System is not running or not available, the Linux user interface installer runs in interactive command-line mode.

64-Bit Linux Platforms

The Linux installer checks for and installs the required 32-bit compatibility libraries on supported 64-bit Linux platforms. When you (as the root user) are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine running a supported Linux platform, the installer checks if the required 32-bit libraries are installed during the installation process. If the 32-bit libraries are already installed, the installer continues to the next step. However, if the 32-bit libraries are not installed, the following message appears:

```
The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 nss-pam-ldapd.*i686. They are required for correct work of ElectricFlow. Install them? \lceil n/Y \rceil
```

- If you enter y, the software installs the missing 32-bit libraries and then continues to the next step.
- If you enter n, the installation process stops (aborts).

The installer does not check for the required 32-bit libraries in these situations:

- The machines run on unsupported Linux platforms such as Debian, CentOS, or Fedora.
- The system is not connected to the internet.

Full Installer and 32-Bit Agent Installer

The ElectricFlow full and 32-bit installers are 32-bit executables that do not check if the machine has the required 32-bit compatibility libraries during the installation process.

Before installing ElectricFlow agents on a RHEL machine, you might need to complete this prerequisite:

Important:

When installing ElectricFlow on RHEL 6.x: For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer or with the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms or without an internet connection, you must install certain 32-bit libraries that were omitted by Red Hat. Otherwise, the installer exits because it cannot find those libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file does not contain the error. To install the libraries, run the following commands:

- yum install libstdc++.i686—Without this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start, and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.
- yum install libuuid.i686—Required if your ElectricFlow installation includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only without Apache, you do not need this command on agent machines.
- yum install nss-pam-ldapd*.i686—Installs 32-bit NSS packages if using an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, and repository services. Without this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

32-bit libraries are not required for the "pure" 64-bit agent-only installer.

Before installing Electric Flow agents on a Ubuntu machine, you might need to complete this prerequisite:

Important:

When installing ElectricFlow on Ubuntu 14.04: For the full installer, 32-bit agent-only installer or with the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer on unsupported platforms or without an internet connection, you must install certain 32-bit libraries that were omitted in the Ubuntu distribution. Otherwise, the installer exits because it cannot find those libraries. No error message is displayed, and the log file does not contain the error. To install the libraries, run the following commands:

• On Ubuntu 14.04, enter:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install lib32bz2-1.0
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

• On Ubuntu 18.04 or 16.04, enter these commands:

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo dpkg --add-architecture i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libbz2-1.0:i386
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libuuid1:i386
```

• If you will use an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, and repository services with 64-bit Ubuntu, you must run sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install libnss-ldap:i386. This command installs 32-bit NSS packages, which ensures that the ElectricFlow Apache server starts.

32-bit libraries are not required for the "pure" 64-bit agent-only installer.

Unsupported Linux Platforms

For platforms such as Debian, CentOS, or Fedora, install the following 32-bit libraries before installing ElectricFlow. They are required by the ElectricFlow installation executable file. Electric Cloud recommends installing *all* of these libraries on your 64-bit machines.

- 1. libstdc++.i686: If you do not install this, the ElectricFlow Apache server will not start, and the installer silently fails for any type of ElectricFlow installation.
- 2. libuuid.i686:Install this if you are performing an ElectricFlow installation that includes an Apache server. If you are installing ElectricFlow agents only, without a web server, you do not need to run this command on each agent machine.
- 3. nss-pam-ldapd*.i686: Install the 32-bit NSS packages if you are using an LDAP account for ownership of the server, web, or repository services. If you do not run this command, the ElectricFlow Apache server fails to start.

Installing or Uninstalling Without Root/sudo or Administrator Privileges

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

The installer writes installation data to the home directory of the user who invoked the installer. By default, the installer checks whether the HOME environment variable is defined and points to a writeable directory. The installer will read this data during subsequent upgrades or uninstallations.

Therefore, if you anticipate a same-system future upgrade (or uninstallation), you must ensure that you have a home directory before invoking the installer. If you do *not* plan to upgrade, you must use the --skipCheckUserHomeDirectory installer argument to ensure that the installer finishes successfully.

No Internet Connection

These are alternate ways to download and install the 32-bit libraries:

- Ubuntu: Create an offline copy of the repository and manage it offline as described in https://help.ubuntu.com/community/AptGet/Offline/Repository/.
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL): Manage the yum repositories as described in https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-US/Red_Hat_Enterprise_Linux/7/html/System_ Administrators_Guide/sec-Configuring_Yum_and_Yum_Repositories.html

Default Installation Directories

ElectricFlow uses the following default installation directories:

Platform	Data Type	Default Path
Windows	Program files	C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander
	Data (database, logs, configuration files)	Windows 2008 or Windows 7: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander
UNIX and macOS	All program files and data	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander

Note: You can change the installation directories when you install the ElectricFlow software.

Graphical User Interface Installation Methods

The graphical user interface installation methods are supported by Windows platforms and Linux platforms running the X Window System.

Running an Express Server Graphical User Interface Installation

The express server installation installs the ElectricFlow server, including the web server, built-in database, agent for running jobs, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

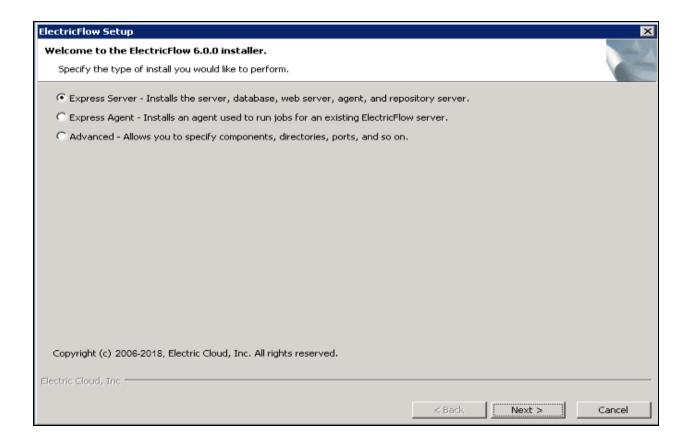
The built-in database is not supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

1. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

2. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to run the full installer.

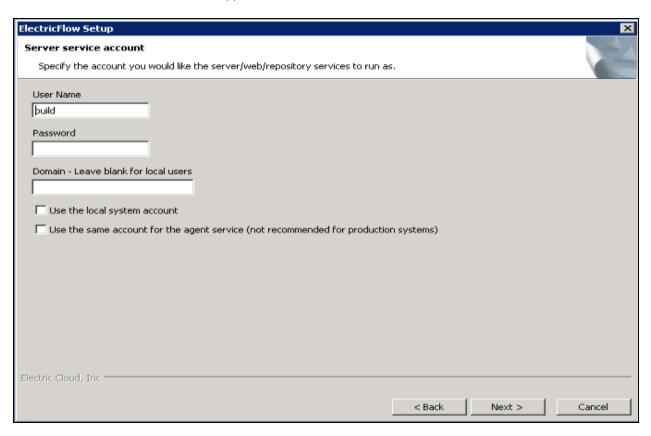
The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.



Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options will appear in some windows on a Linux system.

3. Select the **Express Server** installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The Server Service Account screen appears.



- 4. Select the appropriate step for your platform and complete the information for the server service account.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - **User Name**—Enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Password**—Enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Domain**—Enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.

• **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server services to run as the local Windows system account.

Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

• **Use the same account for the agent service**—Select this check box if you want the agent on the ElectricFlow server machine to run as the same account.

For security reasons in production environments, you may want to use a separate account for the agent service because the server account has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different account for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

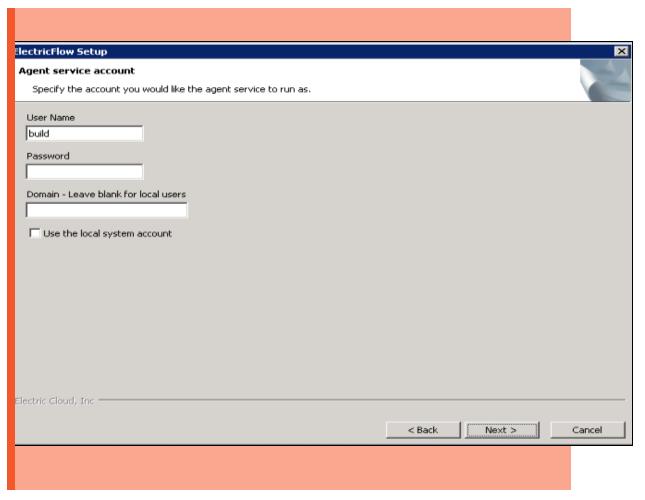
- If you have a Linux system:
 - **User Name**—Enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - **Group Name**—Enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - **Use the same account for the agent service**—Select this check box if you want the same user and group to own the agent process on the ElectricFlow server machine.

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

5. Click **Next** to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.

Important: If you selected the **Use the same account for the agent service** check box on the previous screen, you will not see this screen.



- 6. Select the appropriate step for your platform and complete the information for the agent service account.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - User Name—Enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

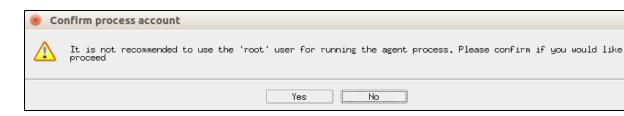
The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the $\$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log$ directory.

- **Password**—Enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account does not have access to network shares.

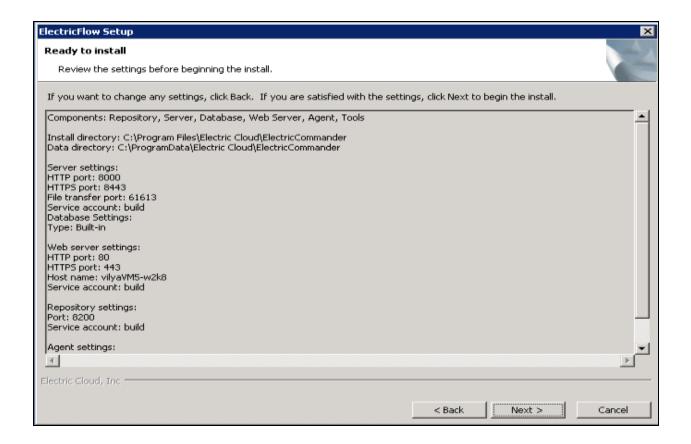
- If you have a Linux system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



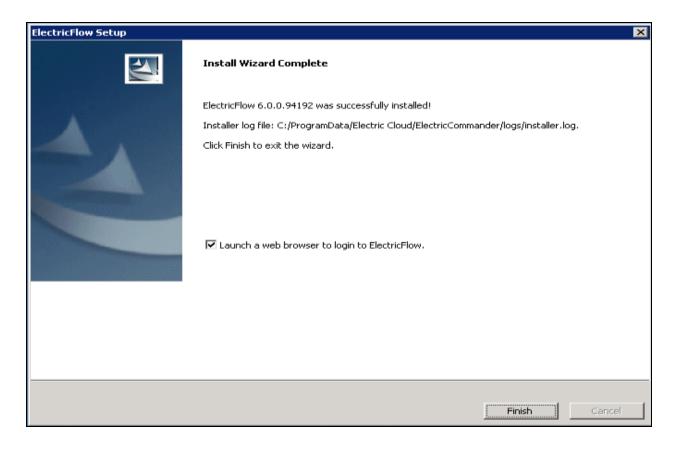
- **Group Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 7. Click **Next** to continue.

The Ready to Install screen appears.



- 8. Review the default settings and your service account selections. Use the **Back** button to change your service account selections if necessary.
- 9. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the installation process which can take fifteen minutes. When the install process is complete, the Install Wizard Complete screen appears.



Note: The ElectricFlow server will automatically start when the installation is complete.

- 10. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.
- 11. Click Finish to close the wizard.

Running an Advanced Graphical User Interface Installation

The advanced graphical user interface installation allows you to install individual ElectricFlow components such as an ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or ElectricFlow tools on specific machines. You can also change the default installation settings to accommodate your environment. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

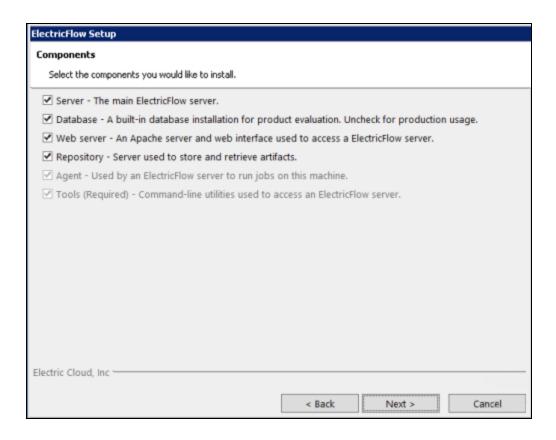
2. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to run the installer.

The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.

Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options will appear in some windows on a Linux system.

3. Select the **Advanced** installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The Components screen appears. All options are selected by default.



4. Clear the check boxes for servers you do *not* want to install. For details, see Architecture on page 1-4.

Available options are:

Server—Installs an ElectricFlow server.

Note: If you uncheck this check box, the **Remote ElectricFlow Server** screen appears later (shown in step 8 below).

Database—Installs the built-in database. This is not recommended for production systems. Additionally, the built-in database is *not* supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. Clear this check box if you plan to use an external database. If you plan to use MySQL, see Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-158.

Web server—Installs an Apache web server. If you select this option, an agent is also installed.

Repository—Installs an ElectricFlow repository server. If you select this option, an agent is also installed.

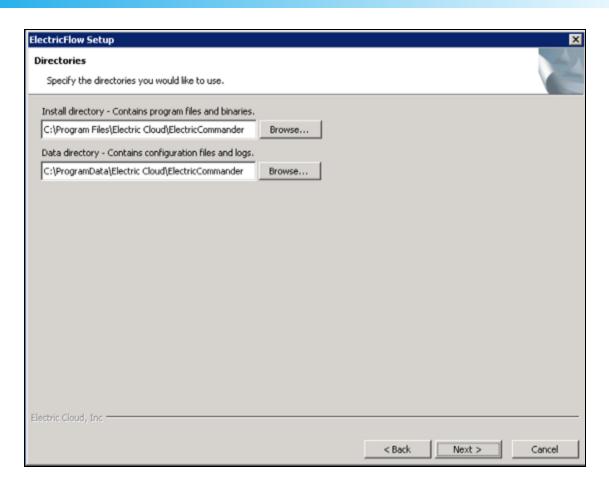
Agent—Installs ElectricFlow agent software.

Tools—Installs ElectricFlow tools. If you only want to install the ElectricFlow tools, clear all the check boxes. This option does not automatically install an ElectricFlow agent like the other options.

Note: Any combination of the following installation screens will appear depending on which servers you install.

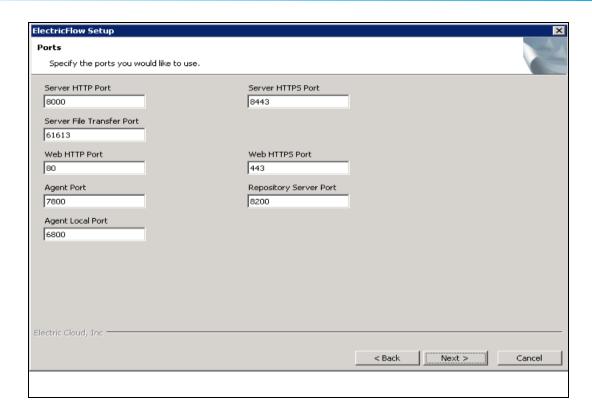
5. Click Next.

The Directories screen appears. ElectricFlow uses the default directories to install files and components.



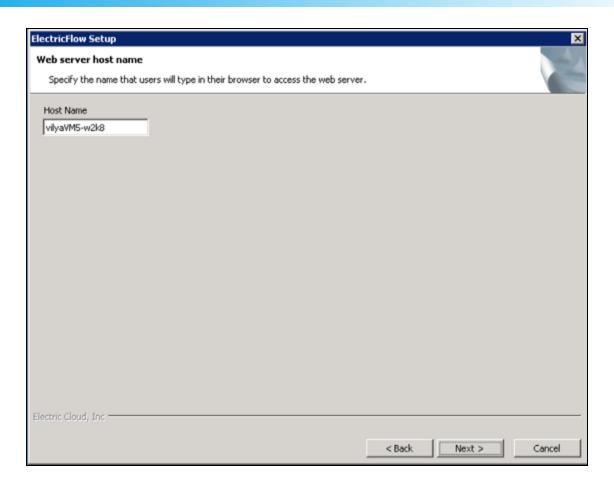
6. Click **Next** to continue, or click **Browse** to specify different directory locations.

The Ports screen with the default ElectricFlow port values appears if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.



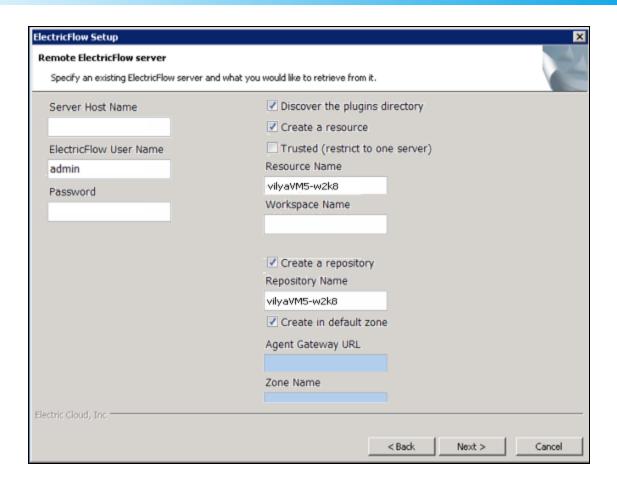
7. Complete the information for the Ports screen, and click **Next** to continue. You can enter alternate port numbers if you need to specify different port values.

The Web Server Host Name screen appears if you are installing a web server.



8. Complete the information for the Web Server Host Name screen, and click **Next** to continue. The host name is the name users must enter in their browser to access the ElectricFlow web server.

If you unchecked the **Server** check box above, the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.



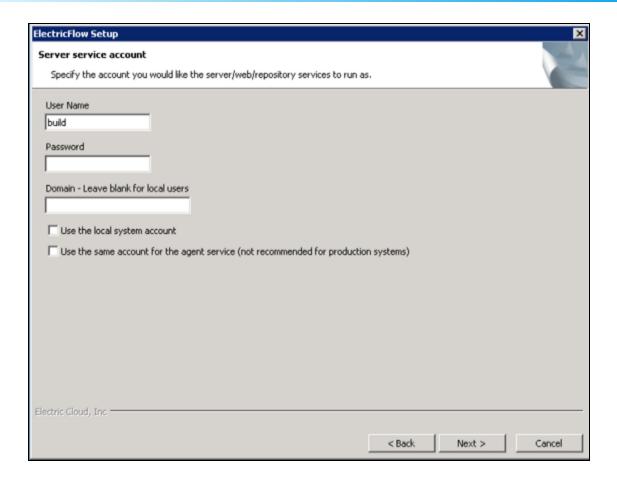
- 9. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.
 - **Server Host Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this web server. If the remote server is using a non-default HTTPS port, you must specify the Server Host Name as <host>:<port>. If you do not specify a port, HTTPS port 8443 is assumed (the same as the ElectricFlow server default port).
 - **ElectricFlow User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - **Discover the plugins directory**—Select this check box if you want the web server machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the web server machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13

- **Create a resource**—Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the web server you are installing.
- **Trusted**—Select this check box to restrict this web server to one ElectricFlow server. The web server will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource name**—Use this field to enter the name of the name of the resource to use.
- **Workspace Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the workspace you would like to use for the web server.
- Create a repository—Create an artifact repository on this machine.
- **Repository name**—Name of the artifact repository to create.
- **Create in default zone**—Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.
- **Agent Gateway URL**—Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- **Zone Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and/or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.

10. Click **Next** to continue.

The Server Service Account screen appears if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.



- 11. Complete the information on the Server Service Account screen, and click **Next** to continue.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server services.
 - **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.

• **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server services to run as the Windows local system account.

Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

• Use the same account for the agent service—Select this check box if you want the agent on the ElectricFlow server machine to run as the same account.

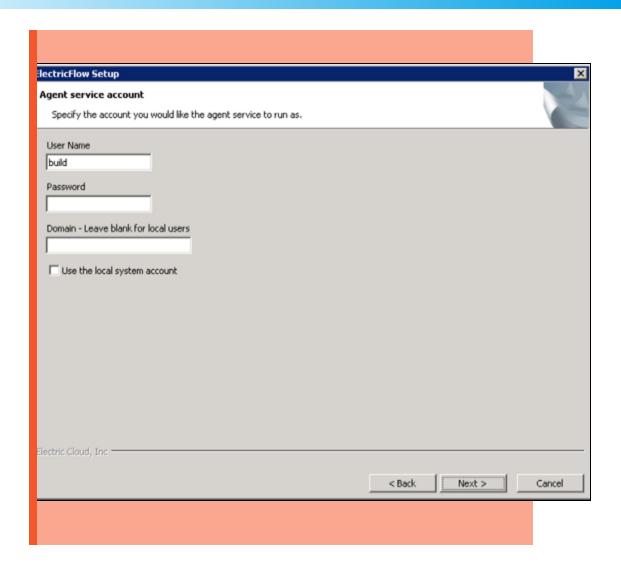
For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate account for the agent service because the server account has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different account for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- If you have a Linux system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - **Group Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
 - Use the same account for the agent service—Select this check box if you want the same user and group to own the agent process on the ElectricFlow server machine.

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

The Agent Service Account screen appears if you are installing an agent. An agent is automatically installed on the machine to run jobs if you are installing a web or repository server.

Important: If you selected the **Use the same account for the agent service** check box on the previous screen, you will not see the fields to supply your agent service account information.



- 12. Complete the information on the Agent Service Account screen, and click **Next** to continue.
 - If you have a Windows system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

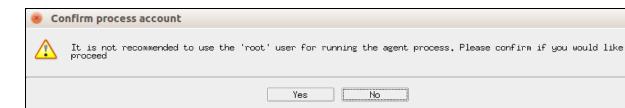
The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

- **Password**—Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the local Windows system account.

Note: The local system account does not have access to network shares.

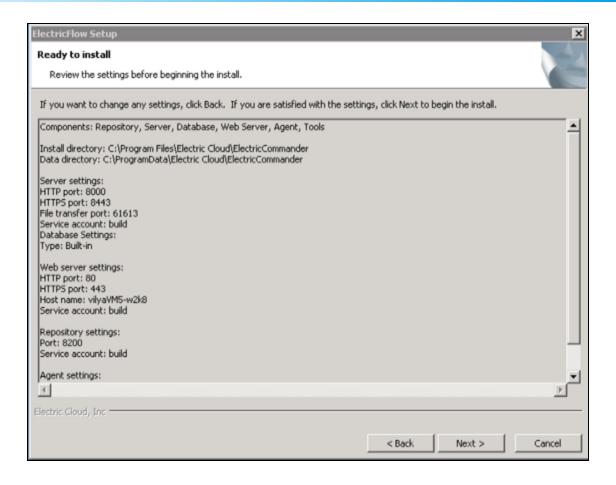
- If you have a Linux system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



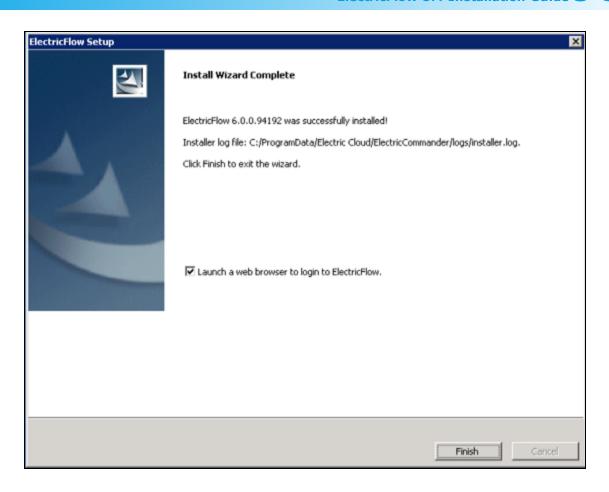
• **Group Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The Ready to Install screen appears.



- 13. Review your installation settings. Use the **Back** button to modify any information if necessary.
- 14. Click Next to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the installation process which can take fifteen minutes. When the install process is complete, the Install Wizard Complete screen appears.



Note: The ElectricFlow server will automatically start when the installation is complete.

- 15. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want the ElectricFlow login screen to open.
- 16. Click **Finish** to close the wizard.

Running an Express Agent Graphical User Interface Installation

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

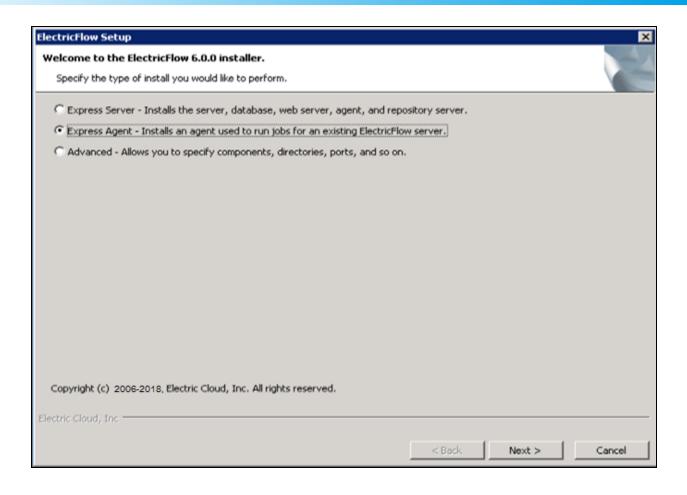
Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX-only agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

1. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>

2. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file.

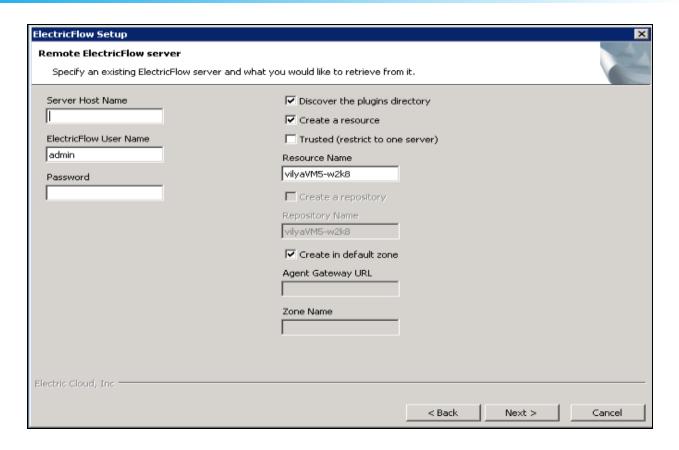
The Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer screen appears.



Note: The screen examples in this procedure are from a Windows system. Different options might appear on a Linux system.

3. Select the **Express Agent** installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears.



- 4. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen.

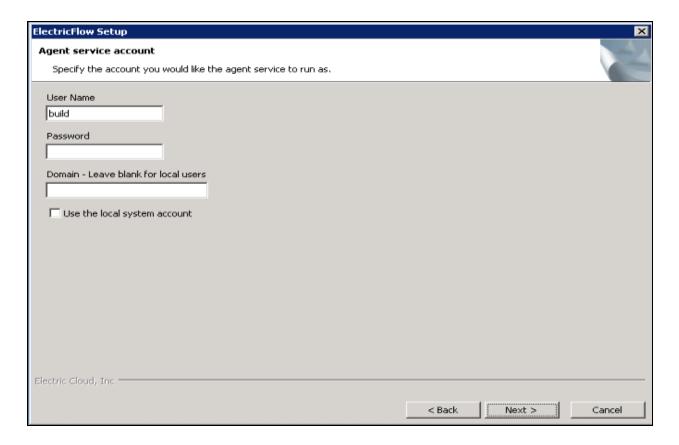
 - **ElectricFlow User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory—Select this check box if you want the agent machine
 to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so
 agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

• **Create a resource**—Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.

- **Trusted**—Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- **Create in default zone**—Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.
- **Agent Gateway URL**—Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- **Zone Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 5. Click **Next** to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears.



6. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.

- If you have a Windows system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

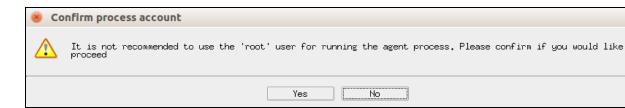
- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the Windows local system account.

Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

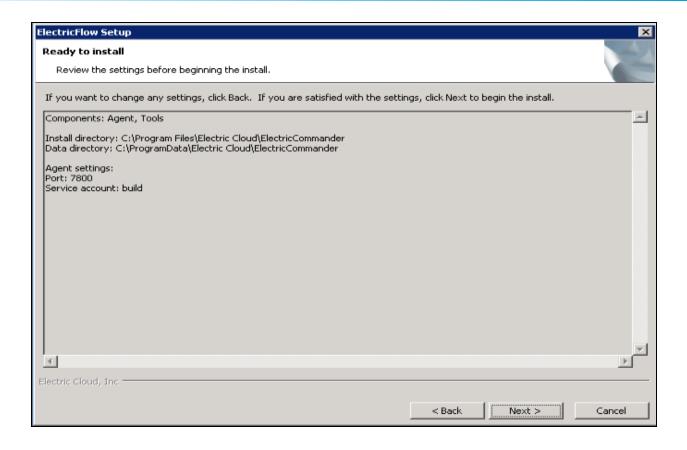
- If you have a Linux system:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



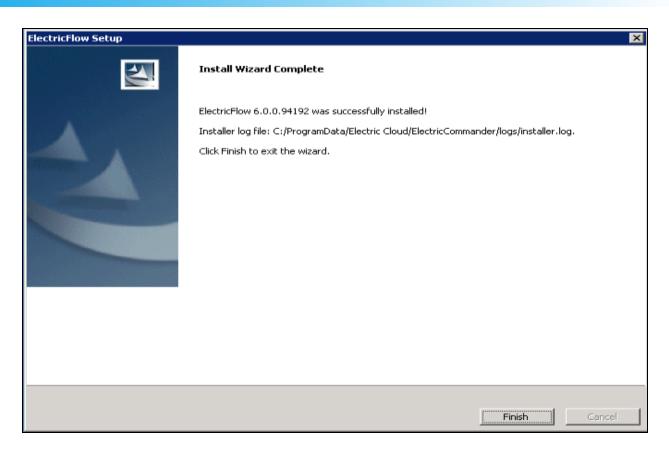
- **Group Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- 7. Click **Next** to continue.

The Ready to Install Screen appears.



- 8. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if necessary.
- 9. Click **Next** to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes.



10. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Running an Express Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing these steps.

Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX agent-only machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.
 For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl

- 3. Do one of the following to start the installation:
 - For Linux with root or sudo privileges or for Windows installations, double-click the installer file.
 - For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

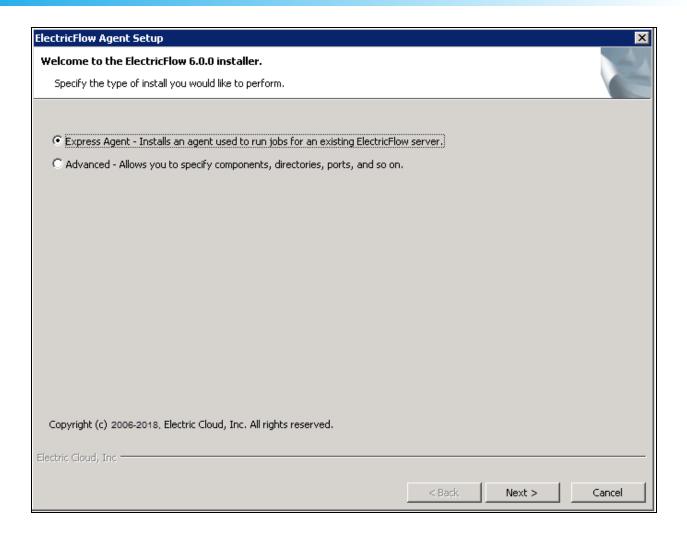
```
./<agent installer file> --nonRoot
```

For this installation type, the following warning appears:



4. For non-root/non-sudo installations, click **Yes** to dismiss the warning.

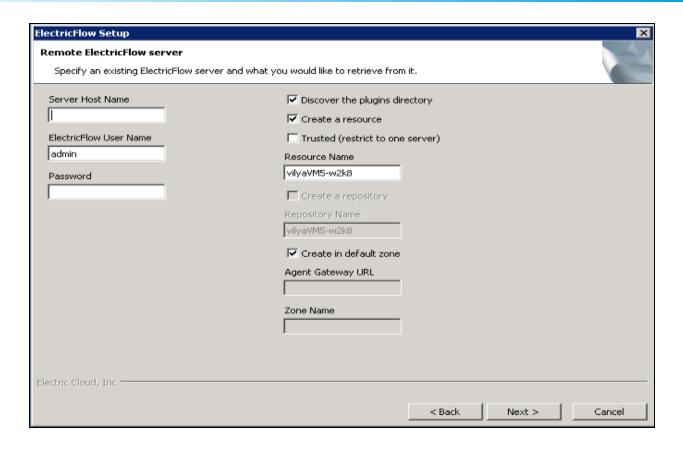
The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer** screen appears:



Note: Different options might appear depending on the operating system.

5. Select the **Express Agent** installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears:



- 6. Complete the following information on the **Remote ElectricFlow Server** screen:

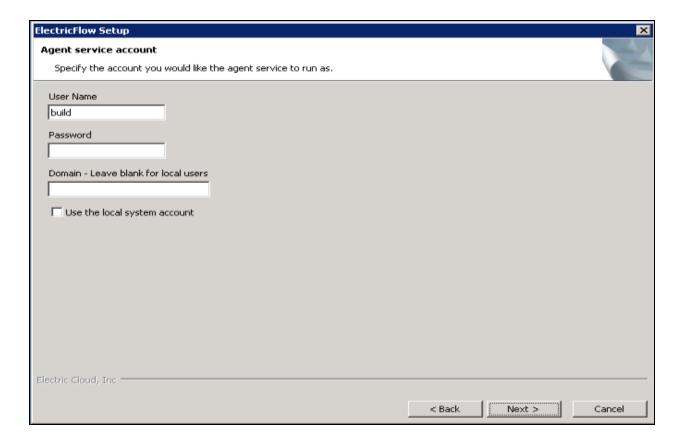
 - **ElectricFlow User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory—Select this check box if you want the agent machine
 to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so
 agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13

• **Create a resource**—Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.

- **Trusted**—Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- **Create in default zone**—Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.
- **Agent Gateway URL**—Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name—Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 7. Click **Next** to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears:



8. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.

- On Linux root or sudo installations:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



- Group Name—Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- · On Windows:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

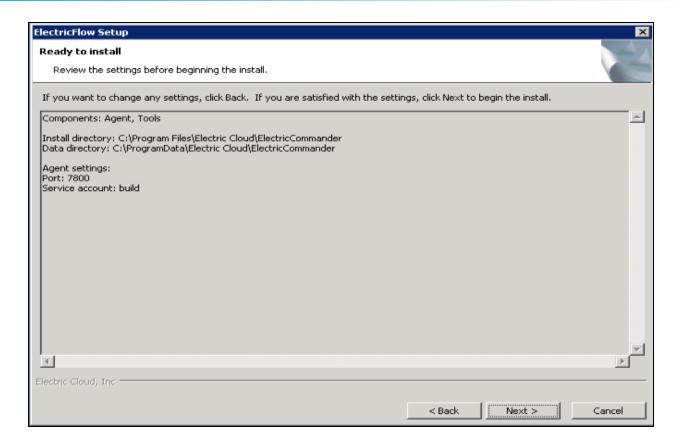
- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the Windows local system account.

Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

9. Click Next to continue.

The **Ready to Install** screen appears:

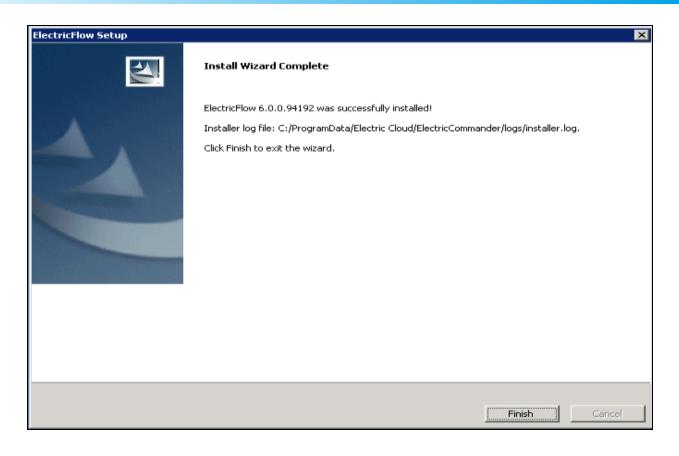


10. Review your selections.

Use the **Back** button to change settings if necessary.

11. Click **Next** to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes. **The Installation Wizard Complete** screen appears:



- 12. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.
- 13. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running an Advanced Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX agent-only machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl

- 3. Do one of the following to start the installation:
 - For Linux with root or sudo privileges or for Windows installations, double-click the installer file.
 - For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

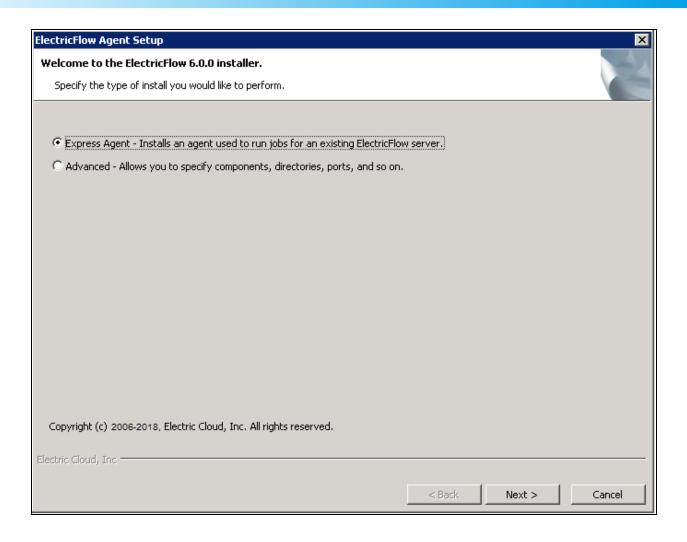
```
./<agent installer file> --nonRoot
```

For this installation type, the following warning appears:



4. For non-root/non-sudo installations, click **Yes** to dismiss the warning.

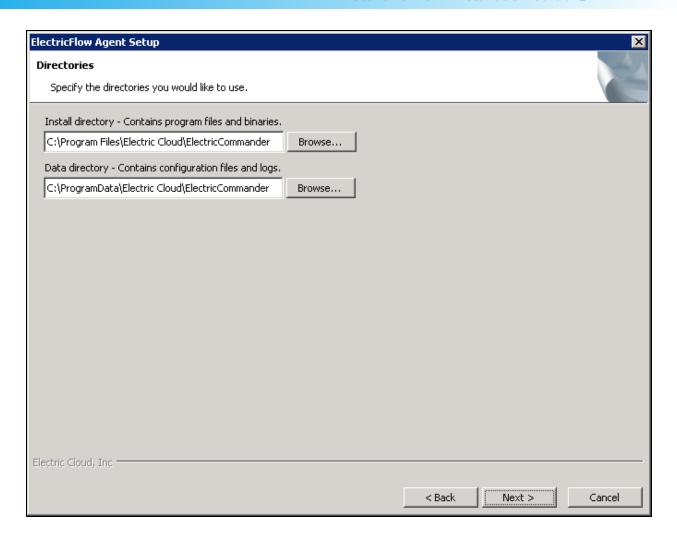
The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer** screen appears:



Note: Different options might appear depending on the operating system.

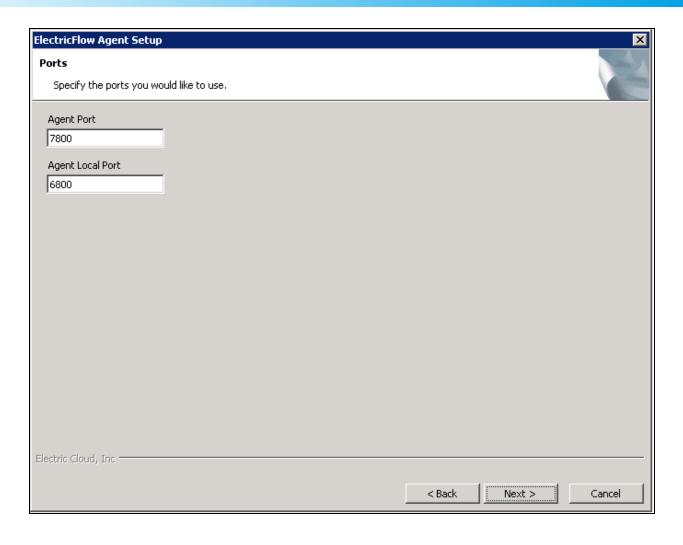
5. Select the **Advanced Agent**installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The **Directories** screen appears:



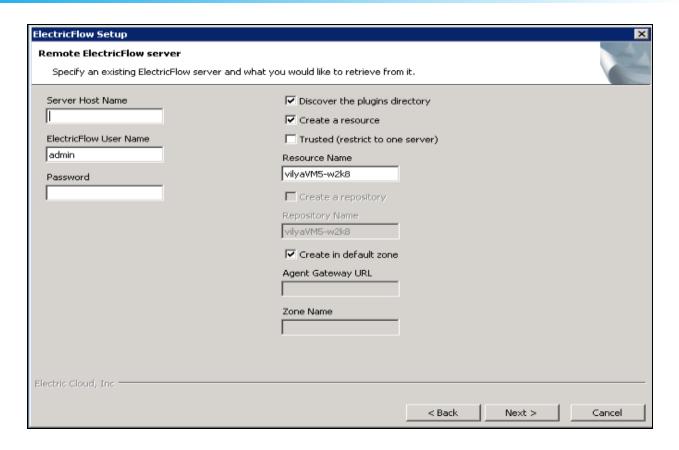
- 6. Complete the following information on the **Directories** screen:
 - **Install directory**—Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.
 - **Data directory**—Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.
- 7. Click **Next** to continue.

The **Ports** screen appears:



- 8. Complete the following information on the **Ports** screen:
 - **Agent port**—Use this field to specify a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.
 - **Agent local port**—Use this field to specify a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
- 9. Click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears:



- 10. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen:

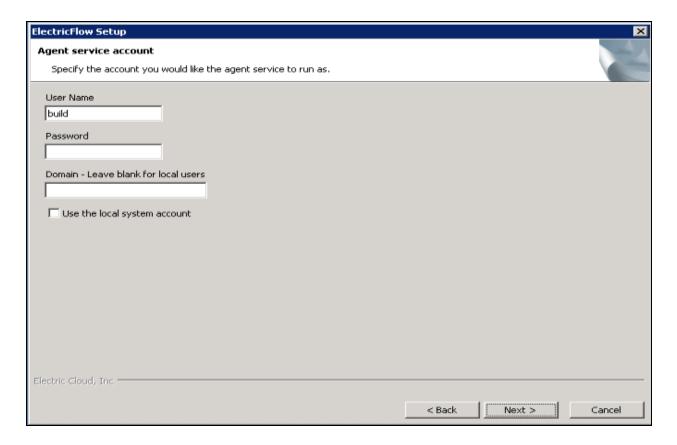
 - **ElectricFlow User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory—Select this check box if you want the agent machine
 to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so
 agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13

• **Create a resource**—Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.

- **Trusted**—Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- **Create in default zone**—Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.
- **Agent Gateway URL**—Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- **Zone Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 11. Click Next to continue.

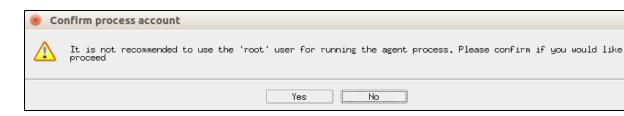
The **Agent Service Account** screen appears:



12. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen:

- On Linux root or sudo installations:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



- Group Name—Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- Windows systems:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the Windows local system account.

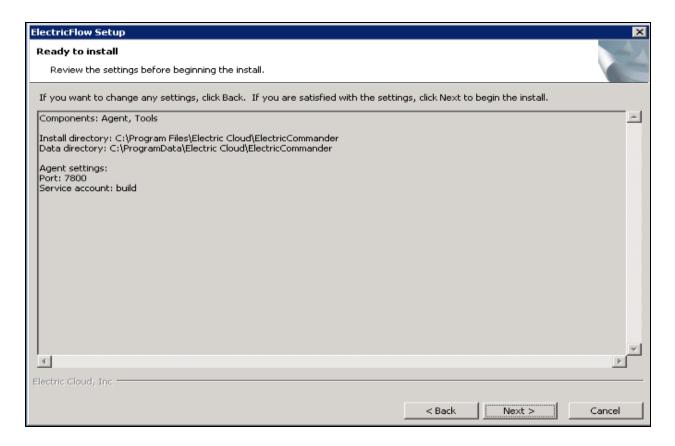
Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

13. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the information on the screen.

14. Click **Next** to continue.

The **Ready to Install Screen** appears:

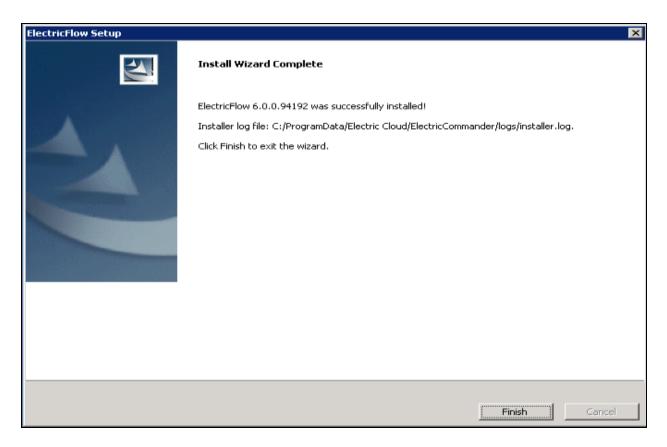


15. Verify your selections.

Use the **Back** button to change settings if needed.

16. Click **Next** to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes. **The Installation Wizard Complete** screen appears:



- 17. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.
- 18. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running a DevOps Insight Server Graphical User Interface Installation

The graphical user interface installation method is supported by Windows platforms and Linux platforms running the X Window System.

Installing the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components

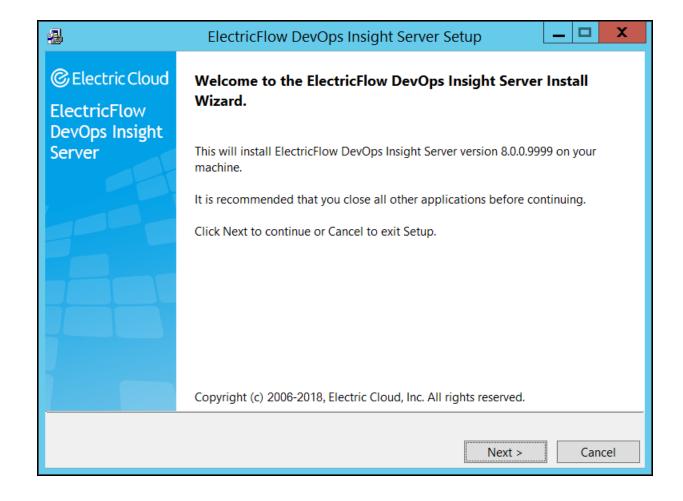
For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you install the DevOps Insight server on a system other than systems running other ElectricFlow components (such as the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or agent). If you must install it on the same system (such as for

testing or other non-production or trial-basis situations) see Running the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components on page 3-9 for details.

Installing the DevOps Insight Server

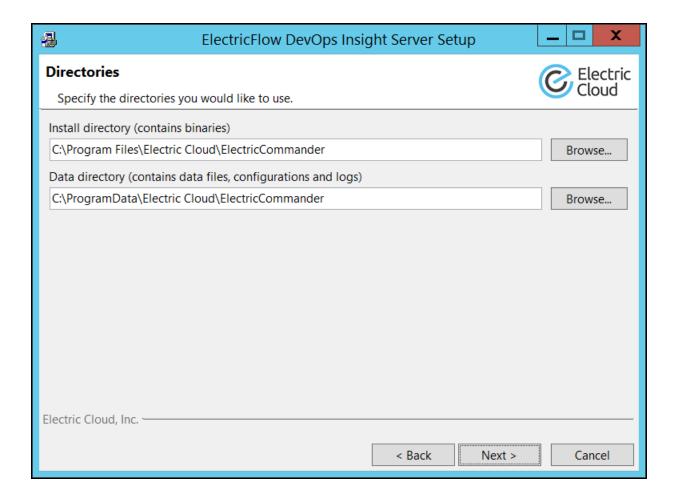
- 1. Double-click the following file to run the full installer.
 - Linux: ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>
 - Windows: ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>.exe

The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server Install Wizard** screen appears:



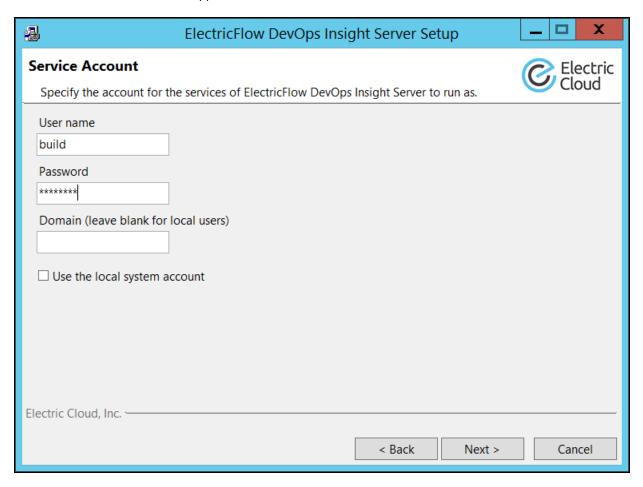
2. Click Next to continue.

The **Directories** screen appears. The installer uses the default directories to install files and components:



3. Click **Next** to continue, or click **Browse** to specify different directory locations.

The **Service Account** screen appears:



4. If you have a Windows system, complete the information on the screen as follows:

User Name—Name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services.

Password—Password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services.

Domain—Domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.

Use the local system account—Determines if the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services will run as the local Windows system account.

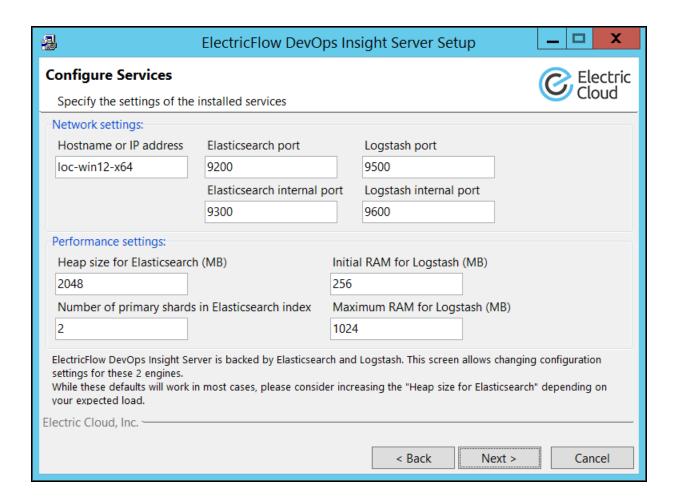
5. If you have a Linux system, complete the information on the screen as follows:

User Name—Name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server processes.

Group Name—Name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server processes.

6. Click Next to continue.

The **Configure Services** screen appears:



Hostname or IP address—Name of the host that will be used to access the installed ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server.

Elasticsearch port—Port number to be used to access Elasticsearch.

The DevOps Insight server uses the Elasticsearch search engine and the Logstash data-collection and log-parsing engine to gather data from the ElectricFlow server for use in the Deployments, Releases, and Release Command Center dashboards.

Elasticsearch internal port—Port number to be internally used by Elasticsearch.

Logstash port—Port number to be used to store information in Logstash.

Logstash internal port—Port number to be internally used by Logstash.

Heap size for Elasticsearch (MB)—Heap size for Elasticsearch in megabytes.

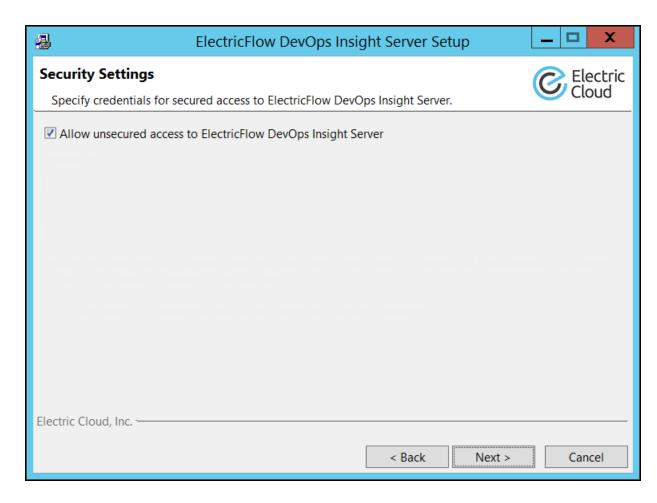
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Number of primary shards in Elasticsearch index—Number of primary shards in the Elasticsearch index.

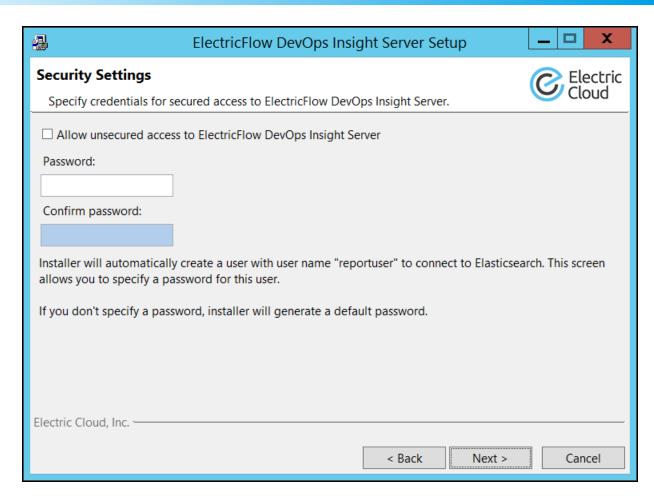
Initial RAM for Logstash (MB)—Initial heap size for Logstash in megabytes.

Maximum RAM for Logstash (MB)—Maximum heap size for Logstash in megabytes.

7. Complete the information on the **Configure Services** screen, and click **Next** to continue. The **Security Settings** screen appears:



Allow unsecured access to ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server—Uncheck this field if you want to use a secure protocol and authentication when accessing the DevOps Insight server. If you do so, the **Password** and **Confirm password** fields appear to let you enter the server password:



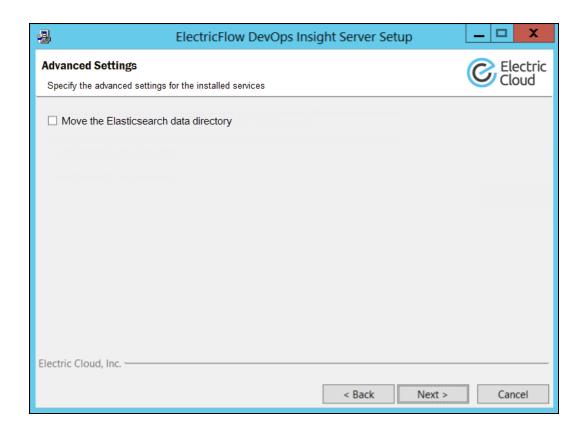
Important: Unsecured access is not recommended for use in a production environment.

Password—Password to be used to access the server. The installer will automatically create a user with user name reportuser and the password that you specified. If you do not specify a password, the installer will generate a default password changeme. (Electric Cloud recommends that you change this password.)

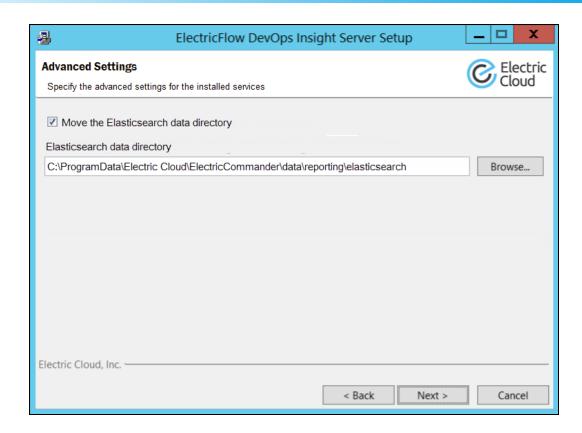
Confirm password—Confirm the password. Enter the same password in this field as in the previous field.

8. Complete the information on the **Security Settings** screen, and click **Next** to continue.

The **Advanced Settings** screen appears:

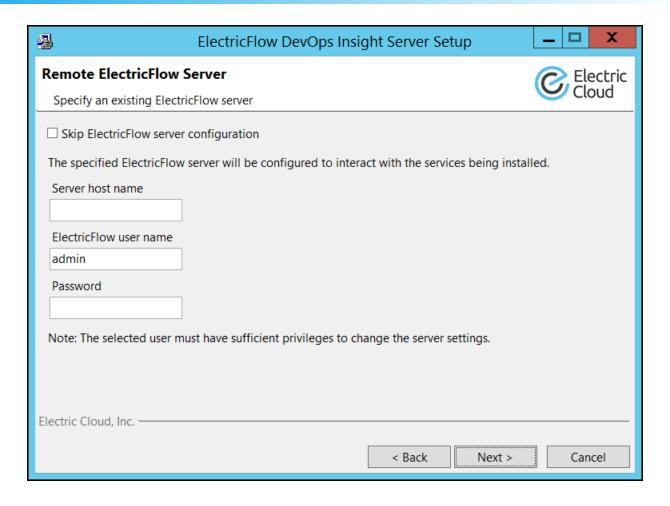


Use a different directory for data stored by Elasticsearch—Check this checkbox if you want to use a nondefault directory for Elasticsearch index data. If you do so, the **Elasticsearch data directory** field appears to let you enter that directory:



9. (Optional) Complete the information on the **Advanced Settings** screen, and click **Next** to continue.

The **Remote ElectricFlow Server** screen appears:



Skip ElectricFlow server configuration—Determines whether to skip the automatic configuration of the remote ElectricFlow server with the services being installed.

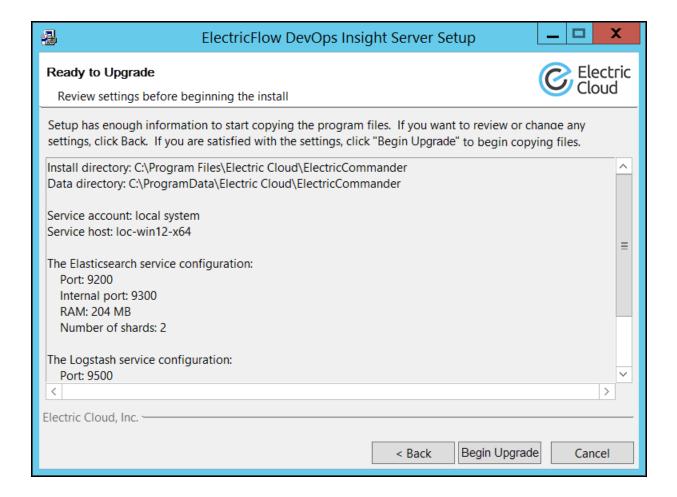
Server host name—Name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this DevOps Insight server. If the remote server is using a nondefault HTTPS port, you must enter <host>:<port>.

ElectricFlow User Name—Name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to edit server settings. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.

 $\label{lem:password} \textbf{Password} - \textbf{Password} \ \text{for the ElectricFlow user.} \ \textbf{The default password for the admin user is } \\ \textbf{changeme.}$

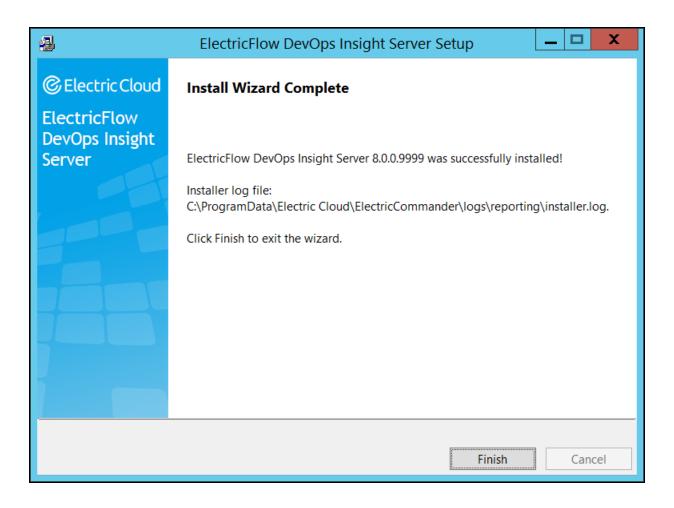
10. Complete the information on the **Remote ElectricFlow Server** screen, and click **Next** to continue.

The **Ready to Upgrade** appears:



- 11. Review this screen to verify your selections. Use the **Back** button to change any of your settings if needed.
- 12. Click Begin Upgrade.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the installation process, which can take a few minutes. When the installation process is complete, the **Install Wizard Complete** screen appears:



13. Click Finish to close the wizard.

Configuring the DevOps Insight Server on the ElectricFlow Server

If you chose to skip the option to configure the remote ElectricFlow server during the installation or upgrade of the DevOps Insight server, you must do so afterward to ensure connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server. To do this, you use the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** tab in the Automation Platform. For details, see the "DevOps Insight Server Configuration" section in the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Checking the DevOps Insight Server Configuration on the ElectricFlow Server

You can confirm the correct DevOps Insight Server settings by entering the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration

Following is sample output:

For details about the getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --help

Testing Connectivity and Authentication Between the DevOps Insight Server and the ElectricFlow Server

After you enable connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server, you can perform a test by using one of the following methods:

- Check the **Test Connection** checkbox in the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** subtab of the Administration Platform web UI on the ElectricFlow server and click **OK**.
- Enter the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

```
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --testConnection 1

For details about the setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --help
```

For example, the following response appears if the user name or password is incorrect:

```
ectool error [InvalidCredentials]: HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized: Access to 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is denied due to invalid credentials.
```

Also, for example, the following response appears if you specify an invalid <code>elasticSearchUrl</code> or <code>logstashUrl</code>:

```
ectool error [InvalidUrl]: The url 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is invalid
```

The following example shows the response when a valid elasticSearchUrl is used:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin$ ./ectool
setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration
   --elasticSearchUrl https://192.168.5.54:9200 --testConnection 1
```

Interactive Command-Line Installation Methods

The interactive command-line installation methods are supported only for Linux-only installations on a local Linux volume. Electric Cloud does not support installing the ElectricFlow server on a network volume.

Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

Running an Express Server Command-Line Installation

The express server command-line installation installs the ElectricFlow server, web server, built-in database, agent for running jobs, and ElectricFlow tools. This installation uses the default ElectricFlow server settings. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

The built-in database is not supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

- 2. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version>.
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

```
Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

3. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]
```

4. Enter: expressServer.

• If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

```
The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.
```

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

5. Enter y to continue the installation.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []
```

6. Enter a user name.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []
```

7. Enter a group name.

This is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The software displays the following message.

Use the same service account for the agent (not recommended for production systems)? [y/N]

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file

(/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key

file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- 8. Choose one of the following options:
 - Enter y to use the same user and group for the agent service. This is not recommended for production systems.
 - Enter n to use a separate user and group for the agent service.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

1. Enter a User Name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

2. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Advanced Command-Line Installation

The advanced command-line installation allows you to install individual ElectricFlow components such as an ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or ElectricFlow tools on specific machines. You can also change the default installation settings to accommodate your environment. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

- 2. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version>.
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following messages:

```
Logging to "/tmp/<DIR_NAME>/installer.log"

Installing temporary...

Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

3. Enter y to continue the installation.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]
```

- 4. Enter: advanced.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

```
The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.
```

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

5. Enter y to continue the installation.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Install an ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

6. Select the servers you want to install on the current machine. For more information, see Architecture on page 1-4.

Note: If you only want to install the ElectricFlow tools, enter n for all of the server options. The ElectricFlow tools are automatically installed even if you choose not to install any server software.

1. Enter y to install an ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Install a built-in database? [n/Y]
```

- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Enter y to install a built-in database.

This is not recommended for production systems. Additionally, the built-in database is *not* supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration.

• Enter n if you plan to use an external database.

For more information, see External Database Configuration on page 5-2. If you plan to use MySQL, see Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-158.

The software displays the following message.

```
Install an Apache web server? [n/Y]
```

3. Enter y to install an Apache web server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Install an ElectricFlow repository server? [n/Y]
```

4. Enter y to install an ElectricFlow repository server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

Note: Any combination of the following installation screens will appear depending on which servers you install.

7. Press **Enter** to accept the default installation directory, or enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the data directory (for configuration files and logs). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

8. Press **Enter** to accept the default installation directory, or enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.

The software displays prompts for server port values. The prompts that appear will vary depending on the sever software you previously selected to install.

9. Press **Enter** to accept the default port values, or enter alternate port numbers if you need to specify a different port value.

The following message only appears if you are installing an Apache web server. If you are not installing a web server, you will see a prompt to enter a user name.

```
Specify the host name that users will type in their browser to access the web server. [hostName]
```

10. Enter a web server host name if you are installing an Apache web server.

This is the host name users need to type into their browser to access the ElectricFlow web server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the server, web, and/or repository will run as. []
```

11. Enter a user name if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the server, web, and/or web repository will run as. []
```

12. Enter a group name if you are installing an ElectricFlow, web, or repository server.

This is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes. For example, you might enter build.

The following message only appears if an agent is installed. An agent is automatically installed with a web or repository server.

```
Use the same service account for the agent (not recommended for production systems)? [y/N]
```

For security reasons in production environments, you might want to use a separate user and group for the agent service because the server service has permission to read the key file

```
(/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or
```

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows). The key file is used to decrypt passwords stored in ElectricFlow. Using a different user and group for the agent service ensures that a process running on the agent cannot gain access to the key file.

- 13. Choose one of the following options if an agent is automatically installed with the server:
 - Enter y to use the same user and group for the agent service. This is not recommended for production systems.
 - Enter ${\tt n}$ to use a separate user and group for the agent service.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

1. Enter a User Name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

2. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process..

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

- 2. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version>.
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console
```

The system displays the following message:

```
Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

3. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]
```

- 4. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]

• If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

5. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

6. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Important: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

7. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for **pre-existing** ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 8. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

Important: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [n/Y]

9. Enter y to create the agent in the default zone.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the hostName:port of a remote ElectricFlow server the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. [] <hostName:port>

10. Enter the Server Host Name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. You must specify the Server Host Name as <hostName>:>port> if the remote server is using a non-default HTTPS port. If you do not specify a port, HTTPS port 8443 is assumed (the same as the ElectricFlow server default port).

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user name with which to login to <hostName>:<port>. [admin]
```

11. Enter the user name of a user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. The default is the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the password for "<electricflow user>" on <hostName>:<port>. []
```

12. Enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the name of the resource to create on <<hostName>:<port>. [<resource_name>]
```

- 13. Enter the following information if the agent must be registered as a trusted agent. These options only appear if you entered y for Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N].
 - 1. Enter a resource name to use on the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the agent gateway URL in the form of 'ipOrHostname:port' []
```

2. Enter an agent gateway URL. This is the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the zone name for the agent and/or repository []
```

3. Enter the Zone Name. This is the zone used during remote agent and or remote repository creation.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

- 4. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.
- 14. The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

15. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
For example, enter:
```

r or example, errer.

```
chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl
```

- 3. Choose one of the following commands to begin the installation:
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges, enter:

```
./<agent installer file>
```

• For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console
```

• For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console --nonRoot
```

4. After the confirmation prompt, continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message:

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- $\textbf{5. Press} \; \texttt{Enter} \; \textbf{to} \; \textbf{accept} \; \texttt{expressAgent.}$
 - If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 6 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing "pseudo" ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

6. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter ${\tt n}$, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

7. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Important: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

```
Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

8. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for existing ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

```
Register as trusted agent? [y/N]
```

Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with

trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 9. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

Note: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

For root or sudo installations, the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

10. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

11. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

12. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running an Advanced Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

```
chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl
```

- 3. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges, enter:

```
./<agent_installer_file>
```

• For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console
```

• For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console --nonRoot
```

4. After the confirmation prompt, continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 5. Enter advanced.
 - If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, or if you are installing "pure" 64-bit agents, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

6. Enter y.

Any missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

7. Enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the data directory (for configuration files and logs). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

8. Enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the agent port. [7800]
```

9. Enter a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the agent local port. [6800]
```

 Enter a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.

The software displays the following message.

```
Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

11. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

12. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for existing ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

```
Register as trusted agent? [y/N]
```

Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 13. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

Important: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

For root or sudo installations, the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

14. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

15. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

16. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer) When the Server Uses Registered and Concurrent Licenses

Use this procedure when the ElectricFlow server uses a mix of registered and concurrent licenses.

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent installer file>
```

For example, enter:

```
chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl
```

- 3. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges, enter:

```
./<agent installer file>
```

• For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console
```

• For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console --nonRoot
```

4. After the confirmation prompt, enter y to continue the installation.

The software displays the following message:

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 5. Press Enter to accept expressAgent.
 - If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, or if you are installing "pure" 64-bit agents, go to Step 6 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

```
The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.
```

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

6. Enter y.

Any missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

7. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party

integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

8. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for *pre-existing* ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

```
Register as trusted agent? [y/N]
```

Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a
 requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All
 incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer,
 and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 9. Enter n if you are installing the ElectricFlow Community Edition.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [y/n]

10. Enter y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the host:port of a remote ElectricFlow server that the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. []

11. Enter the <host:port>.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user name with which to login to "<host:port>". [admin]
```

12. Enter admin.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the password for "admin" on "<host:port>". []
```

13. Enter a password.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the name of the resource to create on "<host:port>". []
```

14. Enter a resource name.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify resource type for remote server: Registered or Concurrent. []
```

15. Enter Registered.

For root or sudo installations, the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

16. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a user name.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

17. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a group name.

This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine.

When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

18. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running a DevOps Insight Server Interactive Command-Line Installation

The command-line user interface installation method is supported only by Linux platforms. In this mode, additional command line parameters that are listed in Windows or Linux DevOps Insight Server Silent Unattended Installation Example on page 3-105 can be used.

Installing the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components

For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you install the DevOps Insight server on a system other than systems running other ElectricFlow components (such as the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or agent). If you must install it on the same system (such as for testing or other non-production or trial-basis situations) see Running the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components on page 3-9 for details.

Installing the DevOps Insight Server

- 1. Choose one of the following commands to start the full installer.
 - From a command line, enter

```
sudo ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>
```

• If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer invokes the graphical user interface. To override this behavior, enter

```
sudo ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version> --mode console.
```

The following message appears:

```
Logging to "/tmp/ijtmp_00CB8424-9E21-C4E5-3357-0E5B11BADFA6/installer-EFlowReportServ.log"
Installing temporary...
Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.
This will install ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server on your computer.
Continue? [n/Y]
```

2. Continue the installation by entering y.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the install directory (for binaries) [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

3. Press Enter to accept the default installation directory, or enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the data directory (for data files, configurations and logs) [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

4. Press Enter to accept the default installation directory, or enter a new installation directory path for data files, configurations, and logs.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the user the services will run as []
```

5. Enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server processes.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the group the services will run as [<primary group>]
```

6. Enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server processes, or accept the default primary group of the chosen user by pressing Enter.

The following message appears:

```
Choose the port which will be used by Elasticsearch [9200]
```

The DevOps Insight server uses the Elasticsearch search engine and the Logstash data-collection and log-parsing engine to gather data from the ElectricFlow server for use in the Deployments, Releases, and Release Command Center dashboards.

7. If you want specify a nondefault port number, enter that number, or accept the default port number by pressing Enter.

The following message appears:

```
Choose the internal port which will be used by Elasticsearch [9300]
```

This port is used for internal communication between nodes within the Elasticsearch cluster.

8. If you want specify a nondefault port number, enter that number, or accept the default port number by pressing Enter.

The following message appears:

```
Choose the port which will be used by Logstash [9500]
```

9. If you want specify a nondefault port number, enter that number, or accept the default port number by pressing Enter.

The following message appears:

```
Choose the internal port which will be used by Logstash [9600]
```

This port is used by the Logstash monitoring APIs that provide runtime metrics about Logstash.

10. If you want specify a nondefault port number, enter that number, or accept the default port number by pressing Enter.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the password that will be used for regular access to the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server services []
```

11. Enter the password that will be used to access the server. The installer will automatically create a user named reportuser with the password that you provide. If you do not specify a password, the installer generates a default password changeme.

The installer asks you to confirm the password that you entered. Enter the same password as before.

The following message appears:

Specify the directory for data stored by Elasticsearch if the Elasticsearch data should be stored in a different location than the DevOps Insight Server data directory.

12. (Optional) If you want specify a nondefault directory to contain the Elasticsearch index data, enter that directory path, or accept the default directory by pressing Enter.

This option is useful if the system lacks enough disk space for the expected growth of data on the volume containing the default data directory.

The following message appears:

Do you want to specify the remote ElectricFlow server which will be configured to interact with the services being installed? [n/Y]

13. Enter y if you want to automatically configure the remote ElectricFlow server to interact with the services being installed.

Note: The following messages related to the configuration of the remote ElectricFlow server are skipped if you declined to configure it automatically.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the host[:port] of the remote ElectricFlow server []
```

14. Enter the name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this DevOps Insight server . If the remote server is using a non-default HTTPS port, you must specify the host name as <host>: <port>. If you do not specify a port, HTTPS port 8443 is assumed (the same as the ElectricFlow server default port).

The following message appears:

```
Specify the user name with which to login to "<remote host>" [admin]
```

15. Enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to edit server settings. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.

The following message appears:

```
Specify the password for "<remote user>" on "<remote host>" []
```

16. Enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.

The following message appears:

The ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server will be configured on ElectricFlow server version <version</pre> on <remote</pre> host>

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line Installation complete appears.

Configuring the DevOps Insight Server on the ElectricFlow Server

If you chose to skip the option to configure the remote ElectricFlow server during the installation or upgrade of the DevOps Insight server, you must do so afterward to ensure connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server. To do this, you use the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** tab in the Automation Platform. For details, see the "DevOps Insight Server Configuration" section in the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Checking the DevOps Insight Server Configuration on the ElectricFlow Server

You can confirm the correct DevOps Insight Server settings by entering the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration

Following is sample output:

For details about the getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --help

Testing Connectivity and Authentication Between the DevOps Insight Server and the ElectricFlow Server

After you enable connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server, you can perform a test by using one of the following methods:

• Check the **Test Connection** checkbox in the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** subtab of the Administration Platform web UI on the ElectricFlow server and click **OK**.

• Enter the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

```
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --testConnection 1
For details about the setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --help
```

For example, the following response appears if the user name or password is incorrect:

```
ectool error [InvalidCredentials]: HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized: Access to 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is denied due to invalid credentials.
```

Also, for example, the following response appears if you specify an invalid <code>elasticSearchUrl</code> or <code>logstashUrl</code>:

```
ectool error [InvalidUrl]: The url 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is invalid
```

The following example shows the response when a valid <code>elasticSearchUrl</code> is used:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin$ ./ectool
setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration
   --elasticSearchUrl https://192.168.5.54:9200 --testConnection 1
```

Silent Unattended Installation Method

You can run the ElectricFlow installers and the DevOps Insight installer in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface on either Windows or Linux. Use the arguments in the following list to construct the commands that you need for a specific installation. For example: a server, agent, or web server.

Running a Silent Install

You can silently install the full version of ElectricFlow, agents only, or the DevOps Insight server . <arguments> represents optional silent install arguments. For a list of available arguments, see Silent Install Arguments on page 3-92.

Linux

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent <--arguments>
```

Linux Agent-Only

```
32-bit: ./ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version> --mode silent <arguments>
```

64-bit:./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version> --mode silent <arguments>

Windows

ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent <--arguments>

Windows Agent-Only

```
32-bit: ElectricFlowAgent-x86-<version>.exe --mode silent <arguments>
```

64-bit: ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version>.exe --mode silent <arguments>

Linux DevOps Insight Server

sudo ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version> --mode silent --unixServerUser
[<user_name>] --unixServerGroup [<group_name>] <--arguments>

Windows DevOps Insight Server

ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent --windowsServerUser [<user_name>] -windowsServerPassword [<password>] --windowsServerDomain [<domain_name>] <--arguments>

or

ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent --windowsServerLocalSystem <--arguments>

Silent Install Arguments

The following argument table is an excerpt from the installer help text. You can view the full installer help by entering the $<installer_file>$ --help command.

Note: Only limited validity checking is performed on these values during an unattended installation, which means typing errors or other mistakes might cause unexpected issues.

Note: The response-file and save-response-file arguments are not supported as of versions newer than 6.0.4 and 6.4.

agentAllowRootUser	(Linux platforms) Lets you specify root as the user to own the ElectricFlow agent process when you use theunixAgentUser argument. If you do not use this argument and specify root as the agent user, the installation will exit, and the installer log will contain the following error message: It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please use theagentAllowRootUser flag to override this error and proceed with the 'root' user.
agentArtifactCache [<directory>]</directory>	Directory containing cached artifact versions.
agentGatewayURL [<url>]</url>	URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server.
agentIdleConnectionTimeout [<milliseconds>]</milliseconds>	Idle connection timeout for the ElectricFlow agent (in milliseconds). The default is 0 (the connection does not time out).

agentInitMemory [<percent>]</percent>	Initial Java heap size as a percentage of the total system memory for the ElectricFlow agent. This setting has no default and is overridden if you have set agentInitMemoryMB to a nondefault value.
agentInitMemoryMB [<megabytes>]</megabytes>	Initial Java heap size for the ElectricFlow agent (in MB). The default is 16.
agentMaxConnections [<number>]</number>	Maximum number of network connections for the ElectricFlow agent. The default is 200.
agentMaxConnectionsPerRoute [<number>]</number>	Maximum number of network connections per route for the ElectricFlow agent. The default is 20.
agentMaxMemory [<percent>]</percent>	Maximum Java heap size as a percentage of the total system memory. This setting has no default and is overridden if you have set agentMaxMemoryMB to a nondefault value.
agentMaxMemoryMB [<megabytes>]</megabytes>	Maximum Java heap size for the ElectricFlow agent (in MB). The default is 64.
agentLocalPort [<port>]</port>	Port used by the ElectricFlow agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
agentOutboundConnectTimeout <milliseconds></milliseconds>	Timeout for the ElectricFlow agent establishing outbound connections (in milliseconds). The default is 30000.
agentPort [<port>]</port>	Port used by the installed ElectricFlow agent for HTTPS communication on any network interface.
agentWindowsServiceStartType [<start_type>]</start_type>	(Windows only) Start type of the ElectricFlow agent service. Available values are auto_start and delayed_auto_start.
databaseMemoryBufferSize [<size>]</size>	Size of the database memory buffer. The value can be suffixed with a unit (K, M, or G). The default unit is bytes. The default size is 256 MB.

databasePassword [<password></password>]Password used to access the database. The default password is changeme.
databasePort [<port>]</port>	Port used by the built-in (default) database. The default port is 8900.
dataDirectory [<directory>]</directory>	Directory used to store configuration files, logs, and database artifacts.
force32Bit	Force a 32-bit install, even if the machine is 64-bit.
help	Display this information.
installAgent	Install the ElectricFlow agent. This option is not required when using the agent-only installers. It is ignored when used.
installDatabase	Install a local built-in database to use with the main ElectricFlow server. This database works only for standard licenses (shipped with ElectricFlow by default) and evaluation licenses. This database is not recommended for production systems.
installDirectory [<directory>]</directory>	Directory used to store program files and binaries.
installRepository	Install an ElectricFlow artifact repository server.
installServer	Install the main ElectricFlow server.
installWeb	Install the local web server and ElectricFlow web interface.
mode [<installer_mode>]</installer_mode>	Mode in which the installer will run. Available values: console, silent, or standard.
nonRoot	(Linux agent-only installations) Install as a non- root user or a user without sudo privileges.
remoteServer [<host>:<port>]</port></host>	host:port for the remote ElectricFlow server. The port is optional and can be omitted if the server is using the default HTTP port.

remoteServerCreateRepository	Create a repository object on the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerCreateResource	Create a resource for the installed agent on the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerDiscoverPlugins	Set the plugins directory for the installed agent and/or web server to the shared plugins directory defined on the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerPassword [<password>]</password>	Password to use when logging in to the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerRepository [<repository_name>]</repository_name>	Name of the repository to create on the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerResource [<resource_name>]</resource_name>	Name of the resource to create on the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerResourceType [<type>]</type>	Type of resource to create on the remote ElectricFlow server. This argument is available only when the ElectricFlow server is using a mixed- mode license (concurrent resources and registered hosts). Valid options for this argument are concurrent Or registered.
remoteServerUser [<user_name>]</user_name>	User name to use when logging in to the remote ElectricFlow server.
repositoryPort [<port>]</port>	Port used by the ElectricFlow artifact repository server (the default is 8200).
serverFileTransferPort [<port>]</port>	File transfer port used by the installed ElectricFlow server.
serverHttpPort [<port>]</port>	HTTP port used by the installed ElectricFlow server.
serverHttpsPort [<port>]</port>	HTTPS port used by the installed ElectricFlow server.

skipCheckUserHomeDirectory	Disables checking for the existence of a valid home directory. This argument overrides the default checks (whether the HOME environment variable is defined and points to a writeable directory). Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.
	The installer writes installation data to the home directory of the user who invoked the installer. The installer will read this data during subsequent upgrades or uninstallations. This argument ensures that the installer finishes successfully for non-root or non-sudo installations in which the logged-in user lacks a home directory. Important: Do not use this argument for a non-root or non-sudo installation if you anticipate a same-system future upgrade (or uninstallation). Instead, you must ensure that you have a home directory before invoking the installer.
temp [<directory>]</directory>	Directory used to store temporary files used by the installer.
trustedAgent	Restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
unixAgentGroup [< <i>group_name</i> >]	Group the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.

unixAgentUser [<user_name>]</user_name>	User the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as. The user and group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, you must also use the agentAllowRootUser argument (described above).
unixServerGroup [<group_name>]</group_name>	Group the installed ElectricFlow, web, or repository server runs as.
unixServerUser [<user_name>]</user_name>	User the installed ElectricFlow, web, or repository server runs as.
useSameServiceAccount	Use the same account for server and agent services. Not recommended for production systems.
version	Display installer version information.
webHostName [<name>]</name>	Name users need to type in their browser to access the web server.
webHttpPort [<port>]</port>	HTTP port used by the installed web server.
webHttpsPort [<port>]</port>	HTTPS port used by the installed web server.
windowsAgentDomain [<domain_name>]</domain_name>	Domain of the account the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.
windowsAgentLocalSystem	Run the ElectricFlow agent as the local system account.
windowsAgentPassword [<password>]</password>	Password of the account the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as.
windowsAgentUser [<user_name>]</user_name>	User name of the account the installed ElectricFlow agent runs as. User that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

windowsServerDomain [<domain_name>]</domain_name>	Domain of the account the installed ElectricFlow, web, or repository server runs as.	
	Run the ElectricFlow, web, or repository server as the local system account.	
windowsServerLocalSystem	Note: The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.	
windowsServerPassword [<password>]</password>	Password of the account the installed ElectricFlow, web, or repository server runs as.	
windowsServerUser [<user_name>]</user_name>	User name of the account the installed ElectricFlow, web, or repository server runs as.	
windowsSkipAdminCheck	Do not check that the user running the installer is a direct member of group Administrators.	
zoneName [<zone_name>]</zone_name>	Zone name used during remote agent and or remote repository creation.	

Linux Silent Installation Examples

The following examples are command strings to use for unattended (silent) installations. In many instances, the command text with the associated options wraps to the following lines.

Important: You must enter the installation command and all options on a single line.

Complete ElectricFlow Installation

This installation installs the ElectricFlow server, including the web, repository, and database servers, one agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent
--installServer
--installAgent
--installDatabase
--installWeb
--installRepository
--unixServerUser <server user>
--unixServerGroup <server group>
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Agent Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow agent, a repository server, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
--unixServerUser <server user>
--unixServerGroup <server group>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- < agent user > is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Full Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. This installation also installs Tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
   ./ElectricFlow-<version>
   --mode silent --installAgent
   --unixAgentUser <agent user>
   --unixAgentGroup <agent group>
```

Where:

- < agent user > is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Agent-Only Installers)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure. This example uses the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer file.

• Enter:

```
./ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version>
--mode silent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
```

Where:

- < agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Web Server and an Agent

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow web server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent --installWeb
--installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
--unixServerUser <server user>
```

```
--unixServerGroup <server group>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- < agent group > is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Repository Server Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow repository server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
--unixServerUser <server user>
--unixServerGroup <server group>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <server group> is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- < agent user > is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- < agent group > is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Tools Only Installation

This installation example installs only the ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent
```

Windows Silent Installation Examples

The following examples are command strings to use for unattended (silent) installations. In many instances, the command text with the associated options wraps to the following lines.

Important: You must enter the installation command and all options on a single line.

Complete ElectricFlow Installation

This installation installs the ElectricFlow server, including the web, repository, and database servers, one agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe
--mode silent
--installServer
--installAgent
--installDatabase
--installWeb
--installRepository
--windowsServerUser <server user>
--windowsServerDomain <domain>
--windowsServerPassword <password>
--windowsAgentUser <agent user>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentPassword <password>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Agent Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow agent, a repository server, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--windowsAgentUser <agent user>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentPassword <password>
--windowsServerUser <server user>
--windowsServerDomain <domain>
--windowsServerPassword <password>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Full Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. This installation also installs Tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent --installAgent --windowsAgentUser
<agent user> --windowsAgentDomain <domain> --windowsAgentPassword password>
```

Where < agent user > is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

ElectricFlow Agent Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The ElectricFlow agent software must be installed on each agent machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure. This example uses the "pseudo" 64-bit agent-only installer file.

• Enter:

```
ElectricFlowAgent-x64-<version>.exe --mode silent --windowsAgentUser <agent
user> --windowsAgentDomain <domain> --windowsAgentPassword password>
```

Where: <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Web Server and an Agent

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow web server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe
--mode silent
--installAgent
--installWeb
--windowsAgentUser <agent user>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentPassword <password>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
--windowsServerUser <server user>
--windowsServerDomain <domain>
--windowsServerPassword <password>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Repository Server Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow repository server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--windowsAgentUser <agent user>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentPassword <password>
--windowsServerUser <server user>
--windowsServerDomain <domain>
--windowsServerPassword <password>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Tools Only Installation

This installation example installs only the ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

• Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe --mode silent
```

Linux Repository Server Silent Installation

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow repository server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

· Enter:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
./ElectricFlow-<version>
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--unixAgentUser <agent user>
--unixAgentGroup <agent group>
--unixServerUser <server user>
--unixServerGroup <server group>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
```

Where:

 <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.

- < server group > is the group who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- <agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- <agent group> is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Windows Repository Server Silent Installation Example

This installation example installs an ElectricFlow repository server, an agent, and ElectricFlow tools. Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Enter:

```
ElectricFlow-<version>.exe
--mode silent
--installRepository
--installAgent
--windowsAgentUser <agent user>
--windowsAgentDomain <domain>
--windowsAgentPassword <password>
--windowsServerUser <server user>
--windowsServerDomain <domain>
--windowsServerPassword <password>
--remoteServer <your existing ElectricFlow server>
```

Where:

- <server user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow server, repository server, and web server processes.
- < agent user> is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

Windows or Linux DevOps Insight Server Silent Unattended Installation Example

You can run the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server installer in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface on either Windows or Linux.

Installing the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components

For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you install the DevOps Insight server on a system other than systems running other ElectricFlow components (such as the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or agent). If you must install it on the same system (such as for testing or other non-production or trial-basis situations) see Running the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components on page 3-9 for details.

Silent Installation Arguments

The following argument table is an excerpt from the installer help text. You can view the full installer help by entering <code>ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version> --help</code>.

dataDirectory <arguments></arguments>	Directory used to store binaries. Default value on Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander. Default value on Windows: %ProgramFiles%\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander (usually: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander)
disableSSL	Do not configure the Elasticsearch service to use SSL connections and authentication. Note: Using this option is not recommended in production environments.
	The DevOps Insight server uses the Elasticsearch search engine and the Logstash data-collection and log-parsing engine to gather data from the ElectricFlow server for use in the Deployments, Releases, and Release Command Center dashboards.
elasticsearchDataDirectory <directory></directory>	Path to the directory for data stored by Elasticsearch. New installations—The DevOps Insight server data directory will be used by default. Upgrades—The existing directory will continue to be used by default.
elasticsearchIndexNumberOfShards <arguments></arguments>	Number of primary shards that an index should have. Default value: 2
elasticsearchInternalPort <arguments></arguments>	Port number used for internal communication between nodes within the Elasticsearch cluster. Default value: 9300
elasticsearchMemoryMB <arguments></arguments>	Heap size in MB for the Elasticsearch service. Default value: 2048
elasticsearchPort <arguments></arguments>	Port number to be used by the Elasticsearch service. Default value: 9200

elasticsearchRegenerateCertificates	During the update, regenerate the certificates that are used by the Elasticsearch service.	
elasticsearchUserPassword <arguments></arguments>	Password to use for regular access to the DevOps Insight server services. The installer automatically creates a user with the user name reportuser to connect to Elasticsearch. This parameter lets you specify a password for this user. Electric Cloud recommends that you change the default password	
	Note: If you do specify a password, the installer will generate a default password changeme.	
help	Display the information in this table	
hostName <arguments></arguments>	Host name or IP address to be used by the remote ElectricFlow server to communicate with the DevOps Insight server. The default value is the current host name of the machine.	
installDirectory <arguments></arguments>	Directory used to store binaries. Default value on Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander Default value on Windows: %ProgramFiles%\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander (usually: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander)	
logstashInitMemoryMB <arguments></arguments>	Initial java heap size in MB for the Logstash service. Default value: 256 The DevOps Insight server uses the Elasticsearch search engine and the Logstash data-collection and log-parsing engine to gather data from the ElectricFlow server for use in the Deployments, Releases, and Release Command Center dashboards.	

logstashInternalPort <arguments></arguments>	Port number used by the Logstash monitoring APIs that provide runtime metrics about Logstash. Default value: 9600
logstashMaxMemoryMB <arguments></arguments>	Maximum Java heap size in MB for the Logstash service. Default value: 1024
logstashPort <arguments></arguments>	Internal port number to be used by the Logstash service. Default value: 9500
mode <arguments></arguments>	Set the installer mode. Available values on Linux: console, silent or standard. Available values on Windows: silent or standard.
remoteServer <arguments></arguments>	<pre><host>[:<port>] of the remote ElectricFlow server</port></host></pre>
remoteServerPassword <arguments></arguments>	Password to use when logging in to the remote ElectricFlow server.
remoteServerUser <arguments></arguments>	User name to use when logging in to the remote ElectricFlow server.
temp <arguments></arguments>	Set the temporary directory used by this program
unixServerGroup <arguments></arguments>	(Linux only) Group name that the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services run as
	Note: This is required for silent installation on Linux.
unixServerUser <arguments></arguments>	(Linux only) User name that the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services run as
	Note: This is required for silent installation on Linux.
version	Display installer version information

windowsServerDomain <arguments></arguments>	(Windows only) Domain of the account the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services will run as on Windows Note: Do not use this parameter if a local account used.	
windowsServerLocalSystem	(Windows only) Run the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services as the local system account	
windowsServerPassword <arguments></arguments>	(Windows only) Password of the account that the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services will run as	
	Note: This is required for silent installation on Windows if the windowsServerLocalSystem option is not specified.	
windowsServerUser <arguments></arguments>	User name of the account the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server services will run as on Windows	
	Note: This is required for silent installation on Windows if the windowsServerLocalSystem option is not specified.	

Installing the DevOps Insight Server

Enter one of the following commands from a command line.

- Linux: sudo ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<*version>* --mode silent <*arguments>*
- Windows: ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<*version*>.exe --mode silent <*arguments*>

where:

- $\bullet \quad <\!\! \textit{version} \!\! > \!\! \textit{is your ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server version number}.$
- <arguments> represents any additional silent install arguments.

For a successful installation in this mode, you must specify the following:

- Linux: Use the --unixServerUser and --unixServerGroup options to specify the user name and group that the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server service runs as.
- Windows: Use the --windowsServerUser, --windowsServerPassword, and -WindowsServerDomain options to specify the user name, password, and domain (if the account
 is not local) of the account the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server service runs as or the -windowsServerLocalSystem option to use the local system account.

Configuring the DevOps Insight Server on the ElectricFlow Server

If you chose to skip the option to configure the remote ElectricFlow server during the installation or upgrade of the DevOps Insight server, you must do so afterward to ensure connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server. To do this, you use the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** tab in the Automation Platform. For details, see the "DevOps Insight Server Configuration" section in the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Checking the DevOps Insight Server Configuration on the ElectricFlow Server

You can confirm the correct DevOps Insight Server settings by entering the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration

Following is sample output:

For details about the getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter

 $\verb| ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration -- help|\\$

Testing Connectivity and Authentication Between the DevOps Insight Server and the ElectricFlow Server

After you enable connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server, you can perform a test by using one of the following methods:

- Check the **Test Connection** checkbox in the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** subtab of the Administration Platform web UI on the ElectricFlow server and click **OK**.
- Enter the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

```
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --testConnection 1
```

For details about the setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter

```
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --help
```

For example, the following response appears if the user name or password is incorrect:

```
ectool error [InvalidCredentials]: HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized: Access to 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is denied due to invalid credentials.
```

Also, for example, the following response appears if you specify an invalid <code>elasticSearchUrl</code> or <code>logstashUrl</code>:

```
ectool error [InvalidUrl]: The url 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is invalid
```

The following example shows the response when a valid elasticSearchUrl is used:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin$ ./ectool
setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration
--elasticSearchUrl https://192.168.5.54:9200 --testConnection 1
```

Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents

To install agents and tools on UNIX machines that are not supported ElectricFlow server platforms, you must use a UNIX installer file instead of the ./ElectricFlow-<version> installer file (which works only for server installation). This file is named commander_<ostype>.bin and is available on the Electric Cloud FTP site. For more information about supported agent platforms, see Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-10.

Interactive Command-Line Installation Method for UNIX or macOS Agents

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

This section describes how to install agents and tools on UNIX (not Linux or Windows) machines. These include Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, and AIX machines. Agent upgrades are not supported on these platforms.

You can install agents using any of the following accounts:

- root
- Any account with sudo privileges
- (UNIX or macOS only) Any non-root account without sudo privileges

Installing Agents Using root or an Account with sudo Privileges

To install agents and tools on UNIX or macOS machines using root or an account with sudo privileges:

- 1. Obtain the UNIX or macOS installer file for your agent platform as described in Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.
- 2. Log in as root.
- 3. Enter chmod +x ./commander <0Stype>.bin to ensure that the installer is executable.

```
where <\!\!\mathit{OStype}\!\!>\! is the agent platform. For example:
```

```
commander powerpc AIX71.bin
```

4. Run ./commander_<0Stype>.bin.

The following messages appear:

```
Checking installer integrity, please wait...
ElectricFlow 7.2.0.116649 for AIX Installer
Copyright 2006-2018 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

Press CTRL-C to exit at any time.

Press Enter to accept default settings.

log file: /tmp/commander_install_20170321_115947.log
```

This suite installer can install several different product options.

Note: The default is to install everything.

Which products would you like to install (agent, tools):

5. Enter agent or press Enter.

(You can also install the tools only by entering Tools.) The agent and tools will be installed. The following messages appear:

```
Installing agent and tools.
```

```
Where would you like the software to be installed?

NOTE: The destination should NOT be an nfs filesystem.
```

Enter destination directory (default is /opt):

6. Enter the destination directory path.

The following message appears:

Enter an existing user to own installed agent files and run agent processes:

7. Enter the name of the user to own the ElectricFlow agent files and run the agent processes.

The following message appears:

```
Enter an existing user group to own installed agent files and run agent processes.

Or hit Enter to choose the primary group (default is '<primary group>'):
```

8. Enter the group name of the user to own the ElectricFlow agent files and run the agent processes or press Enter to use the user's primary group.

The following message appears:

```
Enter the agent port (default is 7800):
```

9. Accept the default port or specify a different port if needed to eliminate conflicts with your existing system configuration, and then press Enter.

The installer extracts and installs the software. When the installation is complete, the following message appears:

```
OK: Installation successful!
```

Installing Agents Using a Non-root Account or an Account Without sudo Privileges

In this type of installation, the installer starts the agent service and runs it as the user that performed the installation.

Important: Running the installer without root or sudo privileges is not recommended. When run without root or sudo privileges, the installer cannot install the files that provide automatic start for the agent services, so you must configure automatic restart manually.

To install agents and tools on UNIX or macOS machines using a non-root account without sudo privileges:

- 1. Log in as the user to own the installed agent files and run the agent processes.
- 2. Obtain the UNIX or macOS installer file for your agent platform as described in Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.
- 3. Run chmod +x ./commander <ostype>.bin to ensure that the installer is executable.

```
<OStype> is the agent platform. For example:
```

```
commander powerpc AIX71.bin
```

4. Enter ./commander < OStype>.bin --nonRoot to start the installation.

The following messages appear:

```
Checking installer integrity, please wait... ElectricFlow 7.2.0.116649 for AIX Installer Copyright 2006-2018 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.
```

```
Press CTRL-C to exit at any time.

Press Enter to accept default settings.

log file: /tmp/commander_install_20170321_115947.log

This suite installer can install several different product options.

Note: The default is to install everything.

Which products would you like to install (agent, tools):
```

Note:

Failure to include the --nonRoot argument causes the following error:

This installer must be invoked in a root context.

ERROR: Install failed. Exiting installer.

5. Enter agent or press Enter.

(You can also install the tools only by entering Tools.) The agent and tools will be installed. The following messages appear:

Installing agent and tools.

Where would you like the software to be installed?

NOTE: The destination should NOT be an nfs filesystem.

Enter destination directory (default is /opt):

6. Enter the destination directory path.

Note:

If you lack sufficient privileges on the destination directory, the following error appears, and you must obtain sufficient privileges before continuing:

Could not create "/bin/electriccloud/electriccommander".

If the directory that you entered already exists, the following messages appear:

Directory "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander" already exists.

Do you want to delete and overwrite it (Y/n)?

7. If the directory already exists, enter Y to overwrite it.

The following messages appear:

Non-root install mode. Current user 'build' will be used as owner for installed agent files and run agent processes.

Enter an existing user group to own installed agent files and run agent processes.

Or hit Enter to choose the primary group (default is '<primary group>'):

8. Enter the group name of the user to own the ElectricFlow agent files and run the agent processes or press Enter to use the user's primary group.

The group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

Note:

If you are not a member of the group, the following message appears, and you must enter a different group:

The combination of agent user 'build' and agent group 'foo' is invalid. Please try again.

Enter an existing user group to own installed agent files and run agent processes.

Or hit Enter to choose the primary group (default is '<primary group>'):

After you successfully enter the group name, the following message appears:

```
Enter the agent port (default is 7800):
```

9. Accept the default port or specify a different port if needed to eliminate conflicts with your existing system configuration, and then press Enter.

The installer extracts and installs the software. Then the following messages appear. Note that the directory to contain the agent services varies by platform:

Please wait while the services are configured and started...

Services are started automatically during configuration.

To manually start services use following command(s): /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/startup/ecmdrAgent start

To start services at system startup, copy files at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/startup to the init.d directory '/etc/rc.d/init.d' and make corresponding links in /etc/rcX.d directories.

When the installation is complete, the following message appears:

OK: Installation successful!

Unattended (Silent) Installation Method for UNIX or macOS Agents

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

This section describes how to install agents and tools silently on UNIX (not Linux or Windows) machines. These include Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, and AIX machines. Agent upgrades are not supported on these platforms.

You can install agents using any of the following accounts:

- root
- · Any account with sudo privileges
- (UNIX or macOS only) Any non-root account without sudo privileges

Silent Installation Command Arguments

The following table lists the available arguments.

Argument	Description
-d	Runs the installer in silent mode. The default installation options are used unless you override them on the command line or in an installation configuration file.
nonRoot	(UNIX or macOS only) Runs the installer using a non-root account without sudo privileges. The agent service will run as the user that performed the installation.
-f	Removes and replaces any existing files in the destination directory. This argument completely removes the directory but does <i>not</i> uninstall the previous version. For details about upgrades, see Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.
config	Specifies a file containing installation parameters and values.

Running a Silent Installation

Important: Running the installer without root or sudo privileges is not recommended. When run without root or sudo privileges, the installer cannot install the files that provide automatic start for the agent services, so you must configure automatic restart manually.

To run a silent UNIX or macOS agent installation:

- 1. Obtain the UNIX or macOS installer file for your agent platform as described in Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.
- 2. If you are *not* installing as a non-root user without sudo privileges, log in as root or as a user with sudo privileges.
- 3. Run chmod +x ./commander <0Stype>.bin to ensure that the installer is executable.
- 4. Run commander <OStype>.bin -q <arguments>.

```
where <OStype> is the agent platform. For example:
```

```
commander powerpc AIX71.bin -q -f --config myconfig
```

For installation using a non-root account without sudo privileges, you must include the -- nonRoot argument. Failure to do so causes the following error:

```
This installer must be invoked in a root context. ERROR: Install failed. Exiting installer.
```

Example Parameters in an Installation Configuration File

Following is an example of parameters in a configuration file for silent installation of agents using root or an account with sudo privileges:

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=agent
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
AGENT_USER_TO_RUN_AS="bill jones"
AGENT_GROUP_TO_RUN_AS=engineering
EC_AGENT_PORT=7800
EC_AGENT_LOCAL_PORT=6800
```

Following is an example of parameters in a configuration file for silent installation of tools using root or an account with sudo privileges:

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=tools
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
USER_TO_RUN_AS=sally
GROUP TO RUN AS=engineering
```

Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents

You can install or upgrade remote hosts that are running Linux (x86 or x64), Windows (x86 or x64), macOS, Solaris, Solaris x86, or HP-UX. The installation or upgrade processes take advantage of the underlying ElectricFlow Centralized Agent Management (CAM) feature, which significantly simplifies distribution of new agents and reduces the administrative cost of upgrading ElectricFlow to newer versions.

Prerequisites

General Prerequisites

- You must have an artifact repository server installed.
- At least one version of each agent installer must be published to the artifact repository for any required OS.
- The user that you specify in the **Authentication Options** dialog box must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- The agent service user of the driving agent must have administrator rights on the target machine.

Linux and UNIX Prerequisites

- The target machines must be running the SSH daemon.
- For SSH, the user account on the target machine must have passwordless sudo configured for running the installer with root privileges.
 - For example, in the /etc/sudoers file, you must add "<username> ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL".
- For each target machine that you want to upgrade, ensure that PasswordAuthentication=yes in the /etc/ssh/sshd config file. For example:
 - # To disable tunneled clear text passwords, change to no here! PasswordAuthentication yes

On SUSE platforms, PasswordAuthentication=no is the default.

Windows Prerequisites

Windows Driving Resources

- They must be in the same Windows domain as the remote windows hosts where you will install the agents.
- They must be in the same zone as the zone where you will install the agents.
- Powershell 3.0 or newer must be installed on older versions of Windows. To check the Powershell version:
 - 1. Open Powershell on the host by selecting **Start > All Programs > Accessories > Windows PowerShell > Windows PowerShell**.
 - 2. Enter the Get-Host | Select-Object Version command.
- · Windows Remote Management (WinRM) must be installed and configured.
 - WinRM is installed automatically with all currently-supported versions of Windows.
 - The WinRM service starts automatically on Windows Server. On Windows Vista, the service must be started manually.
 - Before using a domain user to install agents on remote hosts, you must enable multi-hop support for WinRM on the driving resource system and on each remote host. For details, see the Enabling Multi-Hop Support for Windows Remote Management Before Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents Knowledge Base article.

- You can enable the WS-Management protocol on the local system and set up the default configuration for remote management by using the Winrm quickconfig command.
- Maximum Powershell memory must be set to at least 1024 MB. To set the memory setting to 1024 MB:
 - 1. Open a Windows command prompt as Administrator.
 - 2. Enter the winrm set winrm/config/winrs @{MaxMemoryPerShellMB="1024"} command.

Remote Windows Hosts

- Maximum Powershell memory (MaxMemoryPerShellMB) must be set to at least 1024 MB.
- WinRM must be installed and configured.
 - WinRM is installed automatically with all currently-supported versions of Windows.
 - The WinRM service starts automatically on Windows Server. On Windows Vista, the service must be started manually.

You can enable the WS-Management protocol on the local computer and set up the default configuration for remote management by using the winrm quickconfig command.

Permissions for Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents

The following table describes the user permissions required to install or upgrade remote agents. For information about modifying permissions, see the "Access Control" section in the "Automation Platform" chapter of the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Allowed action	Object	Required privilege ("allow")
	The "Resources" system object	Read
		Modify
Install a resource in a zone		Execute
	Zone (such as US1)	Read
		Modify
Upgrade a resource Resource (such as ResourceA)		Read
	Resource (such as ResourceA)	Modify
		Execute

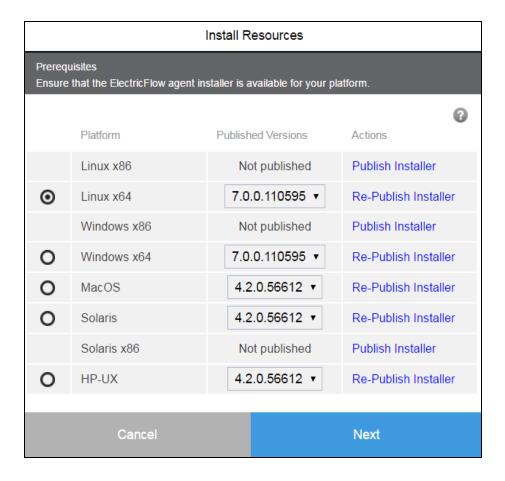
Installing Remote Agents Using the Web Interface

This section describes how to use the ElectricFlow web UI to install remote agents. This process uses the underlying ElectricFlow Centralized Agent Management (CAM) functionality.

In the **Cloud** > **Resources** page of the Automation Platform, click the (add) menu and then click **Install Resource(s)** to install resources on host machines to use as agent hosts for your ElectricFlow resources. If the **Install Resource(s)** menu option is not visible, you must log out and then log in as a user with the required permissions. For details about required permissions, see Permissions for Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents on page 3-119

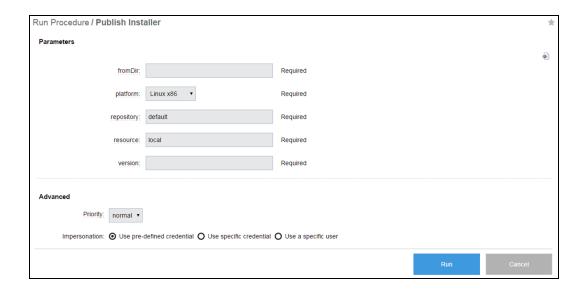
Note: On Solaris platforms, the installation directory path must have fewer than 70 characters.

The **Install Resource(s)** dialog box appears:



If an ElectricFlow agent installer is already published and available for your desired platform, then you can select it to continue with the installation. Otherwise, click the appropriate **Publish Installer** or **Re-Publish Installer** link for the appropriate platform, then click **Next**.

The Run Procedure / Publish Installer page opens:



Enter the following information:

Parameters

- **from Dir**—Directory on the resource used for publishing. For example, enter /var/tmp for Linux or C:/<temp> for Windows.
- platform—Host platform type.
- **repository**—Repository name. Use **default** to use the repository installed during the ElectricFlow installation or enter another name.
- resource—Name of the resource used for publishing.
- **version**—Build version for the ElectricFlow installation. For example, enter 5.0.0.56390. You can find the build version from the file name of the ElectricFlow installer.

(Optional) Advanced

Set advanced options if needed.

Click Run.

When the Publish Installer procedure runs, you can see the job status on the **Job Details** page.

If you want to see the published installers, click the **Artifacts** tab and then click the com.electriccloud:installer artifact. The **Artifact Details** page lists the published installers.

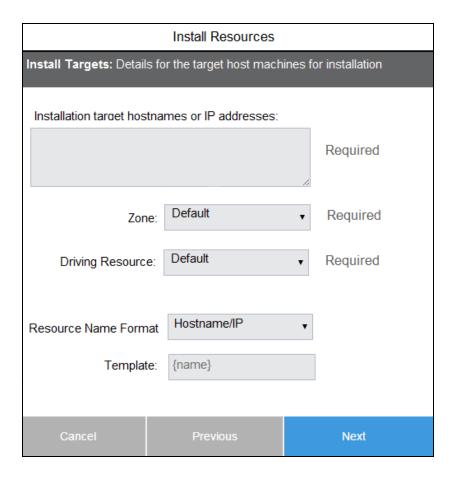
Note: You can republish a new agent installer version. To do so, return to the Cloud >

Provided the installer version. To do so, return to the Cloud >

Resources page and choose (add) > Install Resource(s) and click the radio button for the installer.

If the **Install Resource(s)** menu option is not visible, you must log out and then log in as a user with the required permissions. For details about required permissions, see Permissions for Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents on page 3-119

The **Install Targets** dialog box appears:



Enter the information for the target host machines as follows:

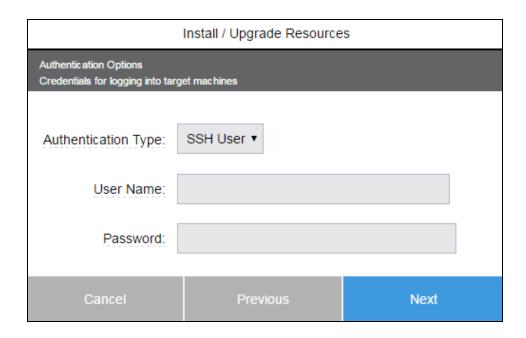
• (Required) **Installation target hostnames or IP addresses**—One or more host names or IP addresses separated by any combination of spaces, commas, semicolons, or newlines. Host names cannot contain spaces.

- (Required) **Zone**—Zone where you are installing agents. If only one zone exists, this option is grayed out. For multiple zones, only the zones for which you have permissions are displayed.
 - You can install agents to only one zone at a time. A functioning gateway must exist before an agent can be installed into the nondefault zone, so installing the first agent into a zone must be done manually.
- (Required) **Driving Resource**—Resource to perform all actions for installing a host on behalf of the server. This is the agent that installs the agents on the remote hosts.
 - The driving resource must belong to the same platform and zone as the hosts being installed or upgraded. Also, on Windows systems containing the driving resource, Windows PowerShell 3.0 or newer must be installed on older Windows versions.
- **Resource Name Format**—Naming scheme for newly-created resources to correspond to the hosts on which to perform the installation.
 - **Hostname/IP**—Use fully-qualified domain names (FQDNs), which will be derived from the host names or IP addresses of the hosts.
 - **Short name**—Use host names that do not include domain names. For example, the host11 part of host11.bigco.com.
 - If you provided IP addresses for the target hosts for installation, resources are named using the short names of the FQDNs, which are derived from those IP addresses. If you provided short host names for installation, resources are named using the short names.
 - If you provided IP addresses for the target hosts for installation and the FDQNs cannot be determined, the installation will fail for those resources (but will continue with the rest of the installation). Also, because there might be duplicate resource names across domains and subdomains if you use short names, if a resource by that name already exists, the installation will fail for the resource (but will continue with the rest of the installation).
 - **Custom**—Custom template for resource naming. The value in this field undergoes property expansion in a global context and is scanned for the {name}, {counter}, and {shortname} special tokens.

Click Next.

One of two **Authentication Settings** dialog boxes appears depending on the platform.

Linux- or UNIX-Based Platforms



From the **Authentication Type** menu, choose **SSH User** or **SSH Key** and enter authentication information required to connect to the remote machines:

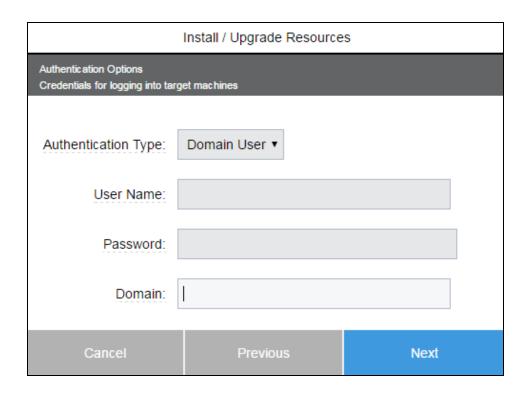
SSH User:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name. This user must have must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- (Required) **Password**—Password for the user name.

SSH Key:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name. This user must have must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- (Required) **Public Key Path**—Path to the SSH public key file.
- (Required) **Private Key Path**—Path to the SSH private key file.
- (Optional) **Passphrase**—Passphrase for unlocking the private key file.

Windows Platforms



Note: Before using a domain user to install agents on remote hosts, you must enable multi-hop support for WinRM on the driving resource system and on each remote host. For more information, see the *Enabling Multi-Hop Support for Windows Remote Management Before Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents* KB article.

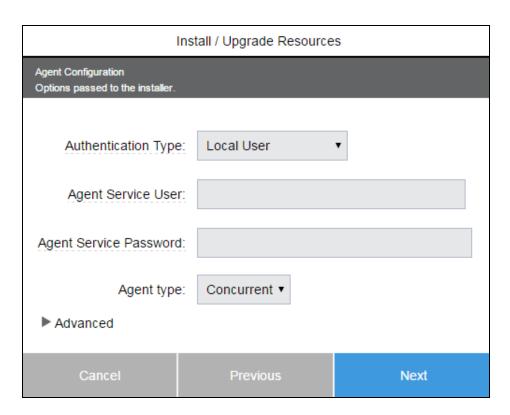
Enter the authentication information required to connect to the remote machines:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name. This user must have must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- (Required) **Password**—Password for the user name.
- (Required) **Domain**—User's Windows domain.

Click Next.

One of two **Agent Configuration** dialog boxes appears depending on the platform.

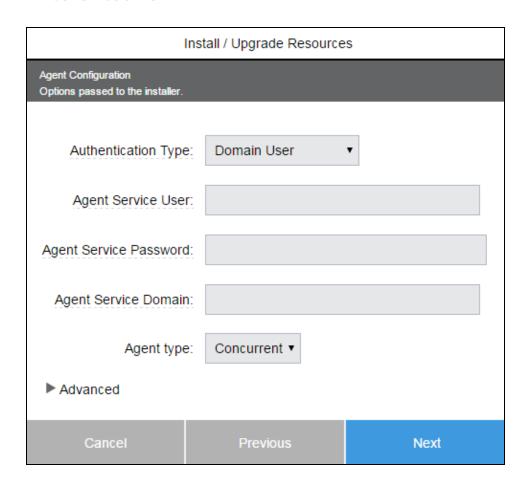
Linux- or UNIX-Based Platforms



Provide the agent settings to be passed to the ElectricFlow agent installer. The agent settings appear in two sections: Information for the user account to be used to run the agent and the agent or resource configurations such as agent port:

- (Required) **Agent Service User**—User that the ElectricFlow agent runs as.
- (Required) **Agent Service Group**—Group that the ElectricFlow agent runs as.

Windows Platforms



Provide the agent settings to be passed to the ElectricFlow agent installer. The agent settings appear in two sections: Information for the user account to be used to run the agent and the agent or resource configurations such as agent port:

Local User:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name.
- (Required) **Password**—Password for the user name.

Domain User:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name.
- (Required) **Password**—Password for the user name.
- (Required) **Domain**—User's Windows domain.

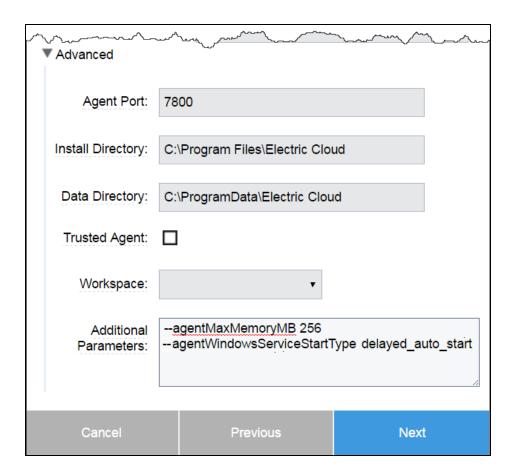
Built-in User Account:

• (Required) **Service Account—LocalSystem** is the only option available in this release.

All Platforms

- **Agent type**—Agent type. (This menu appears only if a mixed-mode license is installed on the server for both registered and concurrent hosts.)
 - If the license on the server is a concurrent resource license, the host type defaults to **Concurrent**, and this menu does not appear.
 - If the license on the server is a registered host license, the host type defaults to **Registered**, and this menu does not appear.
 - If the license on the server is a mixed-mode license (concurrent resources and registered hosts), you must choose the host type when adding a resource.

(Optional) Click **Advanced** to view additional options:



Complete the advanced options as follows:

- **Agent Port**—Port for communication between the local agent and the server. The default is 7800.
- **Install Directory**—Path to the install directory. Spaces are allowed. Do not use quotation marks.

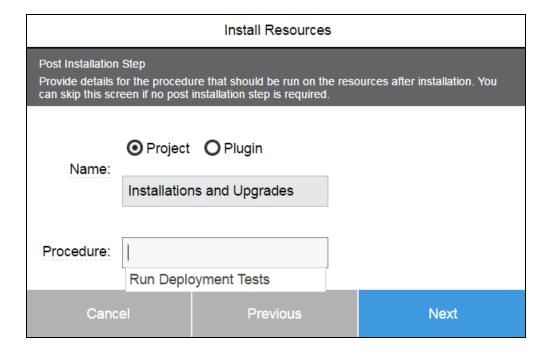
- **Data Directory**—Path to the directory where your modified ElectricFlow files are stored (configuration and log files). Spaces are allowed. Do not use quotation marks.
- **Trusted Agent**—Check this check box if all agent machines being installed or upgraded are trusted. For more information, see the "Switching a Non-Trusted Agent to Trusted" section in the "Automation Platform" chapter of the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.
- Workspace—Name of the workspace to set as the default workspace for the new resource(s).
- **Additional Parameters**—Parameters that are not available in the UI. For example, -- agentMaxMemoryMB 256. All arguments for a parameter must be on the same line.

Click Next.

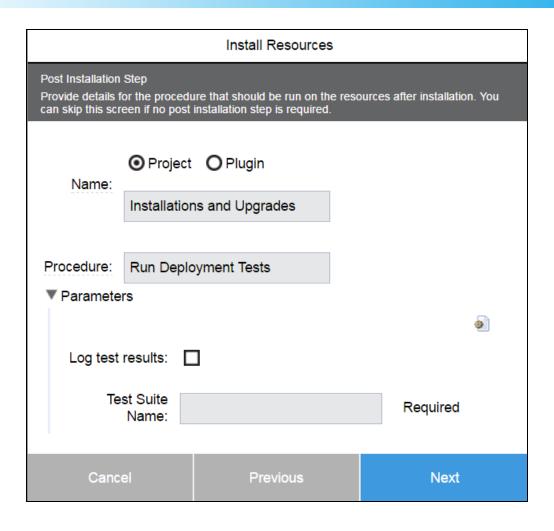
The **Post Installation Step** dialog box appears. (You can skip the dialog box by clicking **Next** at this point.)

You can choose **Project** or **Plugin**. The following examples use **Project**.

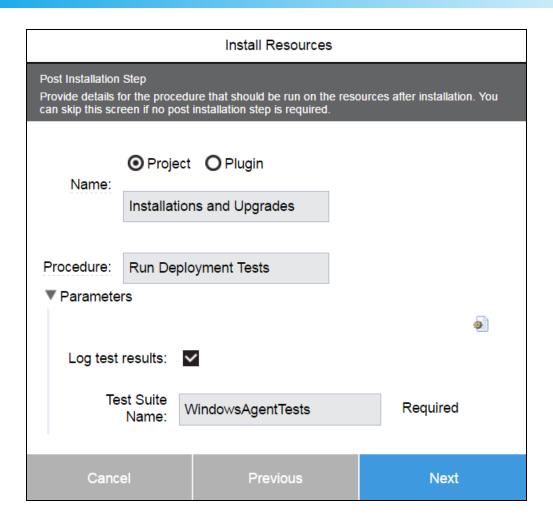
Enter a project name into the **Name** dialog box. For example:



Enter a procedure name. If the procedure has parameters, the **Parameters** menu appears, which includes the parameter fields for the selected procedure. For example:



Enter the parameters for the selected procedure. For example:



Note: Credential parameters are not supported in post-installation steps.

Click Next.

The **Ready to Install** dialog box appears, which summarizes your settings. For example:

Install Resources				
Ready to Install Review the settings before starting the install.				
Review the settings before starting	y the install.			
Target host(s):	win1, win2			
Zone:	default			
Template:	Short name			
Windows UserName:	admin			
Windows Password:	[PROTECTED]	[PROTECTED]		
Windows Domain:	mydomain.com	mydomain.com		
Agent Service User:	admin			
Agent Service Password	[PROTECTED]	[PROTECTED]		
Agent Port:	7800	7800		
Install Directory:	C:\Program Files\Electric (C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud		
Data Directory:	C:\ProgramData\Electric C	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud		
Trusted Agent:	Untrusted	Untrusted		
Additional Parameters:	agentWindowsServiceSt	artType delayed_auto_start		
Post Install Step:	Installations and Upgrades	Installations and Upgrades		
	Run Deployment Tests			
Parameters:	{"Log test results": "true","Test Suite Name": "WindowsAgentTests"}			
Select Finish to run the install.				
Cancel	Previous	Finish		

For more than five hosts, the number of hosts appears (instead of a space-separated list of host names).

Review your settings in the **Ready to Install** dialog box, then click **Finish** to start the installation or upgrade. The **Job Details** page appears.

When the installation or upgrade finishes, you can return to the **Resources** page to see the hosts that were just installed. To verify a resource version, click a resource name (in table view) to open the **Resource Details** panel for that resource.

Installing Remote Agents Using the API

This section describes how to use the ElectricFlow API to install remote agents. This process uses the underlying ElectricFlow Centralized Agent Management (CAM) functionality.

You can automate remote installations by using scripts that call the following ElectricFlow APIs. These APIs provide the same remote installation capability as the web interface.

Parameters for Running the Procedure to Publish an Installer to the Artifact Repository

The Publish Installer procedure is used to publish an ElectricFlow installer to the artifact repository. The parameters for the Publish Installer procedure appear below. These parameters have equivalent options in the web interface.

Parameter	Description
fromDir	Directory where the installer is located. Only the installer itself will be published.
platform	Platform of the installer. The possible values are Linux_x86, Linux_x64, Windows_x86, Windows_x64, Darwin, SunOS, SunOSx86, or HP-UX.
repository	ElectricFlow repository server where the installer will be published.
resource	Resource used by the publishing procedure.
version	Version of the installer. Use the format <major>.<minor>.<patch>.<build>. Because the build number changes with every build of the corresponding plugin, you should check this number often and update it if needed.</build></patch></minor></major>

Parameters for Running the Procedure to Perform the Installations

A top-level wrapper procedure named Centralized Agent Management is used for installer publishing. This procedure calls the Install Agent procedure to publish installers to the repository.

The parameters for the Centralized Agent Management procedure appear below. Most of these parameters have equivalent options in the web interface.

Parameter	Windows Support	Other Plat- form Support	Description	
Installation or Upgrade Parameters Based on Platform and Target Host				

Parameter Windows Support		Other Plat- form Support	Description
isUpgrade	Yes	Yes	Specifies whether you are installing agents or upgrading existing agents. Use 0 if installing agents and 1 if upgrading agents.
resources	Yes	Yes	(Upgrades only) Space-delimited list of resources to upgrade. The resources should belong to the same platform (such as Windows or Linux) and the same zone.
hostnames	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) List of hostnames or IP addresses on which to install the agent. You can delimit the host names or IP addresses by using any combination of spaces, commas, semicolons, or newlines. Host names cannot contain spaces.The hosts should belong to the same platform and the same network.
zoneName	Yes	Yes	ElectricFlow zone in which the agents will be installed or upgraded.
drivingResource	Yes	Yes	Existing resource within the selected zone that will be used to perform all proxy commands for installing or upgrading the target hosts. The driving resource must belong to the same platform and the same zone as the hosts.

Parameter	Windows Support	Other Plat- form Support	Description
resourceNameTemplate	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) String templates. Used for naming the resources in ElectricFlow for the corresponding installation target hosts. The special tokens {name}, {counter}, and {shortname} can be used as place holders for the host name and for incrementing counters in the template value. For example, {name}-Win-{counter}.
version	Yes	Yes	Version of the agent previously published to the repository server to use. For example, 7.0.0.110954.
platform	Yes	Yes	Platform of the resources being upgraded or installed. The possible values are Linux_x86, Linux_x64, Windows_x86, Windows_x64, Darwin, SunOS, SunOSx86, or HP-UX.
Connection Parameters for	or Communica	ting With the	Target Hosts
connectionType	Yes	Yes	Type of authentication to use when connecting to the target machines. Use WINDOWS when installing or upgrading resources on Windows. Otherwise, use either SSH_PASSWORD or SSH_KEY depending on whether the SSH user name and password will be used or an SSH key will be used.

Parameter	Windows Support	Other Plat- form Support	Description	
connectionCredential Yes Y		Yes	Connection credentials based on the type of authentication used for connecting to the target hosts. Use the user account name and password if connectionType is WINDOWS or SSH_USER. Use the user name and SSH key passphrase if connectionType is SSH_KEY.	
connectionDomain	Yes	-	(Windows platforms only) Name of the windows domain for the specified user account.	
connectionPublicKey - Y		Yes	Path to the SSH public key file on the driving resource.	
connectionPrivateKey	-	Yes	Path to the SSH private key file on the driving resource.	
Agent Configuration Parameters for Installing Agents on Target Hosts (There are additional parameters for agent configuration that are not listed here. To specify additional agent configuration parameters, use the Additional Parameters field as described above.)				
agentPort	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) Port that will be used by the agents installed on the target hosts. The default is 7800.	
installDirectory	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) Path to the installation directory on the target hosts.	
dataDirectory	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) Path to the data directory on the target hosts.	

Parameter	Windows Support	Other Plat- form Support	Description
agentWorkspaceName	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) Name of the workspace that will be used by the agents installed on the target hosts.
agentCredential	Yes	Yes	(Installations only) Password for the user account that the installed agent service should run as. (This is not applicable if you are using LocalSystem as the agent user on Windows.)
agentDomain	Yes	-	(Installations only) Windows domain name for the agent user, if the user account belongs to a domain.
trustedAgent Yes Yes		Yes	(Installations only) Specifies whether the agent will be installed as a trusted agent. A trusted agent is "certificate verified," which means that the agent verifies the server or upstream agent's certificate. If this is set to 1, the agent will be installed as a trusted agent. For more information, see the "Switching a Non-Trusted Agent to Trusted" section in the "Automation Platform" chapter of the ElectricFlow User Guide at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.
agentGroup	-	Yes	(Installations only) Group of the user account that the installed agent service should run as.

the service is concurrent at	s only) Host type when	
concurrent h	(Installations only) Host type when the service is licensed for both concurrent and registered agent hosts. Specify CONCURRENT to install concurrent host agents. Specify REGISTERED to install registered host agents.	
paramete configurat (listed above with their argument agent instructions) additionalParameters Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes paramete configurat (listed above with their argument agent instructions) cause unprorection in AgentMan 1.2.0.11 procedur Agent Man actualPan "additionagentPoruse ectoon use ectoon EC-Agent 1.2.0.11 procedur Agent Man actualPan "agentPoruse man actualPan "agentPoruse" "	not use this er to specify agent tion parameters ove) in conjunction requivalent ts in the standard taller. Doing so might oredictable behavior. ple, do not use unProcedure EC- agement- 1083 eName "Centralized nagement" rameter nalParameters= t 7800". Instead, ol runProcedure Management- 1083 eName "Centralized nagement- 1083 eName "Centralized nagement- 1083 eName "Centralized nagement-	

Parameter	Windows Support	Other Plat- form Support	Description
Post-Installation Parame	ters		
postStepProjectName	Yes	Yes	Name of the project that contains the procedure to run as a post- installation step on each of the just- installed or upgraded resources.
postStepProcedureName	Yes	Yes	Name of the procedure to run as a post-installation step on each of the just-installed or upgraded resources.
postStepParameters	Yes	Yes	Parameters in JSON format. You must escape special characters that are not supported by JSON.

Examples for Publishing an ElectricFlow Installer to the Artifact Repository

As mentioned above, Publish Installer is a procedure used to publish an ElectricFlow installer to the artifact repository. Note that the ec-perl and DSL scripts below contain commands for using the promoted plugin version without hard-coding the version.

ec-perl Example

```
use strict;
use ElectricCommander;
my $ec = new ElectricCommander();
          = $ec->getPlugin("EC-AgentManagement");
my $pluginProject = $xpath->findvalue('//projectName')->value;
my $jobId = $ec->runProcedure($pluginProject, {
       procedureName => "Publish Installer",
       actualParameter => [
               actualParameterName => 'fromDir',
               value => '/home/build'
               },
               {
               actualParameterName => 'platform',
               value => 'Linux x64'
               },
               {
               actualParameterName => 'repository',
               value => 'default'
               },
               actualParameterName => 'resource',
               value => 'local'
```

```
},
               {
               actualParameterName => 'version',
               value => '7.0.0.110576'
       ]
}) ->findvalue('//jobId') ->value();
print "jobId is: $jobId";
ectool Example
ectool runProcedure EC-AgentManagement-1.2.0.111083 --procedureName "Publish
Installer"
--actualParameter "fromDir=/home/build"
--actualParameter "platform=Linux x86"
--actualParameter "repository=default"
--actualParameter "resource=local"
--actualParameter "version=7.0.0.110576"
DSL Example
ectool evalDsl "
def pluginProject = getPlugin(pluginName: 'EC-AgentManagement').projectName;
runProcedure(pluginProject, procedureName: 'Publish Installer',
    actualParameter: [
       fromDir: '/home/build',
       platform: 'Linux x86',
       repository: 'default',
       resource: 'local',
       version: '7.0.0.110576'
    ]
```

Examples for Installing Remote Agents

As mentioned above, Centralized Agent Management is a top-level wrapper procedure that calls the Install Agent procedure for installing or upgrading individual agents on the agent hosts. Note that the DSL scripts below contain commands for using the promoted plugin version without hard-coding the version.

ectool Example (Linux)

```
ectool runProcedure EC-AgentManagement-1.2.0.111083 --procedureName "Centralized Agent Management"

--actualParameter "isUpgrade=0"

--actualParameter "version=7.0.0.110954"

--actualParameter "zoneName=default"

--actualParameter "hostnames=192.168.4.208 192.168.4.210"

--actualParameter "drivingResource=local"

--actualParameter "resourceNameTemplate=prefix-{counter}"

--actualParameter "agentCredential=agentCredential"

--actualParameter "agentGroup=remote"

--actualParameter "trustedAgent=0"

--actualParameter "trustedAgent=0"

--actualParameter "hostType=CONCURRENT"
```

```
--actualParameter "connectionType=SSH PASSWORD"
--actualParameter "connectionCredential=connectionCredential"
--credential connectionCredential=remote
--credential agentCredential=remote
ectool Example (Linux with Post-Installation Procedure)
ectool runProcedure EC-AgentManagement-1.3.0.0 --procedureName "Centralized Agent
Management" \
--actualParameter "isUpgrade=0" \
--actualParameter "platform=Linux x64" \
--actualParameter "version=7.0.0.111324" \
--actualParameter "zoneName=default" \
--actualParameter "hostnames=10.200.1.109" \
--actualParameter "drivingResource=local" \
--actualParameter "resourceNameTemplate=prefix-{counter}" \
--actualParameter "agentCredential=agentCredential" \
--actualParameter "agentGroup=vagrant" \
--actualParameter "agentPort=7800" \
--actualParameter "trustedAgent=0" \
--actualParameter "hostType=CONCURRENT" \
--actualParameter "connectionType=SSH PASSWORD" \
--actualParameter "connectionCredential=connectionCredential" \
--actualParameter "postStepProcedureName=postinstall" \
--actualParameter "postStepProjectName=postinstall" \
--actualParameter "postStepParameters={\"another resource\": \"local\",\"checkbox\":
\"true\",\"credential\": \"\",\"dropdown\": \"option3\",\"project\": \"Default\",
\"radio\": \"option3\",\"required1\": \"required1\",\"saved_filter\":
\"/projects/EC-Examples/ec_savedSearches/Test Outcome Filter\",\"textarea\":
\"Lorem ipsum amet\ntempor incididunt \nquis nostrud\nconsequat.\"}" \
--credential connectionCredential=vagrant \
--credential agentCredential=vagrant
ectool Example (Windows)
ectool runProcedure EC-AgentManagement-1.2.0.111083 --procedureName "Centralized Agent
Management"
--actualParameter "isUpgrade=0"
--actualParameter "platform=Windows x64"
--actualParameter "version=7.0.0.110954"
--actualParameter "zoneName=default"
--actualParameter "hostnames=10.1.216.227"
--actualParameter "drivingResource=3EC-IT-3614"
--actualParameter "resourceNameTemplate={name}"
--actualParameter "connectionDomain=electric-cloud"
--actualParameter "agentCredential=agentCredential"
--actualParameter "agentPort=7800"
--actualParameter "trustedAgent=0"
--actualParameter "hostType=CONCURRENT"
--actualParameter "connectionType=WINDOWS"
--actualParameter "connectionCredential=connectionCredential"
```

```
--credential connectionCredential=remote
--credential agentCredential=remote
```

DSL Example (Linux)

In the following example, <code>agentGroup</code> is the group for the Linux user to connect to the remote machines.

```
ectool evalDsl "
def pluginProject = getPlugin(pluginName: 'EC-AgentManagement').projectName;
runProcedure(pluginProject, procedureName: 'Publish Installer',
    actualParameter: [
        isUpgrade: '0',
        platform: 'Linux x64',
        version: '7.0.0.110954',
        zoneName: 'default',hostnames: '192.168.4.210',
        drivingResource: 'local',
        resourceNameTemplate: 'prefix-{counter}',
        agentCredential: 'agentCredential',
        agentGroup: 'remote',
        agentPort: '7800',
        trustedAgent: '0',
        hostType: 'CONCURRENT',
        connectionType: 'SSH PASSWORD',
        connectionCredential: 'connectionCredential'
    ],
    credential: [
            credentialName: 'connectionCredential',
            userName: 'remote',
            password: ''Rem0te2''
        ],
            credentialName: 'agentCredential',
            userName: 'remote',
            password: ''Rem0te3''
    ]
```

DSL Example (Linux with Post-Installation Procedure)

```
ectool evalDsl "
def pluginProject = getPlugin(pluginName: 'EC-AgentManagement').projectName;
runProcedure(pluginProject, procedureName: 'Centralized Agent Management',
    actualParameter: [
        isUpgrade: '0',
        platform: 'Linux_x64',
        version: '7.0.0.111324',
        zoneName: 'custom',
        hostnames: '10.200.1.109',
        drivingResource: 'local',
        resourceNameTemplate: '{shortname}-{name}-{counter}',
```

```
agentCredential: 'agentCredential',
        agentGroup: 'vagrant',
        agentPort: '7800',
        trustedAgent: '0',
        hostType: 'CONCURRENT',
        connectionType: 'SSH PASSWORD',
        connectionCredential: 'connectionCredential',
        postStepProcedureName: 'postinstall',
        postStepProjectName: 'postinstall',
        postStepParameters: '{"another resource": "local", "checkbox":
"true", "credential": "", "dropdown": "option3", "project": "Default",
"radio": "option3", "required1": "required1", "required2": "req2",
"saved filter": "/projects/EC-Examples/ec savedSearches/Test Outcome
Filter", "textarea": "Lorem ipsum amet\ntempor incididunt \nquis
nostrud\ nconsequat."}'
    ],
    credential: [
            credentialName: 'connectionCredential',
            userName: 'remote',
            password: 'remote4'
            credentialName: 'agentCredential',
            userName: 'remote',
            password: 'remote5'
```

DSL Example (Windows)

In the following example, <code>connectionDomain</code> is the Windows domain for the Windows user to connect to the remote machines.

```
ectool evalDsl "
def pluginProject = getPlugin(pluginName: 'EC-AgentManagement').projectName;
runProcedure(pluginProject, procedureName: 'Publish Installer',
    actualParameter: [
        isUpgrade: '0',
        platform: 'Windows x64',
        version: '7.0.0.110954',
        zoneName: 'default',
        hostnames: '10.1.216.235',
        drivingResource: '10.1.216.227',
        resourceNameTemplate: '{name}',
        connectionDomain: 'electric-cloud',
        agentCredential: 'agentCredential',
        agentPort: '7800',
        trustedAgent: '0',
        hostType: 'CONCURRENT',
```

Upgrading Remote Agents Using the Web Interface

This section describes how to use the ElectricFlow web interface to upgrade remote agents. This process uses the underlying ElectricFlow Centralized Agent Management (CAM) functionality.

In the **Cloud** > **Resources** page of the Automation Platform, check the check boxes for resources that you want to upgrade on agent hosts. If the selected resources have different platforms or zones, an error message appears:

Resources belonging to different platforms and zones cannot be upgraded at the same time. Please select resources belonging to the same platform and the same zone.

If any selected resource is a proxy resource, an error message appears:

Proxy resources are not supported for upgrade. Select the resources acting as proxy agents directly for upgrade.

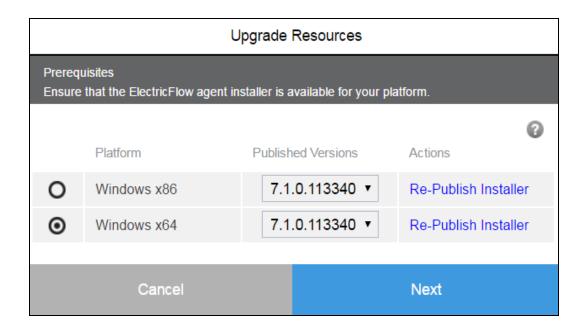


Then click the (add) menu and then click **Upgrade Resource(s)**. If the **Upgrade Resource**

(s) menu option is not visible, you must log out and then log in as a user with the required permissions. For details about required permissions, see Permissions for Installing or Upgrading Remote Agents on page 3-119

Note: On Solaris platforms, the installation directory path must have fewer than 70 characters.

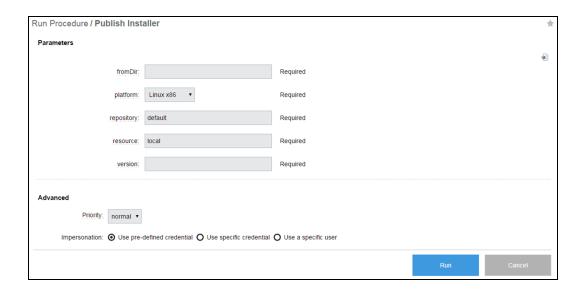
The **Upgrade Resources** dialog box appears. For example:



Either one or two platforms for the selected resource are listed. Two platforms are listed if the platform (such as Linux x86 or Linux x64) could not be determined.

Choose the platform and published version, click the appropriate **Re-Publish Installer** link, then click **Next**.

The Run Procedure / Publish Installer page opens:



Enter the following information:

Parameters

- (Required) **from Dir**—Directory on the resource used for publishing. For example, enter /var/tmp for Linux or C: /<temp> for Windows.
- (Required) platform—Host platform type.
- (Required) **repository**—Repository name. Use **default** to use the repository installed during the ElectricFlow installation or enter another name.
- (Required) **resource**—Name of the resource used for publishing.
- (Required) **version**—Build version for the ElectricFlow installation. For example, enter 5.0.0.56390. You can find the build version from the file name of the ElectricFlow installer.

(Optional) Advanced

Set advanced options if needed.

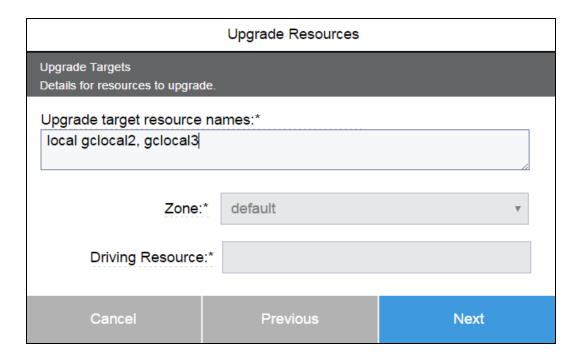
When the Publish Installer procedure runs, you can see the job status on the **Job Details** page.

If you want to see the published installers, click the **Artifacts** tab and then click the com.electriccloud:installer artifact. The **Artifact Details** page lists the published installers.

Click Run.

The **Upgrade Targets** dialog box appears.

Enter a list of resource names to upgrade into the **Upgrade target resource names** field. Names must be separated by any combination of spaces, commas, semicolons, or newlines. The resources must already exist, must be in the same zone, and must be of the same platform. For example:



The **Zone** field displays the zone of the selected resources for upgrade. **Driving Resource** is the resource to perform all actions for installing or upgrading a host on behalf of the server. This is the agent that upgrades the agents on the remote hosts.

Click Next.

One of two **Authentication Settings** dialog boxes appears depending on the platform.

Linux- or UNIX-Based Platforms

Install / Upgrade Resources					
Authentication Options Credentials for logging into target machines					
Authentication Type:	SSH User ▼				
User Name:					
Password:					
Cancel	Previous	Next			

From the **Authentication Type** menu, choose **SSH User** or **SSH Key** and enter authentication information required to connect to the remote machines:

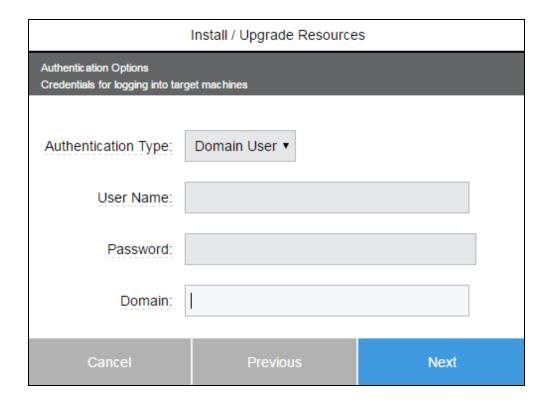
SSH User:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name. This user must have must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- (Required) **Password**—Password for the user name.

• SSH Key:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name. This user must have must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- (Required) **Public Key Path**—Path to the SSH public key file.
- (Required) **Private Key Path**—Path to the SSH private key file.
- (Optional) **Passphrase**—Passphrase for unlocking the private key file.

Windows Platforms



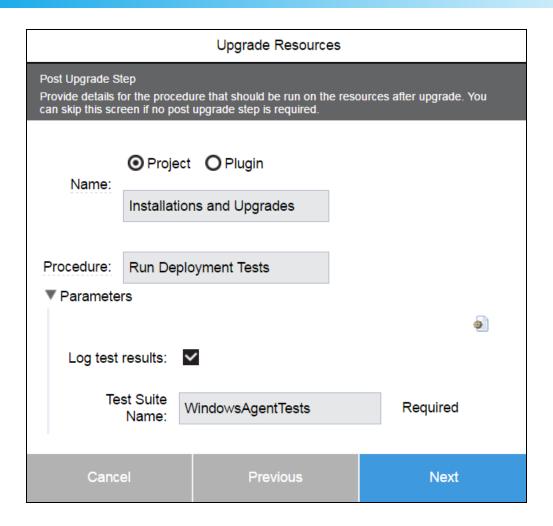
Enter the authentication information required to connect to the remote machines:

- (Required) **User Name**—User name. This user must have must have administrator privileges on the target machines.
- (Required) **Password**—Password for the user name.
- (Required) **Domain**—User's Windows domain.

Click **Next**.

The **Post Upgrade Step** dialog box appears. (You can skip the dialog box by clicking **Next** at this point.)

You can choose **Project** or **Plugin**. The following example uses **Project**. Enter a project name, procedure name, and if the selected procedure has parameters, enter its parameters. For example:



Note: Credential parameters are not supported in post-installation steps.

The **Ready to Upgrade** dialog box appears, which summarizes your settings. For example:

Upgrade Resources					
Ready to Upgrade Review the settings before starting the upgrade.					
Target resource(s):	local, gclocal2				
Zone:	default				
Template:	Hostname/IP				
Windows UserName:	build				
Windows Password:	[PROTECTED]				
Windows Domain:	mydomain.com				
Post Upgrade Step:	Installations and Upgrades				
	Run Deployment Tests				
Parameters:	{"Log test results": "true","Test Suite Name": "WindowsAgentTests"}				
Select Finish to run the upgrade.					
Cancel	Previous	Finish			

For more than five hosts, the number of hosts appears (instead of a space-separated list of host names).

Review your settings in the **Ready to Upgrade** dialog box and click **Finish** to start the installation or upgrade. The **Job Details** page appears.

When the installation or upgrade finishes, you can return to the **Resources** page to see the hosts that were just upgraded. To verify a resource version, click a resource name (in table view) to open the **Resource Details** panel for that resource.

Upgrading Remote Agents Using the API

This section describes how to use the ElectricFlow API to upgrade remote agents. This process uses the underlying ElectricFlow Centralized Agent Management (CAM) functionality.

You can automate remote upgrades for multiple resources by using scripts that call ElectricFlow APIs to run those upgrades. These APIs provide the same remote upgrade capability as the web interface.

Parameters for Running the Procedure to Perform the Installations

See Parameters for Running the Procedure to Perform the Installations on page 3-133 above.

Examples for Upgrading Remote Agents

As mentioned above, Centralized Agent Management is a top-level wrapper procedure that calls the Install Agent procedure for installing or upgrading individual agents on the agent hosts. Note that the DSL scripts below contain commands for using the promoted plugin version without hard-coding the version.

ectool Example (Linux)

resources: '4.208',

```
ectool runProcedure EC-AgentManagement-1.2.0.111083 --procedureName "Centralized Agent
Management"
--actualParameter "isUpgrade=1"
--actualParameter "platform=Linux x64"
--actualParameter "version=7.0.0.110954"
--actualParameter "zoneName=default"
--actualParameter "resources=4.208 4.210"
--actualParameter "drivingResource=local"
--actualParameter "connectionType=SSH_PASSWORD"
--actualParameter "connectionCredential=connectionCredential"
--actualParameter "agentCredential=agentCredential"
--credential connectionCredential=remote
--credential agentCredential=remote
ectool Example (Windows)
ectool runProcedure EC-AgentManagement-1.2.0.111083 --procedureName "Centralized Agent
Management"
--actualParameter "isUpgrade=1"
--actualParameter "platform=Windows x64"
--actualParameter "version=7.0.0.110954"
--actualParameter "zoneName=default"
--actualParameter "resources=10.1.216.227"
--actualParameter "drivingResource=3EC-IT-3614"
--actualParameter "connectionDomain=electric-cloud"
--actualParameter "connectionType=WINDOWS"
--actualParameter "connectionCredential=connectionCredential"
--actualParameter "agentCredential=agentCredential"
--credential connectionCredential=remote
--credential agentCredential=remote
DSL Example (Linux)
ectool evalDsl "
def pluginProject = getPlugin(pluginName: 'EC-AgentManagement').projectName;
runProcedure(pluginProject, procedureName: 'Publish Installer',
    actualParameter: [
        isUpgrade: '1',
        platform: 'Linux x64',
        version: '7.0.0.110954',
        zoneName: 'default',
```

```
drivingResource: 'local',
        connectionType: 'SSH_PASSWORD',
        connectionCredential: 'connectionCredential',
        agentCredential: 'agentCredential'
    ],
    credential: [
        [
            credentialName: 'connectionCredential' ,
            userName: 'remote',
            password: ''Rem0te4''
        ],
            credentialName: 'agentCredential' ,
DSL Example (Windows)
ectool evalDsl "
def pluginProject = getPlugin(pluginName: 'EC-AgentManagement').projectName;
runProcedure(pluginProject, procedureName: 'Publish Installer',
    actualParameter: [
        isUpgrade: '1',
        platform: 'Windows x64',
       version: '7.0.0.110954',
        zoneName: 'default',
        resources: '10.1.216.235',
        drivingResource: '10.1.216.227',
        connectionDomain: 'electric-cloud',
        connectionType: 'WINDOWS',
        connectionCredential: 'connectionCredential',
        agentCredential: 'agentCredential'
    ],
    credential: [
            credentialName: 'connectionCredential',
            userName: 'remote',
            password: ''Rem0te5''
        ],
            credentialName: 'agentCredential',
```

Moving the Artifact Repository in Linux

In this scenario, the $\protect{\protect}$ opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/wrapper.conf file has these settings:

- set.default.INSTALL DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
- set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander

If the Linux server where the current artifact repository is stored is full and you want to move it to a new device with more disk space, map the artifact repository to a new network location.

In this procedure, the set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY value will change to the NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY value. The REPOSITORY BACKING STORE value in

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.properties will remain the same, relative to the DATA DIRECTORY, which will be NEW DATA DIRECTORY.

In the example, the DATA_DIRECTORY will be changed to /vagrant_data, and the REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value will be relative to this directory.

The REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value is always relative to the DATA_DIRECTORY and cannot be set to a fully qualified absolute path. The solution in http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/2192/how-to-configure-which-directory-the-artifact-repository-uses will not work until you change the DATA_DIRECTORY as described in this procedure.

1. Publish the artifact under the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/

```
repository-data/<artifact_name>/<version> directory:
```

```
ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName <artifact_name> --version <version>
--fromDirectory <directory> --compress 0
```

Example: To publish an artifact under the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data/jdoe/2001/1.0.0 directory, enter:

```
ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName "jdoe:2001" --version "1.0.0"
--fromDirectory /tmp/job1 --compress 0
```

The from Directory (/tmp/job1) contains the files to be uploaded.

2. Stop the repository server:

```
/etc/init.d/commanderRepository stop
```

3. Move the artifact repository data from the /DATA_DIRECTORY directory to the /NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY directory:

```
mv /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data/NEW DATA DIRECTORY
```

4. In /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/wrapper.conf, change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY.

Example: Change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=/vagrant_data.

5. Create a logs/repository/ subdirectory under NEW DATA DIRECTORY.

Example: Create /vagrant data/logs/repository using the following commands:

```
mkdir /vagrant_data/logs
mkdir /vagrant data/logs/repository
```

6. Copy /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.properties and /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/keystore to the NEW DATA DIRECTORY/conf/repository directory.

Example: Copy the directories to the /vagrant_data/conf/repository using the following commands.

```
mkdir /vagrant_data/conf
mkdir /vagrant_data/conf/repository

cp /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.properties/
vagrant_data/conf/repository

cp /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/keystore/
vagrant data/conf/repository
```

7. In /etc/init.d/commanderRepository, change DATADIR=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to DATADIR=/NEW DATA DIRECTORY.

Example: Change DATADIR=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander to DATADIR=/vagrant_data.

8. Start the repository server:

/etc/init.d/commanderRepository start

9. Check if ElectricFlow has started using the artifact repository in the new network location:

```
netstat -aon | grep 8200
```

Example:

This shows that the DATA DIRECTORY repository has moved to /vagrant data.

The repository service.log, repository.log and repository.pid files will be created in the /vagrant data/logs/repository directory.

10. Publish a new artifact and check if it is published:

```
ectool getArtifactVersions | grep artifactVersionName
```

Moving the Artifact Repository in Windows

In this scenario, the DATA directory definition in C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\wrapper.conf Or C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/repository/bin/wrapper-windows-x86-64.exe (depending on where ElectricFlow is installed) has these settings:

- set.default.INSTALL_DIRECTORY=C:/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander
- set.default.DATA DIRECTORY=C:/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander

If the Windows server where the current artifact repository is stored is full and you want to move it to a new device with more disk space, map the artifact repository to a new network location.

In this procedure, the set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY value will change to the NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY value. The REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value in C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\server.properties will remain the same, relative to the DATA DIRECTORY, which will be NEW DATA DIRECTORY.

In the example, the DATA_DIRECTORY will be changed to d:\ecdata, and the REPOSITORY_BACKING_ STORE value will be relative to this directory.

Note: The REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE value is always relative to the DATA_DIRECTORY and cannot be set to a fully qualified absolute path. The solution in http://ask.electric-cloud.-com/questions/2192/how-to-configure-which-directory-the-artifact-repository-uses will not work until you change the DATA_DIRECTORY as described in this procedure.

1. Publish the artifact under the current directory (C:\ProgramData\Electric
 Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data\<artifact_name>\<version>):
 ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName <artifact_name> --version <version>
 --fromDirectory <directory> --compress 0

 $\label{thm:commander} \textbf{Example: To publish an artifact under the current directory (C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data\jdoe\2001\1.0.0), enter:}$

```
ectool publishArtifactVersion --artifactName "jdoe:2001" --version "1.0.0" --fromDirectory d:/temp/artest --compress 0
```

The from Directory (d:/temp/artest) contains the files to be uploaded.

- 2. Stop the repository server one of these ways:
 - · Use the Windows service pane.
 - If you have admin user permissions, enter **net stop CommanderRepository**.
- 3. Move the artifact repository data from the current /DATA_DIRECTORY directory to the /NEW_DATA_DIRECTORY directory using one of these methods:
 - Use Windows Explorer.
 - Enter move * <destinationDirectory> where the <destinationDirectory> is the /NEW DATA DIRECTORY directory.

Example: To move the data to D: \ECDATA, enter move * d:\ecdata.

4. In C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\wrapper.conf, change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=C:/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander to set.default.DATA DIRECTORY=/NEW DATA DIRECTORY.

Example: Change set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=C:/ProgramData/
Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander to set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY=D:/ECDATA.

- 5. Create a logs/repository/ subdirectory under the NEW_DATA_DIRECTORYusing one of these methods:
 - · Use Windows Explorer.
 - Enter the mkdir command as in the following example:

Example: Create D: \ECDATA\logs\repository using the following commands.

```
mkdir D:\ECDATA\logs
mkdir D:\ECDATA\logs\repository
```

6. Copy C:\ProgramData\Electric

Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\server.properties and
C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\keystore to the
NEW DATA DIRECTORY/conf/repository directory using one of these methods:

- · Use Windows Explorer.
- Enter the mkdir command as in the following example:

Copy the directories to the /ECDATA/conf/repository using the following commands:

```
mkdir /ECDATA/conf
mkdir /ECDATA/conf/repository

copy C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\
server.properties D:\ECDATA\conf\repository\
copy C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\
keystore D:\ECDATA\conf\repository\
```

- 7. Start the repository server using Windows Service pane.
- 8. Check if ElectricFlow has started using the artifact repository in the new network location:

This shows that the DATA DIRECTORY repository has moved to D:\ECDATA.

The repository service.log, repository.log and repository.pid files will be created in the D:\ECDATA \logs\repository directory.

9. Publish a new artifact and check if it is published:

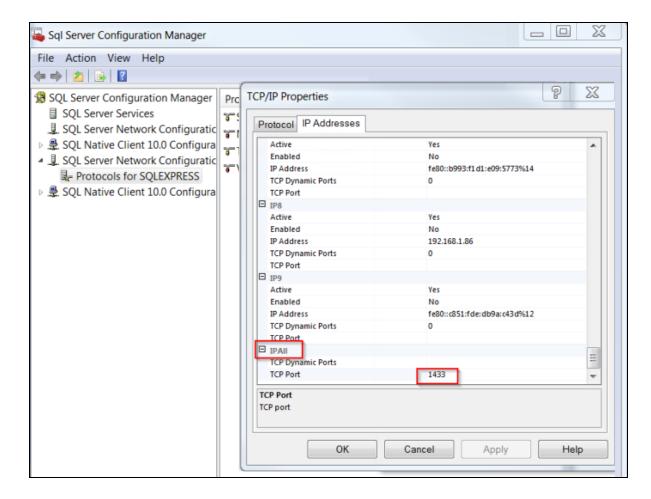
```
ectool getArtifactVersions | grep artifactVersionName
```

Connecting ElectricFlow to a Microsoft SQL Server Named Instance

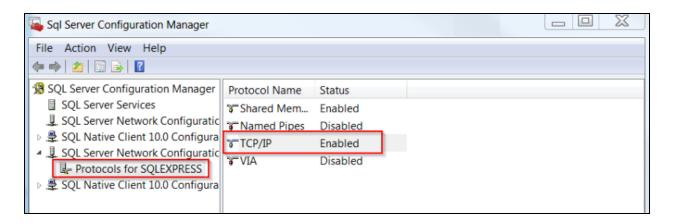
If you are using a named instance of the SQL server, you need to configure the SQL server to listen on specific port so that the ElectricFlow server can connect to it.

- 1. In SQL Server Configuration Manager, expand the **SQL Server Network Configuration**, and click on the server instance that you want to configure.
- 2. In the right pane, double-click TCP/IP.
- 3. In the TCP/IP Properties dialog box, click the IP Addresses tab.
- 4. In the IPAll section, enter an available port number in the **TCP Port** field. For example, enter **1433**.
- 5. Click **OK** to close the dialog box.
- 6. When a message appears that the server must be restarted, click **OK**.
- 7. In the left pane, click **SQL Server Services**.
- 8. In the right pane, right-click the instance of SQL Server that you selected in Step 1, and click **Restart**.

When the Database Engine restarts, it will listen on port 1433.



9. Enable TCP/IP.



Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver

Starting with Commander 4.2.3, ElectricFlow no longer includes the MySQL JDBC driver. If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, this change has no effect (the existing driver is saved).

If you plan to perform a clean ElectricFlow server installation that will connect to a MySQL database, you must obtain and install the MySQL JDBC driver.

Follow these steps:

- 1. Run the installer.
 - Make sure that you do not install the built-in database.
- 2. After the installation completes, download the MySQL JDBC driver from http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/.
- 3. Install the driver in the <install dir>/server/lib directory.
- 4. Restart the server.
- 5. Open the home page of the Automation Platform web UI by browsing to https://<ElectricFlow_server>/commander/ and logging in.
- 6. Go to the **Administration** > **Database Configuration** page and configure the server to use a MySQL database.

Logging Into the ElectricFlow Web Interface

This task describes how to log into the ElectricFlow web interface. If you chose during installation to configure an external database, you will not be able to log into ElectricFlow until you set up a database configuration.

• Enter the URL of the ElectricFlow server in a browser window. For example, https://123.123.1.222

The login screen appears.



Important: For a new installation, the default admin account user name is *admin* and the password is *changeme*. You should change the default admin account as soon as possible.

• Enter a user name and password, and click **Login**.

Chapter 4: Clustering

This section provides you with guidelines and procedures for adding horizontal scalability and high availability to your ElectricFlow environment. Horizontal scalability and high availability is achieved by adding additional machines to an ElectricFlow configuration to create a server cluster. A clustered configuration of ElectricFlow servers also requires these software components:

- A centralized service for maintaining and synchronizing group services in a cluster called Apache ZooKeeper.
- A software or hardware load balancer for routing work to machines in the cluster.

These components typically need to be managed by your IT department.

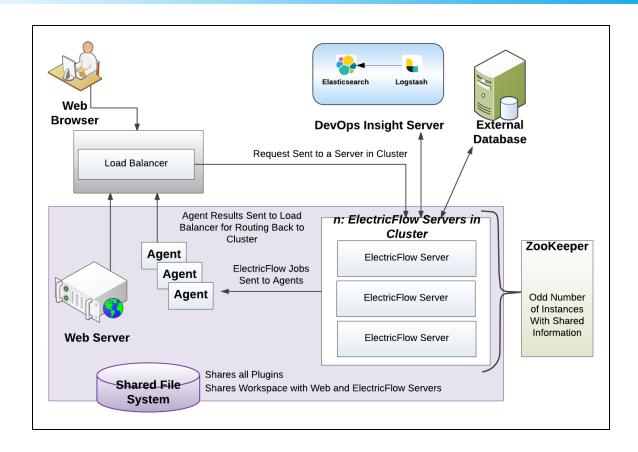
Benefits from Clustering

A clustered ElectricFlow configuration has the following benefits:

- · Add fault tolerance by rerouting jobs and API requests to running ElectricFlow servers
- Increase the supported number of simultaneous jobs and API requests
- Distribute API requests across multiple ElectricFlow servers
- Expand capacity over time by adding additional ElectricFlow servers
- Distribute ElectricFlow requests across multiple web servers

Architecture of an ElectricFlow Cluster

The following figure shows an example of the ElectricFlow architecture in a clustered configuration.



In the clustered configuration, a node refers to the machine on which an agent is installed, and a server refers to the ElectricFlow server cluster. In the *server status*, the load balancer reports only status and error messages about a specific server.

As shown in the previous diagram, we strongly recommend that you point the web browser to the load balancer, not to the web server.

Resource, Agent, and Procedure Configuration Considerations

This section describes various ElectricFlow behaviors and possible modifications that you may want to make in your ElectricFlow configuration.

Default Local Resource Use

In a default installation, an agent is installed alongside the ElectricFlow server, and a resource named *local* is automatically created for the agent. In a cluster, the local resource points to only one node. By default, some of the plugins and sample code installed with ElectricFlow automatically use the local resource because it is usually present.

Many ElectricFlow users also write procedures that use the local resource for these reasons:

- · A user knows the local resource exists.
- The user needs local access to the file system, such as access to the log files or configuration files.
- The user needs local access to resources on the ElectricFlow server to perform tasks such as checking the CPU, memory, or disk space usage.

Important: Any existing procedures for local access to ElectricFlow server file systems or resources need to be modified when you change your installation to run in a server cluster. There are now multiple ElectricFlow server nodes, each with their own log files, configuration files, and local resources.

The name of the ElectricFlow log file on an ElectricFlow server node in a cluster has also been changed to commander-<hostname>.log to facilitate collecting the multiple logs together without them overwriting each other.

Unsupported Host

ElectricFlow does not support the local host IP address (127.0.0.1) for any ElectricFlow configuration, because it is ambiguous when multiple servers are used.

Separate Local Agents For Improved Performance

If you are using clustering for performance reasons, you must manage your machine resources efficiently. You use additional machine resources if you run an ElectricFlow agent and ElectricFlow server on the same machine. If you are concerned about performance, remove any agents from your ElectricFlow server node machines. You should also verify that any agents that may have been installed as part of an earlier configuration are also removed. *An agent is installed automatically with any ElectricFlow service by default.*

Pool Local Agents For Improved Reliability

If you are using clustering only for reliability reasons, you must reduce or eliminate single points of failure. In this configuration, having a single server node that runs the local agent is counterproductive. If you need a more reliable configuration, you can install agents on all of your ElectricFlow server node machines and put them in a resource pool named *local*. Local agents should be used for broadcast and maintenance type work. See Agent Resource Strategies on page 4-4 for more information.

Procedure Strategies

If you have a local agent on each ElectricFlow server, it may be appropriate for some procedures to have one or more procedure steps that are broadcast across all the resources in the local resource pool. These procedure steps are probably followed by a step that aggregates the resulting data in an appropriate way. For other procedures, it may be more appropriate to use the shared file system to which all the ElectricFlow servers have access, and still have the step run on a single agent.

Agent Resource Strategies

If you do not have any agents local to any of your server machines, a local resource is not automatically created. There are two possible strategies to handle this:

- Do not have a local resource and remove any local resource on your system. For everything that is currently configured to use the local resource, reconfigure them to use other resources.
- Create a resource pool called *local* for agents on non-ElectricFlow-server machines. Everything that is configured to use the local resource now runs on an agent of the local pool. However, this agent is no longer local to any of your ElectricFlow server nodes.

If anything relies on the local resource being local to the server, it must be modified to work across multiple server nodes, to function remotely from an agent running on another machine, or to be both. In some configurations, you may need to use the shared file system between the ElectricFlow servers and the remote agent.

For example, if you want to write log-parsing procedures using nonlocal agents, you can configure all of your ElectricFlow servers to write their logs to different locations in this shared file system. A procedure step running on a remote agent machine with access to this shared file system can then parse all the server logs.

Database Restriction

The built-in database is not supported in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. You must use an alternate database listed in Supported Alternate Databases on page 2-18: Oracle, MS SQL Server, or MySQL.

broker-data Directory Restriction

The contents of the DATA_DIRECTORY/broker-data directory can never be shared between nodes in an ElectricFlow cluster.

This may occur when a virtual machine running an ElectricFlow server is cloned, and the DATA_ DIRECTORY/broker-data directory is also cloned as part of the cloning operation.

If this occurs, remove the DATA_DIRECTORY/broker-data directory from the new virtual machine (VM) as follows:

- 1. Shut down the ElectricFlow server on the new VM.
- 2. Delete the DATA_DIRECTORY/broker-data directory on the new VM.
- 3. Restart the server on the new VM.

Software for Clustering

Apache Zookeeper

Apache ZooKeeper is a centralized service required for clustering.

- Apache ZooKeeper is a critical part of the clustering architecture. You must use ZooKeeper
 Version 3.4.6 or later to maintain and synchronize group services in the ElectricFlow cluster.
 Electric Cloud has also provided a tool called ZKConfigTool, which you can use to quickly populate
 ZooKeeper with ElectricFlow configuration information.
- Exhibitor can be used in conjunction with ZooKeeper to monitor the synchronization between the ZooKeeper nodes. This software is not required to implement an ElectricFlow cluster configuration, but can provide instance monitoring, backup, recovery, cleanup and visualization services. For more information, see the Exhibitor documentation.

Load Balancer

You must use a load balancer in an ElectricFlow cluster. You can choose to use any hardware load balancer or load-balancing software for a cluster configuration as long as the load balancer can act as an SSL endpoint and support returning HTTP redirections.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow server and the ElectricFlow web server.

Dependencies for Clustering

A clustered configuration has the following minimum requirements:

- Two or more copies of the ElectricFlow server. Clustering is supported starting with ElectricFlow 5.0.
- Two or more ElectricFlow agents.
- At least one ElectricFlow web server on its own machine, or two or more servers if you are using clustering for reliability improvements.
- An enterprise license. The license is required by ElectricFlow to connect to an external database.
- Apache ZooKeeper as the centralized service for maintaining configuration information.
 - ZooKeeper should be installed on a machine without an ElectricFlow server or load balancer. This separation of services is advised to optimize the performance and reliability of your configuration.
 - ZooKeeper must be installed on an odd number of machines. For example, you may need 1, 3, 5, or more instances of the software depending on your environment.
- The ElectricFlow servers must be configured to appear as a single instance in ZooKeeper.
- A hardware load balancer or load-balancing software installed on one machine.
- The web servers, agents, and ElectricFlow servers should share a common file system for plugin information.

Electric Cloud recommends at least one ElectricFlow web server on its own machine or two or more servers if you are using clustering for reliability improvements.

Note: Multiple ElectricFlow clusters can use the same database server, but not the same database schema instance.

Configuring Clustering

There are two different approaches you can take when you configure your ElectricFlow software for horizontal scalability. The approach you choose depends on the needs for your particular ElectricFlow environment for reliability versus performance.

Note: Whichever of the following approaches you choose, you should install multiple ElectricFlow services (agent, web server, ElectricFlow server, and repository) on more than one physical machine (for example, not just virtual machines) to eliminate single points of failure.

- Reliability—Choose this type of configuration if your only concern is redundancy for the ElectricFlow
 application. This approach requires only the addition of multiple ElectricFlow machines to the server
 cluster. Multiple ElectricFlow services can reside on a machine, but multiple instances of the service
 software should exist. For example, an ElectricFlow server and agent can reside on the same
 machine as long as other instances of the components exist on different physical machines.
- Performance—Choose this type of configuration if your ElectricFlow cluster will be in a high load
 environment. This approach requires the installation of the ElectricFlow software services on a
 sufficient number of dedicated machines. You should install the ElectricFlow server, repository, web
 server, and agent services on separate machines from the server nodes to avoid competition for
 system resources.

Note: You can change a reliability configuration to a performance configuration at a later time, but additional configuration of your ElectricFlow software will be required. For more information, see Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers on page 4-31.

Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers

Use this procedure if you need to separate ElectricFlow services and agents. By default, an ElectricFlow agent is installed with the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository. For more information, see Resource, Agent, and Procedure Configuration Considerations on page 4-2 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-31.

- 1. Verify that no ElectricFlow agents are installed on any of the ElectricFlow server nodes. If necessary, remove the agent software from the ElectricFlow server nodes.
- 2. Verify that none of the ElectricFlow utilities use a local resource. If you are not sure if a local resource is in use, create an agent resource called *local* and monitor the system.
- 3. Remove the local resource.

- 4. Create a new agent resource with a new name for each agent on each ElectricFlow server node machine.
- 5. Create a resource pool named *local* containing all these resources.

Preparing Your Cluster Resources

Before you install any ElectricFlow software, you must complete the following tasks:

- 1. Identify all machines to be used in the horizontally scalable configuration. It is helpful to have all the network information and machine descriptions available before you begin any work so IP addresses can be used consistently throughout a cluster.
 - Identify which systems will have a new installation of the ElectricFlow software and which
 pre-existing systems will be converted to operate in a cluster. Because traffic between the
 load balancer and the ElectricFlow server nodes is not encrypted, for security reasons all the
 ElectricFlow server nodes should be located on the same private network as the load
 balancer, preferably in the same data center.
 - 2. Record the IP addresses of:
 - · The load balancer machine
 - · The machines that will run ZooKeeper
 - The web server machines
 - The ElectricFlow server you will use to import configuration information into ZooKeeper
 - The remaining ElectricFlow server machines that will make up the cluster
 - 3. Record the fully qualified domain name of the load balancer machine. This name will be used in several stages of the configuration process, and should be used consistently throughout the process.
- 2. Install the load balancer on a machine. For more information, see the instructions from the manufacturer.
- 3. Install ZooKeeper on an odd number of machines. To eliminate a single point of failure, three or five instances of the software are recommended. For more information, go to Installing ZooKeeper on page 4-9.

Installing and Configuring a Load Balancer

You must use a load balancer in an ElectricFlow cluster. You can choose to use any hardware load balancer or load-balancing software for a cluster configuration as long as the load balancer can act as an SSL endpoint and support returning HTTP re-directions.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow server and the ElectricFlow web server.

When configuring your load balancer, follow these general guidelines.

- You must configure a load-balancer IP address for each node in your cluster.
- Load-balance traffic on port 8000 across the ElectricFlow servers on port 8000

- Act as an SSL endpoint for port 8443 and load-balance the traffic on that port across the ElectricFlow servers on port 8000.
- SSL for STOMP:
 - If the load balancer does not act as a SSL endpoint for STOMP port 61613 but instead does SSL pass-through, SSL/TLS bridging or re-encryption, make sure the **Use SSL for Stomp** checkbox (in the **Edit Server Settings** dialog box) is *checked*. This ensures that Commander knows that the STOMP packets are encrypted and will decrypt them.
 - If the load balancer acts as an SSL endpoint (meaning that it does SSL termination) for STOMP port 61613, make sure the **Use SSL for Stomp** checkbox is *unchecked*. This ensures that Commander knows that the load balancer is forwarding STOMP packets unencrypted.
- The load balancer must be configured to perform frequent health check HTTP GET requests for a specific URL and take servers temporarily out of rotation if they receive an HTTP status 503 response. For example, for the ElectricFlow server, this URL can be used: http://<server-host-name>:<server-http-port>/commanderRequest/health.
- There are no requirements for the state associated with a user session to be replicated across the cluster.

For an example of how to configure a widely used load balancer such as HAProxy, see the *KBEC-00281 - Configuring Load Balancers in ElectricFlow Clusters* Knowledge Base article.

You can use the previous example as a model for the load balancer configuration in your system and modify it to meet the system requirements of your particular model of load balancer and system configuration.

Electric Cloud does not support any specific load balancer. For information using about HAProxy, go to the HAProxy website. For more information about using another load balancer, go to the website for that load balancer.

Note: If you are using HAProxy and are exporting or importing data in an large XML file, a 504 Gateway Timeout error, also called an HTTP 504 error, may occur. You should change the timeout value in the /etc/haproxy/haproxy.cfg configuration file from 50 seconds

```
clitimeout 50000 srvtimeout 50000
```

to

10 minutes

clitimeout 600000 srvtimeout 600000

Installing ZooKeeper

Use Apache Zookeeper Version 3.4.6 or later to maintain and synchronize group services in a clustered ElectricFlow configuration. For more information, go to the Apache ZooKeeper website.

For your convenience, ZooKeeper 3.4.6 is bundled in your ElectricFlow installation here: <install dir>/utils.

To install ZooKeeper:

- 1. Use either the bundled ZooKeeper or download ZooKeeper from the ZooKeeper website.
- 2. Extract and install the files into an appropriate location. For example, /opt/zookeeper- <release_version>

Note: You must install ZooKeeper on an odd number of machines. The number of machines will determine if you install ZooKeeper in standalone mode (for one machine) or in replicated mode (for three or five machines).

- 3. Create a zoo.cfg configuration file for each machine with an instance of ZooKeeper. For example, zookeeper-<release version>/conf/zoo.cfg.
 - For standalone mode on a single ZooKeeper machine, the file has these values:

```
tickTime=2000
dataDir=/var/lib/zookeeper
clientPort=2181
```

• For replicated mode across multiple ZooKeeper machines, the zoo.cfg file on each server should have these values:

```
tickTime=2000
dataDir=/var/lib/zookeeper
clientPort=2181
initLimit=5
syncLimit=2
server.1=<ZooKeeper_hostname_1>:2888:3888
server.2=<ZooKeeper_hostname_2>:2888:3888
server.3=<ZooKeeper_hostname_3>:2888:3888
server.4=<ZooKeeper_hostname_4>:2888:3888
server.5=<ZooKeeper_hostname_5>:2888:3888
```

Where < ZooKeeper_hostname_1> through < ZooKeeper_hostname_5> are the hostnames of the servers for the ZooKeeper service.

Note: The file has only three server value lines for a three-ZooKeeper configuration.

Create /var/lib/zookeeper/myid files on each ZooKeeper server, with each containing a single ASCII digit: 1 for the first server, 2 for the second server, and so on, corresponding to their server. <digit> values in the zoo.cfg files

- 4. Create /var/lib/zookeeper/myid files on each ZooKeeper server, with each containing a single ASCII digit as follows:
 - 1 for the first server,
 - · 2 for the second server
 - Up to 5, corresponding to the appropriate server. <diqit> value in the zoo.cfg file.

Running ZooKeeper as a Service on Linux

Install ZooKeeper on machines other than those running ElectricFlow. ZooKeeper must not be run on the same machines as those running the ElectricFlow servers.

To run ZooKeeper as a service, follow these steps:

- 1. For each machine on which you want to install ZooKeeper, navigate to the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file in the ElectricFlow <install dir>/utils directory.
- 2. Copy or move the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file to each of the machines that you want to use for ZooKeeper.
- 3. Extract zookeeper-wrapper.zip to a directory of your choice.

```
For example, /opt/zookeeper-<release version>.
```

4. Using a text editor, open the wrapper.conf file in the extracted zookeeper-wrapper/conf directory.

For example, /opt/zookeeper-<release version>/zookeeper-wrapper/conf.

5. Add the path to the ZooKeeper home directory. For example:

```
# Path to unpacked zookeeper
set.default.ZOOKEEPER HOME=/opt/zookeeper-<release version>
```

6. Add the path to the JRE. For example:

```
set.default.JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-7-openjdk-amd64/jre
```

Now you are ready to start ZooKeeper as a service.

7. Run zookeeper start

Running ZooKeeper as a Service on Windows

Install ZooKeeper on machines other than those running ElectricFlow. ZooKeeper must not be run on the same machines as those running the ElectricFlow servers.

To run ZooKeeper as a service, follow these steps:

- 1. For each machine on which you want to install ZooKeeper, navigate to the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file in the ElectricFlow <install dir>\utils directory.
- 2. Copy or move the zookeeper-wrapper.zip file to each of the machines that you want to use for ZooKeeper.

3. Extract zookeeper-wrapper.zip to a directory of your choice.

For example, C:\Users\Administrator\zooservice

4. Using a text editor, open the wrapper.conf file located in the extracted zookeeper-wrapper\conf directory.

For example, C:\Users\Administrator\zooservice\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-w

5. Add the path to the ZooKeeper home directory.

For example:

```
# Path to unpacked zookeeper
set.default.ZOOKEEPER_HOME=C:\Users\Administrator\zooservice\zookeeper-3.4.6
```

Now you are ready to install and start ZooKeeper as a service.

 $\textbf{6. Navigate to and click} \; \texttt{InstallZooKeeper-NT.bat} \; \textbf{to install ZooKeeper as a service.}$

The file is in the zookeeper-wrapper\bin directory.

```
For example, C:\Users\Administrator\
zooservice\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\conf.
```

7. Navigate to and click StartZooKeeper-NT.bat to start ZooKeeper as a service.

The file is located in the zookeeper-wrapper\bin directory.

```
For example, C:\Users\Administrator\
zooservice\zookeeper-wrapper\zookeeper-wrapper\conf.
```

If you choose to use the command-line interface or a script to start the service, enter <code>ZooKeeperCommand.bat</code> start.

Ensuring that ZooKeeper Can Locate Java

Because ZooKeeper is a Java application, ensure Java is installed and ZooKeeper can locate it. The default value for the <code>JAVA_HOME</code> setting (in the <code>zookeeper-wrapper/conf/wrapper.conf</code> file) is

```
\verb|set.default.JAVA\_HOME=/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/jre|\\
```

If ElectricFlow is not installed or is not installed in its default directory, set ${\tt JAVA_HOME}$ in ${\tt wrapper.conf}$ to the location for Java. For example:

```
set.default.JAVA HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-7-openjdk-amd64
```

Verifying that ZooKeeper is in Standalone Mode

The following example shows how to verify that the Zookeeper service is running in standalone mode:

```
/opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin$sudo ./zkServer.sh status
JMX enabled by default
Using config: /opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Mode: standalone
```

Tip: You can find the Zookeeper bin directory by running ps -ef grep "zoo.cfg". This command will display the location of the zoo.cfg file. For example, zookeeper-<release_version>/conf/zoo.cfg.

If you do not see the status above but see the error below, then ZooKeeper might be configured in replication mode and therefore cannot connect to the other nodes in its ensemble:

```
JMX enabled by default Using config: /opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg Error contacting service. It is probably not running.
```

The status when ZooKeeper is in replication mode will look something like:

```
Zookeeper version: 3.4.5-1392090, built on 09/30/2012 17:52 GMT Clients:
10.168.33.13.35821[0](queued=0,recved=1, sent=0)
10.68.33.13.35748[1](queued=0,recved=2189,sent=2189)

Latency min/avg/max: 0/0/86
Received: 2198
Sent: 2197
Connections: 2
Outstanding: 0
Zxid: 0x27758
Mode: standalone
Node count: 29
```

In this case, you must configure Zookeeper in standalone mode and then restart the ZooKeeper service as in the following example:

```
/opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin$sudo./zkServer.sh stop
JMX enabled by default
Using config: /opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Stopping zookeeper ..../zkServer.sh: line 143: kill: (1776) - No such process
STOPPED
/opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin$sudo./zkServer.sh start
JMX enabled by default
Using config: /opt/zookeeper-3.4.5/bin/../conf/zoo.cfg
Starting zookeeper ... STARTED
```

Verifying that ZooKeeper is Running

To check that the ZooKeeper software is running, follow these steps:

1. Log in to each ZooKeeper machine and enter:

```
echo ruok | nc 127.0.0.1 2181
```

2. Confirm that you get the following response from each ZooKeeper instance by entering:

imok

If no response appears or a broken pipe error appears, then ZooKeeper is not running.

3. Obtain more information about the status of Zookeeper by logging into each ZooKeeper machine and entering:

```
echo status | nc 127.0.0.1 2181
```

Exhibitor Software

After installing ZooKeeper you might want to install the optional Exhibitor software on every machine with an instance of Zookeeper. The Exhibitor software provides a web interface that allows you to monitor the status of ZooKeeper. It also keeps the configurations of all the ZooKeeper nodes in sync when any of them are changed, and provides tools to rotate and prune the ZooKeeper logs, to prevent them from growing indefinitely. For more information, see the Exhibitor documentation.

If you choose to install Exhibitor, you must configure your ElectricFlow server nodes so they know how to contact Exhibitor. If you have already set up your ElectricFlow server cluster and ZooKeeper servers and are later adding Exhibitor to it, this can be done using the ecconfigure tool, which is normally found at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure on Linux or C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin\ecconfigure.exe on Windows. Bring down all nodes in your cluster, and run ecconfigure on each ElectricFlow node in the cluster with the option (as the user that ElectricFlow runs as, or with administrative privileges):

```
ecconfigure --serverExhibitorConnection <Exhibitor servers>
```

where <*Exhibitor_servers*> is a comma-separated (no spaces) list of the IP addresses or fully-qualified domain names of your three or five (or for a test system possibly just one) Exhibitor servers (the port number that ElectricFlow uses to connect to Exhibitor is always port 80). For example, 10.0.2.1,10.0.2.2,10.0.2.3 for a three-ZooKeeper/Exhibitor cluster.

It is not necessary to use the command with a single exhibitor and a single ZooKeeper server.

Configuring a Multi-ZooKeeper Cluster

If you plan to use a multi-ZooKeeper cluster, you must configure each ZooKeeper with a unique number from the range 1, 2, 3 for a 3-ZooKeeper cluster, or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 for a 5-ZooKeeper cluster. You must include this number in the following file:

```
<dataDir>/myid
```

where < dataDir> is the path you set in your zoo.cfg file.

For example, you can run these commands:

```
sudo touch /var/lib/zookeeper/myid
sudo -- sh -c 'echo <number> > /var/lib/zookeeper/myid'
```

where < number > is the appropriate number between 1 and 3, or 1 and 5.

ZooKeeper Requires a Majority of Nodes to Be Up

ZooKeeper requires a majority of its nodes to be up in order for it to be functional. A majority is:

- 1 of 1
- 2 of 3
- 3 of 5

If a majority of nodes is not up, the expected behavior is a "not currently serving requests" error from ZooKeeper.

Installing ElectricFlow Software

You must install the ElectricFlow software components on all the nodes in your ElectricFlow cluster. Where you install the individual components depends on the type of cluster configuration you need to create. For more information on how to install the ElectricFlow software, see Installing ElectricFlow on page 3-1.

Use the reliability approach if you want to minimize single points of failure in your ElectricFlow installation; use the performance approach if (in addition to minimizing single points of failure), you want to maximize throughput of your ElectricFlow server at the cost of using more hardware.

In the reliability approach, other ElectricFlow components such as agents, repositories, and web servers are placed on the same machine as a node of the ElectricFlow server cluster; in the performance approach, they are placed on other servers to leave as many resources as possible available for the ElectricFlow server node.

Choose one of the following four installation approaches for your environment:

- New ElectricFlow Installation for Reliability on page 4-14
- New ElectricFlow Installation for Performance on page 4-15
- Converting an Existing ElectricFlow Installation for Reliability on page 4-16
- Converting an Existing ElectricFlow Installation for Performance on page 4-17

For any of these approaches, when you install agent, repository, and web server services, you can save time by configuring the software to point to a remote server location. You must also register all of these service agents as resources on the ElectricFlow server. For more information, see <u>Duplicating</u>

Repository Contents on page 4-18. Duplicating Repository Contents on page 4-18

- For a command-line installation, set the option --remoteServer <load_balancer_FQDN>. If you are doing an advanced installation on Linux, when prompted for the remote ElectricFlow server, enter the <load_balancer_FQDN>.
- For a graphical user interface installation, set the Server Host Name field in the "Remote ElectricFlow server" installer page to < load_balancer_FQDN>:8000.

 The load_balancer_FQDN is the fully qualified domain name of your ElectricFlow server's load balancer machine.

New ElectricFlow Installation for Reliability

The reliability approach allows multiple ElectricFlow services to run on a machine, but multiple instances of the service should exist to prevent single points of failure.

1. Install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on one node in the ElectricFlow cluster.

Note: If you do not already have an ElectricFlow web server that you can temporarily point at this ElectricFlow server node, you might want to also install an ElectricFlow web server that can be used for the following two steps in this section. Before you install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster, turn off the web server. You turn off the web server on Linux by using the command /etc/init.d/commanderApache stop, or on Windows by stopping the service and setting the Startup Type to Manual.

2. Configure ElectricFlow to use an external database. At this time, the ElectricFlow node is in a single-server configuration.

For more information, see Switching to an Alternate Database from the Built-In Database on page 12-11.

3. Move the plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server software node to a location on the shared file system.

For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

- 4. Install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 5. Install the ElectricFlow repository service on one or more machines.
- 6. Register agents on these machines as resources on the ElectricFlow server.
- 7. Install the ElectricFlow web server service on one or more machines.

New ElectricFlow Installation for Performance

The performance approach requires separate machines for each ElectricFlow service.

 $1. \ \ In stall just the \ Electric Flow \ server \ software \ on \ all \ the \ nodes \ in \ the \ Electric Flow \ cluster.$

For more information, see Silent Unattended Installation Method on page 3-91.

Note: If you do not already have an ElectricFlow web server that you can temporarily point at this ElectricFlow server node, you may also want to install an ElectricFlow web server that can be used for the following two steps in this section. Before you install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster, turn off the web server . You turn off the web server on Linux by using the command <code>/etc/init.d/commanderApache stop</code>, or on Windows by stopping the service and setting the Startup Type to Manual.

2. Configure one instance of the ElectricFlow server software to use an external database.

At this time, the ElectricFlow node is in a single-server configuration.

For more information, see Switching to an Alternate Database from the Built-In Database on page 12-11.

3. Move the plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server software node to a location on the shared file system.

For more information, see Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location on page 5-14.

4. Install the following software services on one or more individual machines.

Each service should not be installed with any other ElectricFlow software components.

- ElectricFlow agent
- · ElectricFlow repository server
- · ElectricFlow web server
- 5. Remove any agents that were automatically installed with the ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers on page 4-31 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-31.

Converting an Existing ElectricFlow Installation for Reliability

Because this is a conversion of an existing ElectricFlow system, one or more machines with the ElectricFlow server, agent, web server, and repository software already exist. The reliability approach allows multiple ElectricFlow services to run on a machine, but multiple instances of the service should exist to prevent single points of failure.

1. Upgrade the existing ElectricFlow software according to the instructions in Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.

Horizontal scalability is supported starting with ElectricFlow 5.0.

2. Verify that the ElectricFlow software is pointing to an external database.

To verify which database is in use:

- 1. Log in to ElectricFlow.
- 2. Select **Administration** > **Database Configuration** to see the current database.

The database connection is successfully configured if you can log into ElectricFlow.

See Switching to an Alternate Database from the Built-In Database on page 12-11 if additional configuration is required.

3. Verify that the ElectricFlow software is configured to use a plugins directory located on the shared file system.

For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory.

- 4. Install the ElectricFlow server and agent software on the remaining nodes for the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 5. Install the ElectricFlow repository server on one or more machines.
- 6. Install the ElectricFlow web server on one or more machines.
- 7. Register the machine agents as resources on the ElectricFlow server.

Converting an Existing ElectricFlow Installation for Performance

Because this is a conversion of an existing ElectricFlow system, one or more machines with the ElectricFlow server, agent, web server, and repository software already exist. The performance approach requires separate machines for each ElectricFlow service.

1. Upgrade the existing ElectricFlow software according to the instructions in Roadmap for the Upgrade Process.

Horizontal scalability is supported starting with ElectricFlow 5.0.

2. Verify that the ElectricFlow software is pointing to an external database.

To verify which database is in use:

- · Log in to ElectricFlow.
- Select **Administration** > **Database Configuration** to see the current database.

The database connection is successfully configured if you can log into ElectricFlow.

See Switching to an Alternate Database from the Built-In Database on page 12-11 if additional configuration is required.

3. Verify that the ElectricFlow software is configured to use a plugins directory located on the shared file system.

For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory.

4. Remove any web server or agent software that is installed with the original ElectricFlow machine.

This software will be reinstalled on a separate system.

- 5. Install the ElectricFlow server software on the nodes for the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 6. Install the following software services on one or more individual machines.

Each machine should not be installed with any other ElectricFlow software services.

- · ElectricFlow agent
- ElectricFlow repository server
- ElectricFlow web server
- 7. Remove any agents that were automatically installed with the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository services.

The original ElectricFlow machine as well as the new installations should be checked to verify that the agent software is removed.

For more information, see Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers on page 4-31 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-31

8. Remove any repository server software that is installed with the original ElectricFlow machine after you duplicate the repository server contents.

For more information, see Duplicating Repository Contents on page 4-18.

If necessary, install the repository software on additional machines.

Duplicating Repository Contents

To duplicate the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Stop the repository servers.
- 2. Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX—/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows—C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data
- 3. Start both repository servers.

Running a Cluster in Clustered Mode

You must configure the machines installed with the ElectricFlow software to operate as a cluster.

To configure them in clustered mode:

1. Share the plugins directory across the ElectricFlow servers, agents, and web servers if you have not done so already. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

2. Configure all the ElectricFlow servers for clustered mode operation, giving them a unique identifier that points to the load balancer, the location of the ZooKeeper servers, and optionally also the Exhibitor servers if you are using Exhibitor.

You must use the ecconfigure commands on each ElectricFlow server, web server, and agent on which the software component is installed. You must enter the commands on each server that you add. There are no problems if you rerun the commands on a machine. Use one of these methods:

- · Use the ecconfigure tool.
 - · Locate the ecconfigure tool.

```
For Linux, it is usually at
```

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure.

For Windows, it is usually at C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\bin\ecconfigure.exe.

• Run it with the following options on each ElectricFlow server node (as the user that ElectricFlow runs as, or with administrative privileges):

```
ecconfigure --serverName <load_balancer_FQDN>
--serverZooKeeperConnection <ZooKeeper servers>
```

• Use Exhibitor and enter:

```
ecconfigure --serverName <load_balancer_FQDN>
--serverZooKeeperConnection <ZooKeeper_servers>
--serverExhibitorConnection <Exhibitor servers>
```

where

- <load_balancer_FQDN> is the fully-qualified domain name of your load balancer machine.
- <ZooKeeper_servers> is a comma-separated (no spaces) list of the IP_address_or_ FQDN:port_number for each of your three or five (or for a test system, possibly just one)
 ZooKeeper servers (the port number for ZooKeeper is normally 2181).
- If you are using Exhibitor, < Exhibitor_servers > is a comma-separated (no spaces) list of the IP addresses or fully-qualified domain names of your three or five (or for a test system possibly just one) Exhibitor servers. The port number that ElectricFlow uses to connect to Exhibitor is always port 80.) For example, 10.0.2.1,10.0.2.2,10.0.2.3 for a three-ZooKeeper/Exhibitor cluster.

Example for a three-ZooKeeper cluster:

```
ecconfigure --serverName machine.company.com --serverZooKeeperConnection 10.0.2.1:2181,10.0.2.2:2181,10.0.2.3:2181
```

These ecconfigure commands start the ElectricFlow server nodes.

- Configure the load balancing software for the ElectricFlow server cluster and the ElectricFlow web servers.
 - Stop all ElectricFlow server nodes that you want to cluster.
 - Back up the <data dir>\conf directory on all ElectricFlow servers nodes.
 - Choose an ElectricFlow server node (usually the first node) from which to copy the <data_dir>\conf directory to the other nodes.
 - Empty the contents of the <data dir>\conf directory on the other nodes.
 - Copy the contents of <data_dir>\conf from the first node to <data_dir>\conf on the other nodes. This ensures that <data_dir>\conf on all clustered ElectricFlow servers is identical.

Running a Cluster in Single-Server Mode

A couple of rarely-used ElectricFlow operations are not supported in clustered mode. If you need to perform any of the following operations, you must restart the server in single-server mode:

- Changing the database configuration
 This operation can be done in the web UI using Administration > Database Configuration
 or with ectool. After performing this operation, you must rerun ZKConfigTool to upload the
 changed configuration from the local database.properties file to ZooKeeper before switching
 back to clustered mode.
- · Doing a full import using ectool
- Doing a full export using the safe mode with either of these options:
 - Restart
 - Shutdown

To run an ElectricFlow machine in single-server mode:

- 1. Identify the machine you need to work on and shut down the other machines in the ElectricFlow cluster.
- 2. Verify that the database.properties, keystore, passkey, and commander.properties configuration files on the machine you are working on are up to date and match those that were uploaded to ZooKeeper.
- 3. Switch this remaining ElectricFlow machine to single-server mode by running the following command:

```
ecconfigure --serverEnableClusteredMode=0
```

The commanderAgent and commanderServer services restart.

4. Complete your work on the ElectricFlow machine.

5. If you changed the database configuration, use ZKConfigTool to upload the updated database.properties file to ZooKeeper.

If you used the eccert tool (for added trusted agents, revoked certificates, and so on), use ZKConfigTool to upload the updated keystore file and/or conf/security folder to ZooKeeper.

If you updated the commander.properties file, use ZKConfigTool to upload it to ZooKeeper.

See Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper on page 4-21 for more information.

6. Switch this remaining ElectricFlow machine back to clustered mode by running the following command:

```
ecconfigure --serverEnableClusteredMode=1
```

7. Start all the other nodes in the ElectricFlow cluster back up

Adding the Configuration to ZooKeeper

After performing the steps in Running a Cluster in Clustered Mode on page 4-18, complete the following steps:

- 1. Confirm that the <data_dir>\conf directories on all ElectricFlow servers to be clustered are identical.
- 2. Use ZKConfigTool to upload configuration files from the existing ElectricFlow server to ZooKeeper by using the steps in Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper on page 4-21.

Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper

Before starting the ElectricFlow server cluster, you must populate your Apache ZooKeeper server with ElectricFlow database configuration information that all ElectricFlow server nodes will use in the cluster. You use <code>ZKConfigTool</code> to import this information into your ZooKeeper server.

Note: You must run <code>ZKConfigTool</code> after changing any updatable configuration file. Even with multiple ZooKeeper machines, you must do this only once, and the data is propagated to all of those machines.

The following minimum set of files from the <data dir>\conf directory is imported:

- database.properties
- keystore
- passkey
- commander.properties

Prerequisites

- The ElectricFlow server package must be installed on the system.
- The system must be running a version of Java supported by ElectricFlow. Java is automatically installed with ElectricFlow as part of the Tools installation.
- The ZooKeeper software must be installed on the network.

Location

 $\textbf{ElectricFlow includes} \ \texttt{ZKConfigTool}. \ \textbf{It is installed in the following default locations:}$

Windows:

C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\
zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar

Linux

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/server/bin/
zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar

Command

ZKConfigTool is best run from the <install_dir>/conf directory.

\$ java -jar zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar <options>

Option	Description
commanderPropertiesFile <path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow Server commander.properties file.
confSecurityFolder <path_to_folder></path_to_folder>	Import the ElectricFlow Server conf/security folder.
databasePropertiesFile <path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow Server database.properties file.
help	Show the command help.
keystoreFile <path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow Server keystore file.
<path_to_file></path_to_file>	Import the ElectricFlow Server passkey file.
readFile <path_on_zookeeper><path_to_file></path_to_file></path_on_zookeeper>	Read the specified file from the ZooKeeper server.

Option	Description
readFolder <path_on_zookeeper> <path_to_folder></path_to_folder></path_on_zookeeper>	Read the specified folder from the ZooKeeper server.
version	Show the version number of the ZKConfigTool tool.
writeFile <path_on_ zookeeper=""><path_to_file></path_to_file></path_on_>	Write the specified file to the ZooKeeper server.
writeFolder <path_on_zookeeper> <path_to_folder></path_to_folder></path_on_zookeeper>	Write the specified folder to the Zookeeper server.

Import Files

Run ${\tt ZKConfigTool}$ to populate the ZooKeeper server with configuration information. The system must have the ElectricFlow tools installed and must be able to communicate with ZooKeeper.

The following command shows how to run <code>ZKConfigTool</code> from the <code><data dir>\conf</code> directory:

Linux:

```
../jre/bin/java -DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 -jar ../server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --databasePropertiesFile database.properties --keystoreFile keystore --passkeyFile passkey -- commanderPropertiesFile commander.properties --confSecurityFolder security
```

Windows:

```
"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java.exe" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<\ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar" com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --databasePropertiesFile database.properties --keystoreFile keystore --passkeyFile passkey -- commanderPropertiesFile commander.properties --confSecurityFolder security
```

Next Steps

After you upload the new configuration files:

- 1. Shut down all running ElectricFlow servers in the cluster.
- 2. Start one ElectricFlow server in the cluster.

3. Check if the ElectricFlow server is fully running by using the following ectool command:

```
ectool --server local
host --timeout 900 getServerStatus --block 1 --serverStateOnly 1 \,
```

This command runs for 900 seconds (15 minutes) or until getServerStatus displays either bootstrap or running.

4. If the output says bootstrap, enter the command again until it says running.

You can also "tail" the <data_dir>\logs\commander-<hostname>.log file to check for errors that could prevent the ElectricFlow server from going to running state.

5. After the first ElectricFlow server is in running state, start the other ElectricFlow servers so that they can join the cluster.

After all ElectricFlow servers are in running state, you can check the "view" of the cluster.

On Linux platforms, enter:

```
<install_dir>/bin/ectool --server localhost getServerStatus --diagnostics 1 |
grep -i "\(<view>\|<service name>\|<participants>\)"
```

• On Windows platforms, enter:

```
<install_dir>\bin\ectool --server localhost getServerStatus --diagnostics 1 |
findstr "<view> <service name> <participants>" 2>NULL
```

Getting information on the ElectricFlow Server Cluster from ZooKeeper

Use ClusterInfoTool to get information on the running ElectricFlow server cluster from ZooKeeper.

Prerequisites

- The ElectricFlow server cluster must be installed and running on the network.
- Configuration files that all ElectricFlow server nodes will use in a clustered configuration must be uploaded to Apache ZooKeeper server using the <code>ZKConfigTool</code>.
- The ZooKeeper cluster must be running an odd number of Zookeeper nodes and there must be a leader node.
- The system must be running a version of Java supported by ElectricFlow. Java is automatically installed on a system with the ElectricFlow software as part of the Tools installation.

Locations

The ElectricFlow installer adds the ClusterInfoTool to the following default locations:

- Windows: C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\cluster-info-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
- Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/server/bin/cluster-info-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar

Command

```
$ java -DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server1_IP>:2181,<ZooKeeper_Server2_
IP>:2181,<ZooKeeper_Server3_IP>:2181 -jar cluster-info-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
```

where DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION must point to the ZooKeeper system to which the ElectricFlow server cluster is connected.

Output

This is sample output generated by ClusterInfoTool:

```
Checking /commander/jgroups/hornetq:
```

```
582d3642-9736-e87f-4e19-c22d7776ccab ->
```

```
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-21066 6c80e9a9-2fed-6352-e437-fe76b65aa80d
10.0.175.78:5446 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-28728 0afa39df-d072-b05a-034a-aed74b7a39ee
10.0.238.179:5446 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-28295 c69f0430-df04-bf24-1294-b471a4a3f151
10.0.2.207:5446 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-15869 582d3642-9736-e87f-4e19-c22d7776ccab
10.0.2.206:5446 T
```

Checking /commander/jgroups/commander:

```
0c32103a-d4e7-da91-f8c4-1fd8e125c156 ->
```

```
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-19713 0c32103a-d4e7-da91-f8c4-1fd8e125c156
10.0.2.206:5447 T
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-14432 75afe3eb-7a04-d160-c8d0-d64f8ac3c796
10.0.175.78:5447 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-33530 1cf1795f-e658-3cae-c515-546082bffec9
10.0.238.179:5447 F
WIN-M3Q09A2PNFP-60743 cf8b4201-3fac-71c4-18da-0a885b3e1e61
10.0.2.207:5447 F
```

How to interpret ClusterInfoTool output:

- The nodes /commander/jgroups/hornetq and /commander/jgroups/commander contain information on these JGroups clusters:
 - commander for the ElectricFlow server cluster
 - hornetq for the HornetQ cluster
- The children nodes under each of the JGroups nodes represent the participating ElectricFlow servers in the cluster. Each child node entry is in this form:

```
<Logical Name> <UUID> <IP address>:<port> T|F
```

• The number of entries in both JGroups nodes should be the same, with matching IP addresses but with different port numbers and distinct logical names and UUIDs. The coordinator node in each JGroups cluster is identified with a 'T' against its entry.

Configuring Web Server Properties

You must update the httpd.conf file on each web server in the cluster. The httpd.conf file is usually in apache/conf on a Linux machine and ProgramData\Electric

Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\conf on a Windows machine.

To configure all the web servers for clustered mode operation and give them the name of the load balancer:

• Locate the ecconfigure tool.

On Linux, it is usually at

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure.

On Windows, it is usually at

C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\
bin\ecconfigure.exe.

• Run the tool with the following option on each web server. You may need to do this as root or with administrative privileges.

```
ecconfigure --webTargetHostName <load balancer FQDN>
```

where < load_balancer_FQDN > is the fully qualified domain name of your ElectricFlow server's load balancer machine.

Configuring Repository Server Properties

Additional configuration is required for any repository servers that existed before being converted to operate in a cluster, or were not configured to point to point to a remote server location during installation.

To configure all the repository servers for clustered mode operation and give them the name of the load balancer:

• Locate the ecconfigure tool.

On Linux, it is usually at

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin/ecconfigure.

On Windows, it is usually at

 $\label{lem:c:program} $$ C:\operatorname{Program Files}\to \operatorname{Cloud}\to \operatorname{Cloud}\to$

• Run the tool with the following option on each repository server, You may need to do this as root or with administrative privileges.

```
ecconfigure --repositoryTargetHostName <load balancer FQDN>
```

where < load_balancer_FQDN> is the fully qualified domain name of your ElectricFlow server's load balancer machine.

Configuring ElectricFlow Agents

You must configure ElectricFlow agents to function within a resource pool.

Note: Transport Layer Security (TLS) has replaced Secure Sockets Layer version 3.0 (SSLv3) on the ElectricFlow server and the ElectricFlow web server.

- 1. Start and log in to ElectricFlow.
- 2. Go to the **Cloud** > **Resources** page.
- 3. Delete any resource named local.
- 4. Create a resource pool named local.
- 5. Create resources for all the machines that had the ElectricFlow agent software installed.
- 6. Add agent resources to the local resource pool.

Choose the appropriate step for your approach.

- If you are creating a reliability configuration where each ElectricFlow server machine also has an agent installed, the local resource pool should consist of the set of agents local to the ElectricFlow server machines.
- If you are creating a performance configuration where none of the ElectricFlow server
 machines have agents installed, the local resource pool (which in this configuration is not
 actually local to the servers) should contain several agents to handle any work that may
 be assigned. For example, work may be assigned because of old default resource settings.
- 7. Verify that the default resource pool contains two or more resources for reliability.

You must create and add resources to this pool if none exist.

- 8. Go to the **Administration** > **Server** page.
- 9. Click on the **Settings** link near the top right to open the Edit Server Settings form.
- 10. Set the **Server IP address** entry in the form to the fully qualified domain name of your ElectricFlow server's load balancer.

This setting controls how agents contact the ElectricFlow server when they send results from jobs and similar messages.

Configuring the Cluster Workspace

You must edit the default workspace for log files across the ElectricFlow servers, agents, and web servers.

Important: As you need and create more workspaces over time, each workspace should be in a shared network location that all machines in the ElectricFlow cluster can access.

To edit the default workspace:

- Select Cloud > Workspaces.
- Edit the default workspace entry to reference a shared network location.

For more information, see the "Workspaces and Disk Space Management" section in the "Automation Platform" chapter of the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Configuring ElectricFlow Repositories

You must configure ElectricFlow repositories.

- Go to the **Artifacts** > **Repositories** page.
- Verify that the repository server URL points to the load balancer machine.

Adding Trusted Agents to Clusters

Perform the following procedures in these situations:

- Every time that you create trusted agents.
- Every time that you revoke the certificates of existing trusted agents.
- To create a gateway to a zone with trusted agents at both ends. You have to do this only a few times.
- When you want all agents in cluster to be trusted.

You can select one of these methods to add a trusted agent to a cluster:

- Before adding the trusted agent, shut down all but one node in the cluster. Go to Method 1 on page 4-29.
- Keep most of the nodes up while adding trusted agents. Go to Method 2 on page 4-30.

Preparing Your Cluster Environment

Perform the following steps one time when configuring the cluster to work with trusted agents. You can skip these steps if you have already done them.

- 1. Select the server node. This should be the node you used to upload configuration files to ZooKeeper while performing the procedure in Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper.
- 2. Confirm that the certificate files from the node you selected and from ZooKeeper match by using the <code>verifyClusterCertificate.pl</code> script. For detailed instructions and the script output, see the <code>KBEC-00342-Using</code> the <code>verifyClusterCertificate.pl</code> script for <code>Trusted Agents</code> Knowledge Base article.
 - In the script output, look for SUCCESS to confirm that certificate files match. If this fails, you might be on the wrong node.
- 3. Replace the conf/security folder on all nodes with the conf/security folder from node selected in Step 1.
- 4. If you want to add a trusted agent to a cluster and it is OK to shut down all but one node in the cluster, go to Method 1 on page 4-29.

- 5. If you want to keep most of the nodes up while adding trusted agents, perform the rest of the steps in this procedure.
- 6. (Windows platforms) Change directories to the <data dir>/conf/ folder.
- 7. Upload the conf/security folder from the node you selected to ZooKeeper by using the following command:
 - Linux:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 <install_dir>/jre/bin/java -cp <install_dir>/server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar com.electriccloud.commander.zkconfig.ZKConfigTool --writeFolder /commander/conf/security <data dir>/conf/security
```

· Windows:

"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java.exe" - DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<\textit{ZooKeeper_Server_IP}\text{:}2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar" com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool -- confSecurityFolder security

- 8. On all cluster nodes:
 - 1. Open wrapper.conf in the <data dir>/conf directory.
 - 2. Uncomment the following line:

```
wrapper.java.additional.603=-DCLUSTER_CERTIFICATE_SERVICE_USE_
ZOOKEEPER=true
```

3. Make sure that DCLUSTER CERTIFICATE SERVICE USE ZOOKEEPER is set to true.

Ensure that there is no conflict with number 603 and that it is not already used in the system.

- 9. Restart the nodes with updated configurations.
- 10. Go to Method 2 on page 4-30.

Method 1

Follow these steps to add a trusted agent to a cluster by first shutting down all but one node in the cluster. Perform the tasks from Step 2 to Step 4 on the agent machine.

- 1. Shut down all but one node in the cluster.
- 2. On the machine with an agent that you want to make a trusted agent, enter commands such as the following to create the trusted agent:
 - ectool --server <Server_host> login admin changeme
 to log into the server with the specified hostname of IP address and save the session
 ID.
 - 2. To make a remote agent trusted, enter:

```
<install dir>/bin/eccert initAgent --remote --force
```

to generate a certificate request for this agent, send a certificate authority (CA) request to the ElectricFlow server (the CA), receive a signed certificate from the CA for this agent, and add the CA certificate and the agent's private key (also signed by the CA) to the agent's keystore.

To make a local agent (that is, local to the ElectricFlow server) trusted, enter:

```
<install dir>/bin/eccert initAgent --remote --force
```

The ElectricFlow server keeps a copy of the signed agent certificate in the \$install_dir/conf/security/certs directory.

3. On the agent machine, enter

```
ectool createResource <agent_name> --hostName <agent_FQDN_or_IP> --trusted true to add the agent as a trusted agent to the ElectricFlow server in the previous step, where <agent FQDN or IP> is the fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the agent.
```

4. Restart the agent on the agent machine.

Method 2

Perform the following steps on an agent machine to add a trusted agent to a cluster without shutting down server nodes. This procedure works only in ElectricFlow 6.3 or later.

Due to limitations in ZooKeeper, using this method imposes a maximum of around 500 signed certificates. If you want to use this method and are likely to need more than 500 trusted agents, we recommend re-using a certificate across multiple trusted agents.

- 1. On the machine with an agent that you want to make a trusted agent, enter commands such as the following to create the trusted agent:
 - ectool --server < Server_host > login admin changeme
 to log into the server with the specified hostname of IP address and save the session
 ID.

2. To make a remote agent trusted, enter:

```
<install dir>/bin/eccert initAgent --remote --force
```

to generate a certificate request for this agent, send a certificate authority (CA) request to the ElectricFlow server (the CA), receive a signed certificate from the CA for this agent, and add the CA certificate and the agent's private key (also signed by the CA) to the agent's keystore.

To make a local agent (that is, local to the ElectricFlow server) trusted, enter:

```
<install_dir>/bin/eccert initAgent --remote --force
```

The ElectricFlow server keeps a copy of the signed agent certificate in the \$install_dir/conf/security/certs directory.

2. On the agent machine, enter

```
ectool createResource <agent_name> --hostName <agent_FQDN_or_IP> --trusted true to add the agent as a trusted agent to the ElectricFlow server in the previous step, where <agent FQDN or IP> is the fully-qualified domain name or IP address of the agent.
```

3. Restart the agent on the agent machine.

Separating Agents from ElectricFlow Servers

Use this procedure if you need to separate ElectricFlow services and agents. By default, an ElectricFlow agent is installed with the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository. For more information, see Resource, Agent, and Procedure Configuration Considerations on page 4-2 and Verifying ElectricFlow Services on page 4-31.

- 1. Verify that no ElectricFlow agents are installed on any of the ElectricFlow server nodes. If necessary, remove the agent software from the ElectricFlow server nodes.
- 2. Verify that none of the ElectricFlow utilities use a local resource. If you are not sure if a local resource is in use, create an agent resource called *local* and monitor the system.
- 3. Remove the local resource.
- 4. Create a new agent resource with a new name for each agent on each ElectricFlow server node machine.
- $5. \ \ \, \text{Create a resource pool named } \textit{local} \, \text{containing all these resources}.$

Verifying ElectricFlow Services

You can verify what services are on a machine installed with ElectricFlow software by the following methods:

- · If you have a Linux system
 - 1. Go to the /etc/init.d/ directory.
 - 2. Look for scripts starting with "commander". For example, commanderAgent, commanderApache, commanderRepository, commanderServer.

3. As root, from any directory, use this command format:

/etc/init.d/<service name> status

where <service_name> is the ElectricFlow service you are interested in, such as

/etc/init.d/commanderServer status

- If you have a Windows system:
 - 1. Go to the Services control panel.
 - 2. Look for services starting with the name "ElectricFlow". For example, ElectricFlow Agent, ElectricFlow Database, or ElectricFlow Server.
 - 3. If the services have a status of Started, they are installed and running.

Accessing ElectricFlow with Clustering

You access an ElectricFlow server in a clustered configuration the same way you would for a single-server configuration.

Enter the address of one of the web servers into your browser address bar.

If you are using ectool, use the --server option to direct your request to the fully qualified domain name of the load balancer.

Health Check for the ElectricFlow Cluster

In a clustered configuration, it is important that all ElectricFlow servers that are set up to participate in the cluster can communicate with ZooKeeper and with each other though JGroups. So each ElectricFlow server runs a periodic critical services health check to test that it has a valid session with ZooKeeper and that the server is part of the JGroups cluster for ElectricFlow.

The health check is run every minute by default. If it fails after five repeated attempts, the server goes into bootstrap mode so that it cannot serve any requests. Once in bootstrap mode, the server will periodically attempt to reinitialize its services. If it is successful and is able to join the JGroups cluster, it can serve incoming requests again.

Additional Ways to Improve an ElectricFlow Cluster

Clustering your ElectricFlow configuration does not necessarily remove all single points of failure or potential performance bottlenecks from your system. There are other components that are part of the ElectricFlow environment that you must consider to eliminate single points of failure or prevent performance bottlenecks.

Third-Party Software

The following items are widely-used third-party commercial products that are used in conjunction with ElectricFlow. A variety of solutions and strategies to increase the reliability and scalability of these products and eliminate remaining single-points-of-failure are available from other vendors and sources.

- Network
- Load balancer
- External database
- File server used for the shared file system

ElectricFlow Components

You can address some or all of the following potential issues with the following ElectricFlow components. The issues you address depends on the level of reliability and performance you need for your system.

- Repository server—You can mirror your artifacts across multiple repository servers.
- ElectricFlow procedures or steps—You can specify a resource pool of agents rather than a single agent.

Chapter 5: Configuration

This section contains the configuration tasks you must perform after you install ElectricFlow.

Important: The following situation might occur when the workspace files are in a directory other than the default *workspace* directory and the ElectricFlow configuration links to it. When you install a new version, ElectricFlow creates a workspace directory in the default location. It does not recognize the preconfigured workspace link in the previous configuration.

When configuring ElectricFlow after an upgrade, you cannot use ecconfigure to move the work-space directory to the preconfigured network location. You must manually specify the link to the workspace directory in the new configuration.

The Default Zone and Gateways to Remote Zones

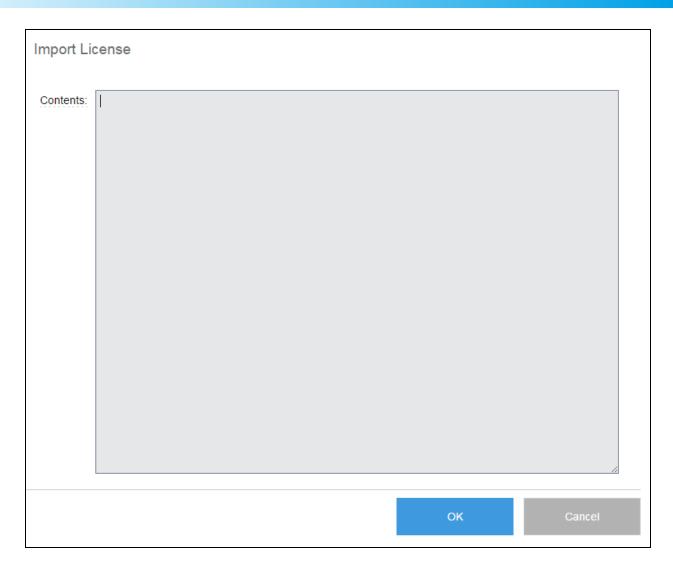
The ElectricFlow server is a member of the default zone (created during ElectricFlow installation). To ensure that the ElectricFlow server can reach remote zones, you must establish a gateway or a gateway chain to reach each one either directly or indirectly. Also, to preserve this reachability, do not rename the default zone.

Applying an Enterprise License Key

Use the following task to add an enterprise license to an ElectricFlow server.

- Log into the ElectricFlow server.
 For more information, see Logging Into the ElectricFlow Web Interface on page 3-158.
- 2. Go to Administration > Licenses.
- 3. Click **Import License**.

The Import License text box appears.



- 4. Open the license file in a text editor and copy and paste the entire license text in the Import License text box.
- 5. Click **OK** to import the ElectricFlow license.

External Database Configuration

During the ElectricFlow server installation, if you elected not to install the built-in (default) database, you need to configure an alternate database. An ElectricFlow enterprise license is required to configure an alternate database. For more information about supported databases, see Database Requirements on page 2-18. For installation instructions, see Configuring ElectricFlow to Use an Alternate Database on page 5-4.

Database Interactions

Your database administrator (DBA) must create a database for use specifically by ElectricFlow. The ElectricFlow server interacts with the database using a JDBC driver for each of the databases that ElectricFlow supports.

For MySQL, the JDBC driver is not installed by the ElectricFlow installer (for licensing reasons). It must be downloaded and installed separately from the MySQL website. For more information, go to Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-158.

The first step in any interaction is to present user credentials to the database. This information is stored in the ElectricFlow database.properties file as a user name plus a password. The password is stored as an encrypted string, using the "passkey" generated by the server.

Database User

For MS SQL Server and MySQL, your DBA should create a database user for use specifically by ElectricFlow.

For Oracle, your DBA must create a database user for use specifically by ElectricFlow.

The ElectricFlow database user must have permissions to add or delete rows from the database at all times. The database user must also have rights to create or delete tables, and add or remove a columns, indices, and constraints to a table at certain defined times.

Important: Electric Cloud supports installations only where the database user has rights to create and delete tables at all times. To upgrade the MySQL databases, the database user must also have permissions to create and delete schema (databases) for the duration of the upgrade process. For security reasons, permissions granted to database users to create and delete schema in multi-tenant MySQL databases may be revoked after the upgrade process is complete.

When the ElectricFlow server first starts up, ElectricFlow creates a schema in the specified database, so the database user should be the owner of the ElectricFlow database. This allows ElectricFlow to make the required schema changes.

If the ElectricFlow server cannot connect to the database, it continues to wait for a valid database configuration. Check the log files for a successful database connection.

Default Database Ports

The supported external databases use the following ports:

Port	Used by	
1521	Oracle 11g Release 2 and Oracle 12c	
1433	Microsoft SQL Server	
3306	MySQL	

Required and Recommended MySQL Settings

- Before upgrading to ElectricFlow 8.0.1 or newer versions, you must set the MySQL character settings to UTF-8 and the collation to case-insensitive at server startup before creating the database schema for the ElectricFlow server. For details, see the KBEC-00385 Converting a MySQL Database From Latin-1 to UTF-8 Before Upgrading to ElectricFlow 8.0.1 Knowledge Base article.
- To tune memory allocation, see the *KBEC-00038 Improving ElectricCommander server* performance by tuning memory allocation Knowledge Base article.

Configuring ElectricFlow to Use an Alternate Database

If you deselected the "database" check box during installation, you will *not* be able to log into ElectricFlow until you set up a database configuration pointing to an external database. An ElectricFlow enterprise license is required, see External Database Configuration on page 5-2. You can change the database configuration through the ElectricFlow web interface or the ElectricFlow command-line tool.

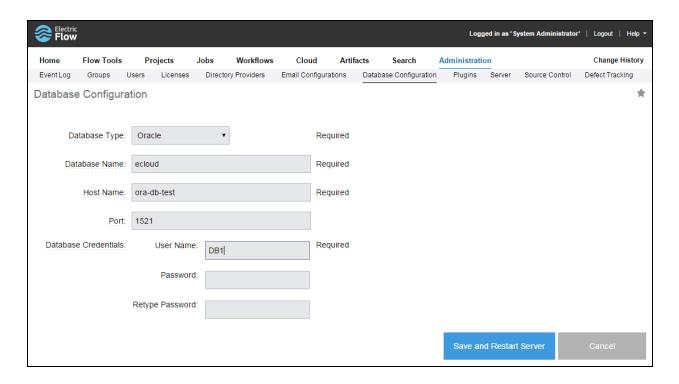
If you are currently using ElectricFlow in clustered mode and need to change the database configuration, you must reset ElectricFlow to single-server mode before changing the database configuration. For more information, go to Running a Cluster in Single-Server Mode on page 4-20.

Setting the Database with the Web Interface

Use this procedure to set the database with the ElectricFlow web interface. You cannot log into ElectricFlow until you set up a database configuration pointing to an external database, but you can use the ElectricFlow web interface to connect to an external database.

1. Go to the **Administration** tab in the ElectricFlow UI and select **Database Configuration**.

The **Database Configuration** screen appears.



2. Select your **Database Type** from the drop-down menu.

Note: The **Built-in (MariaDB)** option is supported only for the built-in database that is installed by ElectricFlow. Any other MariaDB database is not supported; that is, you cannot install another MariaDB instance and use it with ElectricFlow. Also, changing the database configuration options (such as the database name, host name, and credentials) to use any other database such as MySQL when using the **Built-in (MariaDB)** option is not supported.

- 3. Enter your **Database Name**.
- 4. Enter the **Host Name** for your database server.
- 5. Accept the default **Port** or supply the port number you need for your database.
- 6. Supply the database **User Name** the ElectricFlow server will use to access your database.
- 7. Enter and confirm the **Password** for the database user you specified.
- 8. Click **Save and Restart Server** after supplying information in all fields.

Setting the Database from a Command Line

This section contains topics related to setting an alternate database for ElectricFlow through a command line.

SQL Server Authentication

SQL Server supports two types of user authentication:

- SQL Server Authentication
- · Windows Authentication

You must find out from your DBA which authentication type is required for the ElectricFlow user because, the authentication type influences how information is provided in the ectool command setDatabaseConfiguration. See setDatabaseConfiguration Command Examples on page 5-7 for example command syntax.

Setting the Database with ectool

You use the ectool setDatabaseConfiguration command to change the database configuration from the command line.

1. Determine if your database is SQL Server. The type of user authentication used by the database impacts the syntax of the setDatabaseConfiguration command that you use in this procedure.

For more information, see these topics:

- SQL Server Authentication on page 5-5
- setDatabaseConfiguration Command Examples on page 5-7
- Setting the Database as a SQL Server with SSO Login on Windows on page 5-8
- 2. (ElectricFlow 5.0 and later) Set the database configuration based on the type of user authentication used by the database:
 - For SQL server authentication or a SQL Server with NTLM login, enter setDatabaseConfiguration <--options>

where <--options> are the options that you specify based on the type of user authentication.

For more information, go to setDatabaseConfiguration Command Options on page 5-9.

• For a SQL server with the SSO login on Windows, see Setting the Database as a SQL Server with SSO Login on Windows on page 5-8.

After you change the ElectricFlow database configuration, the server attempts to connect to the database to do the initial schema setup.

Note: Do not restart the ElectricFlow server at this time. (You should restart the server only if it was already connected to a built-in or external database and the ectool setDatabaseConfiguration command has been used to connect the server to an entirely new database.)

3. Enter the following command and wait for the output:

```
ectool --server localhost --timeout 900 getServerStatus --block 1 --
serverStateOnly 1
```

This command runs for 900 seconds (15 minutes), or until Commander finishes creating all the schema objects, or until getServerStatus displays either bootstrap or running.

4. If the output says bootstrap, enter the command again until it says running.

The commander.log file shows commanderServer is running as in the following snippet:

```
2016-02-10T19:19:06.582 | 10.0.2.206 | INFO | bootstrap | | | ServerStatus | commanderServer is running
```

Failing to wait and restarting Commander while it is creating schema objects will cause it to fail to start (during the next manual start) with an error:

```
2016-09-07T15:08:55.825 | DEBUG | bootstrap | | upgradeData |
OperationInvoker | Exception: InvalidSchema: Unable to validate the database
schema: could not extract ResultSet 2016-09-07T15:08:55.831 | ERROR |
bootstrap | | | BootstrapCommanderServerImpl | Unable to validate the
database schema: could not extract ResultSet
com.electriccloud.errors.EcException: Unable to validate the database schema:
could not extract ResultSet
at com.electriccloud.errors.EcException.create(EcException.java:165)
at com.electriccloud.errors.EcExceptionBuilder.build
(EcExceptionBuilder.java:34)
at com.electriccloud.upgrade.UpgradeManagerImpl.doDataMaintenance
(UpgradeManagerImpl.java:672)
at com.electriccloud.upgrade.UpgradeDataOperation.perform
(UpgradeDataOperation.java:50)
at com.electriccloud.upgrade.UpgradeDataOperation.perform
(UpgradeDataOperation.java:26)
```

5. Use <code>getServerStatus</code> to look for problems logging into the database or creating the schema. This command shows log messages from the server bootstrap process.

Note: Before the server is completely up, <code>getServerStatus</code> does not require a login session, but after the server is up, it does. Thus, if you enter the <code>getServerStatus</code> call and <code>get a "session expired"</code> error, the server is up.

setDatabaseConfiguration Command Examples

Following are examples of how to use the setDatabaseConfiguration command.

SQL Server Authentication:

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration
--databaseType sqlserver
--databaseName commander
--hostName localhost
--port 1433
--userName commander
--password commander
```

The --userName and --password options must be included in the setDatabaseConfiguration command.

SQL Server with NTLM login:

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration
--databaseType sqlserver
--databaseName commander
--hostName localhost
--port 1433
--userName commander@domain.com
--password commander
```

The user name must include the domain name. For example, user@domain.com or domain\user.

Setting the Database as a SQL Server with SSO Login on Windows

1. Download the JDBC driver from Microsoft.

Select the appropriate JDBC driver version from the Microsoft JDBC driver download page (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=11774). See the information in the "Details" and "System Requirements" sections to help select the correct driver.

For example, if you download the sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar.gz file and unzip it, you get this file:

```
sqljdbc\_4.0.2206.100\_enu.tar.gz\\sqljdbc\_4.0.2206.100\_enu.tar\\sqljdbc\_4.0\\enu\\auth\\x64\\sqljdbc\_auth.dll
```

2. Check whether you already have the JDBC driver file, such as sqljdbc4.jar, in the C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\wars\commander-server.war\WEB-INF\lib\ directory.

This file ships with ElectricFlow and should be version 4.0 or later.

 Copy the sqljdbc_auth.dll file from Step 1 to the C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/server/lib directory, which is the same folder set as the java.library.path property.

Note: If you are using the 32-bit agent installer, you must copy the sqljdbc_auth.dll file in sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar.gz\sqljdbc_4.0.2206.100_enu.tar\sqljdbc_4.0.\enu\auth\x86\ to the C:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/server/lib directory. If you do not, the following error appears in the commander.log file:

```
2015 -07 -07T18:04:34.737 | WARN | CP -pool -watch -thread -commander | | |
"com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException"
"This driver is not configured for integrated authentication"
```

4. Enter the following command to update the <code>COMMANDER_CUSTOM_DB_URL</code> and <code>COMMANDER_DB_URL</code> properties in the C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\database.properties file with the JDBC URL specified in the customDatabaseUrl argument:

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration --databaseType sqlserver --databaseName
commander --hostName localhost --port 1433 --customDatabaseUrl
"jdbc:sqlserver://localhost:1433;integratedSecurity=true;databaseName=command
er;applicationName=ElectricCommander;selectMethod=cursor"
```

Note: ElectricFlow uses <code>commander_db_url</code> for information only. If <code>commander_custom_db_url</code> is set, this value is used instead of <code>commander_db_url</code>.

- 5. Make sure that the ElectricCommander Server service is set to run as a user who can log into the SQL Server database using Windows authentication.
- 6. If you needed to set the ElectricCommander Server service to run as a user who can log into the SQL Server database using Windows authentication, restart the ElectricFlow server. Otherwise, check the commander.log file to verify that the ElectricFlow server connects to the SQL Server database with SSO login.

The ElectricFlow server connects to the SQL Server with SSO login. If this is successful, the following lines appear in the commander.log file:

```
USERDOMAIN=ELECTRIC -CLOUD

USERNAME=<user who can log into the SQL Server database using Windows authentication>

USERPROFILE=C:\Users\<user who can log into the SQL Server database using Windows authentication>

...

java.library.path=C:/Program Files/Electric
Cloud/ElectricCommander/server/lib

...

2015 -07 -07T18:08:13.255 | INFO | bootstrap | | | 2015 -07 -07T18:08:13.319 | WARN | bootstrap | | |

...

2015 -07 -07T18:08:14.479 | INFO | bootstrap | | | 2015 -07 -07T18:08:14.479 | INFO | bootstrap | | |
```

setDatabaseConfiguration Command Options

The following options are available for use with the ectool command setDatabaseConfiguration. The option command syntax is:

```
setDatabaseConfiguration
[--databaseType <mysql|sqlserver|Oracle|builtin>]
[--databaseName <database name>]
```

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```
[--hostName <host name>]
[--ignorePasskeyMismatch <Boolean flag>]
[--ignoreServerMismatch <Boolean flag>]
[--password <password>]
[--port <port number>]
[--preserveSessions <Boolean flag>]
[--userName <user name>]
[--customDatabaseDialect <custom database dialect>]
[--customDatabaseDriver <custom database driver>]
[--customDatabaseUrl <custom database URL>]
```

The following table describes the command options:

Option	Description	
	Selects the database type—supported options are mysql sqlserver Oracle builtin	
databaseType	Note: The builtin option is supported only for the built-in MariaDB database that is installed by ElectricFlow. Any other MariaDB database is not supported; that is, you cannot install another MariaDB instance and use it with ElectricFlow. Also, changing the database configuration options (such as the database name, host name, and credentials) to use any other database such as MySQL when using the builtin option is not supported.	
databaseName	The name of your alternate database—this is not the host name, but the name the DBA gave the database object.	
hostName	The host name where your database is running	

Option	Description
ignorePasskeyMismatch	<pre><boolean -="" 0 1 true false="" flag=""> - If the server is started with a different passkey, ignore the mismatch if "true".</boolean></pre>
	Note: This action discards all saved passwords.
ignoreServerMismatch	<pre><boolean -="" 0 1 true false="" flag=""> - If the server is started on a different host than where the server previously started, ignore the mismatch if "true".</boolean></pre>
port	The port number used by the database Server—if omitted, port 1433 is used
preserveSessions	<pre><boolean -="" 0 1 true false="" flag=""> - If ignoring a server mismatch, default behavior invalidates all sessions. Setting this flag to "true" saves all sessions, allowing the server to reconnect to running jobs. This option is used in combination with ignoreServerMismatch.</boolean></pre>
userName	The user name to use when connecting to the database
password	The password to use to connect to the database
customDatabaseDialect	Internal option—use only at the request of Electric Cloud support
customDatabaseDriver	Internal option—use only at the request of Electric Cloud support
customDatabaseUrl	Internal option—use only at the request of Electric Cloud support

Enabling Full Database URL Control

If you want to enable full control over the database URL:

- 1. Go to the database.properties file.
- 2. Create a property called COMMANDER_CUSTOM_DB_URL.
- 3. Add the explicit connect string to that property.

Note: COMMANDER_DB_URL is a "write-only" property that it is never read by ElectricFlow. It is generated based on other settings in that file and serves as information only.

If you were using ElectricFlow in clustered mode, you should now upload your modified database.properties.file to ZooKeeper and then change ElectricFlow back to clustered mode. For more information, go to Running a Cluster in Clustered Mode on page 4-18.

Required and Recommended MySQL Settings

- Before upgrading to ElectricFlow 8.0.1 or newer versions, you must set the MySQL character settings to UTF-8 and the collation to case-insensitive at server startup before creating the database schema for the ElectricFlow server. For details, see the KBEC-00385 Converting a MySQL Database From Latin-1 to UTF-8 Before Upgrading to ElectricFlow 8.0.1 Knowledge Base article.
- To tune memory allocation, see the *KBEC-00038 Improving ElectricCommander server* performance by tuning memory allocation Knowledge Base article.

Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations

Agent-only Linux installations that you perform as a non-root user or without sudo permissions cannot automatically start the agent service. This means that you must set up agent service autostart after installation is complete. This section describes how to set up autostart and also how to disable it if needed.

Setting Up Agent Service Autostart

1. Provide a service control script in the /etc/init.d directory by using one of the following methods.

Note: <install dir>is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander by default.

Secure (preferred) method:

```
$ sudo cp -v <install_dir>/startup/commanderAgent /etc/init.d/ef-user-agent

'<install_dir>/startup/commanderAgent' -> '/etc/init.d/ef-user-agent'

$ sudo chown -v root:root /etc/init.d/ef-user-agent

ownership of '/etc/init.d/ef-user-agent' retained as root:root

$ sudo chmod -v 0755 /etc/init.d/ef-user-agent
```

```
mode of '/etc/init.d/ef-user-agent' retained as 0755 (rwxr-xr-x)
```

· Less secure (alternative) method:

```
$ sudo ln -sv <install_dir>/startup/commanderAgent /etc/init.d/ef-user-
agent
'/etc/init.d/ef-user-agent' -> '<install_dir>/startup/commanderAgent'
```

2. Create links in the "rc" directories.

The exact commands as well as the messages displayed in response will vary with the specific distribution. Following are several examples:

• RHEL 5.x, 6.x, or 7.x; CentOS 5.x, 6.x, or 7.x; SLES 11 or 12:

```
$ sudo /sbin/chkconfig --add ef-user-agent
$ sudo /sbin/chkconfig ef-user-agent on
```

• Ubuntu 14.x, 16.x, or 18.x:

```
$ sudo /usr/sbin/update-rc.d ef-user-agent defaults
Adding system startup for /etc/init.d/ef-user-agent ...
/etc/rc0.d/K20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
/etc/rc1.d/K20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
/etc/rc6.d/K20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
/etc/rc2.d/S20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
/etc/rc3.d/S20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
/etc/rc4.d/S20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
/etc/rc5.d/S20ef-user-agent -> ../init.d/ef-user-agent
```

Disabling the Agent Service Autostart

Enter the following command:

```
$ sudo rm -fv /etc/init.d/ef-user-agent /etc/rc?.d/*ef-user-agent
/etc/init.d/rc?.d/*ef-user-agent

removed '/etc/init.d/ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc0.d/K20ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc1.d/K20ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc2.d/S20ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc3.d/S20ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc4.d/S20ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc5.d/S20ef-user-agent'
removed '/etc/rc5.d/S20ef-user-agent'
```

The messages displayed in response to these commands might vary with the specific distribution and version.

Universal Access to the Plugins Directory

A plugin is a collection of one or more features, or a third-party integration or tool that can be added to ElectricFlow. The ElectricFlow server installs all plugins into a configurable location named the plugins directory. This directory must be readable by the web server and any agents that need access to the content of one or more plugins. There are two ways to make the plugins directory readable by the web

server and any agents. You can configure the ElectricFlow server, agents, and web servers to point to a central network location, or you can replicate the contents of the plugins directory on remote agents and web servers.

Configuring Universal Access for a Network Location

Use these procedures to configure ElectricFlow server, agents, and web servers to point to a universally accessible network location. This is the recommended approach because newly installed plugins are immediately available to all agents and web servers. We strongly recommend that you do this when you are running ElectricFlow in clustered mode, because it allows all the server nodes to share a common plugins directory. You also avoid the overhead of managing multiple plugins directories.

Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

Ways to Configure Universal Access to Plugins

A network location for the plugins directory can be set up in one of two ways:

- Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location on page 5-14—This approach
 is recommended if you already have a network file system accessible to the ElectricFlow server
 and all remote agents and web servers.
- Leaving the Plugins Directory on the ElectricFlow Server on page 5-15—This approach leaves the
 plugins directory in the current location on the ElectricFlow server and shares the location across
 the network. This approach is only recommended if you do not already have a network location
 available.

Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location

Use this task to move the plugins directory to a pre-configured network location. You must have a network file system accessible to the ElectricFlow server and all remote agents and web servers to perform this task.

Important: You must have root privileges to use the --webPluginsDirectory option.

- 1. Create an empty directory in the network accessible location.
- 2. Move the contents of the plugins subdirectory from the ElectricFlow server's data directory to this new directory.
- 3. Run the following commands on the ElectricFlow server:
 - ectool setProperty /server/settings/pluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
 This command gives the ElectricFlow server the location of pluginsDirectory.

2. Run this command *only* if a web server was installed (by default, during an Express Server installation):

```
ecconfigure --webPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
```

This command modifies Apache web server configuration files (ectool lacks this ability). This command properly configures the Apache web server for the new plugins directory.

3. Run this command *only* if an agent was installed (by default during an Express Server install):

```
ecconfigure --agentPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
```

This command properly configures the ElectricFlow agent for the new plugins directory.

- 4. Run this command ONLY if you plan on installing remote Windows agents or web servers: ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/windowsPluginsShare" "<PLUGINS>"
- 5. Run this command ONLY if you plan on installing remote UNIX agents or web servers: ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/unixPluginsShare" "<PLUGINS>"

Where <PLUGINS> is either the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

Note: When installing remote agents or web servers, you will be prompted to enter information about the ElectricFlow server. Select the check box to "discover the plugins directory", and the correct location is automatically picked up from the server and set during installation.

4. Run the following command on remote agents that were already installed:

```
ecconfigure --agentPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
```

Where <PLUGINS> is either the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

5. Run the following command on remote web servers that were already installed:

```
ecconfigure --webPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
```

Where <PLUGINS> is either the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.

Leaving the Plugins Directory on the ElectricFlow Server

Use this task to leave the plugins in the current location on the ElectricFlow server and share that location across the network so remote agents and web servers can obtain access.

Important: This approach is recommended only if you do not already have a network location available to the ElectricFlow server and all remote agents and web servers. See Moving the Plugins Directory to a Pre-Configured Network Location on page 5-14if you do have a universally available network location.

Important: You must have root privileges to use the --webPluginsDirectory option.

- 1. Choose the appropriate step based on the ElectricFlow server platform:
 - If your ElectricFlow server is a Windows machine, the plugins directory is automatically shared by the name "commander-plugins" during installation. When you install remote agents and web servers on Windows, they will discover this location and be configured to use it.
 - If you are installing remote agents or web servers on UNIX machines, follow these steps:
 - 1. Create a Samba mount on a UNIX machine pointing to the plugins share on the Windows machine.

```
//<COMMANDER SERVER HOST NAME>/commander-plugins
```

- 2. Export the Samba mount as a network file system share on the same UNIX machine used in the previous step.
 - Add the following entry to /etc/exports:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/plugins by default): <EXPORT> *
(ro,sync)
```

Where <EXPORT> is the directory you want to export.

- 2. Start/restart the NFS server.
- 3. Mount the network file system share to an available directory before installation on UNIX remote agents and web servers. Make sure to mount the share to the same directory across all machines, henceforth referred to as <UNIX PLUGINS>.
 - 1. Create <UNIX PLUGINS>.
 - 2. Add the following entry to /etc/fstab:

```
<HOST>:<EXPORT> <UNIX_PLUGINS> nfs defaults 0 0
Where <HOST> is the host name of the machine on which the directory has been exported and <EXPORT> is the directory being exported on that machine.
```

- 3. Call: mount -a.
- 4. Run the following command on the ElectricFlow server machine:

```
ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/unixPluginsShare" "<UNIX_
PLUGINS>"
```

- 2. Perform the following steps if your ElectricFlow server is a Linux machine and you are installing remote agents or web servers on other UNIX machines. The plugins directory is not automatically shared as on Windows.
 - 1. Export the local plugins directory as a network file system share on the ElectricFlow server machine:
 - 1. Add the following entry to

```
/etc/exports (/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/plugins by default):
<EXPORT> *(ro,sync)
```

Where <EXPORT> is the directory you want to export.

- 2. Start/restart the NFS server.
- Mount the network file system share to an available directory before installation on UNIX
 remote agents and web servers. You must mount the share to the same directory across all
 machines. This share is referred to as <unix_Plugins> in the following steps:

- 1. Create <UNIX PLUGINS>.
- 2. Add the following entry to /etc/fstab (replace <HOST> with the host name of the machine on which the directory has been exported and <EXPORT> with the directory being exported on that machine):

```
<HOST>:<EXPORT> <UNIX PLUGINS> nfs defaults 0 0
```

- 3. Call: mount -a.
- 3. On the ElectricFlow server machine, run the following command:

```
ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/unixPluginsShare"
"<UNIX PLUGINS>"
```

- 4. If you are installing remote agents or web servers on Windows machines, perform the following steps:
 - 1. Create a Samba share on the ElectricFlow server that is accessible to Windows machines under the name <WINDOWS PLUGINS>.
 - 2. Run the following command:

```
ectool setProperty "/server/Electric Cloud/windowsPluginsShare"
"<WINDOWS PLUGINS>"
```

- 3. Choose the appropriate step to configure remote agents or web servers.
 - If you need to install the software for a new remote agent or web server, you must select the "discover the plugins directory" option. This will allow the installer to automatically detect and set the correct location from the server.
 - If you need to configure remote agents that were previously installed, run the following command:

```
ecconfigure --agentPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
Where <PLUGINS> is the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.
```

• If you need to configure a remote web servers that were already installed, run the following command:

```
ecconfigure --webPluginsDirectory "<PLUGINS>"
Where <PLUGINS> is the Windows path to the shared directory for Windows machines, or the UNIX path to the shared directory for UNIX machines.
```

Replicating the Plugin Directory on Remote Systems

Use this procedure to keep the Plugins directory in its default server location and replicate the contents to remote agents and web servers.

Important: This approach requires you to manage multiple plugin directories. Every time a new plugin is installed on the ElectricFlow server, you must synchronize the changes across all remote copies of the directory. Only replicate the Plugins directory if you cannot use or configure a central network location.

• Copy the plugins directory to remote agents and web servers using any file copy mechanism.

- The copied plugins directories must be readable by only the remote agents and web servers.
- Plugins should be copied to a plugins subdirectory within the data directory for each remote agent and web server.
- Every time the ElectricFlow server Plugins directory is updated, you must synchronize the changes across all remote copies.

Environment Proxy Server Configuration

In your environment proxy servers might exist between an intranet and internet. Because proxy servers can inhibit certain types of internet access, you will need to set proxy settings for each impacted machine in your installation. ElectricFlow servers or web servers can be deployed behind a proxy server.

It is not a common practice to place repository servers or agent systems behind a proxy server since these systems communicate with ElectricFlow through an intranet connection.

Configuring Proxy Settings for Servers

Use <code>ecconfigure</code> to set proxy settings for any web server or ElectricFlow server in your configuration that is deployed behind a proxy server. Repository servers are not typically placed behind a proxy server.

- 1. Select the appropriate perl scripts to run depending on the server type.
 - To set ElectricFlow server proxy settings, enter:

```
ec-perl src/ecconfigure.pl
--serverProxyHost <IP_ADDRESS_PROXY>
--serverProxyPort <PORT>
--serverNoProxyHosts "<HOST1,HOST2>"
```

• To set web server proxy settings, enter:

```
ec-perl src/ecconfigure.pl
--webProxyUrl http://<IP_ADDRESS:PORT>
--webNoProxyHosts <HOST1,HOST2,HOST3>
```

Where:

```
<IP_ADDRESS_PROXY> is the IP address of the proxy server,
```

<PORT> is the server port for the proxy server, and

<HOST1,HOST2> is one or more comma separated host names for the servers in the configuration.

2. Restart all the servers where you have applied a proxy setting

Important: If you do not restart the servers, the proxy settings will not work.

Testing Server Proxy Settings

Use the following task to verify your proxy server settings.

- Perform the following steps depending on your server type.
 - If you have a web server:
 - 1. Go to the **Plugin Manager** web page.
 - 2. Verify the catalog can be viewed and no errors are reported when accessing the catalog URL.
 - If you have an ElectricFlow server:
 - 1. Go to the **Plugin Manager** web page.
 - 2. Verify you can install a plugin from the catalog.

Configuring Proxy Agents

Use ecconfigure to set proxy settings for any agent system that is deployed behind a proxy server. A proxy server is not usually placed between agents and an ElectricFlow server.

Important: When you use a proxy agent, the proxy target must run an SSH v2 server.

1. Run the following command to set Agent proxy settings:

```
ec-perl src/ecconfigure.pl
--agentProxyHost <IP_ADDRESS_PROXY>
--agentProxyPort <PORT>
--agentNoProxyHosts "<HOST1,HOST2>"

Where:

<IP_ADDRESS_PROXY> is the IP address of the proxy server,

<PORT> is the server port for the proxy server, and

<HOST1,HOST2> is one or more comma separated host names for the servers in the
```

2. Set the cygwin 1.7 privilege by running the following commands.

Note: Certain commands require administrator privileges to run (for example, net stop xxx) using cygwin 1.7 sshd. These commands can fail with "access denied" errors. These errors did not occur in cygwin 1.5. The ElectricFlow proxy agent relies on sshd being privileged. To set this privilege on cygwin 1.7, you must run an additional setup script (in addition to ssh-host-config).

1. cyglsa-config

configuration.

2. reboot

Increasing File Descriptors for Linux and Linux Docker Containers

A file descriptor is an object that a process uses to read or write to an open file and open network sockets (although there are other uses).

Operating systems place limits on the number of file descriptors that a process can open. In addition to per-process limits, an OS also has a global limit on the number of file descriptors that all its processes, together, might consume.

A common bottleneck in the default Linux operating system configuration is a lack of file descriptors.

ElectricFlow Server

An ElectricFlow server uses approximately one file descriptor per running job step and three per uncompleted job.

The following example configures ElectricFlow to use a new limit of 32768:

1. Add the following line to the init script for the ElectricFlow Server (in /etc/init.d/commander) before the su - command:

```
ulimit -n 32768
```

2. Restart the ElectricFlow server:

```
/etc/init.d/commanderServer restart
```

ElectricFlow Agent

An ElectricFlow agent uses at least two file descriptors per running job step.

It is important to make sure that operating systems on high traffic sites are configured to provide sufficient numbers of file descriptors to ElectricFlow.

The following example describes how to raise the maximum number of file descriptors to 32768 for the ElectricFlow process on the Red Hat Linux distribution:

1. Allow all users to modify their file descriptor limits from an initial value of 1024 up to the maximum permitted value of 32768 by changing /etc/security/limits.conf. The following two lines should be part of the file contents:

```
soft nofile 1024
hard nofile 32768
```

2. In /etc/pam.d/login, add the following line if it does not already exist:

```
session required pam limits.so
```

3. Configure ElectricFlow to use the new limits. Add the following line to the init script for the ElectricFlow Agent (in /etc/init.d/ecmdrAgent or /etc/init.d/commanderAgent):

```
ulimit -n 32768
```

4. Restart the ElectricFlow agent:

```
/etc/init.d/commanderAgent restart
```

Adjusting Swappiness on Linux

For Java-based machines (ElectricFlow server, repository server, agent), You should adjust the swappiness kernel parameter to favor applications over disk cache.

• To favor applications 100% over disk cache use:

```
sysctl -w vm.swappiness=0
```

The default of 60 can result in significant delays during garbage collection if any i/o intensive process runs on the machine.

Chapter 6: Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow

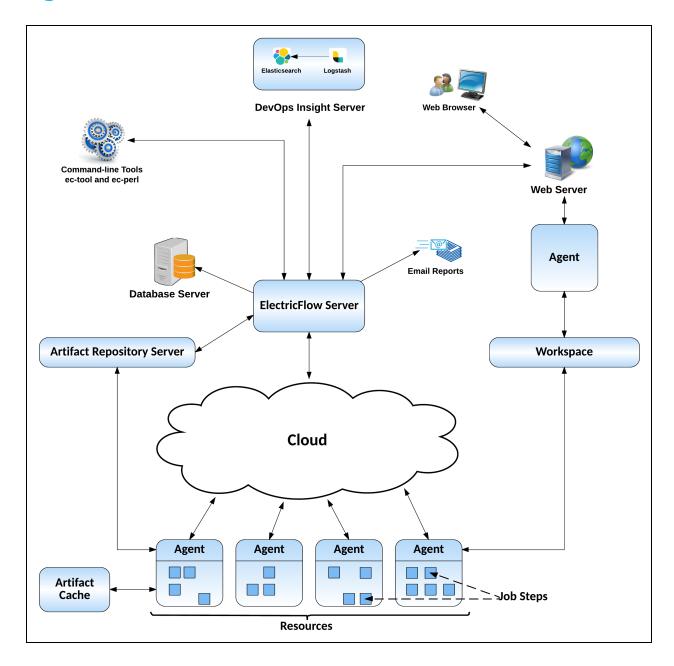
Note: Upgrading ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, 8.0.x, and versions earlier than 8.3 that are using the built-in (default) database is not supported. This means that you must switch to an alternate ElectricFlow-supported database before your upgrade. For instructions, see the "Switching to an Alternate Database from the Built-In Database" section in the ElectricFlow Installation Guide at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Upgrade			Run the	
From	То	File to Download	Installer	Go to
ElectricFlow 5.x	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest version	ElectricFlow- <pre><version></version></pre>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x on page 7-1
ElectricFlow 5.x for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest version, for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1
ElectricFlow 6.x	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest (newer) version	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x on page 7-1
ElectricFlow 6.x for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest (newer) version, for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1
ElectricFlow 7.x	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest (newer) version	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x on page 7-1

Upgrade		File to Download	Run the	
From	То	File to Download	Installer	Go to
ElectricFlow 7.x for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest (newer) version, for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1
ElectricFlow 8.x	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest (newer) version	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x on page 7-1
ElectricFlow 8.x for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow 8.x, the latest (newer) version, for a clustered environment	ElectricFlow- <version></version>	Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1

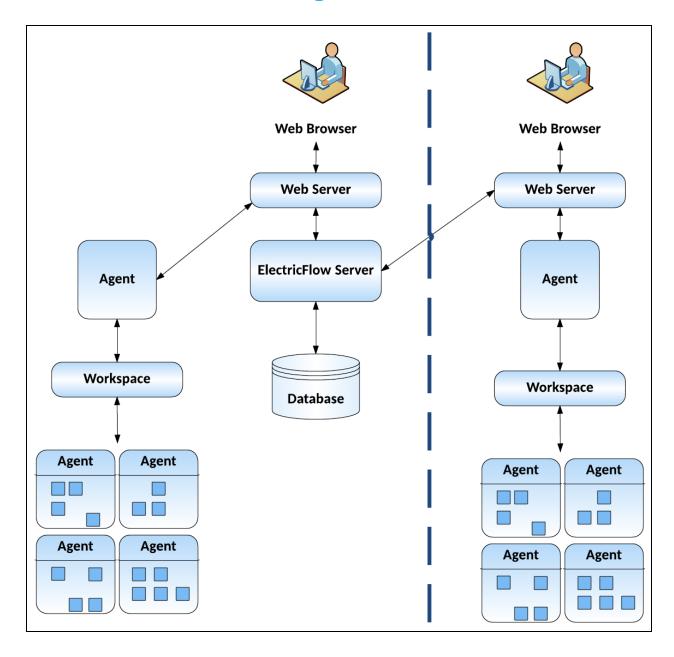
These are sample ElectricFlow configurations:

Single-Site Architecture



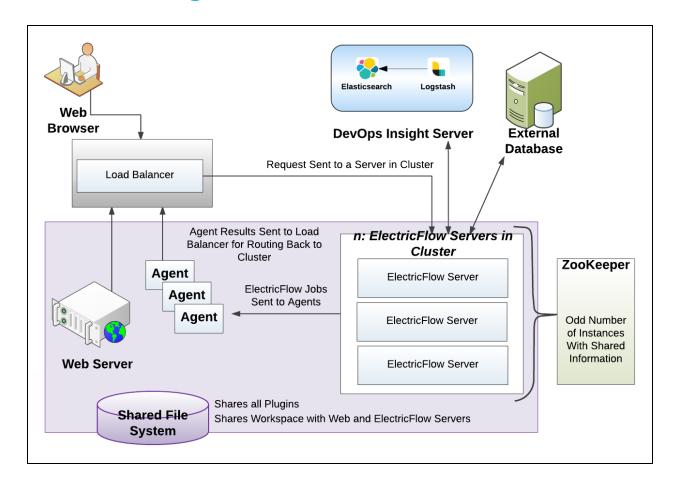
See Architecture for a complete description of this configuration.

Remote Web Server Configuration



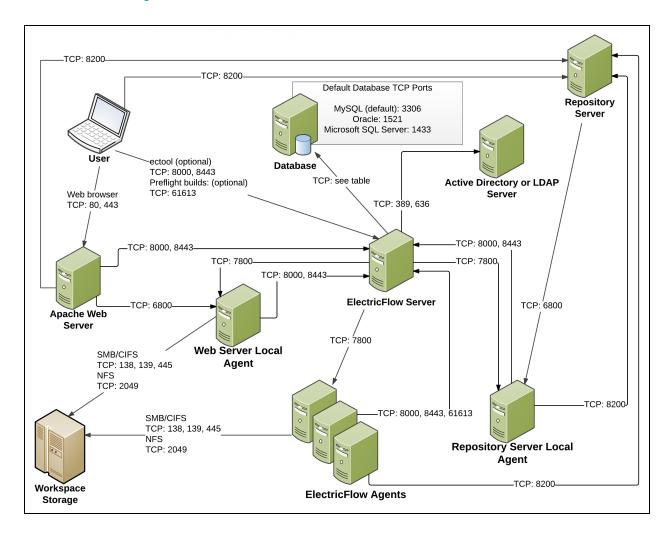
See Architecture for a complete description of this configuration.

Clustered Configuration



See Architecture of an ElectricFlow Cluster for a detailed description of this configuration.

Server Components in ElectricFlow



For a detailed description, see the *KBEC-00041 - ElectricFlow TCP port usage - diagram and descriptions* KB article.

Chapter 7: Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x

This section describes how to upgrade the software from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x (a newer version). The procedure is the same as when you upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x (a newer version) and upgrade cluster configurations at the same time, except that you do not need to perform additional tasks to upgrade the cluster.

To upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x (a newer version), use the ElectricFlow-<version> installer, which collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, configures the system with all property values mined, and restores custom files and data.

After preparing for the upgrade, make sure to shut down the ElectricFlow server service before installing ElectricFlow 8.x.

Configuration Settings Preserved After an Upgrade

The following configuration settings are saved during a software upgrade. These settings are reloaded into ElectricFlow after the upgrade.

Agent Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/agent.conf

artifactCache	caFile
caPath	certFile
duplicateDetectionListSize	idleOutboundConnectionTimeout
idlePostRunnerTimeout	idleServerRequestWorkerTimeout
idleWorkerTimeout	keyFile
loadProfile	logFile
logLevel	logMaxFiles
logMaxSize	outboundRequestInitialRetryInterval
outboundRequestMaxRetryInterval	outboundRequestTimeout
pluginsPath	port

proto	serverConnectTimeout
serverReadTimeout	unixShellPattern
verifyPeer	

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/agent/wrapper.conf

set.ECWRAPPER_WRITE_MAX_ATTEMPTS	set.ECWRAPPER_WRITE_RETRY_INTERVAL
wrapper.console.format	wrapper.java.additional. <n> where n must be ≥ 10000 (custom parameter)</n>
wrapper.java.additional.701	wrapper.java.additional.702
wrapper.java.additional.703	wrapper.java.classpath. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>
wrapper.java.initmemory	wrapper.java.initmemory.percent
wrapper.java.library.path. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>	wrapper.java.maxmemory
wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent	wrapper.logfile
wrapper.logfile.format	wrapper.logfile.loglevel
wrapper.logfile.maxfiles	wrapper.logfile.maxsize
wrapper.ntservice.dependency. <n></n>	wrapper.ntservice.interactive
wrapper.ntservice.starttype	wrapper.ping.interval
wrapper.ping.timeout	wrapper.request_thread_dump_on_failed_jvm_ exit
wrapper.shutdown.timeout	wrapper.startup.timeout
wrapper.successful_invocation_time	wrapper.syslog.loglevel

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/agent/agent.properties

AGENT_ACCEPT_QUEUE_SIZE	AGENT_CRL_FILE

AGENT_DOMAIN_NAME	AGENT_KEYSTORE
AGENT_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD	AGENT_LOCAL_PORT
AGENT_MAX_HTTP_THREADS	AGENT_PORT
AGENT_PROTOCOL	AGENT_SERVER_SESSIONS_FILE
IDLE_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT	MAX_CONNECTIONS
MAX_CONNECTIONS_PER_ROUTE	MAX_LOGGED_MESSAGE_LENGTH
OUTBOUND_CONNECT_TIMEOUT	

ElectricFlow Server Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/commander.properties

COMMANDER_ACCEPT_QUEUE_SIZE	COMMANDER_BATCH_DB_REQUESTS_ OVERRIDE
COMMANDER_CERT	COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_MAX_ ATTEMPTS_TO_BE_IN_PRIMARY_CLUSTER
COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_ MONITORING_ENABLED	COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_ MONITORING_FREQUENCY
COMMANDER_CRL_FILE	COMMANDER_DATA_DIR_MONITORING_ ENABLED
COMMANDER_FORCE_ENABLE_ADMIN	COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT
COMMANDER_KEY	COMMANDER_KEYSTORE
COMMANDER_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD	COMMANDER_LOG_DIR_MONITORING_ ENABLED
COMMANDER_MAX_API_THREADS	COMMANDER_MAX_DISPATCH_THREADS
COMMANDER_MAX_HTTP_THREADS	COMMANDER_MAX_QUARTZ_THREADS
COMMANDER_MAX_WORKFLOW_THREADS	COMMANDER_MQ_DATADIR

COMMANDER_MQ_DIR_MONITORING_ENABLED	COMMANDER_MQ_DISK_SPACE_MONITORING_ ENABLED
COMMANDER_MQ_DISK_SPACE_MONITORING_ IN_CLUSTER_ONLY	COMMANDER_MQ_HARD_DISK_SPACE_LIMIT
COMMANDER_MQ_SOFT_DISK_SPACE_LIMIT	COMMANDER_NESTED_LDAP_GROUPS_ MAXIMUM_DEPTH_LIMIT
COMMANDER_PASSWORD_KEYFILE	COMMANDER_PORT
COMMANDER_SERVER_NAME	COMMANDER_STOMP_PORT
org.apache.coyote.USE_CUSTOM_STATUS_ MSG_IN_HEADER	

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/wrapper.conf

set.default.COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT	set.default.COMMANDER_PORT
set.default.COMMANDER_XML_READER_STRIP_ WHITESPACE_TEXT	set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY
set.default.INSTALL_DIRECTORY	wrapper.console.format
wrapper.java.additional. <n> where n must be ≥ 10000 (custom parameter)</n>	wrapper.java.additional.240
wrapper.java.additional.250	wrapper.java.additional.260
wrapper.java.additional.350	wrapper.java.additional.600
wrapper.java.additional.601	wrapper.java.additional.602
wrapper.java.additional.603	wrapper.java.additional.701
wrapper.java.additional.702	wrapper.java.additional.703
wrapper.java.additional.800	wrapper.java.additional.801
wrapper.java.additional.802	wrapper.java.additional.803
wrapper.java.additional.901	wrapper.java.additional.902

wrapper.java.additional.903	wrapper.java.additional.1600
wrapper.java.additional.1601	wrapper.java.classpath. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>
wrapper.java.initmemory	wrapper.java.initmemory.percent
wrapper.java.library.path. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>	wrapper.java.maxmemory
wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent	wrapper.logfile
wrapper.logfile.format	wrapper.logfile.loglevel
wrapper.logfile.maxfiles	wrapper.logfile.maxsize
wrapper.ping.interval	wrapper.ping.timeout
wrapper.request_thread_dump_on_failed_jvm_exit	wrapper.shutdown.timeout
wrapper.startup.timeout	wrapper.successful_invocation_time
wrapper.syslog.loglevel	

Repository Server Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/repository/server.properties

AGENT_URL	COMMANDER_HOST
IDLE_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT	MAX_CONNECTIONS
MAX_CONNECTIONS_PER_ROUTE	REPOSITORY_ACCEPT_QUEUE_SIZE
REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE	REPOSITORY_KEYSTORE
REPOSITORY_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD	REPOSITORY_MAX_HTTP_THREADS
REPOSITORY_PORT	REPOSITORY_PROTOCOL
VALIDATE_FROM_DISK	

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/repository/wrapper.conf

set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY	set.default.INSTALL_DIRECTORY
set.default.REPOSITORY_PORT	set.default.REPOSITORY_PROTOCOL
wrapper.console.format	wrapper.java.additional.400
wrapper.java.additional.401	wrapper.java.additional.402
wrapper.java.additional.701	wrapper.java.additional.702
wrapper.java.additional.703	wrapper.java.classpath. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>
wrapper.java.initmemory	wrapper.java.initmemory.percent
wrapper.java.library.path. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>	wrapper.java.maxmemory
wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent	wrapper.logfile
wrapper.logfile.format	wrapper.logfile.loglevel
wrapper.logfile.maxfiles	wrapper.logfile.maxsize
wrapper.ping.interval	wrapper.ping.timeout
wrapper.request_thread_dump_on_failed_jvm_exit	wrapper.shutdown.timeout
wrapper.startup.timeout	wrapper.successful_invocation_time
wrapper.syslog.loglevel	

Web Server Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/conf/httpd.conf

Listen	RewriteCond %{HTTPS}
ServerName	SetEnv CGI_HTTP_PROXY
SetEnv COMMANDER_DLC	SetEnv COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT

SetEnv COMMANDER_PLUGINS	SetEnv COMMANDER_PORT
SetEnv COMMANDER_SERVER	SetEnv no_proxy

Built-In Database Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>conf/mariadb/mariadb.conf

port (under sections [mysqld] and [client])	innodb_buffer_pool_size
---------------------------------------------	-------------------------

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/conf/php.ini

date.timezone

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/conf/ssl.conf

Listen

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/htdocs/commander/config.php

csrfProtection

Use Cases

The actual steps that you perform to upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to the latest ElectricFlow release are based on your ElectricFlow environment.

Review the information in the following table, and select the use case that best matches your ElectricFlow environment to go to the detailed upgrade process steps.

Clustered Environment	Link to the Upgrade Process Steps
Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1
No	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x on page 7-1

Preparing for Your Upgrade

Review the following information before you upgrade the ElectricFlow software.

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is being used in an environment that affects many users. We recommend that you test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impacts to downstream users.

Backing Up Your Existing ElectricFlow Data

If you are upgrading an ElectricFlow server, it is *extremely* important that you back up your existing ElectricFlow data before upgrading. See ElectricFlow Server Backups on page 12-1for more information about backups.

- Always back up the Plugins Directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within the data directory.
- Always back up the files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure that all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in <data dir>:
 - The entire <code>conf</code> subdirectory (which contains the ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files)
 - Apache web server configuration files in the <code>apache/conf subdirectory</code>
- Always back up any other files where you have created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.

Note: The ElectricFlow files you might have modified are too numerous to list, so you should back up the entire data directory and other miscellaneous files that might have changed.

- If you use an artifact repository, back up your ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory.
- Determine if any changes were made to the custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default). Back up those files if changes were made.

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which can be viewed in the web UI by accessing the Administration tab/ Server subtab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named <code>ec_customEditors</code>. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named <code>ec_preflight</code>. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. We recommend backing up any custom properties you created by renaming the property. For example, change <code>ec_</code>

preflight/clientDrivers/perforce to ec preflight/clientDrivers/perforce modified.

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow-<version> installation file.

MySQL Upgrades

ElectricFlow upgrades involving a MySQL database can take several hours to complete if you have a significant data set. *Do not interrupt the upgrade process*. You can corrupt your database if the upgrade process is interrupted. A restore from a previous database backup will be required.

Use the ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter:

ectool getServerStatus

An install/upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in the data directory.

Choosing the Correct Upgrade Method

This section describes the various upgrade methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-10.

User Interface Upgrade

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed. See User Interface Upgrade Method on page 8-13 for more details.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

Note: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

Note: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is only available for Linux platforms. See Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method on page 8-17 for more details.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

Note: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

Note: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Upgrade

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You may find this installation method preferable for upgrading multiple remote agents and servers. See Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method on page 8-18 for more details.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Important: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server With an ElectricFlow Upgrade

The only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall ElectricFlow. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling ElectricFlow.

Non-Server Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent (that is, an agent on a machine that is not a supported ElectricFlow server platform). You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a standalone repository server or standalone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting in ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the standalone repository server or web server. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1, Installing ElectricFlow on page 3-1, and Copying Repository Contents on page 8-18.

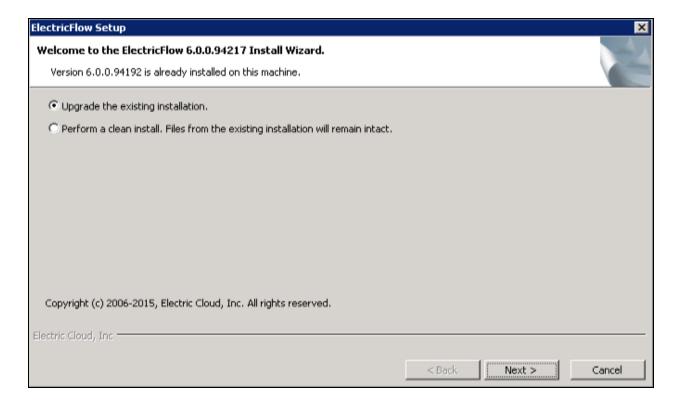
User Interface Upgrade Method

Use this procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 7-7 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

2. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin installation. The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow Install Wizard** screen appears.

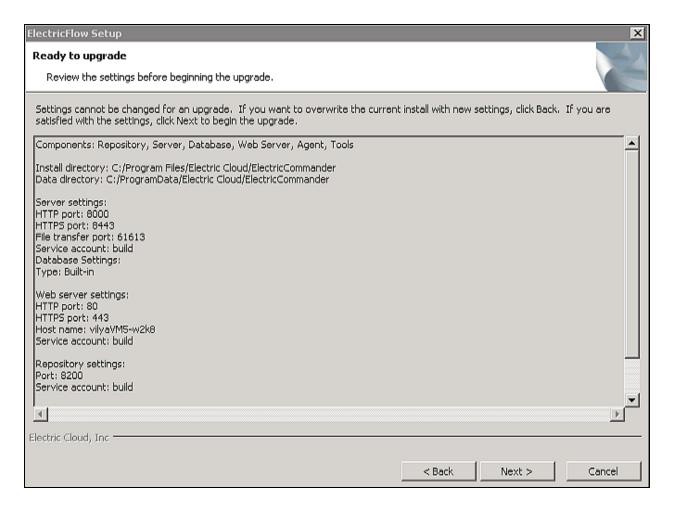


- 3. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

Note: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

4. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The **Ready to upgrade** screen appears.

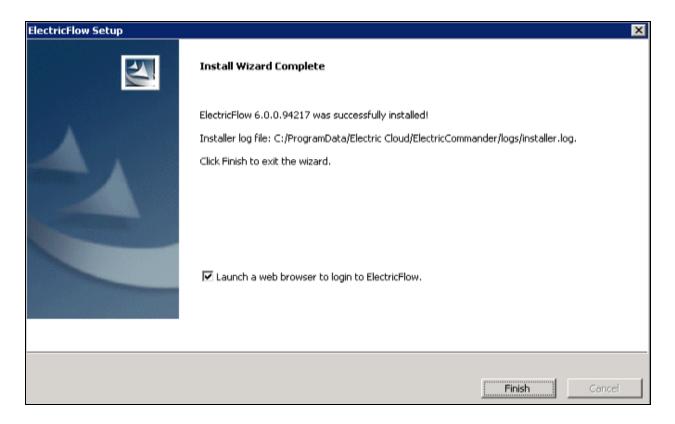


5. Review the upgrade settings.

Use the **Back** button to change your selections if necessary.

6. Click **Next** to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. You can also view the <code>installer.log</code> file to see progress. The time that it takes to complete this process depends on the size of the database. It may take fifteen minutes or longer to complete. Once this process is complete, the new ElectricFlow version is installed.



7. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.

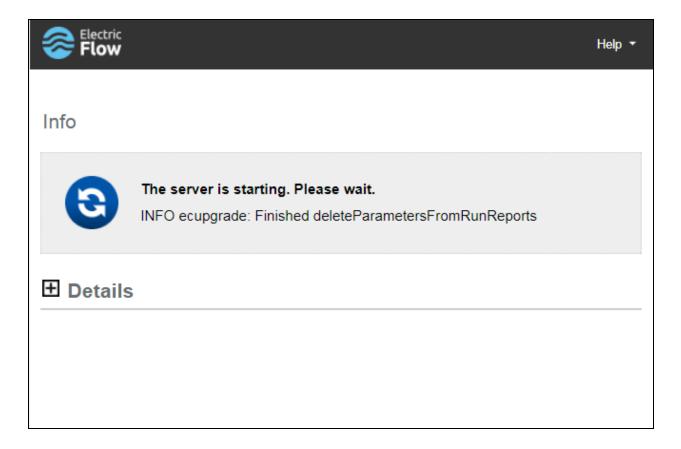
8. Click **Finish** to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete, the server continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You cannot log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade finishes. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line:

ectool getServerStatus

However, for upgrades involving large databases, the output from <code>ectool</code> <code>getServerStatus</code> might remain unchanged for long periods. In this case, you can see more granular database update activity by following the procedure in the <code>KBEC-00086-Enabling</code> and collecting voluminous <code>JDBC</code> logging KB article to add SQL logging to the <code><data_dir>/logs/commander.log</code> file. You can view recent SQL logging updates to the file by using the <code>Linux tail <data_dir>/logs/commander.log</code> command.

After clicking **Finish**, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade is still in progress:



Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete a command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 7-7 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

- 2. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version>.
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

```
Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

3. Enter: v

The System displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing \langle version \rangle installation to version \langle version \rangle? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

1. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

2. Enter the following command from a command line to begin a silent upgrade:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent
```

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

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- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- 3. Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX—/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows—C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Chapter 8: Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment

This section describes how to upgrade the software from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x (a newer version) and upgrade cluster configurations at the same time. The procedure is the same as when you upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x (a newer version) except that you need to perform additional tasks to upgrade the cluster.

To upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x (a newer version), use the ElectricFlow-<version> installer, which collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, configures the system with all property values mined, and restores custom files and data.

After preparing for the upgrade, make sure to shut down the ElectricFlow server service before installing ElectricFlow 8.x.

Configuration Settings Preserved After an Upgrade

The following configuration settings are saved during a software upgrade. These settings are reloaded into ElectricFlow after the upgrade.

Agent Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/agent.conf

artifactCache	caFile
caPath	certFile
duplicateDetectionListSize	idleOutboundConnectionTimeout
idlePostRunnerTimeout	idleServerRequestWorkerTimeout
idleWorkerTimeout	keyFile
loadProfile	logFile
logLevel	logMaxFiles
logMaxSize	outboundRequestInitialRetryInterval
outboundRequestMaxRetryInterval	outboundRequestTimeout

pluginsPath	port
proto	serverConnectTimeout
serverReadTimeout	unixShellPattern
verifyPeer	

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/agent/wrapper.conf

set.ECWRAPPER_WRITE_MAX_ATTEMPTS	set.ECWRAPPER_WRITE_RETRY_INTERVAL
wrapper.console.format	wrapper.java.additional. <n> where n must be ≥ 10000 (custom parameter)</n>
wrapper.java.additional.701	wrapper.java.additional.702
wrapper.java.additional.703	wrapper.java.classpath. $<$ n $>$ (where n must be \ge 1)
wrapper.java.initmemory	wrapper.java.initmemory.percent
wrapper.java.library.path. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>	wrapper.java.maxmemory
wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent	wrapper.logfile
wrapper.logfile.format	wrapper.logfile.loglevel
wrapper.logfile.maxfiles	wrapper.logfile.maxsize
wrapper.ntservice.dependency. <n></n>	wrapper.ntservice.interactive
wrapper.ntservice.starttype	wrapper.ping.interval
wrapper.ping.timeout	wrapper.request_thread_dump_on_failed_jvm_ exit
wrapper.shutdown.timeout	wrapper.startup.timeout
wrapper.successful_invocation_time	wrapper.syslog.loglevel

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/agent/agent.properties

AGENT_ACCEPT_QUEUE_SIZE	AGENT_CRL_FILE
AGENT_DOMAIN_NAME	AGENT_KEYSTORE
AGENT_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD	AGENT_LOCAL_PORT
AGENT_MAX_HTTP_THREADS	AGENT_PORT
AGENT_PROTOCOL	AGENT_SERVER_SESSIONS_FILE
IDLE_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT	MAX_CONNECTIONS
MAX_CONNECTIONS_PER_ROUTE	MAX_LOGGED_MESSAGE_LENGTH
OUTBOUND_CONNECT_TIMEOUT	

ElectricFlow Server Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/commander.properties

COMMANDER_ACCEPT_QUEUE_SIZE	COMMANDER_BATCH_DB_REQUESTS_ OVERRIDE
COMMANDER_CERT	COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_MAX_ ATTEMPTS_TO_BE_IN_PRIMARY_CLUSTER
COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_ MONITORING_ENABLED	COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_ MONITORING_FREQUENCY
COMMANDER_CRL_FILE	COMMANDER_DATA_DIR_MONITORING_ ENABLED
COMMANDER_FORCE_ENABLE_ADMIN	COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT
COMMANDER_KEY	COMMANDER_KEYSTORE
COMMANDER_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD	COMMANDER_LOG_DIR_MONITORING_ ENABLED
COMMANDER_MAX_API_THREADS	COMMANDER_MAX_DISPATCH_THREADS
COMMANDER_MAX_HTTP_THREADS	COMMANDER_MAX_QUARTZ_THREADS

COMMANDER_MAX_WORKFLOW_THREADS	COMMANDER_MQ_DATADIR
COMMANDER_MQ_DIR_MONITORING_ENABLED	COMMANDER_MQ_DISK_SPACE_MONITORING_ ENABLED
COMMANDER_MQ_DISK_SPACE_MONITORING_ IN_CLUSTER_ONLY	COMMANDER_MQ_HARD_DISK_SPACE_LIMIT
COMMANDER_MQ_SOFT_DISK_SPACE_LIMIT	COMMANDER_NESTED_LDAP_GROUPS_ MAXIMUM_DEPTH_LIMIT
COMMANDER_PASSWORD_KEYFILE	COMMANDER_PORT
COMMANDER_SERVER_NAME	COMMANDER_STOMP_PORT
org.apache.coyote.USE_CUSTOM_STATUS_ MSG_IN_HEADER	

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/wrapper.conf

set.default.COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT	set.default.COMMANDER_PORT
set.default.COMMANDER_XML_READER_STRIP_ WHITESPACE_TEXT	set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY
set.default.INSTALL_DIRECTORY	wrapper.console.format
wrapper.java.additional. <n> where n must be ≥ 10000 (custom parameter)</n>	wrapper.java.additional.240
wrapper.java.additional.250	wrapper.java.additional.260
wrapper.java.additional.350	wrapper.java.additional.600
wrapper.java.additional.601	wrapper.java.additional.602
wrapper.java.additional.603	wrapper.java.additional.701
wrapper.java.additional.702	wrapper.java.additional.703
wrapper.java.additional.800	wrapper.java.additional.801
wrapper.java.additional.802	wrapper.java.additional.803

wrapper.java.additional.901	wrapper.java.additional.902	
wrapper.java.additional.903	wrapper.java.additional.1600	
wrapper.java.additional.1601	wrapper.java.classpath. $<$ n $>$ (where n must be \ge 1)	
wrapper.java.initmemory	wrapper.java.initmemory.percent	
wrapper.java.library.path. $<$ n $>$ (where n must be ≥ 1)	wrapper.java.maxmemory	
wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent	wrapper.logfile	
wrapper.logfile.format	wrapper.logfile.loglevel	
wrapper.logfile.maxfiles	wrapper.logfile.maxsize	
wrapper.ping.interval	wrapper.ping.timeout	
wrapper.request_thread_dump_on_failed_jvm_exit	wrapper.shutdown.timeout	
wrapper.startup.timeout	wrapper.successful_invocation_time	
wrapper.syslog.loglevel		

Repository Server Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/repository/server.properties

AGENT_URL	COMMANDER_HOST
IDLE_CONNECTION_TIMEOUT	MAX_CONNECTIONS
MAX_CONNECTIONS_PER_ROUTE	REPOSITORY_ACCEPT_QUEUE_SIZE
REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE	REPOSITORY_KEYSTORE
REPOSITORY_KEYSTORE_PASSWORD	REPOSITORY_MAX_HTTP_THREADS
REPOSITORY_PORT	REPOSITORY_PROTOCOL
VALIDATE_FROM_DISK	

Properties in <data_dir>/conf/repository/wrapper.conf

set.default.DATA_DIRECTORY	set.default.INSTALL_DIRECTORY
set.default.REPOSITORY_PORT	set.default.REPOSITORY_PROTOCOL
wrapper.console.format	wrapper.java.additional.400
wrapper.java.additional.401	wrapper.java.additional.402
wrapper.java.additional.701	wrapper.java.additional.702
wrapper.java.additional.703	wrapper.java.classpath. <n> (where n must be ≥ 1)</n>
wrapper.java.initmemory	wrapper.java.initmemory.percent
wrapper.java.library.path. $<$ n $>$ (where n must be ≥ 1)	wrapper.java.maxmemory
wrapper.java.maxmemory.percent	wrapper.logfile
wrapper.logfile.format	wrapper.logfile.loglevel
wrapper.logfile.maxfiles	wrapper.logfile.maxsize
wrapper.ping.interval	wrapper.ping.timeout
wrapper.request_thread_dump_on_failed_jvm_ exit	wrapper.shutdown.timeout
wrapper.startup.timeout	wrapper.successful_invocation_time
wrapper.syslog.loglevel	

Web Server Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/conf/httpd.conf

Listen	RewriteCond %{HTTPS}
ServerName	SetEnv CGI_HTTP_PROXY
SetEnv COMMANDER_DLC	SetEnv COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT

SetEnv COMMANDER_PLUGINS	SetEnv COMMANDER_PORT
SetEnv COMMANDER_SERVER	SetEnv no_proxy

Built-In Database Configuration Settings

Properties in <data_dir>conf/mariadb/mariadb.conf

port (under sections [mysqld] and [client])	innodb_buffer_pool_size

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/conf/php.ini

date.timezone

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/conf/ssl.conf

Listen

Properties in <data_dir>/apache/htdocs/commander/config.php

csrfProtection

Use Cases

The actual steps that you perform to upgrade from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to the latest ElectricFlow release are based on your ElectricFlow environment.

Review the information in the following table, and select the use case that best matches your ElectricFlow environment to go to the detailed upgrade process steps.

Clustered Environment	Link to the Upgrade Process Steps		
Yes	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x in a Clustered Environment on page 8-1		
No	Upgrading from ElectricFlow 5.x, 6.x, 7.x, or 8.x to 8.x on page 7-1		

Upgrading Clusters

In a cluster configuration, make sure to review the tasks in Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 8-9. You must make backup copies of these files:

- <data dir>/apache/conf/httpd.conf directory
- <data dir>/conf/wrapper.conf directory

Before the upgrade, you must shut down the ElectricFlow server service before installing ElectricFlow 8.x.

During the upgrade, ElectricFlow is not available after the web server is stopped or after the server service on the last ElectricFlow server node is stopped.

- Perform either of these actions:
 - Stop the ElectricFlow server service on all nodes.
 - Stop the ElectricFlow server service on all nodes except on the primary ElectricFlow server node.

You can keep the server service on your primary ElectricFlow server node up, because the installer automatically stops the server service on that node when it upgrades the node.

- On the primary ElectricFlow server, do the following:
 - 1. Upgrade the ElectricFlow server. This will also do the following:
 - · Connects the server to the database
 - Upgrades the plugins
 - · Starts the server
 - 2. Check and restore the wrapper.conf settings. For example, the settings for the line "wrapper.java.additional.600=".
 - 3. Restart the ElectricFlow servers service.
- On the ElectricFlow web server, do the following:
 - 1. Upgrade the node on the web server.
 - 2. Check and restore the httpd.conf settings.
- Upgrade any nodes on the repository servers.

Your ElectricFlow system is now available.

Upgrade the remaining ElectricFlow server nodes.

During the upgrade, some settings may be lost. Verify the following settings before connecting to the ElectricFlow system:

• httpd.conf settings for redirecting—These lines should be commented out:

```
# Redirect http to https
# RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
# RewriteRule ^/commander/(.*) https://%{SERVER NAME}:443%{REQUEST URI} [NC,R,L]
```

• httpd.conf setting for COMMANDER SERVER-This should point to the load balancer:

```
SetEnv COMMANDER SERVER "<FQDN of your load balancer>"
```

• wrapper.conf contains the line that points to your Zookeeper instances.

For example:

```
wrapper.java.additional.600=-DCOMMANDER ZK CONNECTION=192.168.7.20:2181
```

Preparing for Your Upgrade

Review the following information before you upgrade the ElectricFlow software.

Upgrade Testing

In most implementations, ElectricFlow is used in an environment that affects many users. You should test your upgrade on a separate test server to understand all aspects of the upgrade process. This minimizes the potential impact on downstream users.

Backing Up Your Existing ElectricFlow Data

Important: Before upgrading an ElectricFlow server, you must back up your existing ElectricFlow data. See <u>ElectricFlow Server Backups</u> for more information about backups.

Backing Up Commander Cluster Configuration Files

The configuration files for the Commander cluster are in $< data_dir > \conf.$ The default location is:

- Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/
- Windows: C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf

Note: Although the Commander cluster configuration files such as <code>commander.properties</code>, <code>database.properties</code>, <code>keystore</code>, and <code>passkey</code> are present in one of the directories above, they are not actually used by the cluster during runtime.

These files were uploaded to Apache ZooKeeper from the first node that was clustered as described in Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper. You can download these files from ZooKeeper to a temporary folder and then compare them with those in the \conf folder. You can do so by using the ElectricFlow \(\text{ZKConfigTool} \), which is discussed in Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper.

For example, complete the following steps to download these files to C:\temp on Windows, where <install dir> is C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander.

1. Download the files from ZooKeeper by entering the following commands:

```
cd C:\temp
```

"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<\ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar" com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --readFile /commander/conf/database.properties database.properties

"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<\footnote{ZooKeeper_Server_IP}:2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar"

```
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --readFile
/commander/conf/keystore keystore

"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_
CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar"
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --readFile
/commander/conf/passkey passkey

"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_
CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar"
```

2. Make sure that the four files in C:\temp are the same as the ones in <data_dir>\conf. (You can use a file diff tool to make this easier.) If any file in <data_dir>\conf is different, then back up that file and replace it with the one that you downloaded from ZooKeeper.

com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --readFile

/commander/conf/commander.properties

Backing Up Other Files

The ElectricFlow files that might have been modified are too numerous to list, so you should back up the entire ElectricFlow data directory and other miscellaneous files that might have changed. But at a minimum, you must back up the following files:

- The plugins directory. The default location is the plugins subdirectory within <data_dir>.
- Files that contain your configuration and custom settings. To ensure that all important settings are saved, back up the following subdirectories in <data_dir>:
 - The entire conf subdirectory, which contains the ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files.
 - Apache web server configuration files in the apache/conf subdirectory.
 - (If applicable) The local MySQL database configuration file, my.ini, in the mysql subdirectory.
- Any other files where you created custom configurations, specified other custom information, or created any type of modification.
- (If you use an artifact repository) The ElectricFlow repository configuration files in the conf/repository subdirectory.
- (If modified) The custom editor or preflight driver script properties (installed by default).

These properties are stored in the server-level property sheet, which you can view in the web UI in the **Administration** > **Server** subtab.

Custom editors are stored in the nested sheet named ec_customEditors. Preflight driver scripts are stored in the nested sheet named ec_preflight. The upgrade process overwrites default custom editor and preflight driver scripts with current versions. You should back up any custom properties that you created by renaming those properties. For example, change ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce to ec_preflight/clientDrivers/perforce modified.

Upgrade Installer Preservation

After you back up your ElectricFlow server, create a folder where you can download the ElectricFlow<version> installation file.

MySQL Upgrades

ElectricFlow upgrades involving a MySQL database can take several hours to complete if you have a significant data set. *Do not interrupt the upgrade process*. You can corrupt your database if the upgrade process is interrupted. A restore from a previous database backup will be required.

You can use ectool to view the upgrade progress. On a command line, enter

ectool getServerStatus

An install or upgrade log file named installer.log is created in the logs subdirectory in <data dir>.

Choosing the Correct Upgrade Method

This section describes the various upgrade methods and options for specific platform configurations. For information about supported server platforms and supported non-server platforms, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1 and Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-10.

User Interface Upgrade

This method provides a wizard for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is generally preferred by Windows users, but is supported on Linux platforms with the X Window System installed. See User Interface Upgrade Method on page 8-13 for more details.

Upgrade options:

• Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

Note: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

Note: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade

This method provides an interactive command-line for upgrading the ElectricFlow software on a supported server platform. This upgrade method is only available for Linux platforms. See Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method on page 8-17 for more details.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Clean Install

This option allows you to specify a different installation directory for the new version. The files from your previous ElectricFlow version will not be removed or modified and will remain in their original directories.

Note: On Linux, when ElectricFlow is already installed and you want to use the clean install upgrade method, you must do an advanced installation.

Note: On Windows, a clean installation replaces the registry entries of the current installation. On Linux, a clean installation replaces the files in the /etc/init.d directory. The result is that only one instance of ElectricFlow (the new version) is running.

Silent Unattended Upgrade

This method provides a non-interactive command-line upgrade for supported server platforms. You may find this installation method preferable for upgrading multiple remote agents and servers. See Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method on page 8-18 for more details.

Upgrade options:

Upgrade Existing Installation

This option uninstalls the current release, installs the latest ElectricFlow release, collects the ElectricFlow service account credentials, configures the system with all property values, and restores custom files and data.

Important: You cannot add a new repository server with this upgrade method.

Repository Server With an ElectricFlow Upgrade

The only way to install a repository server on the same machine as other services is to uninstall and reinstall ElectricFlow. You can install the repository server on a different machine to avoid uninstalling and reinstalling ElectricFlow.

Non-Server Platform Agent Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a non-server platform agent (that is, an agent on a machine that is not a supported ElectricFlow server platform). You must uninstall and then reinstall these machines using the ElectricFlow installer. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1 and Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

Stand-Alone Repository Server or Web Server Upgrade

You cannot directly upgrade a standalone repository server or standalone web server. You must uninstall and then reinstall these servers using the ElectricFlow installer. The uninstall and reinstall process is required to install an agent on the server machine. Starting in ElectricCommander 4.2, an agent is required on the machine with the standalone repository server or web server. For more information, see Uninstalling ElectricFlow on page 10-1, Installing ElectricFlow on page 3-1, and Copying Repository Contents on page 8-18.

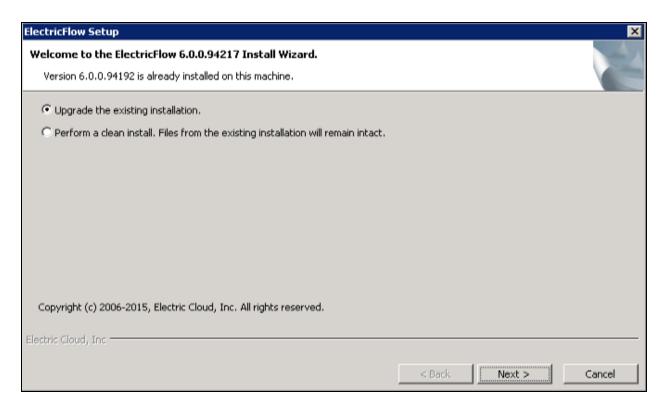
User Interface Upgrade Method

Use this procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow software. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 7-7 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>

2. Double-click the ElectricFlow-<version> file to begin installation. The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow Install Wizard** screen appears.

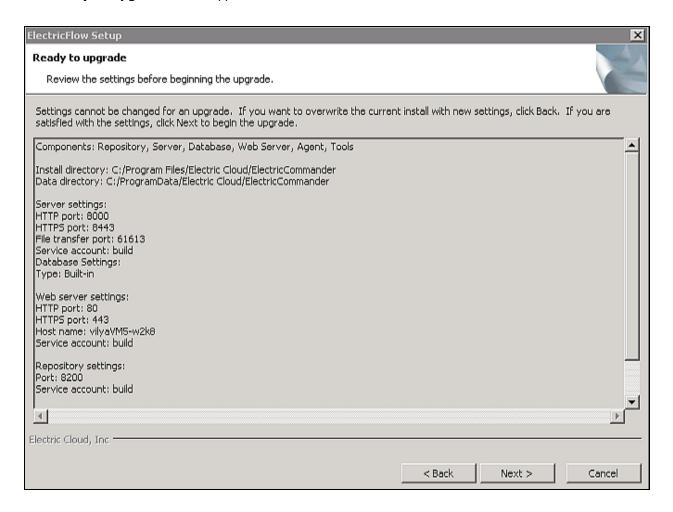


- 3. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Upgrade the existing installation** if you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory.
 - Select **Perform a clean install** if you want to specify a different installation directory for the new version.

Note: During a clean installation, current services remain running until you click **Next** on the Ready to Install screen. This means the new installation cannot use the same ports and directories as the existing installation. To use the same ports and directories, you must manually stop the existing services. This will free the existing ports and directories.

4. Click **Next** to upgrade the existing installation.

The **Ready to upgrade** screen appears.

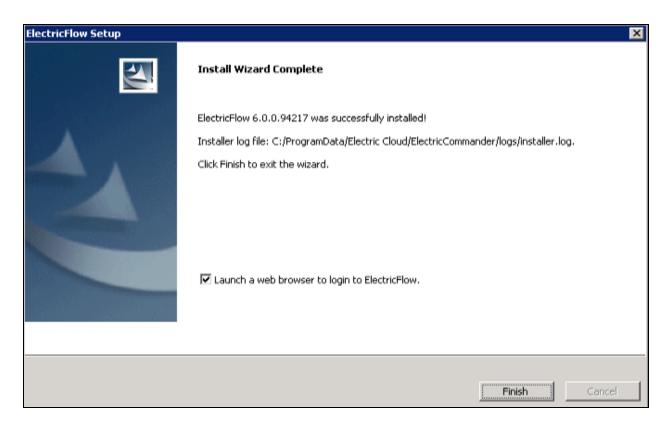


5. Review the upgrade settings.

Use the **Back** button to change your selections if necessary.

6. Click **Next** to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. You can also view the <code>installer.log</code> file to see progress. The time that it takes to complete this process depends on the size of the database. It may take fifteen minutes or longer to complete. Once this process is complete, the new ElectricFlow version is installed.



7. Select the **Launch a web browser to login to ElectricFlow** check box if you want ElectricFlow to open the login screen now.

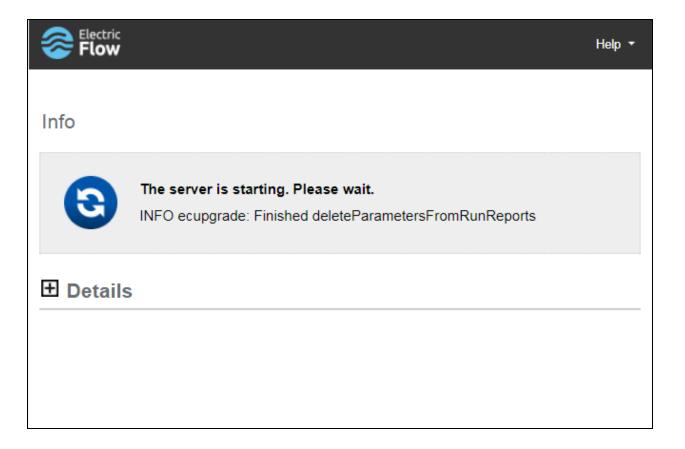
8. Click **Finish** to complete the upgrade.

If an ElectricFlow server is being upgraded, when the installation is complete, the server continue to upgrade the database (if applicable). You cannot log in to the ElectricFlow server until the database upgrade finishes. You can view the upgrade status by using ectool from a command line:

ectool getServerStatus

However, for upgrades involving large databases, the output from <code>ectool</code> <code>getServerStatus</code> might remain unchanged for long periods. In this case, you can see more granular database update activity by following the procedure in the <code>KBEC-00086-Enabling</code> and collecting voluminous <code>JDBC</code> logging KB article to add SQL logging to the <code><data_dir>/logs/commander.log</code> file. You can view recent SQL logging updates to the file by using the <code>Linux tail <data_dir>/logs/commander.log</code> command.

After clicking **Finish**, you might see a web page similar to the following screen if the upgrade is still in progress:



Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method

Use the following procedure to complete a command-line upgrade of a Linux platform. Review Preparing for Your Upgrade on page 7-7 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

- 2. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version>.
 - If you have a Linux platform with the X Window System, the installer will automatically bring up the graphical user interface.

To override this behavior, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode console.

The system displays the following message:

```
Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

3. Enter: y

The System displays the following message:

```
Upgrade the existing \langle version \rangle installation to version \langle version \rangle? [n/Y]
```

- 4. Choose one of the following options:
 - If you want to upgrade your current ElectricFlow installation directory, enter y.
 - Enter n to exit the installer.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installing agent...
Installing server...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs"
ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!
Installer log file: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/installer.log.
```

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow upgrade in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface for either Windows or Linux.

1. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

2. Enter the following command from a command line to begin a silent upgrade:

```
./ElectricFlow-<version> --mode silent
```

Copying Repository Contents

Perform the following steps to copy the contents of an existing repository server into a newly installed repository server:

- 1. Install the new repository server software.
- 2. Stop the existing and new repository servers.
- 3. Copy the entire contents of the repository backingstore directory from the existing repository server to the corresponding location on the newly installed repository server.

The default location for the backingstore directory (<datadir>/repository-data) is:

- UNIX—/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/repository-data
- Windows—C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\repository-data

Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper if Needed

After you upgrade the ElectricFlow server node, you must again compare the < data_ dir>\conf\commander.properties file with the file that you downloaded from ZooKeeper (which you saved to c:\temp). To do so, complete the following steps.

- 1. Open the < data_dir > \conf\commander.properties file.
- 2. Make sure that the COMMANDER_SERVER_NAME property is set to < load_balancer_FQDN > .
- 3. If the following line exists, remove it:

```
COMMANDER MQ DISK SPACE CHECK FREQUENCY=60
```

4. Check whether the following lines exist. If they do not exist, add them:

```
COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_MONITORING_FREQUENCY=60

COMMANDER_CRITICAL_SERVICES_MONITORING_ENABLED=true

COMMANDER CRITICAL SERVICES MAX ATTEMPTS TO BE IN PRIMARY CLUSTER=5
```

Note: Ensure that these properties are not duplicated in the file.

5. Upload the new file to ZooKeeper as described in the Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper on page 4-21 section in the "Clustering" chapter.

Chapter 9: Upgrading the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server

Before You Upgrade

Upgrading the ElectricFlow Server

Before you upgrade the DevOps Insight server, make sure that the ElectricFlow server is upgraded to the corresponding version.

Upgrading the DevOps Insight Server on a System with Other ElectricFlow Components

For a production environment, Electric Cloud recommends that you run the DevOps Insight server on a system other than systems running other ElectricFlow components (such as the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, or agent). If you have installed it on the same system (such as for testing or other non-production or trial-basis situations), use the following upgrade process.

- 1. Uninstall the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server from the system.
- 2. Upgrade the other ElectricFlow components on the system.
- 3. Install the new version of the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server on the system.

Preserving Non-DevOps Insight Custom Settings in the elasticsearch.yml File

The DevOps Insight installer overwrites the <code>elasticsearch.yml</code> configuration file with a new file. As of DevOps Insight version 8.3, the file includes a <code>Custom Settings</code> section, which lets you add Elasticsearch settings not managed by the DevOps Insight server without being lost during an upgrade. If you added settings to this file in version 8.2 or earlier that you want to preserve, you must back up the file to a separate location <code>before</code> upgrading to version 8.3 or newer versions and then add the settings to the <code>Custom Settings</code> section after the upgrade. During future upgrades, the installer will preserve the settings in the <code>Custom Settings</code> section.

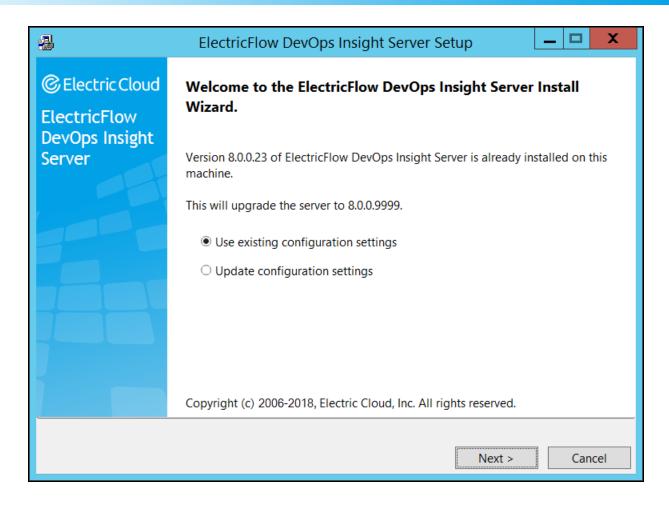
User Interface Upgrade Method

The graphical user interface installation method is supported by Windows platforms and Linux platforms running the X Window System.

Use this procedure to upgrade the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server.

- 1. Double-click the following file to run the installer.
 - Linux: ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>
 - Windows: ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>.exe

The Welcome to the DevOps Insight ElectricFlow Installer screen appears:

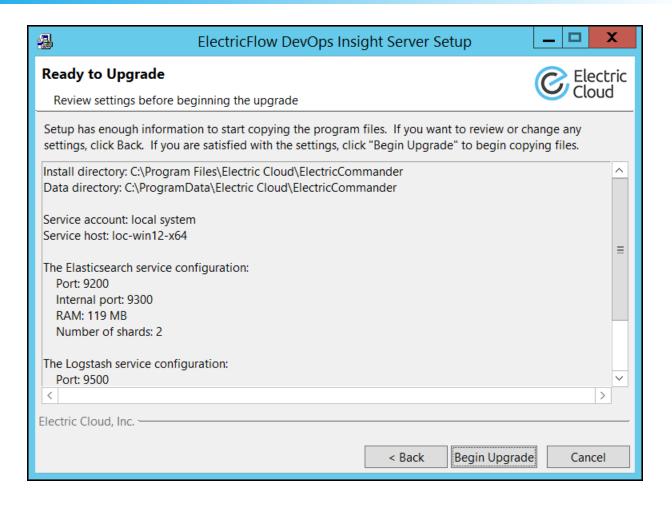


- 2. Choose one of the following options:
 - Select **Use existing configuration settings** to upgrade your current installation without changing the settings.
 - Select **Update configuration settings** to specify new parameters for the upgraded software.
- 3. Click Next to continue.

If you selected **Update configuration settings**, then screens appear that let you specify new parameters for the software being upgraded. A detailed description of these screens is in Running a DevOps Insight Server Graphical User Interface Installation on page 3-53.

Note: If you are currently using the default Elasticsearch password (changeme) for the reportuser user for regular access to the DevOps Insight server services, Electric Cloud recommends that you enter y so that you can change that password.

The **Ready to Upgrade** screen appears.

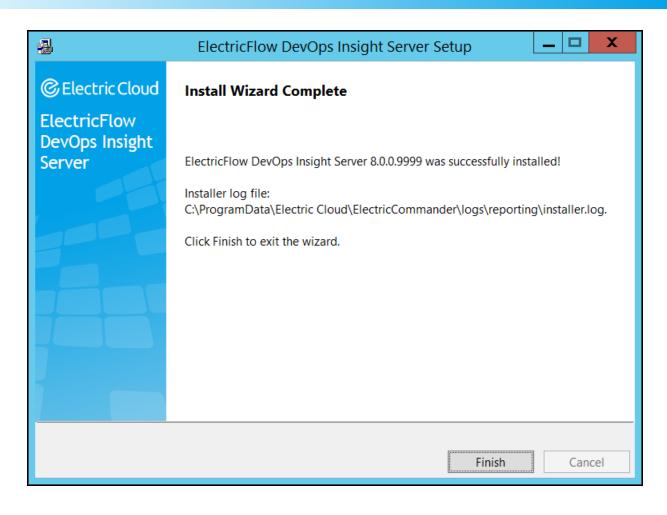


4. Review your upgrade settings.

Use the **Back** button to change your selections if necessary.

5. Click **Begin Upgrade** to continue.

The installer displays a status bar to show the progress of the upgrade process. You can also view the installer-EFlowReportServ.log file to see the upgrade progress. Once this process is complete, the new ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server version is installed.



6. Click **Finish** to complete the upgrade.

Interactive Command-Line Upgrade Method

The command-line user interface upgrade method is supported only by Linux platforms. In this mode, additional command line parameters that are listed in Windows or Linux DevOps Insight Server Silent Unattended Installation Example on page 3-105 can be used.

Use the following procedure to complete an interactive command-line upgrade of a Linux platform.

- 1. Choose one of the following commands:
 - On Linux without the X Window System, enter ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>
 - On Linux with the X Window System, enter ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version> --mode console

This command prevents the installer from automatically invoking the installation graphical user interface.

The system displays the following message:

Logging to "<path to log file>/installer-EFlowReportServ.log"

```
Installing temporary...

Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

Version <old version> of ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server is already installed on this machine.

Upgrade the server to <version>? [n/Y]
```

2. Enter y.

The system displays the following message:

Do you want to update configuration settings? [y/N]

- 3. Choose one of the following options:
 - To upgrade your current installation without changing the settings, enter n.
 - To specify new parameters for the upgraded software, enter y.

If you choose this option, prompts appear that let you specify new parameters for the software being upgraded:

- The Do you want to regenerate the certificates that are used by the Elasticsearch service? prompt lets you regenerate the certificates that are used by the Elasticsearch service.
- The Do you want to move the Elasticsearch data directory? prompt lets you change the location of the Elasticsearch index data.
 - This option is useful if the system ran low on disk space because the data files outgrew the space available on the volume where the data directory is configured.
- Detailed descriptions of the remaining prompts are in Running a DevOps Insight Server Interactive Command-Line Installation on page 3-87.

Note: If you are currently using the default Elasticsearch password (changeme) for the reportuser user for regular access to the DevOps Insight server services, Electric Cloud recommends that you enter y so that you can change that password.

The system displays the following message:

```
Installing ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server...
Installing elasticsearch...
Installing logstash...
Installing jre-64...
Copied log file to "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/reporting"
Installation complete.
```

The DevOps Insight server uses the Elasticsearch search engine and the Logstash datacollection and log-parsing engine to gather data from the ElectricFlow server for use in the various DevOps Insight dashboards.

Silent (Unattended) Upgrade Method

You can run the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server installer in unattended (silent) mode with no user interface on either Windows or Linux. Enter one of the following commands from a command line.

- Linux: sudo ./ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<*version>* --mode silent <*arguments>*
- Windows: ElectricFlowDevOpsInsightServer-x64-<version>.exe --mode silent <arguments>

where:

- <version> is your ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server version number.
- <arguments> represents any additional silent install arguments for upgrading the server.

For a list of the available arguments, see Silent Install Arguments on page 3-92.

Reconfiguring the DevOps Insight Server After the Upgrade

The installers (GUI, interactive console, and silent mode) for the DevOps Insight server do not preserve the configuration setting for the DevOps Insight server host name (--hostName) or the setting for the Elasticsearch number of shards (--elasticsearchNumberOfShards) during the upgrade from 7.3 to 8.x. If you specified nondefault values during the 7.3 Reporting server installation, you must re-specify these settings during the upgrade. (All other settings are preserved.)

Configuring the DevOps Insight Server on the ElectricFlow Server

If you chose to skip the option to configure the remote ElectricFlow server during the installation or upgrade of the DevOps Insight server, you must do so afterward to ensure connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server. To do this, you use the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** tab in the Automation Platform. For details, see the "DevOps Insight Server Configuration" section in the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Checking the DevOps Insight Server Configuration on the ElectricFlow Server

You can confirm the correct DevOps Insight Server settings by entering the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration

Following is sample output:

For details about the getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration options, enter

ectool getDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --help

Testing Connectivity and Authentication Between the DevOps Insight Server and the ElectricFlow Server

After you enable connectivity and authentication between the DevOps Insight server and the ElectricFlow server, you can perform a test by using one of the following methods:

- Check the **Test Connection** checkbox in the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** subtab of the Administration Platform web UI on the ElectricFlow server and click **OK**.
- Enter the following ectool command on the ElectricFlow server:

```
{\tt ectool~setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration~--testConnection~1}
```

For details about the $\verb|setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration| options, enter$

 $\verb| ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration -- help|\\$

For example, the following response appears if the user name or password is incorrect:

```
ectool error [InvalidCredentials]: HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized: Access to 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is denied due to invalid credentials.
```

Also, for example, the following response appears if you specify an invalid <code>elasticSearchUrl</code> or <code>logstashUrl</code>:

```
ectool error [InvalidUrl]: The url 'https://192.168.5.54:9500' is invalid
```

The following example shows the response when a valid <code>elasticSearchUrl</code> is used:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/bin$ ./ectool
setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration
--elasticSearchUrl https://192.168.5.54:9200 --testConnection 1
```

To do so, you use the **Administration** > **DevOps Insight Server** tab in the Automation Platform. For details, see "DevOps Insight Server Configuration" in the *ElectricFlow User Guide* at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Chapter 10: Uninstalling ElectricFlow

This section contains instructions for uninstalling ElectricFlow or the DevOps Insight server from various types of platforms.

Uninstalling ElectricFlow on Windows

Choose one of the following procedures to completely uninstall ElectricFlow from a Windows server, web server, agent, or developer machine.

Uninstalling on Windows 2008 or Windows 7

Use this procedure to completely uninstall ElectricFlow from a Windows 2008 or Windows 7 machine.

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Uninstall a program.
- 2. Select ElectricCommander.
- 3. Click Uninstall.

The system displays an "uninstall complete" message when the ElectricFlow software is removed.

- 4. Check the <install_location>\electriccloud\electriccommander directory and C:\ProgramData\electriccloud\electriccommander directory for any files that might remain. The uninstaller does not remove files that have been created or modified by ElectricFlow after the initial installation is complete.
- 5. Remove the files if you will reinstall the ElectricFlow software. You might want to move the files to a new location if you need to retain the files for troubleshooting.

Uninstalling the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server on Windows

Use the following procedure to completely uninstall the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server from a Windows machine.

1. Disable the DevOps Insight server.

To do so, use one of the following methods:

- Uncheck the Enable DevOps Insight checkbox in the Administration > DevOps
 Insight Server subtab in the Automation Platform UI and click Save.
- Enter the following API command:

```
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --enabled 0
```

- 2. Go to Control Panel > Uninstall a program.
- 3. Select ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server.

4. Click Uninstall.

The system displays an uninstall complete message when the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server is removed.

Uninstalling ElectricFlow on Linux, UNIX, or macOS

Use the following procedures to uninstall ElectricFlow completely from a Linux, UNIX, or macOS server, web server, agent, or developer machine.

You can uninstall agents using any of the following accounts:

- root
- Any account with sudo privileges
- (UNIX or macOS only) Any non-root account without sudo privileges

Uninstalling ElectricFlow Using root or an Account with sudo Privileges

- 1. Log in as root or using an account with sudo privileges.
- 2. Run one of the following commands:
 - Linux: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstall
 - UNIX or macOS: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstaller/uninstall

The following message appears:

This will completely remove ElectricFlow from your system. Are you sure you want to do this? [y/N]

If you did not invoke the uninstaller as root, the following message appears:

- 1. Linux: /Root Required: You must be root to run uninstall this application.
- 2. UNIX or macOS: /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstaller/uninstall must be run as root or use --nonRoot switch for non-root user.
- 3. Enter y to start the uninstallation.

The following messages appear:

```
Uninstalling ElectricFlow...
Uninstall complete.
```

4. If you will be reinstalling ElectricFlow, remove any remaining files from the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.

The uninstaller does not remove the files in this directory that ElectricFlow created or modified after the initial installation. You should relocate the files if you need them for troubleshooting.

Uninstalling UNIX or macOS ElectricFlow Agents Using a Non-root Account

A non-root account is one that is not root and also does not have sudo privileges.

Important: Running the uninstaller without root or <code>sudo</code> privileges is not recommended. When run without root or <code>sudo</code> privileges, the installer cannot remove the files that provide automatic start for the agent services as well as other files as described below.

To use a non-root account to uninstall UNIX or macOS ElectricFlow agents:

1. Log in as the agent service user.

This is the user that owns the installed agent files and runs the agent processes. This user was specified during installation with root or sudo privileges or is the user that performed the non-root, non-sudo installation. You can find this user by entering ls -1 <install dir>.

2. Enter/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstall --nonRoot.

The following message appears:

```
This will completely remove ElectricFlow from your system. Are you sure you want to do this? [y/N]
```

3. Enter y to start the uninstallation.

If you lack sufficient privileges on the installation directory, the following error appears, and you must obtain sufficient privileges before continuing:

```
Error: insufficient privileges to uninstall the ElectricFlow agent which is
located in directory:
  /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
```

If you have sufficient privileges on the installation directory, the following messages appear:

Found $\protect\ensuremath{\mathsf{opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/MANIFEST}$, please wait while files are deleted

```
Uninstall completed. Files backed up to /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
Uninstall was performed in the non-root mode.
Please manually remove the ElectricFlow services from system auto-start.
```

The uninstaller displays the following errors if control files for the agent service exist in

/Library/LaunchDaemons/ on macOS or in /etc/ on other platforms:

```
rm: cannot remove '/etc/rc.d/init.d/ecmdrAgent': Permission denied rm: cannot remove '/etc/rc.d/rc2.d/S99ecmdrAgent': Permission denied rm: cannot remove '/etc/rc.d/rc2.d/S99ecmdrAgent': Permission denied
```

If the uninstallation is successful, the uninstaller exits with the following messages:

```
Uninstall completed. Files backed up to /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
Uninstall was performed in the non-root mode.
Please manually remove the ElectricFlow services from system auto-start.
```

4. If you will be reinstalling ElectricFlow agents, remove any remaining files from the /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander directory.

The uninstaller does not remove the files in this directory that ElectricFlow created or modified after the initial installation. You should relocate the files if you need them for troubleshooting.

5. If you will be reinstalling ElectricFlow agents, delete the control files for the agent service manually to avoid errors.

A non-root uninstallation does not delete these files. The files are in /Library/LaunchDaemons/ on macOS and in /etc/ on other platforms.

Uninstalling the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server on Linux

Use the following procedure to uninstall the ElectricFlow DevOps Insight server completely from a Linux machine.

- 1. Log in as root or using an account with sudo privileges.
- 2. Disable the DevOps Insight server.

To do so, use one of the following methods:

- Uncheck the Enable DevOps Insight checkbox in the Administration > DevOps
 Insight Server subtab in the Automation Platform UI and click Save.
- Enter the following API command:

```
ectool setDevOpsInsightServerConfiguration --enabled 0
```

3. Enter the following command:

```
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/uninstall-reporting
```

The following message appears:

```
This will completely remove ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server from your system. Are you sure you want to do this? [n/Y]
```

4. Enter y to start the uninstallation.

The following messages appear when the software is uninstalled:

```
Uninstalling ElectricFlow DevOps Insight Server...
Uninstall complete.
```

Chapter 11: Disaster Recovery

This topic has the steps to configure a Disaster Recovery (DR) setup. It explains what to expect after a successful failover.

Disaster Recovery Environment Setup

As part of a DR environment setup, you need to set up a secondary ElectricFlow site. This site must include a complete setup of all ElectricFlow components including:

- Database (Oracle, SQL Server, or MySQL)
- ElectricFlow server
- · Web server
- · Repository server
- Zookeeper
- · Gateway agent
- Agent

ElectricFlow components that can be load balanced include the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, and gateway agent. Go to Installing and Configuring a Load Balancer on page 4-7 for details.

Along with replicating the component setup, data stores also need to be replicated and made available for ElectricFlow to operate the following:

- Database (using the vendor-recommended replication)
- Repository Server Data Store (replication of shared file locations where artifacts are stored)
- Plugins (typically copied to a shared file location)
- Certificates signed by an ElectricFlow CA (Certificate Authority)

Configurations and Settings

Follow these guidelines on the primary and secondary sites:

- Both the primary and secondary sites should be running the same version of ElectricFlow.
- Under normal operation, it should not be possible to do active transactions directly on the secondary (or replicated) database. That is, the secondary database should be in replication mode.
- Servers in the secondary site should be configured and should point to the secondary (or replicated) database. Therefore, all ElectricFlow services in the secondary site (the ElectricFlow server, web server, and repository server) should be set to start in **Manual** mode. These services should not automatically restart after a reboot. This prevents inadvertent write operations into the replicated database. Details on recommended steps for setting up a secondary site appear below.

• We recommend using DNS Failover to minimize the downtime when moving from the primary site to the secondary site. This allows end users accessing the web servers to continue using the same URL. Agents that are running jobs can send their finish job notification to the secondary server, allowing the jobs to succeed.

To configure Disaster Recovery, follow these steps:

1. Add following lines to the wrapper.conf file for the server nodes:

```
wrapper.java.additional.1600=DCOMMANDER_IGNORE_SERVER_MISMATCH=1
wrapper.java.additional.1601=DCOMMANDER_PRESERVE_SESSIONS=1
```

This avoids the following errors during the failover to the secondary site:

```
20160815T22:10:52.406 | 10.0.2.206 | DEBUG | bootstrap
                                    | schemaMaintenance
| OperationInvoker |
                              Exception: InvalidServer: The ZooKeeper/Exhibitor
setting of the last cluster
('ip100179155:8080,ip100145251:8080,ip100133239:8080') to connect to the
database is different from the ZooKeeper/Exhibitor setting of the current
('ip1008088:8080,ip100196103:8080,ip100515:8080'). Check that the cluster
is configured for the correct database. To allow this server cluster to become
owner for this data, update the database configuration with the
ignoreServerMismatch
flag set.
20160815T22:10:52.406 | 10.0.2.206 | WARN | bootstrap |
                                     | ServerStatus
                              | InvalidServer: The ZooKeeper/Exhibitor setting
the last cluster ('ip100179155:8080,ip100145251:8080,ip100133239:8080') to
connect to the database is different from the ZooKeeper/Exhibitor setting of the
current cluster ('ip1008088:8080,ip100196103:8080,ip100515:8080'). Check
that the cluster is configured for the correct database. To allow this server
cluster
to become the new owner for this data, update the database configuration with
ignoreServerMismatch flag set.
```

- 2. Make sure that the following recommended standard setup steps are performed:
 - commander.properties in ZooKeeper should have the COMMANDER_SERVER_NAME set to the FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) of the load balancer of the ElectricFlow server cluster. This can be set using the following command:

```
ecconfigure --serverName <FLOW SERVER LOAD BALANCER FQDN>
```

- 2. Both the primary and secondary sites should have the same files (including content):
 - keystoreFile
 - passkeyFile
 - commander.properties

In the cluster setup, these files are stored in their respective ZooKeeper instances (the primary and secondary instances).

```
Note: The ZooKeeper connection is configured using:
```

```
ecconfigure --serverZooKeeperConnection
<ZooKeeper servers comma seperated list>
```

For example:

```
ecconfigure --serverZooKeeperConnection
ip1008088:2181,ip100196103:2181,ip100515:2181
```

3. Run the following command on the web servers to ensure that the COMMANDER_SERVER property in the httpd.conf file is set to ElectricFlow server's load balancer FQDN:

```
ecconfigure --webTargetHostName <FLOW_SERVER_LOAD_BALANCER_FQDN>
```

Note: The httpd.conf file is usually in apache/conf on a Linux machine and ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\conf on a Windows machine.

4. Similarly, on each repository server, run the following command to set COMMANDER_ HOST in the server.properties file:

```
ecconfigure --repositoryTargetHostName <FLOW SERVER LOAD BALANCER FQDN>
```

Note: These are the default locations for the server.properties file:

- In Linux

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/repository/server.propertie

- In Windows, C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\repository\server.properties

5. Set the "Server IP address" in the ElectricFlow server property to the Flow Server Load Balancer FQDN (the same value as < FLOW_SERVER_LOAD_BALANCER_FQDN>).

6. Set the "Stomp Client URI" server property to stomp+ssl://<FLOW_SERVER_LOAD_BALANCER FQDN>:61613.

Note: If the load balancer does SSL termination, uncheck the **Use SSL for Stomp** option. All the ElectricFlow server nodes must be restarted to affect this change, because by default, the check box is selected.

- 7. In the **Cloud** > **Resource** page, register all the ElectricFlow local agents (the ones that run on same machine as ElectricFlow server) from both primary and secondary sites. Make sure that for the cluster setup, you do not have *local* resources.
- 8. Create resource pools named "local" and "default". For both, add ElectricFlow local agents.

Both the local and default pools are used by the ElectricFlow standard job processing. For example, sentry jobs run on local pool resources.

9. (Optional) If trusted agents are used, in addition to copying the keystore file, along with keystore file, the <code>conf/security</code> folder should be copied to the secondary site's ZooKeeper. This folder stores the ElectricFlow Certificate Authority information along with the certificates that are signed by ElectricFlow.

Perform the following steps to copy this folder from the primary to secondary site:

- Log into the primary site's ElectricFlow server, and run the following command to get the conf/security folder from the primary ZooKeeper into the local /tmp/electriccommander/conf/security folder:
 - · Linux:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Primary_Server_
IP>:2181 <install_dir>/jre/bin/java -cp <install_
dir>/server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
com.electriccloud.commander.zkconfig.ZKConfigTool --
readFolder /commander/conf/security
/tmp/electriccommander/conf/security
```

· Windows:

```
"C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java.exe" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_
CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Primary_Server_IP>:2181 -jar
"C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-
with-dependencies.jar"
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --
readFolder /commander/conf/security
c:\<path>\electriccommander\conf\security
```

- Log into the secondary site's ElectricFlow server, and run the following command to upload the conf/security folder from the local folder to ZooKeeper:
 - Linux:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Secondary_Server_
IP>:2181 <install_dir>/jre/bin/java -cp <install_
dir>/server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar
com.electriccloud.commander.zkconfig.ZKConfigTool --
writeFolder /commander/conf/security
/tmp/electriccommander/conf/security
```

· Windows:

```
"C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java.exe" -DCOMMANDER_ZK_
CONNECTION=<\ZooKeeper_Secondary_Server_IP>:2181 -jar
"C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-
with-dependencies.jar"
com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --
writeFolder /commander/conf/security
c:\<path>\electriccommander\conf\security
```

3. Set the repository data store on the primary and secondary sites.

Repository servers set up on primary and secondary sites can share the same repository data store.

The repository data can be replicated, and the repository servers can point to the respective data store locations. For each repository server, set the REPOSITORY_BACKING_STORE in the server.properties file to a UNC path on a network share on the file server.

For example:

```
REPOSITORY BACKING STORE=//10.0.109.72/repo data/repositorydata
```

4. Register the repository server in the ElectricFlow UI. If the repository server cluster is set up, use the load balancer URL (for example, https://<repository_SERVER_LOAD_BALANCER_FQDN>:8200).

During the failover to the secondary site, FQDN should point to the repository servers in the secondary site.

5. It is recommended that the plugins folder in the network share must be accessible from the remote web servers as mentioned in Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

- 6. For the initial installation and setup of the secondary site, perform the following recommended steps:
 - 1. Set up the secondary database in normal or nonreplicated mode.
 - 2. Follow instructions as described in this installation guide to set up all the servers, including the ElectricFlow, web, repository, and Zookeeper servers.
 - 3. Make sure that the database.properties file is set up to point to the correct secondary site's database server. This file will be stored in ZooKeeper when the cluster setup is used. For the primary site, it should point to the primary database. For the secondary site, it should point to the secondary database.
 - 4. Ensure that all the servers are running properly, including the connection to the database. At this time, the secondary site is not set up for replication, and operates as a separate installation of ElectricFlow.
 - 5. Before setting up the secondary site's database in replication mode, shut down all secondary ElectricFlow servers, web servers, repository servers, and others. After these steps are performed, there should not be any write transactions to the secondary database.
 - 6. The first time that the secondary database is set up, a schema for database tables is created. Before proceeding to set this database with replication, this schema may have to be deleted. This avoids a schema name conflict when replication is enabled.
 - 7. Based on the disaster recovery option chosen for the database, set up the secondary database in replication mode.

Steps to Perform During a Disaster Recovery Failover

When a disaster event happens that interrupts the operations on the primary site, follow these steps to move the operations to the secondary site.

- 1. Shut down any services that might still be running on the primary site. All components including the database, ElectricFlow server, and repository server can be shut down. Doing this ensures that no more transactions happen on the primary site.
- 2. Begin switching operations to the secondary site by restoring and updating the secondary site's database with the latest data. The steps to do this may vary based on the disaster recovery method used for database.
- 3. Delete the brokerdata folder on the ElectricFlow server nodes. For example, in Windows, delete the C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\brokerdata folder.
- 4. Follow the DNS failover procedure, and update the DNS entries to point to servers in the secondary site. This includes updating the entries for servers including web server, ElectricFlow server, and repository server. There may also be other servers based on configuration.
- 5. Bring up all the servers and infrastructure in the secondary site. Start the ElectricFlow services on different machines, including the ElectricFlow server, web server, repository server, and gateway agents.

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- 6. Based on the nature of the disaster event, certain active operations running on the primary site may be interrupted, and need to be restarted. For example, a build or deploy application process may fail and error out. Use the ElectricFlow UI to review such failures, and take the appropriate corrective actions, usually by executing those failed processes again.
- 7. The secondary's site database now acts as the master. We recommend that you set up a database that will act as a slave.

Server Maintenance

See Maintenance on page 12-1 for details on ElectricFlow server maintenance.

Chapter 12: Maintenance

This section contains common maintenance procedures.

• Switching from an Alternate Database to the Built-In Database on page 12-12

ElectricFlow Server Backups

You should back up your existing ElectricFlow data frequently. We recommend full regular (nightly) database backups and database backups before an upgrade.

Data Backup Methods

There are two ways to back up your data. You can use a database-specific backup tool to create a database dump, or you can use the ElectricFlow (ectool export) tool to create a complete XML database backup. This section describes the differences between the two types of backups.

Important: In ElectricCommander 4.0 and later, we recommend that you do not use the ectool export tool with jobs on an active system to create a trusted database backup.

Database Dumps

You must use a database-specific backup tool to create a database dump. Database dumps have the following characteristics:

- The backup process takes much less time to complete than full XML exports
- Database dumps (for example MySQL) must be performed while the database is live, up, and running.
- You can quickly restore a database from a database dump.

Note: A database dump can only be restored to the same type of database. If you are planning to switch your database type when you restore from the backup, you must create an XML backup.

Complete XML Database Backup

You must use the ectool export tool to create a complete XML database backup. Complete XML database backups have the following characteristics:

- The tool must be used while the ElectricFlow server is running.
- The database backup process can take considerably longer than simply creating a database dump, but this method is necessary in the following situations:
 - Backing up the database is not an available option.
 - You need to migrate from one type of database to another. For example, MySQL to Oracle.
 - You want a full export in a text form you can search with an editor.

Note: It might not be feasible to run a full XML export regularly (such as nightly). So if jobs are running, in order to speed up the full export (and to help prevent issues with importing the data later), you should use the --excludeJobs option. For more information about the ectool export command, see the ElectricFlow API Guide at http://docs.electric-cloud.com/eflow_doc/FlowIndex.html.

Preparing for a Backup

Before you backup your ElectricFlow server:

- Make sure you have plenty of free space available because full database dumps and XML export files can be extremely large.
 - Compress database dumps if they are not compressed by default.
- Regularly perform maintenance such as, but not limited to:
 - Pruning job workspaces
 - · Deleting or compressing ElectricFlow log files
 - · Deleting unused projects and/or procedures

Note: You can use ElectricFlow to perform backups by creating a procedure that runs the database dump or export command.

Backing Up an ElectricFlow Server

Use the following procedure to back up your ElectricFlow server data. Review Preparing for a Backup on page 12-2 before performing this procedure.

- 1. Choose one of the following methods to back up your data:
 - Use a database-specific backup tool to create a database dump.
 - Use ectool export to create a complete XML database backup.

Note: For more information about database backup methods, see Data Backup Methods on page 12-1.

2. Save the passkey file. The full path name of this file is

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows. When you restore your server, this passkey must be in place so ElectricFlow can decrypt passwords for user impersonation, LDAP, and the database connection.

- 3. Back up the plugins directory.
 - The plugins directory is stored in a server setting property (/server/settings/pluginsDirectory).
 - If the property does not exist, the server uses the default location, which is the plugins subdirectory in the data directory.

- 4. Back up the files containing your custom configurations and settings to ensure all important settings are saved.
 - The default location for ElectricFlow server and agent configuration files is the conf subdirectory in the data directory.
 - The default location for the Apache web server configuration files is the <code>apache/conf</code> subdirectory in the data directory.
- 5. Verify that your backup contains the following items:
 - Database dump and/or XML export
 - The passkey file
 - The contents of the plugins directory
 - Configuration files
 - Keystores

ElectricFlow Server Restores

This section describes common restore related procedures for recovering ElectricFlow data.

Preparing for a Restore

Before you attempt to restore an ElectricFlow server:

- You must have a backup of your source ElectricFlow server.
 - If you are restoring your data to the exact same database or the same database type (for example, from one MySQL database to another MySQL database on a different system), a database backup is sufficient.
 - If you are switching to a different database type, you will need an XML export.

Note: Any activity on the source server *after the backup was created* will not exist on the destination server.

• The destination system must have an ElectricFlow server already installed and running, and this server must be running the same version or newer version than the source server.

Restoring Your ElectricFlow Server

The following section contains various procedures for restoring ElectricFlow data. Review Preparing for a Restore on page 12-3 section before performing any of the following procedures.

Note: All ectool commands used in the following scenarios are fully documented in the ElectricFlow online help system. See the "Using ectool and the ElectricFlow API" help topic.

Restore the Same ElectricFlow Server and Database

Use the following procedure to restore your ElectricFlow server because of a catastrophic failure or unsuccessful upgrade.

- 1. Obtain a backup of the source system.
- 2. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server. For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 12-15 for platform-specific commands.
- 3. If you are using a database dump (where the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the backup into the destination database.
 - This will be done with a command specific to the database you are using.
- 4. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 5. If you are using an XML export file, use the ectool import command to import the data into the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 6. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 command to restart the destination server.

Keep the Same ElectricFlow Server but Switch the Database

Use the following procedure to restore your ElectricFlow server if you are doing one of these tasks:

- Switching from the built-in database installation to an external database.
- Upgrading to a higher performance system for the database.
- 1. Obtain a backup of the source system.
- 2. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server. For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 12-15 for platform-specific commands.
- 3. Stop and disable the original database.
- 4. If you are using a database backup (where the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the database dump into the destination database.
 - This will be done with a command specific to the database you are using.
- 5. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 6. Set the server database configuration to point to the new database. Point to the new database one of these ways:
 - See the "Database Configuration" help topic in the ElectricFlow web interface.
 - Use the ectool setDatabaseConfigurationcommand.
- 7. If you are using an XML export file, use the ectool import command to import the data into the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 8. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 command to restart the destination server.

Switch the ElectricFlow Server but Keep the Same Database

Before switching the server, be aware of the following:

- All files and directories copied to the Destination ElectricFlow Server should be owned by the user configured to run the ElectricFlow server daemon.
- Make sure that the host name of local agent is set to 127.0.0.1 using Cloud > Resources > Local > Resource Details.
- When you install ElectricFlow without a built-in database, you can configure the database only by using ectool.

Use the following procedure to restore ElectricFlow if you are upgrading to a higher performance ElectricFlow server system.

- Make sure you have a backup of the source system.
- Check the IP Address System property by selecting **Administration** > **Server** > **Settings** on the old (source) ElectricFlow system.

This field is empty by default to enable dynamic connections between the ElectricFlow server and agents.

If the field is not empty, you must enter the IP address for the Destination ElectricFlow Server.

- Stop the destination ElectricFlow server.
 - For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 12-15 for platform-specific commands.
- Stop and disable the source ElectricFlow server.
- Copy the passkey and keystore files from the source ElectricFlow backup to the destination system. These files are in /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/ in Linux and in C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\ in Windows.

• Copy the backed-up plugins to the destination system.

You may encounter one of these scenarios:

• If the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property does not exist, the server uses the default location (the plugins subdirectory in the data directory).

Copy the backed-up plugins to that directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a local directory valid on both systems.

Copy the backed-up plugins to the same directory on the destination system.

• The plugins are stored in a shared directory valid on both systems.

You do not need to do anything.

• The plugins are stored in a directory not accessible on the destination system.

This can happen

- If the source and destination systems have different operating systems (such as Windows to Linux).
- If the plugins directory on the source system is on a drive that does not exist on the destination system.

Copy the backed-up plugins to a new directory accessible to the destination system. When the server starts, set the <code>/server/settings/pluginsDirectory</code> property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

- If you use MySQL database, do these steps on destination system:
 - Install the MySQL JDBC driver. For details, see Installing the MySQL JDBC Driver on page 3-158.
 - Configure access to the ElectricFlow database user from the IP address or FQDN on the destination system.
- · Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- Because the ElectricFlow host changed, connect the ElectricFlow database to the new host:

On the command-line:

- 1. Use ectool setDatabaseConfiguration to specify a database configuration and set the --ignoreServerMismatch option.
- 2. Use the following command to restart the destination server: ectool shutdownServer restart 1.

In the web interface, you should automatically be redirected to the **Database Configuration** page.

- 1. Enter the appropriate database configuration.
- 2. Select the **Ignore server hostname mismatch** check box.
- 3. Select Same instance on a new host.
- 4. Click Save and Restart.

- If you copied the plugins directory to a directory that does not match the plugins directory on the source system:
 - Set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to this new directory.
 You can use the ectool setProperty command to set this value.
 - 2. Restart the ElectricFlow server.

Switch Both the ElectricFlow Server and Database

Use the following procedure to restore ElectricFlow if you are upgrading to higher performance systems for both the ElectricFlow server and the database.

- 1. Make sure you have a backup of the source system.
- 2. Check the IP Address System property by selecting **Administration > Server > Settings** on the old ElectricFlow system.

This field is empty by default to enable dynamic connections between the ElectricFlow server and agents.

If the field is not empty, you must enter the IP address for the new ElectricFlow server.

3. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 12-15 for platform-specific commands.

- 4. Stop and disable the source ElectricFlow server.
- 5. Stop and disable the original database.
- 6. Copy the passkey file from the backup to the destination system. The full path name of this file is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows.

7. Copy the backed-up plugins to the destination system.

You may encounter one of these scenarios:

- If the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property does not exist, the server uses the default location (the plugins subdirectory in the data directory).
 - Copy the backed-up plugins to that directory on the destination system.
- The plugins are stored in a local directory valid on both systems.
 - Copy the backed-up plugins to the same directory on the destination system.
- The plugins are stored in a shared directory valid on both systems.
 - You do not need to do anything.
- The plugins are stored in a directory not accessible on the destination system.

This can happen:

- If the source and destination systems have different operating systems (such as Windows to Linux).
- If the plugins directory on the source system is on a drive that does not exist on the destination system.

Copy the backed-up plugins to a new directory accessible to the destination system. When the server starts, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

- 8. If you are using a database backup (where the source and destination systems must both be using the same type of database), load the database dump into the destination database.
 - This operation is completed with a command specific to the database you are using.
- 9. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 10. Because we have replaced the passkey, the database password is no longer valid. You need to reset the database password (default: commander) and ignore the passkey mismatch either from the command-line or the web interface.
 - On the command-line, use ectool setDatabaseConfiguration to specify the password and set the --ignoreServerMismatch and --ignorePasskeyMismatch options.
 - In the web interface, you should automatically be redirected to the **Database** Configuration page. Enter the database password and select the **ignore invalid** passkey check box.
- 11. If you are using an XML export file, use the ectool import command to import the data into the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 12. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 to restart the destination server.
- 13. If you copied the plugins directory to a directory that does not match the plugins directory on the source system, set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to this new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.
 - You can use the <code>ectool</code> setProperty command to set this value.

Create a Clone of the ElectricFlow Server and the Database

Use the following procedure to restore your ElectricFlow server if you are setting up a production-like environment for testing.

- 1. Make sure you have a backup of the source system.
- 2. Check the IP Address System property by selecting **Administration > Server > Settings** on the old ElectricFlow system.

This field is empty by default to enable dynamic connections between the ElectricFlow server and agents.

If the field is not empty, you must enter the IP address for the new ElectricFlow server.

3. Stop the destination ElectricFlow server.

For more information, see Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually on page 12-15 for platform-specific commands.

- 4. Copy the passkey file from the backup to the destination system. The full path name of this file is /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/passkey in Linux or C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\conf\passkey in Windows.
- 5. Copy the backed-up plugins to the destination system.

You may encounter one of these scenarios:

- If the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property does not exist, the server uses the default location (the plugins subdirectory in the data directory).
 - Copy the backed-up plugins to that directory on the destination system.
- The plugins are stored in a local directory valid on both systems.
 - Copy the backed-up plugins to the same directory on the destination system.
- The plugins are stored in a shared directory valid on both systems.
 - You do not need to do anything.
- The plugins are stored in a directory not accessible on the destination system.

This can happen:

- If the source and destination systems have different operating systems (such as Windows to Linux).
- If the plugins directory on the source system is on a drive that does not exist on the destination system.

Copy the backed-up plugins to a new directory accessible to the destination system. When the server starts, set the <code>/server/settings/pluginsDirectory</code> property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

6. If you are using a database backup (the source and destination systems must be using the same type of database), create the destination database, give the appropriate database user permissions to the schema (as mentioned in External Database Configuration on page 5-2), and

load the database dump into the destination database.

This operation is completed with a command specific to the database you are using.

- 7. If you are using a database backup, disable schedules, resources, or both on both servers.
 - Two servers should never *talk* to the same agent. The two servers share the same identity because they share exact copies of the database.
 - Disabling schedules prevents jobs from launching unexpectedly.
 - Disabling resources prevents scheduled or manually launched jobs from running on production agents. This operation is completed with a command specific to the database you are using.
- 8. Start the destination ElectricFlow server.
- 9. Because we have replaced the <code>passkey</code>, the database password is no longer valid. You need to reset the database password (default: <code>commander</code>) and ignore the <code>passkey</code> mismatch either from the command-line or the web interface.
 - On the command-line, use ectool setDatabaseConfiguration to specify the password and set the --ignoreServerMismatch and --ignorePasskeyMismatch options.
 - In the web interface, you should automatically be redirected to the **Database** Configuration page. Enter the database password and select the **ignore invalid** passkey check box.
- 11. If you are using an XML export file, disable schedules, resources, or both on both servers.
 - Two servers should never "talk" to the same agent. The two servers share the same identity because they share exact copies of the database.
 - Disabling schedules prevents jobs from being launched unexpectedly.
 - Disabling resources prevents scheduled or manually launched from running on production agents.

Disable the schedules and resources one of these ways:

- Modify the import file by replacing <resourceDisabled>0</resourceDisabled> with <resourceDisabled>1</resourceDisabled>.
- Use the ectool import command with the --disableSchedules flag turned on to disable schedules.
- 12. Use the ectool shutdownServer --restart 1 command to restart the destination server.
- 13. If you copied the plugins directory to a directory that does not match the plugins directory from the source system,set the /server/settings/pluginsDirectory property to the new directory and restart the ElectricFlow server.

You can use the ectool setProperty command to set this value.

Switching to an Alternate Database from the Built-In Database

If you did not deselect the "database" check box during installation, you can switch to another database at any time. You can use this procedure to switch from the built-in database or to switch from the current alternate database to a different alternate database.

Note: If you are using two different ElectricFlow servers in a non-HA configuration, they cannot point to the same database.

The export operation is run by the server process, not through ectool. The command is not run by the agent, but by the server itself. Therefore, it has some impact if the server agent service user and the server service user are different. For example, the following commands in the same step are executed by two different users:

```
mkdir ("/path/foo");
$ec->export("/path/foo/project.xml",
{path=>"/projects/MYPROJ"});
```

The /path/foo directory creation is executed by the agent service, which means that the agent user needs permission to create the directory. The export is executed by the ElectricFlow service user.

Use these procedures to configure a new database and migrate the existing data.

Preventing Database Changes During the Export

Before you perform an export, ensure that the ElectricFlow server is inactive (meaning that it cannot accept jobs) by completing the following steps on the server:

- 1. Disable ElectricSentries.
- 2. Disable project schedules.
- 3. Check that no jobs are running on any resources.
- 4. Disable all resources so that no new job steps can run.

This ensures a complete XML file by preventing changes to the ElectricFlow database during the export.

Exporting and Importing Your Data

1. Export your data by entering the following command:

```
ectool export <filename> --compress 1
```

- 2. Set the database configuration using the web interface or ectool. For more information, see Configuring ElectricFlow to Use an Alternate Database on page 5-4.
- 3. Restart the ElectricFlow server by entering the following command:

```
ectool shutdownServer --restart 1
```

4. Import your data by entering the following command:

```
ectool import <filename> --force 1
```

Switching from an Alternate Database to the Built-In Database

You can switch to the built-in (default) ElectricFlow database at any time. The following procedure shows how to switch to the built-in database from any ElectricFlow-supported alternate database.

Using the built-in database is possible only if during the installation it was activated via the — installDatabase installer parameter or by the corresponding options in the GUI installer.

Note: If you are using two different ElectricFlow servers in a non-HA configuration, they cannot point to the same database.

1. If the built-in database service is disabled, enable and start it.

To do so, enter the following ecconfigure command:

```
ecconfigure --databaseEnableService=1
```

2. Point the ElectricFlow server to use the built-in database.

You can use the UI or the ectool setDatabaseConfiguration command. If you did not change the default values for the password (changeme) and port (8900), enter

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration --databaseType builtin --hostName localhost -- userName root --databaseName eflow
```

If you have changed the default values (either during or after installation) for the password and port, enter

```
ectool setDatabaseConfiguration --databaseType builtin --hostName localhost -- userName root --password /password --port /port number> --databaseName eflow
```

DevOps Insight Server Elasticsearch Data Backups

You should back up your existing DevOps Insight server data frequently. We recommend full regular (nightly) backups and a backup before an upgrade. For further details on archiving and restoring Elasticsearch indices, see the Elasticsearch 5.3 documentation at

https://www.elastic.co/guide/en/elasticsearch/reference/5.3/modules-snapshots.html.

You should consider the following points for the DevOps Insight server when you set up the Elasticsearch snapshot repository:

• When you register the location of the shared file system repository in the path.repo setting in the elasticsearch.yml file, you must specify the setting in the Custom Settings section to ensure that it is preserved during upgrades.

Following is an example for Linux platforms:

```
path.repo: ["/home/ecloud/bb", "/mount/backups", "/mount/longterm backups"]
```

Following is an example for a remote shared folder location on Windows platforms using a Windows UNC path:

```
path.repo: ["\\\<MY_SERVER>\\Snapshots"]
```

• Because the DevOps Insight server is configured with SSL authentication, the curl command format must be as follows:

```
curl -k -X <POST|PUT> -E <data_
dir>/conf/reporting/elasticsearch/admin.crtfull.pem --key <data_
dir>/conf/reporting/elasticsearch/admin.key.pem https://<DevOps_Insight server_
host name>:<Elasticsearch port>/<request URI>
```

For example:

```
curl -k -X POST -E /opt/ef/conf/reporting/elasticsearch/admin.crtfull.pem --key /opt/ef/conf/reporting/elasticsearch/admin.key.pem https://localhost:9200/_snapshot/my_backup/snapshot_1/_restore
```

- The Elasticsearch indices created by ElectricFlow through the DevOps Insight server begin with ef- so they can be selected using the ef-* index pattern.
- Most Elasticsearch indices follow a time-based index naming scheme and use -yyyy as the suffix for the index name, where yyyy is the year associated with the document.

For example, all deployments for the year 2018 will be stored in the index named efdeployment-2018. This time-based naming scheme can be used in your archiving strategy for the DevOps Insight server.

Apache Web Server or Agent Certificates

By default, ElectricFlow generates a temporary self-signed certificate during web server installation. This certificate is used whenever a browser makes an HTTPS connection to the Apache server. Because the certificate is self-signed, browsers will generate untrusted certificate messages. To prevent these types of warnings, you must generate a new Apache web server or agent certificate signed by a recognized certificate authority (CA).

Important: Before performing any of the following procedures, back up the <code>\$DATA_DIRECTORY/-conf</code> and <code>\$DATA_DIRECTORY/apache/conf</code> directories.

Generating a CA Request

Use the following procedure to generate a CA request.

- 1. Locate the DATA DIRECTORY directory for your platform. The default directory locations are:
 - Linux /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander
 - Windows 2008 or Windows 7 C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander
- 2. Locate the appropriate certificate signing request file generated during installation:
 - Agent \$DATA DIRECTORY/conf/agent.csr
 - Web Server \$DATA_DIRECTORY/apache/conf/server.csr

- 3. (Optional) Update server.csr with custom SSL configuration data.
 - Edit the file \$DATA_DIRECTORY/apache/conf/serverssl.cnf to add your custom configuration data.
 - Then, if you are on Linux:

```
From <DATA DIRECTORY>/apache/conf, enter:
```

```
OPENSSL_CONF="<DATA_DIRECTORY>/apache/conf/serverssl.cnf" openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
```

For example:

```
OPENSSL_
CONF="/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/apache/conf/serverssl.cnf"
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
```

• Or, if you are on Windows:

Set the value of the environment variable <code>OPENSSL_CONF</code> to the full path to the file <code>serverssl.cnf</code>.

```
Then, from <DATA DIRECTORY>/apache/conf, enter:
```

```
set "OPENSSL CONF=<DATA DIRECTORY>\apache\conf\serverssl.cnf"
```

For example:

```
set "OPENSSL_CONF=c:\ProgramData\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\conf\serverssl.cnf"
```

Finally, generate a certificate signing request by entering:

```
openssl req -new -key server.key -out server.csr
```

Sending the CA Request

Send the server.csr (or 'agent.csr') file to a certificate authority to sign the certificate. The CA verifies the information inside and sends you a signed certificate in response. The signed certificate includes the original certificate and the CA signature.

Installing the Signed Certificate

Use the following procedure to install a signed certificate:

- 1. Replace the existing certificate in the DATA_DIRECTORY directory with the new signed certificate you received from the CA. The signed certificate file should be placed in one of the following locations:
 - Agent \$DATA_DIRECTORY/conf/agent.crt
 - Web Server \$DATA DIRECTORY/apache/conf/server.crt
- 2. Restart the agent and/or Apache services.

Using chkconfig

chkconfig is a simple command-line tool for maintaining the /etc/rc[0-6].d directory hierarchy. This tool relieves system administrators from the task of directly manipulating numerous symbolic links in those directories. The Linux chkconfig command can be used to manipulate ElectricFlow services running on UNIX platforms.

chkconfig—updates and queries runlevel information for system services

```
chkconfig --list [name]
chkconfig --add name
chkconfig --del name
chkconfig [--level levels] name <on|off|reset>
chkconfig [--level levels] name
```

Examples

```
(list current settings for the local ElectricFlow repository service)
/sbin/chkconfig commanderRepository --list
commanderRepository 0:off 1:off 2:off 3:on 4:off 5:on 6:off

(disable autostart on reboot)
/sbin/chkconfig commanderRepository off
/sbin/chkconfig commanderRepository --list
commanderRepository 0:off 1:off 2:off 3:off 4:off 5:off 6:off
```

Note: For every service, each runlevel has either a "start" script or a "stop" script. When switching runlevels, init will not restart an already-started service and will not re-stop a non-running service.

Starting and Stopping Servers and Agents Manually

ElectricFlow servers and agents must be manually stopped and started for administrative maintenance, upgrades, third-party software installations, or system maintenance.

Stopping the ElectricFlow Agent Service

To stop the ElectricFlow agent service, choose one of the following options.

Windows

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. Right-click **ElectricFlow Agent** and click **Stop**.

Windows Command Line

Open a command window as Administrator and enter:

```
sc stop CommanderAgent
```

Linux

Log into a shell as root and enter one of the following commands:

- Linux: /etc/init.d/commanderAgent stop
- Solaris: /etc/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
- AIX: /etc/rc.d/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
- HP-UX: /sbin/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
- macOS: launchctl unload /Library/LaunchDaemons/ecmdrAgent.plist

Stopping All ElectricFlow Server Services

To stop all ElectricFlow server services, choose one of the following options.

Windows

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. Right-click **ElectricFlow Server** and click **Stop**.
- 3. Right-click **ElectricFlow Web Server** and click **Stop**.
- 4. Right-click **ElectricFlow Database** (if it exists) and click **Stop**.
- 5. Right-click **ElectricFlow Repository Server** and click **Stop**.

Windows Command Line

Open a command window as Administrator and enter:

- 1. sc stop CommanderServer
- 2. sc stop CommanderApache
- 3. sc stop CommanderDatabase
- 4. sc stop CommanderRepository

Linux

Log into a shell as root and enter:

- /etc/init.d/commanderServer stop
- 2. /etc/init.d/commanderApache stop
- /etc/init.d/CommanderDatabase stop
- 4. /etc/init.d/commanderRepository stop

Stopping All DevOps Insight Services

DevOps Insight uses services for Elasticsearch and Logstash. To stop these services, log into the DevOps Insight server and choose one of the following options. Because Logstash sends data to Elasticsearch, you stop Logstash first to prevent Logstash errors.

Windows

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. Right-click ElectricFlow Logstash Service and click Stop.
- 3. Right-click **ElectricFlow Elasticsearch Service** and click **Stop**.

Windows Command Line

Open a command window as Administrator and enter:

- 1. sc stop CommanderLogstash
- 2. sc stop CommanderElasticsearch

Linux

Log into a shell as root and enter:

- 1. /etc/init.d/commanderLogstash stop
- 2. /etc/init.d/commanderElasticsearch stop

Starting the ElectricFlow Agent Service

To start the ElectricFlow agent service, choose one of the following options.

Windows

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. Right-click ElectricFlow Agent and click Start.

Windows Command Line

Open a command window as Administrator and enter:

```
sc start CommanderAgent
```

Linux

Log into a shell as root and enter one of the following commands:

- Linux: /etc/init.d/commanderAgent stop
- Solaris: /etc/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
- AIX: /etc/rc.d/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
- **HP-UX:**/sbin/init.d/ecmdrAgent stop
- macOS: launchctl load /Library/LaunchDaemons/ecmdrAgent.plist

Starting All ElectricFlow Server Services

To start all ElectricFlow server services, choose one of the following options.

Windows

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. Right-click **ElectricFlow Database** (if it exists) and click **Start**.
- 3. Right-click **ElectricFlow Server** and click **Start**.
- 4. Right-click **ElectricFlow Web Server** and click **Start**.
- 5. Right-click ElectricFlow Repository Server and click Start.

Windows Command Line

Open a command window as Administrator and enter:

- 1. sc start CommanderDatabase
- 2. sc start CommanderServer
- 3. sc start CommanderApache
- 4. sc start CommanderRepository

Linux

Log into a shell as root and enter:

- 1. /etc/init.d/CommanderDatabase start
- 2. /etc/init.d/commanderServer start
- 3. /etc/init.d/commanderApache start
- 4. /etc/init.d/commanderRepository start

Starting All DevOps Insight Services

To start the DevOps Insight services (Elasticsearch and Logstash), log into the DevOps Insight server and choose one of the following options. Because Logstash sends data to Elasticsearch, you start Elasticsearch first to prevent Logstash errors.

Windows

- 1. Go to Control Panel > Administrative Tools > Services.
- 2. Right-click ElectricFlow Elasticsearch Service and click Start.
- 3. Right-click ElectricFlow Logstash Service and click Start.

Windows Command Line

Open a command window as Administrator and enter:

- 1. sc start CommanderElasticsearch
- 2. sc start CommanderLogstash

Linux

Log into a shell as root and enter:

- 1. /etc/init.d/commanderElasticsearch start
- 2. /etc/init.d/commanderLogstash start

Log File Locations

The following information is for default "run time" log locations.

Agent Logs

Platform	Default Path
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs\agent
Windows 7	
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs

Agent logs "roll over" periodically so individual logs do not grow too large and older logs are deleted. Rollover parameters are configurable in <code>conf/logback.xml</code> and <code>conf/agent.conf</code>.

Server Logs

Platform	Default Path	
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs	
Windows 7		
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs	

Server logs "roll over" periodically so individual logs do not grow too large and older logs are deleted. Roll-over parameters are configurable in conf/logback.xml and conf/agent.conf.

Web Server Logs

Platform	Default Path	
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\logs	
Windows 7		
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/apache/logs	

Repository Server Logs

Platform	Default Path	
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs\repository	
Windows 7		
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs/repository	

Installer Logs

Platform	Default Path	
Windows 2008	C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\logs	
Windows 7		
UNIX	/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/logs	

Web Interface Online Help System

Open the ElectricFlow online help system for more information. Click the **Help** link in the top-right corner of any product web page to see a help topic for that page.

When the help system opens, We recommend reviewing the Help table of contents. All Help folders above the Web Interface Help folder are user-guide style help topics that provide more detailed information on each of their subjects.

If you generally prefer to use a command-line tool rather than the ElectricFlow web interface, you will find complete ectool (the ElectricFlow command-line tool) and API (perl script) commands and options within the online help system too.

Chapter 13: Troubleshooting

This chapter contains troubleshooting procedures for some of the more common issues you might experience during the ElectricFlow installation process. More troubleshooting information can be found in ElectricFlow Knowledge Base articles located at https://helpcenter.electric-cloud.com/hc/en-us/sections/200516863-Commander-KB.

ElectricFlow Server is Unresponsive and Displays an OutOfMemory Error

Description

The ElectricFlow server becomes unresponsive and displays an OutOfMemory error message that states that the server is out of PermGen space. This message occurs when the server is not configured properly for a 64-bit JVM.

Workaround

Change a setting in wrapper.conf.

- 1. Locate the wrapper.conf file.
 - The file to edit on Linux is:

/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/conf/wrapper.conf

• The file to edit on Windows is:

<ElectricCommander data dir>/conf/wrapper.conf

• On Windows 7 or 2008, the DATA DIRECTORY is typically:

C:\ProgramData\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander

2. Add the following line to the end of the existing "wrapper.java.additional" section, being careful to use the next consecutive number.

In the following example, 7 was the last pre-existing sequence number in this section.

 $\verb|wrapper.java.additional.8=-XX: \verb|MaxPermSize=128m| \\$

Note: You should set the Java MaxPermSize to a number greater than the default (which is 84m) on an 64-bit ElectricFlow server (java) installation.

- 3. After the file has been edited, restart the server to utilize the new value:
 - On Linux: /etc/init.d/commanderServer restart
 - · On Windows: use "Services"

Windows PHP Does Not Handle Time Zones Correctly

Description

PHP does not handle certain operating system time zones correctly on a Windows system. If the web server is running on a machine set for one of these time zones, users connected to that web server will see all times displayed as UTC times, instead of the web server time zone.

Workaround

In the config.php file, you must explicitly set the PHP "timezone_identifier".

To set the timezone:

1. Edit the following file.

```
C:\Program Files\Electric
Cloud\ElectricCommander\apache\htdocs\commander\config.php
```

2. Add the following line anywhere between the opening and closing PHP tags:

```
date_default_timezone_set("<timezone_identifier>");
```

For example:

To set the timezone for Taipei, you would add: date_default_timezone_set("Asia/Taipei");

For a complete list of supported time zones, see http://us2.php.net/manual/en/timezones.php.

ElectricFlow Self-Signed Server Certificate Fails Security Scan

Description

You might need to replace the self-signed ElectricFlow server certificate if it fails the security scan.

Note: If you are using a certificate authority (CA) certificate or an intermediate CA certificate instead and it has expired, see ElectricFlow CA or Intermediate CA Server Certificate Expires on page 13-4 for details about updating it.

There are three relevant configuration entries in the server/conf/commander.properties file:

```
COMMANDER_HTTPS_PORT=8443

COMMANDER_KEYSTORE=file:conf/keystore

COMMANDER KEYSTORE PASSWORD=abcdef
```

Where:

- COMMANDER HTTPS PORT configures the SSL port
- COMMANDER_KEYSTORE is the location of the java keystore where the ElectricFlow HTTP server finds its host certificate
- COMMANDER KEYSTORE PASSWORD is the password to the keystore

Workaround

Follow these steps to generate and inject a self-signed certificate for 1 year.

- 1. Back up the keystore file.
- 2. Delete the original key.

```
user@USER /cygdrive/c/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/conf
$ "c:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/jre/bin/keytool" -delete -
alias jetty -keystore keystore -keypass passkey
Enter keystore password: abcdef
```

3. Generate and inject a new certificate.

```
user@USER /cygdrive/c/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/conf
$ "c:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/jre/bin/keytool" -keystore
keystore -alias jetty -genkey -keyalg RSA -sigalg MD5withRSA -validity 365
Enter keystore password: abcdef
What is your first and last name?
  [Unknown]: localhost
What is the name of your organizational unit?
  [Unknown]: <Enter>
What is the name of your organization?
  [Unknown]: <Enter>
What is the name of your City or Locality?
  [Unknown]: <Enter>
What is the name of your State or Province?
  [Unknown]: <Enter>
What is the two-letter country code for this unit?
  [Unknown]: <Enter>
Is CN=localhost, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown
correct?
  [no]: yes
Enter key password for <jetty>
  (RETURN if same as keystore password): <Enter>
```

4. Restart the server.

Your new certificate will look similar to this:

```
user@USER /cygdrive/c/ProgramData/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/conf
$ "c:/Program Files/Electric Cloud/ElectricCommander/jre/bin/keytool" -list -v -
keystore keystore_orig -keypass passkey
```

```
Enter keystore password: abcdef
Keystore type: JKS
Keystore provider: SUN
Your keystore contains 1 entry
Alias name: jetty
Creation date: Jan 31, 2012
Entry type: PrivateKeyEntry
Certificate chain length: 1
Certificate[1]:
Owner: CN=localhost, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown
Issuer: CN=localhost, OU=Unknown, O=Unknown, L=Unknown, ST=Unknown, C=Unknown
Serial number: 4f28603f
Valid from: Tue Jan 31 13:42:23 PST 2012 until: Wed Jan 30 13:42:23 PST 2013
Certificate fingerprints:
MD5: 38:50:CD:29:8C:16:3A:78:29:0F:45:56:E0:CA:42:D9
SHA1: 9B:A3:E4:EA:A7:C0:3A:ED:BF:63:24:18:F0:08:78:22:59:85:BC:8A
Signature algorithm name: MD5withRSA
Version: 3
**********
**********
```

ElectricFlow CA or Intermediate CA Server Certificate Expires

Description:

When using a certificate authority (CA) certificate or an intermediate CA certificate, the certificate expires and causes certificate-related errors.

Note: ElectricFlow uses a self-signed certificate by default. This section describes how to update a CA or intermediate CA certificate if you have used one to replace the self-signed certificate. If you are using the self-signed certificate instead and it has expired, see ElectricFlow Self-Signed Server Certificate Fails Security Scan for details about updating it.

Workaround:

ElectricFlow certificates use Jetty. Follow these steps to update the existing certificate in the keystore and then publish it to Zookeeper:

- 1. Shut down all nodes on the ElectricFlow cluster except for one node.
- 2. Go to the ElectricFlow <install dir> directory on the node.
- 3. Delete the existing certificate from the keystore by entering:

```
jre/bin/keytool -delete -alias jetty -keystore keystore -keypass passkey
```

4. Generate a new key pair.

Specify a validity (in days) and a key size of either 1024 or 2048 by entering:

```
jre/bin/keytool -keystore keystore -alias jetty -genkey -keyalg RSA -sigalg MD5withRSA -validity 3650 -keysize 2048
```

5. Generate a certificate signing request (CSR) from the keystore by entering:

```
jre/bin/keytool -certreq -alias jetty -keystore keystore -file certreq.csr
```

- 6. Sign the CSR using your CA.
- 7. Import the signed certificate into the keystore by entering:

```
jre/bin/keytool -importcert -file <certificate> -keystore keystore -alias jetty
```

8. If ElectricFlow is clustered, publish the keystore to Zookeeper.

Go to the $<install_dir>/conf$ directory and use the steps in Uploading Configuration Files to ZooKeeper. For example, enter the following command.

• Linux:

```
COMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<ZooKeeper_Server_IP>:2181 ../jre/bin/java -jar ../server/bin/zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool --keystoreFile keystore
```

· Windows:

```
"C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\jre\bin\java.exe" - DCOMMANDER_ZK_CONNECTION=<\textit{ZooKeeper_Server_IP}:2181 -jar "C:\Program Files\Electric Cloud\ElectricCommander\server\bin\zk-config-tool-jar-with-dependencies.jar" com.electriccloud.commander.cluster.ZKConfigTool -- databasePropertiesFile database.properties --keystoreFile keystore
```

Linux Upgrade Breaks Symbolic Links

Description

When using the Linux installer to perform an upgrade, you might encounter problems moving broken symbolic links. You might see errors that begin with a line similar to, "could not read "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/workspace/FileOperationsLinux-LocalMove-7689/fileSymLink": no such file or directory".

Workaround

Manually remove the file and rerun the installer if you encounter these types of errors.

Chapter 14: ElectricFlow Agent-Only Installations

This chapter describes how to install the ElectricFlow agent:

- in 32-bit, "pseudo" 64-bit, and "pure" 64-bit versions on Linux.
- in 32-bit and "pseudo" 64-bit versions on Windows.

An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. It executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Graphical User Interface Installation Methods

The graphical user interface installation methods are supported by Windows platforms and Linux platforms running the X Window System.

Running an Express Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing these steps.

Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX agent-only machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

```
chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl
```

- 3. Do one of the following to start the installation:
 - For Linux with root or sudo privileges or for Windows installations, double-click the installer file.
 - For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

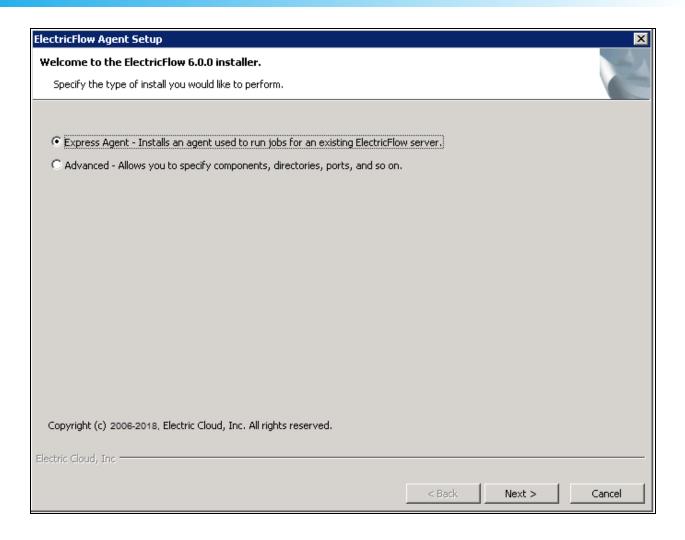
```
./<agent_installer_file> --nonRoot
```

For this installation type, the following warning appears:



4. For non-root/non-sudo installations, click **Yes** to dismiss the warning.

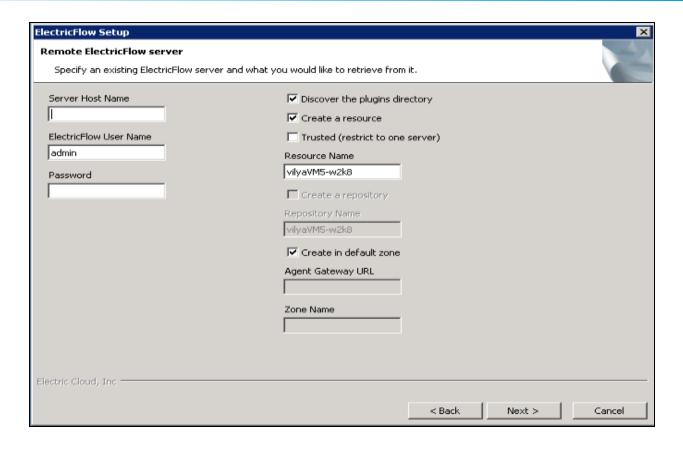
The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer** screen appears:



Note: Different options might appear depending on the operating system.

5. Select the **Express Agent** installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears:



- 6. Complete the following information on the **Remote ElectricFlow Server** screen:

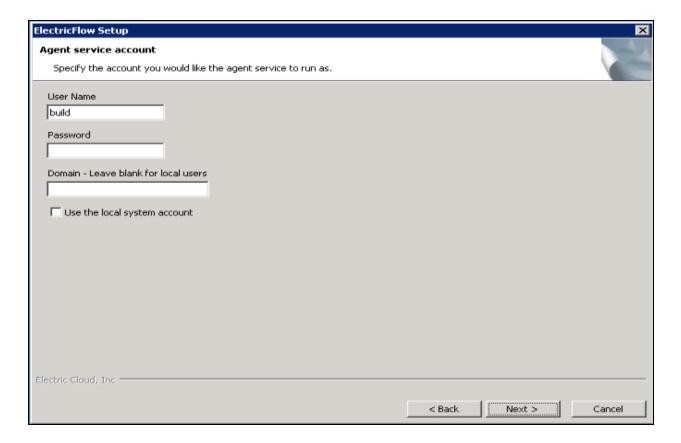
 - **ElectricFlow User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory—Select this check box if you want the agent machine
 to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so
 agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13

• **Create a resource**—Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.

- **Trusted**—Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- **Create in default zone**—Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.
- **Agent Gateway URL**—Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- Zone Name—Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 7. Click **Next** to continue.

The Agent Service Account screen appears:



8. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen.

- On Linux root or sudo installations:
 - User Name—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



- Group Name—Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- · On Windows:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

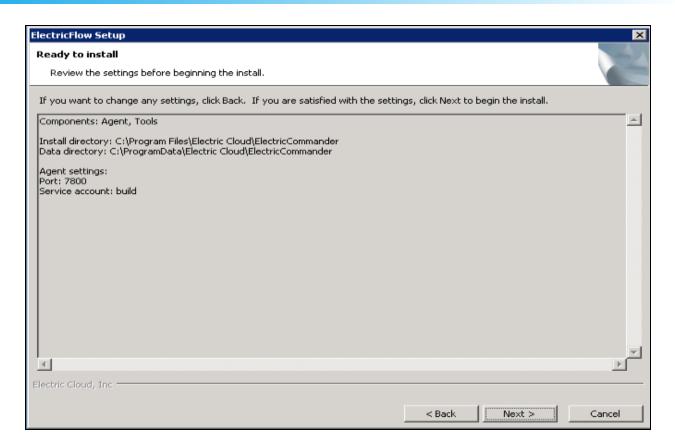
- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the Windows local system account.

Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

9. Click Next to continue.

The **Ready to Install** screen appears:

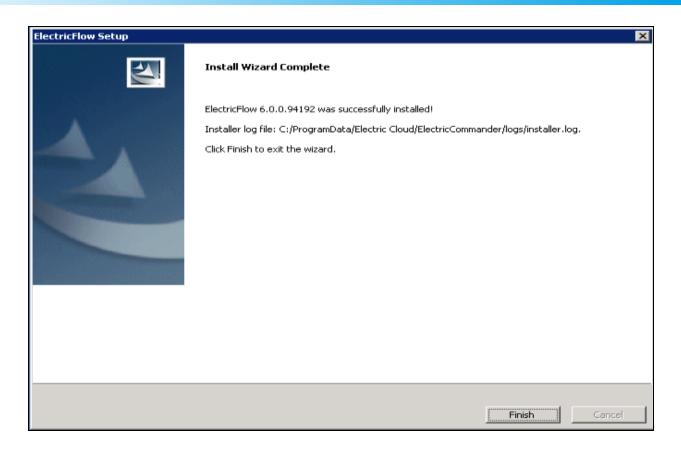


10. Review your selections.

Use the $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{Back}}$ button to change settings if necessary.

11. Click **Next** to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes. **The Installation Wizard Complete** screen appears:



- 12. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.
- 13. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running an Advanced Agent Graphical User Interface Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Windows or Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX agent-only machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. (Linux only) Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl

- 3. Do one of the following to start the installation:
 - For Linux with root or sudo privileges or for Windows installations, double-click the installer file.
 - For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

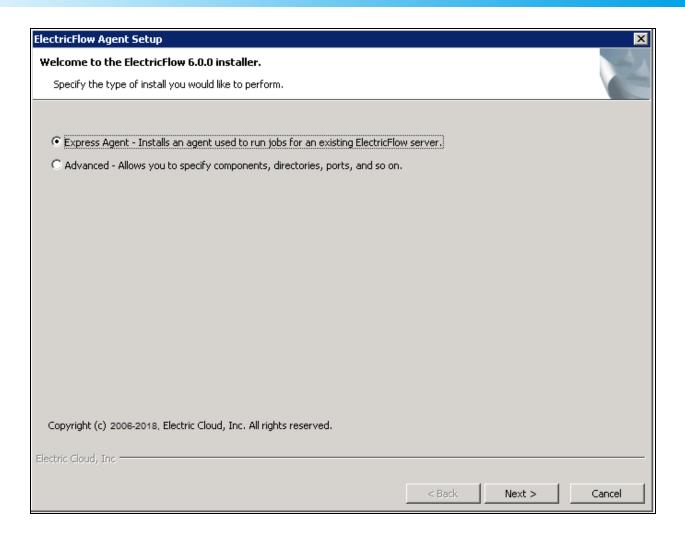
```
./<agent installer file> --nonRoot
```

For this installation type, the following warning appears:



4. For non-root/non-sudo installations, click **Yes** to dismiss the warning.

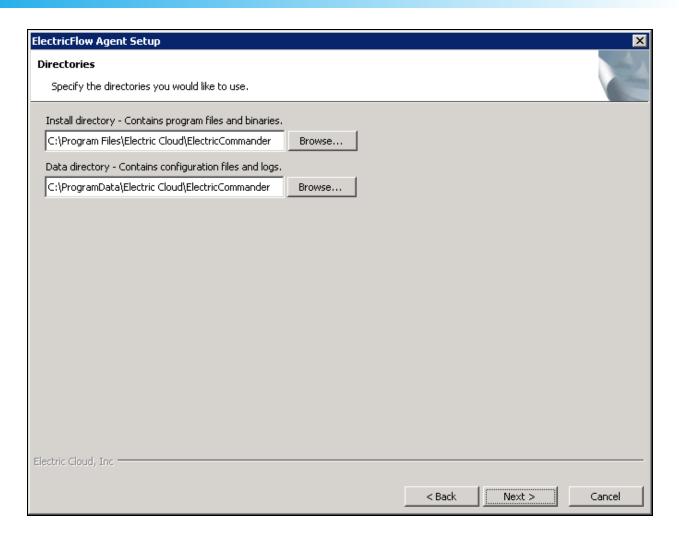
The **Welcome to the ElectricFlow Installer** screen appears:



Note: Different options might appear depending on the operating system.

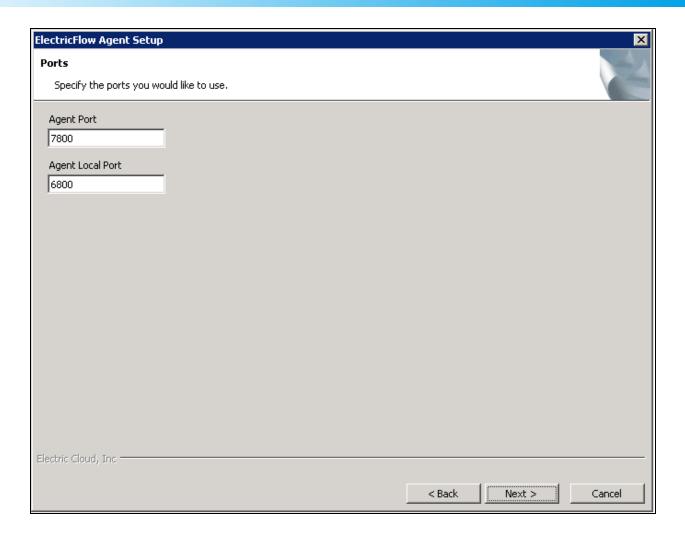
5. Select the **Advanced Agent**installation option, and then click **Next** to continue.

The **Directories** screen appears:



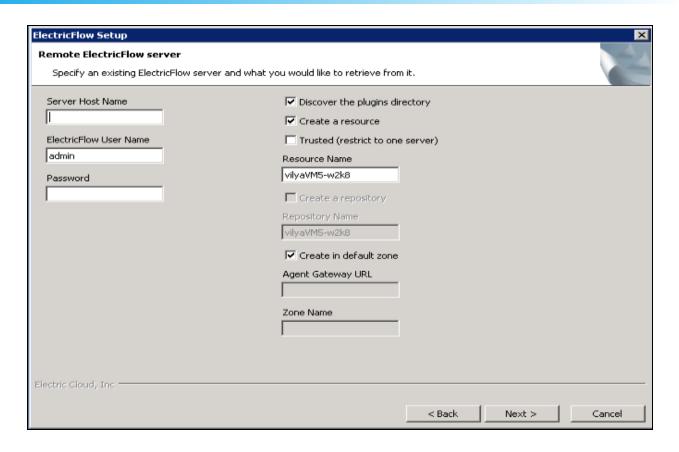
- 6. Complete the following information on the **Directories** screen:
 - **Install directory**—Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.
 - **Data directory**—Use this field to enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.
- 7. Click **Next** to continue.

The **Ports** screen appears:



- 8. Complete the following information on the **Ports** screen:
 - **Agent port**—Use this field to specify a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.
 - **Agent local port**—Use this field to specify a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.
- 9. Click **Next** to continue.

The Remote ElectricFlow Server screen appears:



- 10. Complete the following information on the Remote ElectricFlow Server screen:

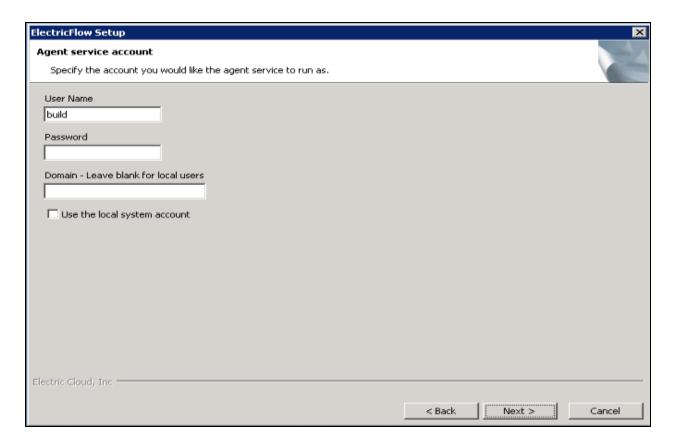
 - **ElectricFlow User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of an ElectricFlow user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. This field defaults to the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.
 - **Password**—Use this field to enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.
 - Discover the plugins directory—Select this check box if you want the agent machine
 to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so
 agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13

• **Create a resource**—Select this check box if you want to create a resource on the remote ElectricFlow server for the agent you are installing.

- **Trusted**—Select this check box to restrict this agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.
- **Resource Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the resource you would like to use for the agent. This field is available for use when the Create a resource check box is selected.
- **Create in default zone**—Select this check box if you want to create the agent in the default zone.
- **Agent Gateway URL**—Use this field to enter the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- **Zone Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the zone used during remote agent and or remote repository creation. This field is available for use when the Create in default zone check box is cleared.
- 11. Click Next to continue.

The **Agent Service Account** screen appears:



12. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the following information on the screen:

- On Linux root or sudo installations:
 - User Name—Use this field to enter the name of the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, click **Yes** when the following confirmation appears:



- Group Name—Use this field to enter the name of the group who owns the ElectricFlow agent process.
- Windows systems:
 - **User Name**—Use this field to enter the name of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.

The user that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

- **Password** Use this field to enter the password of the user who will run the ElectricFlow agent service.
- **Domain**—Use this field to enter the domain name information for the user. For example, electric-cloud.com. Leave this field blank if this is a local user.
- **Use the local system account**—Select this check box if you want the ElectricFlow agent service to run as the Windows local system account.

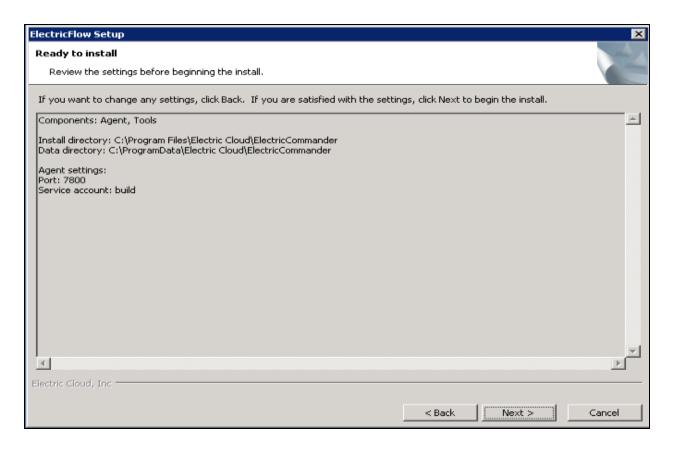
Note:

The Windows local system account cannot access network resources such as shared file systems used for plugins or workspaces. Therefore, do not use this option for a clustered server deployment, which requires a shared file system for plugins. This option is typically used only for installing agents on numerous machines, which would otherwise require that you create a new account on each of those machines.

13. Select the appropriate steps for your platform and complete the information on the screen.

14. Click **Next** to continue.

The **Ready to Install Screen** appears:

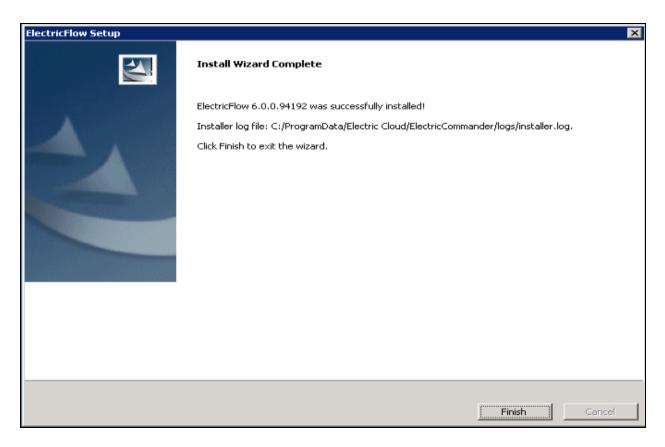


15. Verify your selections.

Use the **Back** button to change settings if needed.

16. Click **Next** to continue.

ElectricFlow installs the agent and tools components. This process can take a few minutes. **The Installation Wizard Complete** screen appears:



- 17. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.
- 18. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Interactive Command-Line Installation Methods

The interactive command-line installation methods are supported only for Linux-only installations on a local Linux volume. Electric Cloud does not support installing the ElectricFlow server on a network volume.

Note: You install ElectricFlow agent software on Linux with this installation method. For Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, AIX, or other supported UNIX agent machines, see Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x ./ElectricFlow-<version>
```

- 2. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - If you have a Linux platform, enter ./ElectricFlow-<version>.
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console
```

The system displays the following message:

```
Copyright (c) 2006-2018, Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved. This will install ElectricFlow on your computer. Continue? [n/Y]
```

3. Continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressServer, expressAgent, or advanced. [expressServer]
```

- 4. Enter: expressAgent.
 - If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

5. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

6. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Important: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

7. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for **pre-existing** ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N]

Note: Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with

trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a
 requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All
 incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer,
 and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 8. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

Important: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

The software displays the following message.

Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [n/Y]

9. Enter y to create the agent in the default zone.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the hostName:port of a remote ElectricFlow server the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. [] <hostName:port>

10. Enter the Server Host Name of the ElectricFlow server that will communicate with this agent. You must specify the Server Host Name as <hostName>:>port> if the remote server is using a non-default HTTPS port. If you do not specify a port, HTTPS port 8443 is assumed (the same as the ElectricFlow server default port).

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user name with which to login to <hostName>:<port>. [admin]
```

11. Enter the user name of a user on the ElectricFlow server who has sufficient privileges to create a resource. The default is the ElectricFlow-supplied admin user.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the password for "<electricflow user>" on <hostName>:<port>. []
```

12. Enter the password for the ElectricFlow user. The default password for the admin user is changeme.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the name of the resource to create on <<hostName>:<port>. [<resource_name>]

- 13. Enter the following information if the agent must be registered as a trusted agent. These options only appear if you entered y for Register as trusted agent (required for gateway)? [y/N].
 - 1. Enter a resource name to use on the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the agent gateway URL in the form of 'ipOrHostname:port' []
```

2. Enter an agent gateway URL. This is the URL of the gateway used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the zone name for the agent and/or repository []
```

3. Enter the Zone Name. This is the zone used during remote agent and or remote repository creation.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

- 4. Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.
- 14. The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_ DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

15. Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
For example, enter:
```

chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl

- 3. Choose one of the following commands to begin the installation:
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges, enter:

```
./<agent installer file>
```

• For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console
```

• For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console --nonRoot
```

4. After the confirmation prompt, continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message:

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 5. Press Enter to accept expressAgent.
 - If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, go to Step 6 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing "pseudo" ElectricFlow on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

6. Enter y.

The missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

7. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Important: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

8. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for existing ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

```
Register as trusted agent? [y/N]
```

Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development systems.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with

trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 9. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

Note: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

For root or sudo installations, the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

10. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

11. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

12. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running an Advanced Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer)

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

```
chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl
```

- 3. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges, enter:

```
./<agent_installer_file>
```

• For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console
```

• For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

```
./<agent_installer_file> --mode console --nonRoot
```

4. After the confirmation prompt, continue the installation by entering y.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 5. Enter advanced.
 - If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, or if you are installing "pure" 64-bit agents, go to Step 5 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

6. Enter y.

Any missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

7. Enter a new installation directory path for program files and binaries.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the data directory (for configuration files and logs). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

8. Enter a new installation directory path for configuration files and logs.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the agent port. [7800]
```

9. Enter a different port to eliminate any conflicts with your existing system configuration.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the agent local port. [6800]
```

 Enter a different port to be used by the agent for HTTP communication on the localhost network interface.

The software displays the following message.

```
Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

11. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

12. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for existing ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

```
Register as trusted agent? [y/N]
```

Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 13. Choose one of the following options:
 - If a gateway is used to communicate with the ElectricFlow server, you must select y. This option allows you to create a trusted network connection between the agent and server under the same certificate authority. This will allow the agent and the ElectricFlow server to communicate across the network.
 - If there is no gateway between the agent and ElectricFlow server, enter n.

Important: If you deviated from the recommended agent options, you will see variations in the installation options that appear on your system.

For root or sudo installations, the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

14. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a user name. This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

15. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a Group Name. This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you might enter build.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine. When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

16. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Running an Express Agent Command-Line Installation (Agent-Only Installer) When the Server Uses Registered and Concurrent Licenses

Use this procedure when the ElectricFlow server uses a mix of registered and concurrent licenses.

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

Certain ElectricFlow installers allow you to perform installations as a non-root user or a user without sudo privileges. To determine whether a particular installer has an option to run in this mode, see Availability of Installers with a Non-Root/Non-sudo or Non-Administrator Mode on page 3-4.

Review Before You Install ElectricFlow on page 3-8 before performing this procedure.

1. Download the appropriate agent-only installer file.

For details, see ElectricFlow Installer Files on page 3-1.

2. Enter the following command to make the installer file executable:

```
chmod +x <agent_installer_file>
```

For example, enter:

chmod +x ElectricFlowAgent-x64-8.4.0.129860-new-with-64bit-perl

- 3. Choose one of the following commands to begin the upgrade:
 - For installations with root or sudo privileges, enter:

```
./<agent installer file>
```

• For installations with root or sudo privileges and the X Window System, override the installer GUI by entering:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console
```

• For non-root/non-sudo installations, enter:

```
./<agent installer file> --mode console --nonRoot
```

4. After the confirmation prompt, enter y to continue the installation.

The software displays the following message:

```
Specify the type of setup you would like to perform: expressAgent or advanced. [expressAgent]
```

- 5. Press Enter to accept expressAgent.
 - If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine and the 32-bit libraries are already installed, or if you are installing "pure" 64-bit agents, go to Step 6 when the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the install directory (for program files and binaries). [/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander]
```

• If you are installing "pseudo" 64-bit agents on a 64-bit machine but the required 32-bit libraries are not installed, the software displays the missing libraries. For example:

```
The following libraries are missing on your system: libstdc++.i686 libuuid.i686. ElectricFlow Agent will not function properly without them.
```

Please select Y to automatically install these libraries from the internet. Or select N to Abort the installation. [n/Y]

Note: The installer is not bundled with the 32-bit libraries. It requires a 64-bit machine to have an internet connection to download and install the missing libraries. If you must manually install them, see Supported Server Platforms on page 2-1.

6. Enter y.

Any missing 32-bit libraries are installed. If you enter n, the installation process stops and the installer exits.

The software displays the following message.

```
Discover the plugins directory from a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]
```

7. Enter y if you want the agent machine to have access to the plugins directory. You should allow access to the plugins directory so agents have access to collections of features, third-party

integrations, or third-party tools.

Note: The plugins directory on the ElectricFlow server must be "shared" before the agent machine can use "discover" to find the directory. For more information, see Universal Access to the Plugins Directory on page 5-13.

The software displays the following message.

Create a resource for the installed agent on a remote ElectricFlow server? [n/Y]

8. Enter y to automatically create a resource object for the agent on a remote ElectricFlow server. This option is recommended to save time configuring new ElectricFlow resources for *pre-existing* ElectricFlow servers.

The software displays the following message.

```
Register as trusted agent? [y/N]
```

Making an agent trusted restricts the agent to one ElectricFlow server. The agent will not respond to incoming communication from any other ElectricFlow server. This is useful when you want to create a secure production environment, but generally not needed for test or development environments.

Important:

You can run gateways without trusted agents. However, you should use gateways with trusted agents to prevent security issues in the firewall between zones connected by a gateway.

There are exceptions to using gateways without trusted agents:

- The firewall between two zones is not required in your environment or is needed only to protect the ElectricFlow server.
- There is a specific reason to use gateways without trusted agents, such as a requirement to prevent unauthorized users from accessing your network. All incoming traffic from the internet is routed to a data center through a load balancer, and the load balancer routes the traffic to the appropriate machine in your network.
- 9. Enter n if you are installing the ElectricFlow Community Edition.

The software displays the following message.

```
Create repository and/or agent in the default zone? [y/n]
```

10. Enter y.

The software displays the following message.

Specify the host:port of a remote ElectricFlow server that the agent, repository server and/or web server being installed can link to. The port is only required if it is not the default. []

11. Enter the <host:port>.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user name with which to login to "<host:port>". [admin]
```

12. Enter admin.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the password for "admin" on "<host:port>". []
```

13. Enter a password.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the name of the resource to create on "<host:port>". []
```

14. Enter a resource name.

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify resource type for remote server: Registered or Concurrent. []
```

15. Enter Registered.

For root or sudo installations, the software displays the following message.

```
Specify the user the agent will run as. []
```

16. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a user name.

This is the user who owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The user/group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory. If you specify root, enter y when the following confirmation appears:

```
It is not recommended to use the 'root' user for running the agent process. Please confirm if you would like to proceed [y/N]
```

The software displays the following message.

```
Specify the group the agent will run as. []
```

17. (Root or sudo installations) Enter a group name.

This is the group that owns the ElectricFlow agent process. For example, you can enter deploy.

The ElectricFlow software is installed on the machine.

When the installation completes successfully, a message that contains the line "ElectricFlow <version> was successfully installed!" appears.

18. For non-root/non-sudo Linux installations, configure autostart for the ElectricFlow agent service.

For instructions, see Configuring Autostart for the Agent Service for Non-Root/Non-sudo Agent-Only Linux Installations on page 5-12.

Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents

To install agents and tools on UNIX machines that are not supported ElectricFlow server platforms, you must use a UNIX installer file instead of the ./ElectricFlow-<version> installer file (which works only for server installation). This file is named commander_<ostype>.bin and is available on the Electric Cloud FTP site. For more information about supported agent platforms, see Supported Agent Platforms on page 2-10.

Interactive Command-Line Installation Method for UNIX or macOS Agents

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

This section describes how to install agents and tools on UNIX (not Linux or Windows) machines. These include Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, and AIX machines. Agent upgrades are not supported on these platforms.

You can install agents using any of the following accounts:

- root
- · Any account with sudo privileges
- (UNIX or macOS only) Any non-root account without sudo privileges

Installing Agents Using root or an Account with sudo Privileges

To install agents and tools on UNIX or macOS machines using root or an account with sudo privileges:

- 1. Obtain the UNIX or macOS installer file for your agent platform as described in Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.
- 2. Log in as root.
- 3. Enter chmod +x ./commander <OStype>.bin to ensure that the installer is executable.

where *<OStype>* is the agent platform. For example:

```
commander_powerpc_AIX71.bin
```

4. Run ./commander < OStype > .bin.

The following messages appear:

```
Checking installer integrity, please wait...
ElectricFlow 7.2.0.116649 for AIX Installer
Copyright 2006-2018 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.
```

Press CTRL-C to exit at any time.

Press Enter to accept default settings.

```
log file: /tmp/commander_install_20170321_115947.log
This suite installer can install several different product options.
Note: The default is to install everything.
Which products would you like to install (agent, tools):
```

5. Enter agent or press Enter.

(You can also install the tools only by entering Tools.) The agent and tools will be installed. The following messages appear:

```
Installing agent and tools.

Where would you like the software to be installed?

NOTE: The destination should NOT be an nfs filesystem.

Enter destination directory (default is /opt):
```

6. Enter the destination directory path.

The following message appears:

Enter an existing user to own installed agent files and run agent processes:

7. Enter the name of the user to own the ElectricFlow agent files and run the agent processes.

The following message appears:

```
Enter an existing user group to own installed agent files and run agent processes.

Or hit Enter to choose the primary group (default is '<primary group>'):
```

8. Enter the group name of the user to own the ElectricFlow agent files and run the agent processes or press <code>Enter</code> to use the user's primary group.

The following message appears:

```
Enter the agent port (default is 7800):
```

9. Accept the default port or specify a different port if needed to eliminate conflicts with your existing system configuration, and then press <code>Enter</code>.

The installer extracts and installs the software. When the installation is complete, the following message appears:

```
OK: Installation successful!
```

Installing Agents Using a Non-root Account or an Account Without sudo Privileges

In this type of installation, the installer starts the agent service and runs it as the user that performed the installation.

Important: Running the installer without root or sudo privileges is not recommended. When run without root or sudo privileges, the installer cannot install the files that provide automatic start for the agent services, so you must configure automatic restart manually.

To install agents and tools on UNIX or macOS machines using a non-root account without sudo privileges:

- 1. Log in as the user to own the installed agent files and run the agent processes.
- 2. Obtain the UNIX or macOS installer file for your agent platform as described in Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.
- 3. Run chmod +x ./commander < OStype>.bin to ensure that the installer is executable.

```
<OStype> is the agent platform. For example:
```

```
commander powerpc AIX71.bin
```

4. Enter ./commander <OStype>.bin --nonRoot to start the installation.

The following messages appear:

```
Checking installer integrity, please wait...
ElectricFlow 7.2.0.116649 for AIX Installer
Copyright 2006-2018 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

Press CTRL-C to exit at any time.

Press Enter to accept default settings.

log file: /tmp/commander_install_20170321_115947.log

This suite installer can install several different product options.

Note: The default is to install everything.

Which products would you like to install (agent, tools):
```

Note:

Failure to include the --nonRoot argument causes the following error:

This installer must be invoked in a root context.

ERROR: Install failed. Exiting installer.

5. Enter agent or press Enter.

(You can also install the tools only by entering Tools.) The agent and tools will be installed. The following messages appear:

Installing agent and tools.

Where would you like the software to be installed?

NOTE: The destination should NOT be an nfs filesystem.

Enter destination directory (default is /opt):

6. Enter the destination directory path.

Note:

If you lack sufficient privileges on the destination directory, the following error appears, and you must obtain sufficient privileges before continuing:

Could not create "/bin/electriccloud/electriccommander".

If the directory that you entered already exists, the following messages appear:

Directory "/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander" already exists.

Do you want to delete and overwrite it (Y/n)?

7. If the directory already exists, enter Y to overwrite it.

The following messages appear:

Non-root install mode. Current user 'build' will be used as owner for installed agent files and run agent processes.

Enter an existing user group to own installed agent files and run agent processes.

Or hit Enter to choose the primary group (default is '<primary group>'):

8. Enter the group name of the user to own the ElectricFlow agent files and run the agent processes or press Enter to use the user's primary group.

The group that the agent runs as must have permission to write to the \$INSTALL_DIRECTORY/log directory.

Note:

If you are not a member of the group, the following message appears, and you must enter a different group:

```
The combination of agent user 'build' and agent group 'foo' is invalid. Please try again.
```

Enter an existing user group to own installed agent files and run agent processes.

Or hit Enter to choose the primary group (default is '<primary group>'):

After you successfully enter the group name, the following message appears:

```
Enter the agent port (default is 7800):
```

9. Accept the default port or specify a different port if needed to eliminate conflicts with your existing system configuration, and then press Enter.

The installer extracts and installs the software. Then the following messages appear. Note that the directory to contain the agent services varies by platform:

```
Please wait while the services are configured and started...

Services are started automatically during configuration.

To manually start services use following command(s):
/opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/startup/ecmdrAgent start

To start services at system startup,
copy files at /opt/electriccloud/electriccommander/startup
to the init.d directory '/etc/rc.d/init.d'
and make corresponding links in /etc/rcX.d directories.
```

When the installation is complete, the following message appears:

OK: Installation successful!

Unattended (Silent) Installation Method for UNIX or macOS Agents

The agent software must be installed on each machine you intend to use with ElectricFlow. An agent is an ElectricFlow component that runs on a machine resource. The agent executes ElectricFlow job steps, monitors step progress, and records job completion information.

This section describes how to install agents and tools silently on UNIX (not Linux or Windows) machines. These include Solaris, HP-UX, macOS, and AIX machines. Agent upgrades are not supported on these platforms.

You can install agents using any of the following accounts:

- root
- · Any account with sudo privileges
- . (UNIX or macOS only) Any non-root account without sudo privileges

Silent Installation Command Arguments

The following table lists the available arguments.

Argument	Description
-d	Runs the installer in silent mode. The default installation options are used unless you override them on the command line or in an installation configuration file.
nonRoot	(UNIX or macOS only) Runs the installer using a non-root account without sudo privileges. The agent service will run as the user that performed the installation.
-f	Removes and replaces any existing files in the destination directory. This argument completely removes the directory but does <i>not</i> uninstall the previous version. For details about upgrades, see Roadmap to Upgrade ElectricFlow on page 6-1.
config	Specifies a file containing installation parameters and values.

Running a Silent Installation

Important: Running the installer without root or sudo privileges is not recommended. When run without root or sudo privileges, the installer cannot install the files that provide automatic start for the agent services, so you must configure automatic restart manually.

To run a silent UNIX or macOS agent installation:

- 1. Obtain the UNIX or macOS installer file for your agent platform as described in Non-Server Platform Installation Method for UNIX Agents on page 14-32.
- 2. If you are *not* installing as a non-root user without sudo privileges, log in as root or as a user with sudo privileges.
- 3. Run chmod +x ./commander <0Stype>.bin to ensure that the installer is executable.

4. Run commander <OStype>.bin -q <arguments>.

```
where <OStype> is the agent platform. For example:
```

```
commander_powerpc_AIX71.bin -q -f --config myconfig
```

For installation using a non-root account without sudo privileges, you must include the -- nonRoot argument. Failure to do so causes the following error:

```
This installer must be invoked in a root context. ERROR: Install failed. Exiting installer.
```

Example Parameters in an Installation Configuration File

Following is an example of parameters in a configuration file for silent installation of agents using root or an account with sudo privileges:

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=agent
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
AGENT_USER_TO_RUN_AS="bill jones"
AGENT_GROUP_TO_RUN_AS=engineering
EC_AGENT_PORT=7800
EC_AGENT_LOCAL_PORT=6800
```

Following is an example of parameters in a configuration file for silent installation of tools using root or an account with sudo privileges:

```
EC_INSTALL_TYPE=tools
DESTINATION_DIR="/opt"
USER_TO_RUN_AS=sally
GROUP TO RUN AS=engineering
```