

ElectricAccelerator Visual Studio Integration Guide

Version 4.1.4

Electric Cloud, Inc.
35 South Market Street, Suite 100
San Jose, CA 95113
www.electric-cloud.com

Copyright © 2002–2014 Electric Cloud, Inc. All rights reserved.

Published 10/7/2014

Electric Cloud® believes the information in this publication is accurate as of its publication date. The information is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment from the vendor.

THE INFORMATION IN THIS PUBLICATION IS PROVIDED “AS IS.” ELECTRIC CLOUD, INCORPORATED MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION IN THIS PUBLICATION, AND SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Use, copying, and distribution of any ELECTRIC CLOUD software described in this publication requires an applicable software license.

Copyright protection includes all forms and matters of copyrightable material and information now allowed by statutory or judicial law or hereinafter granted, including without limitation, material generated from software programs displayed on the screen such as icons, screen display appearance, and so on.

The software and/or databases described in this document are furnished under a license agreement or nondisclosure agreement. The software and/or databases may be used or copied only in accordance with terms of the agreement. It is against the law to copy the software on any medium except as specifically allowed in the license or nondisclosure agreement.

Trademarks

Electric Cloud, ElectricAccelerator, ElectricCommander, ElectricDeploy, ElectricInsight, and Electric Make are registered trademarks or trademarks of Electric Cloud, Incorporated.

Electric Cloud products—ElectricAccelerator, ElectricCommander, ElectricDeploy, ElectricInsight, and Electric Make—are commonly referred to by their “short names”—Accelerator, Commander, Deploy, Insight, and eMake—throughout various types of Electric Cloud product-specific documentation.

Other product names mentioned in this guide might be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners and are hereby acknowledged.

Contents

Chapter 1: Overview	1-1
Chapter 2: What's New	2-1
Visual Studio IDE Add-In	2-1
What's New for Version 4.1.4	2-1
What's New for Version 4.1.3	2-1
What's New for Version 4.1.2	2-1
What's New for Version 4.1	2-1
Visual Studio Converter Add-In	2-1
What's New for Version 4.1.4	2-1
What's New for Version 4.1.3	2-2
What's New for Version 4.1.2	2-2
What's New for Version 4.1	2-2
VS Converter Add-In Upgrade Notes	2-2
ecdevenv Utility	2-3
What's New for Version 4.1.4	2-3
What's New for Version 4.1.3	2-3
What's New for Version 4.1.2	2-3
What's New for Version 4.1	2-3
Chapter 3: Known Issues	3-1
Chapter 4: System Requirements	4-1
Supported Visual Studio Versions	4-1
Prerequisites	4-2
Chapter 5: Visual Studio IDE Add-In Installation	5-1
Installing the VS IDE Add-In	5-1
Silent Installation	5-1
Installation Options	5-2
Chapter 6: VS IDE Add-In Interface	6-1
Main Menu and Toolbar	6-2
Build Solution Locally	6-3
Output Pane	6-3
Context-Sensitive Menus	6-4
Solution Settings	6-6
General	6-6
Options	6-12
Debug	6-13
Advanced	6-15
Command Line	6-17

Chapter 7: Using the ecdevenv Utility	7-1
No Makefiles are Required	7-1
Visual Studio Toolchain Virtualization	7-1
Build Multiple Solutions and Projects	7-2
Add-In Options	7-2
Force	7-2
Skip	7-2
Generate Only	7-2
Other Options	7-2
Debugging	7-3
Miscellaneous Files Generated by ecdevenv	7-3
Chapter 8: Visual Studio Converter Add-In	8-1
Using ecdevenv	8-1
Creating a makefile	8-1
Setting the Path for 64-bit or Xbox Builds	8-2
Chapter 9: Setting Visual Studio Environment Variables	9-1
Setting VS Converter Add-In Environment Variables	9-1
Setting the Environment Variable to Enable Local Solution Builds	9-7
Setting the Environment Variable for ecdevenv Startup Checks	9-7
Chapter 10: Performance Tuning	10-1
Improve Build Time for /ZI + PCH Builds	10-1
Improve Build Time for Solutions with Many Projects	10-1
Improve Final Link Time	10-2
Improve Incremental Build Time	10-2
Improve Incremental Linking Time	10-2
Optimize Parallelization Using PDB Splitting	10-2
Chapter 11: Using MSBuild	11-1
Chapter 12: Visual Studio 6	12-1
One-Time Export	12-1
On-the-Fly Export	12-1
Chapter 13: Debugging	13-1
Chapter 14: Troubleshooting	14-1
Make Sure You Initialize Visual Studio	14-1
Common Issues	14-1
Visual Studio is missing the Electric Cloud menu	14-2
Application Data folder could not be created. make: *** [all]	14-2
For VS2005 SP1 builds, the build is not broken up and runs as one large job	14-3
Build terminated with “not making progress” error	14-3
Visual Studio quits immediately at the start of the build	14-3
Error “‘devenv’ not found” is displayed	14-3
For VS2010/msbuild 4.0 builds, each project is taking around 15 minutes	14-4
Error “Unable to build specified project’ or missing file errors	14-4
Error “msbuild not found”	14-4
Missing DLL errors or Visual Studio installation is corrupt	14-4

Error "command line too long"	14-4
The build is slow (not parallelized) and/or each line of the build output is prefixed with 1>, 2>, etc ...	14-5
Error: ' ' not recognized	14-5
When virtualizing the Visual Studio toolchain, regsvr32 fails trying to register a DLL that uses debug CRT DLLs	14-5
Particular projects do not build under eMake	14-5
Electric Cloud menu in Visual Studio is grayed out (disabled)	14-6
Invalid macro invocation '\$' build error	14-6
Using Visual Studio 2010, a project fails at link when using the Add-In but succeeds when using Visual Studio alone	14-6
Upgrading only cluster agents to Accelerator v7.0 might result in an error	14-6
Index	15-1

Chapter 1: Overview

ElectricAccelerator® Visual Studio integration is composed of two distinct add-ins and the ecdevenv.exe utility:

- Visual Studio IDE Add-In (VS IDE Add-In)

This add-in integrates with the Microsoft Visual Studio IDE and lets you build Visual Studio solutions and projects using Electric Make® (eMake) from within the IDE. The add-in provides an Electric Cloud build menu and toolbar. The existing build menu remains intact for local (non-eMake) builds. You must install the add-in separately as instructed in [Visual Studio IDE Add-In Installation](#).

- Visual Studio Converter Add-In (VS Converter Add-In)

This add-in is a command line program used by eMake to convert Visual Studio projects into NMAKE makefiles. The add-in is installed automatically with Accelerator.

- ecdevenv.exe Utility

ecdevenv is a drop-in replacement for devenv.exe that builds Visual Studio solutions and projects using eMake. ecdevenv is installed automatically with Accelerator. It provides a number of important features. See [Using the ecdevenv Utility](#) for information.

Chapter 2: What's New

Visual Studio IDE Add-In

What's New for Version 4.1.4

- Removed the "CPP" frame (which erroneously indicated that the **Run Local Project** field applied only to C++) from the **Options** tab of the Electric Cloud **Solution Settings** dialog box. (VSP-776)

What's New for Version 4.1.3

- Fixed the issue in Visual Studio 2008 in which the **Electric Cloud** context menu for the project was missing from the Solution Explorer. (VSP-782)

What's New for Version 4.1.2

- Provided the installer with a valid digital signature. (VSP-741)
- Fixed the issue in which not all projects appeared in the IDE add-in project browser. (VSP-739)

What's New for Version 4.1

- Added support for Visual Studio 2013.

Visual Studio Converter Add-In

What's New for Version 4.1.4

- Fixed the issue where for string-type variables, environment variables that were set to a null value (left blank) caused the corresponding variables in the configuration file to be ignored. (VSP-797)
- Changed the default location of the debug log file from C:\ to the folder determined by the `TMP` environment variable. (VSP-797)
- The `ecdevenv` utility now passes `/Rebuild` (rather than `/Clean` followed by `/Build`) to non-parsed projects to speed up builds. Also, the message header in the build output is changed to `Rebuild All`. (VSP-792)
- Fixed the issue where the add-in did not create a link command when a DLL contained static libraries but no objects. (VSP-789)

- (Visual Studio 2012 and newer) Fixed the issue that caused the `LINK : warning LNK4075: ignoring '/MANIFESTFILE' due to '/MANIFEST:EMBED' specification error message and the NMAKE : fatal error U1077: 'mt.exe' : return code '0x1f'` error message. (VSP-770)

What's New for Version 4.1.3

- Fixed the issue in which the add-in used a solution platform other than the one last used in the Visual Studio IDE. (VSP-764)
- Fixed the issue in which Qt-generated custom build tool outputs properties contained one or more extra carriage returns, which caused NMAKE fatal error U1006. (VSP-762)
- Fixed the issue that caused compiler fatal error C1113 when you referenced a .dll file that did not contain CLR code. (VSP-752)
- Fixed the issue that caused NMAKE fatal error U1073 (which indicated a missing .xdc target file) that occurred when the VS Converter Add-In `UpToDateCheck` variable was set to `true`. (VSP-751)
- Fixed the issue in which linker tools warning LNK4206 occurred when the add-in `ECADDIN_FORCE_Z7` environment variable was set to `true`. Also added the `ECADDIN_INJECT_PCH_REFERENCE` environment variable to add `/YI<projectname>` to the PCH creator (`/Yc`). This environment variable is set to `true` by default. Set it to `false` only if linker tools error LNK2005 (multiply-defined symbol error) appears. (VSP-553)
- All add-in environment variables now override variables in the add-in configuration file, so you can set them outside of the configuration file as needed. (VSP-553)

What's New for Version 4.1.2

- Provided the installer with a valid digital signature. (VSP-741)
- Fixed the linker error by escaping the '\$' symbol correctly. (VSP-738)
- Fixed the issue in Visual Studio 2012 in which the incorrect operating system version was inserted for the 110_xp platform toolset. (VSP-737)
- Fixed the parsing error that occurred when the `AdditionalIncludeDirectories` attribute contained a carriage return. (VSP-736)
- Fixed the case of Windows executable file names. (VSP-733)

What's New for Version 4.1

- Added support for Visual Studio 2013.
- Fixed the issue in which the same file was built multiple times. (VSP-718)
- Fixed an issue in which files with the .mm extension could not be compiled. (VSP-714)
- Fixed the handling of Visual Studio 2010 preprocessor macros. (VSP-713)

VS Converter Add-In Upgrade Notes

- When you upgrade from VS Converter Add-In version 3.0, "debug" builds using PDB files will generate many conflicts on the first build. This occurs because the build order might have changed since version 3.0. (Subsequent builds will be fine.)
- Electric Cloud recommends regenerating the history file whenever you upgrade the add-in.

ecdevenv Utility

What's New for Version 4.1.4

- The `ecdevenv` utility now displays the conversion time for each solution (the time for each "Regenerating makefiles for..." command), the total conversion time for all solutions, and the total time used by the utility (the total conversion time for all solutions plus the build time). (VSP-793)
- When the `ecdevenv` utility starts, it now checks whether
 - The VS Converter Add-In is installed
 - `devenv.com` is in the `PATH` environment variable
 - The VS Converter Add-In and the `ecdevenv` utility are the same version
 - The VS IDE Add-In is installed, but the DLL is missing

The `ECDEVENV_SKIP_CHECKS` environment variable is introduced, which you can set to `true` to disable these checks. (VSP-800)

What's New for Version 4.1.3

- Added the `/skip` option to the `ecdevenv` utility so that it never regenerates makefiles. You use this when you have cached makefiles. (You must manually regenerate makefiles using the `/force` option when required.) (VSP-775)
- Fixed the issue in which `ecdevenv` did not return the eMake error code. (VSP-772)
- Fixed the issue that caused the `NMAKE: fatal error U1052: file '<solution_name>.sln..ecmak' not found` error message. (VSP-771)

What's New for Version 4.1.2

- Fixed the parsing of the solution file when you used the `ecdevenv` command. (VSP-747)
- Provided the installer with a valid digital signature. (VSP-741)
- Fixed the parsing of solutions with relative project paths when you used the `ecdevenv` command. (VSP-740)

What's New for Version 4.1

- Added support for Visual Studio 2013.
- Added `ecdevenv` support of environment variables in solution files. (VSP-684)

Chapter 3: Known Issues

- If the cluster upgrade option of the VS IDE Add-In installer fails, re-run the installer to ensure the VS Converter Add-In is installed correctly.
- Because of an issue with previous versions' uninstallers, an upgrade might cause the following error message: `Cannot find script file: C:\ECloud\i686_win32\bin\unregaddin.vbs`. You can ignore this message.
- Make sure you finish all Visual Studio installations *before* installing the VS IDE Add-In. Adding a new language to an existing Visual Studio installation with the VS IDE Add-In already installed causes Visual Studio to display an empty Electric Cloud menu. The workaround is to reinstall the add-in.
- For Visual Studio 2012 or later, the project build order under eMake might be different to Visual Studio if project dependencies are not fully defined.

Workaround: If a build fails because a prerequisite project has not been built, add an explicit project dependency in the solution.

- Visual Studio 2008 builds might break or might not be optimized after upgrading from an earlier version.

Workaround: See knowledge base article [KBEA-00065](#), *The build breaks after upgrading to Visual Studio 2008*.

- Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 projects that contain "custom build rules" will not be parallelized at the project item level.
- Lightswitch projects are not supported.
- You might encounter a build error such as "Invalid macro invocation '\$'". This is caused by an NMAKE limitation that treats the dollar sign (\$) as a special character that precedes a macro name. It is not possible to use '\$' in a preprocessor definition unless there is an even number of '\$' symbols.

Workaround: Either do not use the single dollar sign (\$), or specify it by using a double dollar sign (\$\$).

- For Visual Studio 2010 and later, the MSBuild task batching syntax is not supported for C++ build events (pre-build, pre-link, and post-build events).

Workaround: Substitute the variables with actual values.

- If you are splitting PDBs (the default for /ZI or /ZL), you might experience slow initial build times after upgrading to version 4.0. This occurs because file names for PDB and IDB files were changed to distinguish between PCH and non-PCH files. After the history file is regenerated, build times will return to normal.

Chapter 4: System Requirements

Supported Visual Studio Versions

The Visual Studio IDE Add-In (VS IDE Add-In) supports the following versions of Visual Studio:

- Visual Studio 2013
- Visual Studio 2012
- Visual Studio 2010
- Visual Studio 2008
- Visual Studio 2005

Note: The VS IDE Add-In for Visual Studio 2010 or later does not support Xbox builds, Windows Mobile configurations, or custom build rules.

The VS Converter Add-In supports all .NET versions of Visual Studio:

- Visual Studio 2013
- Visual Studio 2012
- Visual Studio 2010
- Visual Studio 2008
- Visual Studio 2005
- Visual Studio 2003
- Visual Studio 2002

The ecdevenv utility supports all .NET versions of Visual Studio:

- Visual Studio 2013
- Visual Studio 2012
- Visual Studio 2010
- Visual Studio 2008
- Visual Studio 2005
- Visual Studio 2003
- Visual Studio 2002

Prerequisites

For the VS IDE Add-In:

- eMake installed on the build machine
- ElectricAccelerator v7.0.2 or later
- .NET Framework v2.0

For the VS Converter Add-In:

- Microsoft Visual C++ 2005 SP1 Redistributable Package (all Visual Studio versions)
- .NET Framework v2.0

For the ecdevenv utility:

- VS Converter Add-In
- .NET Framework v2.0

Chapter 5: Visual Studio IDE Add-In Installation

Installing the VS IDE Add-In

To install the VS IDE Add-In locally, run the installer provided.

1. Run the `VSAddIn-<version>-Install.exe` file.
2. Welcome screen—click **Next**.
3. Choose Destination Location screen—accept the default install location or click **Browse** to change the location. Click **Next**.
4. Setup Type screen—select the setup type:
 - ElectricAccelerator VS IDE Add-in Local Install
 - ElectricAccelerator VS Converter Add-in Local Install
 - ElectricAccelerator VS Converter Add-in Cluster Upgrade - Upgrades the VS Converter Add-In (Solution Support Add-In) on all Windows cluster agents that are registered to the Cluster Manager you specify.

For the VS Converter Add-In cluster upgrade to proceed, the installation directory on all agents must be `C:\ECloud`, and you must have installed eRunner on the Cluster Manager and agent machines.

- Custom (This option allows you to select multiple setup types from this list.)

Click **Next**.

5. Start Copying Files screen—review your settings before continuing the installation. Click **Next** to continue or **Back** to make changes.
6. When the wizard displays “Install finished,” your installation is complete. Click **Finish** to close the installer.

The installation log file is in the install directory’s root, `C:\ECloud` by default.

Note: Installing just the Converter Add-In uninstalls the existing IDE Add-In if present.

Silent Installation

To do a silent install, follow these steps:

1. Run an installation with the `/save-response-file <filename>` option and your desired settings.

This creates the response file in the directory where you ran the installer.

2. Use the resulting response file for silent identical installs by using the `/response-file <filename>` and `/mode silent` options.

Installation Options

Use this structure for options: `<Install filename> [options]`

The following options are available to customize your installation:

Option	Description
<code>/help</code>	Displays help information.
<code>/mode [ARG]</code>	Sets the installation mode. Available values: <code>standard</code> or <code>silent</code> .
<code>/prefix [ARG]</code>	Sets the installation directory.
<code>/response-file [ARG]</code>	The file from which to read installer responses.
<code>/save-response-file [ARG]</code>	The file to which installer responses are written when the installer exits.
<code>/temp [ARG]</code>	Sets the temporary directory used by the program.
<code>/type [ARG]</code>	Performs the selected type of installation. Available values: <code>addin</code> , <code>uiaddin</code> or <code>cluster</code> .
<code>/version</code>	Displays installer version information.

Chapter 6: VS IDE Add-In Interface

When the VS IDE Add-In starts, it checks if the following are present:

- eMake - If the add-in cannot find eMake, the add-in's Build/Rebuild/Clean functions are disabled.

When eMake is run from Visual Studio, it must be run through an intermediate application named `ecspawn.exe`. This program ensures that eMake responds correctly to Ctrl-C and that child processes are grouped together. This application is displayed in the Task Manager. Do not terminate the application; it stops when the build finishes or when the build is canceled.

Do not run local (non-eMake) builds while running eMake builds and vice-versa.

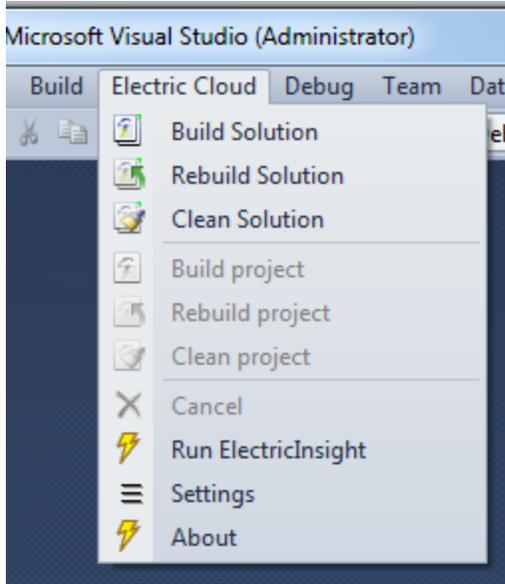
- ElectricInsight® - If the add-in cannot find Insight, the add-in's Run ElectricInsight function is disabled.

Topics:

- [Main Menu and Toolbar](#)
- [Solution Settings](#)

Main Menu and Toolbar

When you run Visual Studio, you are presented with the Electric Cloud main menu (displayed in the following screenshot) and toolbar:



The menu has the following functions:

- Build Solution - Builds the current solution
- Build Solution Locally - Builds the current solution locally with eMake but **without using** remote agents or local agents (this function is equivalent to turning off the Cluster Manager and local agents). This function is hidden by default. See [Build Solution Locally](#) for additional information about this function.
- Rebuild Solution - Rebuilds the current solution
- Clean Solution - Cleans the current solution
- Build <project> - Builds the current project or selection
- Rebuild <project> - Rebuilds the current project or selection
- Clean <project> - Cleans the project or selection
- Cancel - Cancels a running eMake build. When a build is running, you can cancel it by selecting Cancel. Cancel is available only during a running build, rebuild, or clean.
- Run ElectricInsight - Runs Insight with the current annotation file (if it exists). At any time, you might run ElectricInsight (Insight) to view the annotation file. Insight loads the specified annotation file or defaults to emake.xml. When you run Insight from Visual Studio, Visual Studio looks for the currently running instance of `einsight`. If `einsight` is currently running, the annotation file is not loaded (or reloaded). Manually open the annotation file from Insight, or close Insight and select Run ElectricInsight again.
- Settings - Opens the solution settings dialog
- About - Displays add-in information

When selecting one of the build commands, the add-in calls `ecdevenv.exe` to perform the build.

The project and configuration are taken from the current context. The command is dependent on the menu item.

Note: A new unsaved C++ solution cannot be built until the solution .ecd file has been named. Before building with eMake, first close the solution and then reopen it.

The toolbar provides the same functionality as the Electric Cloud main menu and is customizable.

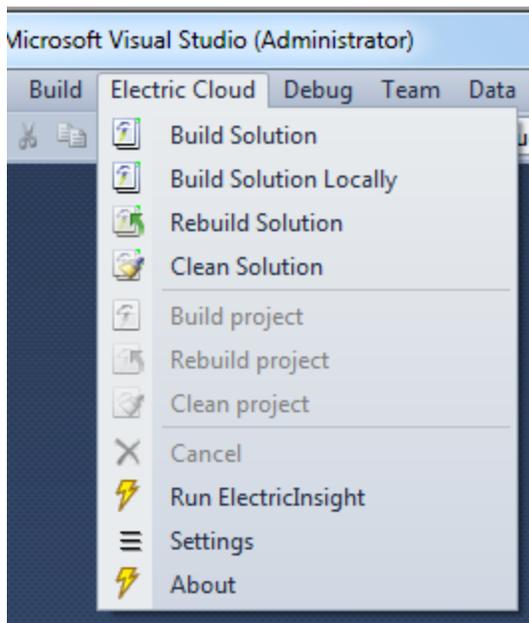


Build Solution Locally

You can choose to build a solution locally with eMake but **without using** remote agents or local agents. You might want to use this function if a distributed incremental build is slow, or if a local Visual Studio incremental build causes unnecessary rebuilding of objects.

To make this function visible in the menu, set the environment variable `ECUIADDIN_LOCAL_BUILD=true`.

The following screenshot illustrates the menu with the Build Solution Locally function.

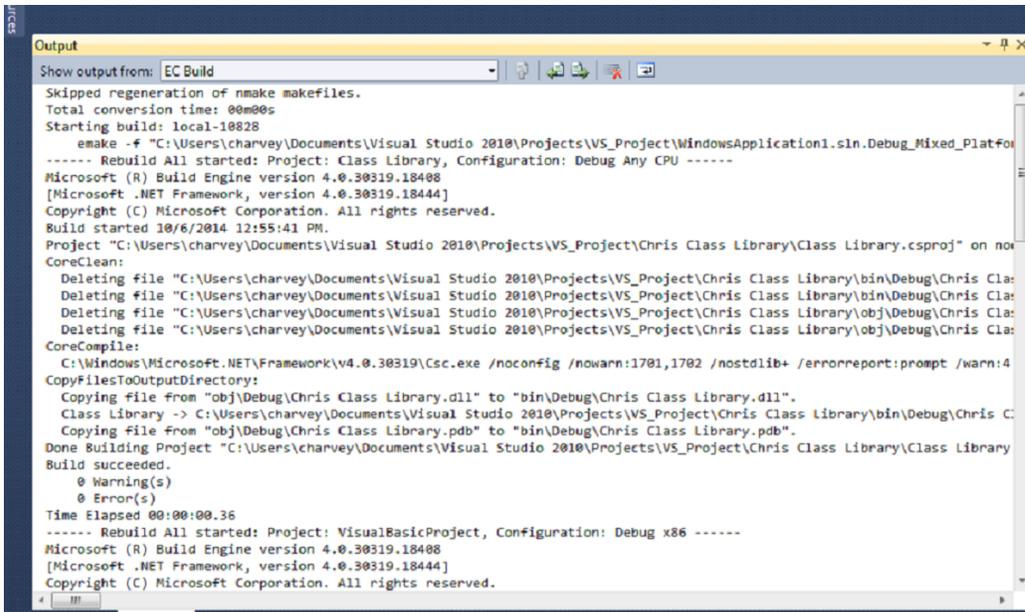


Advisories for Build Solution Locally

- The eMake local build does **not** support autodepend. This means changes in header files might not cause dependent source files to be recompiled.
- The eMake local build does **not** produce an annotation.
- Because history is not generated, unexpected conflicts might occur on subsequent eMake cluster builds.

Output Pane

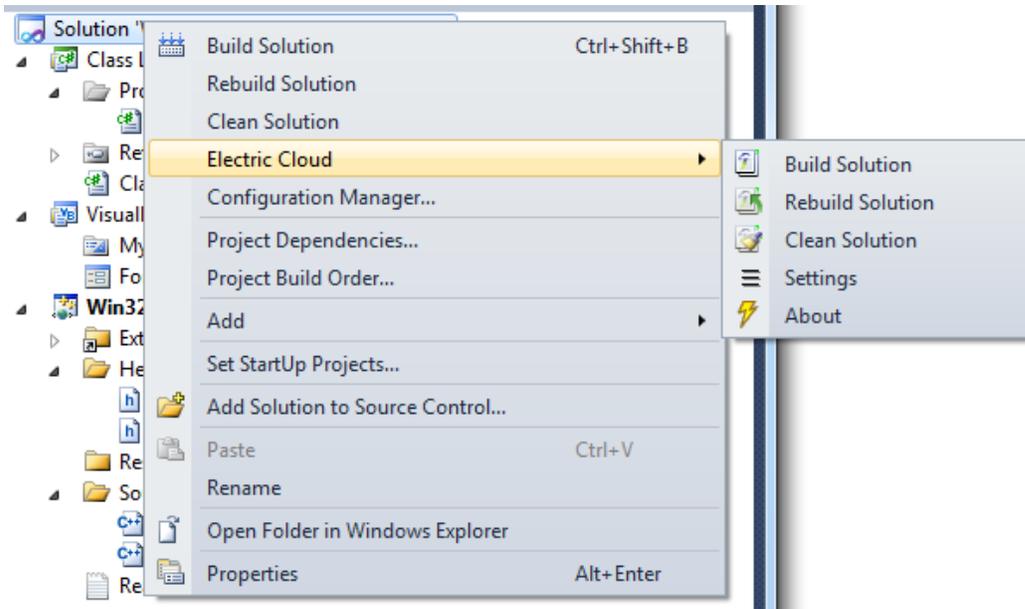
Output from an eMake build is displayed in the EC Build output pane (displayed in the following screenshot).



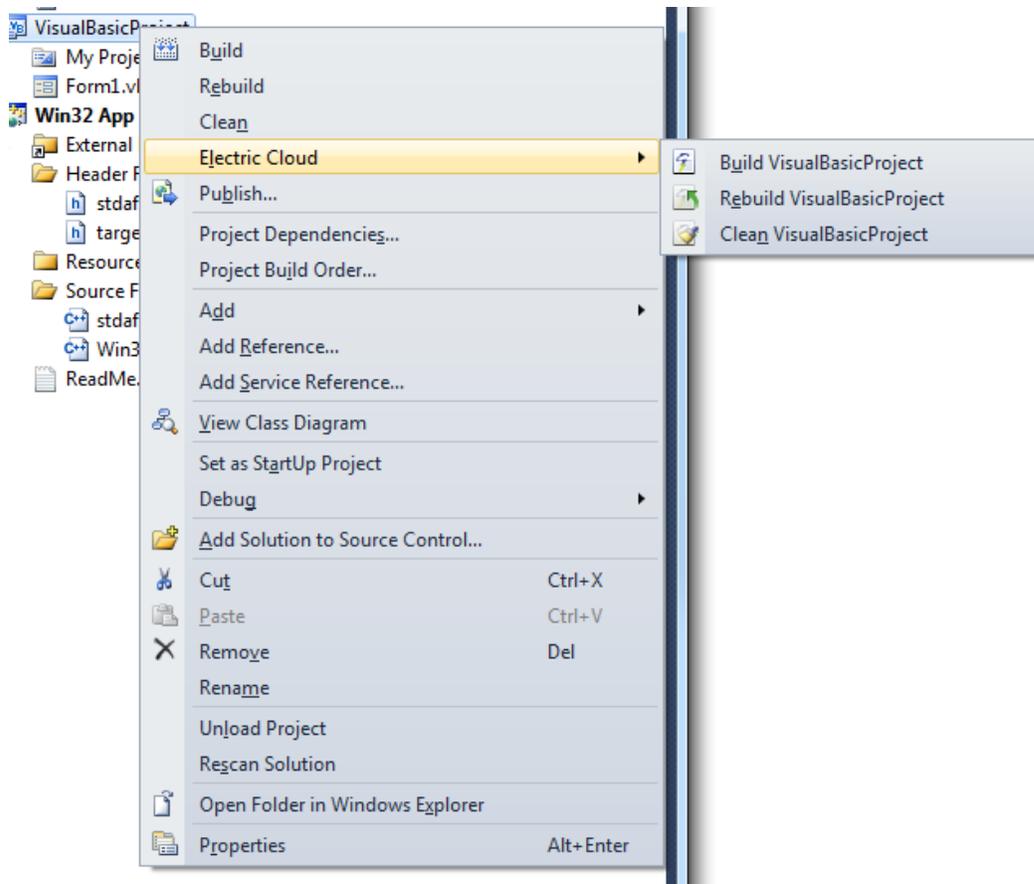
Context-Sensitive Menus

The add-in provides additional context-sensitive menus.

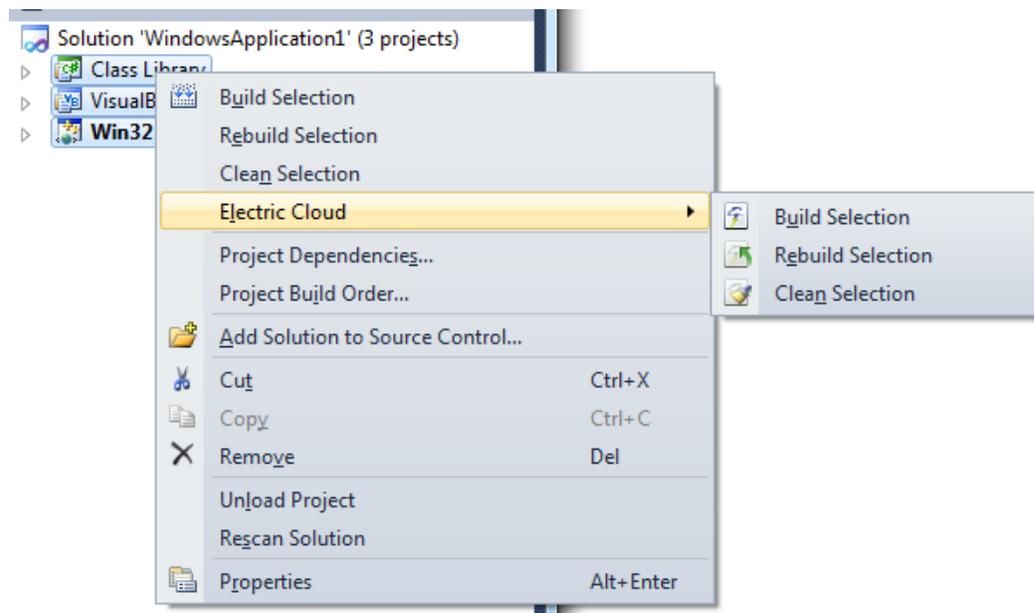
The following screenshot illustrates the Solution menu.



The following screenshot illustrates the Project menu.



The following screenshot illustrates the Selection menu.



Solution Settings

The add-in contains the following Solution Setting categories:

- [General](#)
- [Options](#)
- [Debug](#)
- [Advanced](#)
- [Command Line](#)

Notes:

- The add-in no longer supports global options. Consequently, solution settings do not inherit from global settings. If you have been using an earlier version of the add-in, the previous global settings are migrated to solution settings when you first open a solution.
- See [Setting Visual Studio Environment Variables](#) for environment variable descriptions.

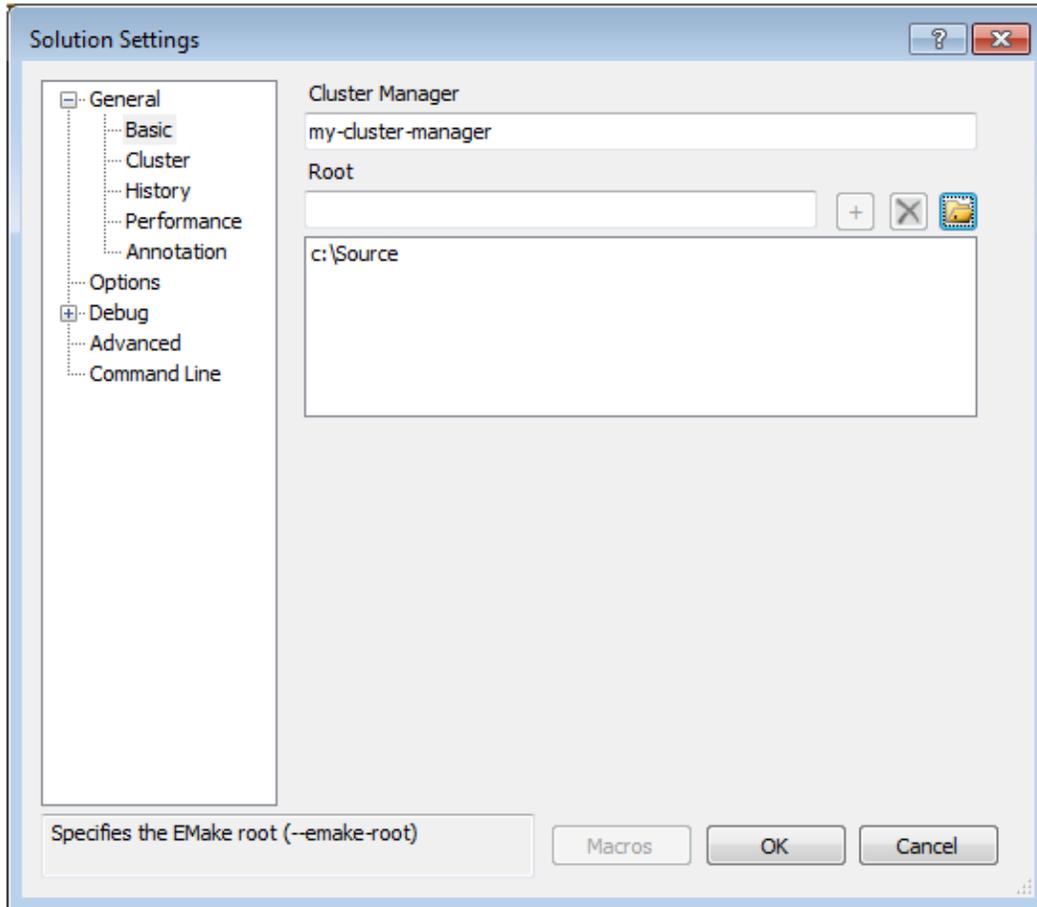
General

This category contains most frequently used settings:

- [Basic](#)
- [Cluster](#)
- [History](#)
- [Performance](#)
- [Annotation](#)

Basic

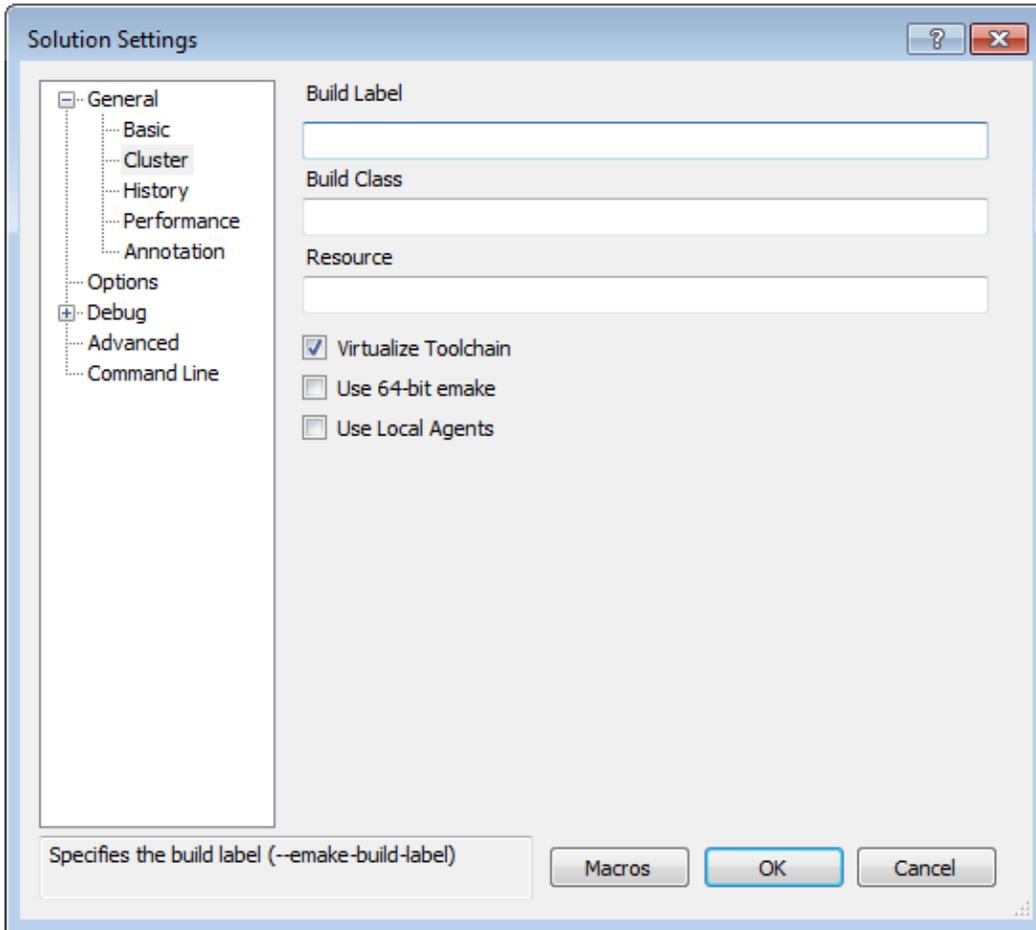
The following screenshot illustrates the Basic sub-category.



- Cluster Manager - Indicates the eMake Cluster Manager (`--emake-cm`). If this field is empty, an eMake build is performed with local agents when **Use Local Agents** is selected. When **Use Local Agents** is not selected, a local eMake build (without remote or local agents) is performed.
- Root - Specifies the eMake root (`--emake-root`). To add a path to the eMake root, enter a path or click the folder button to browse and click the plus button to add it to the list. To delete a path from the eMake root, select it in the list and click the x button.

Cluster

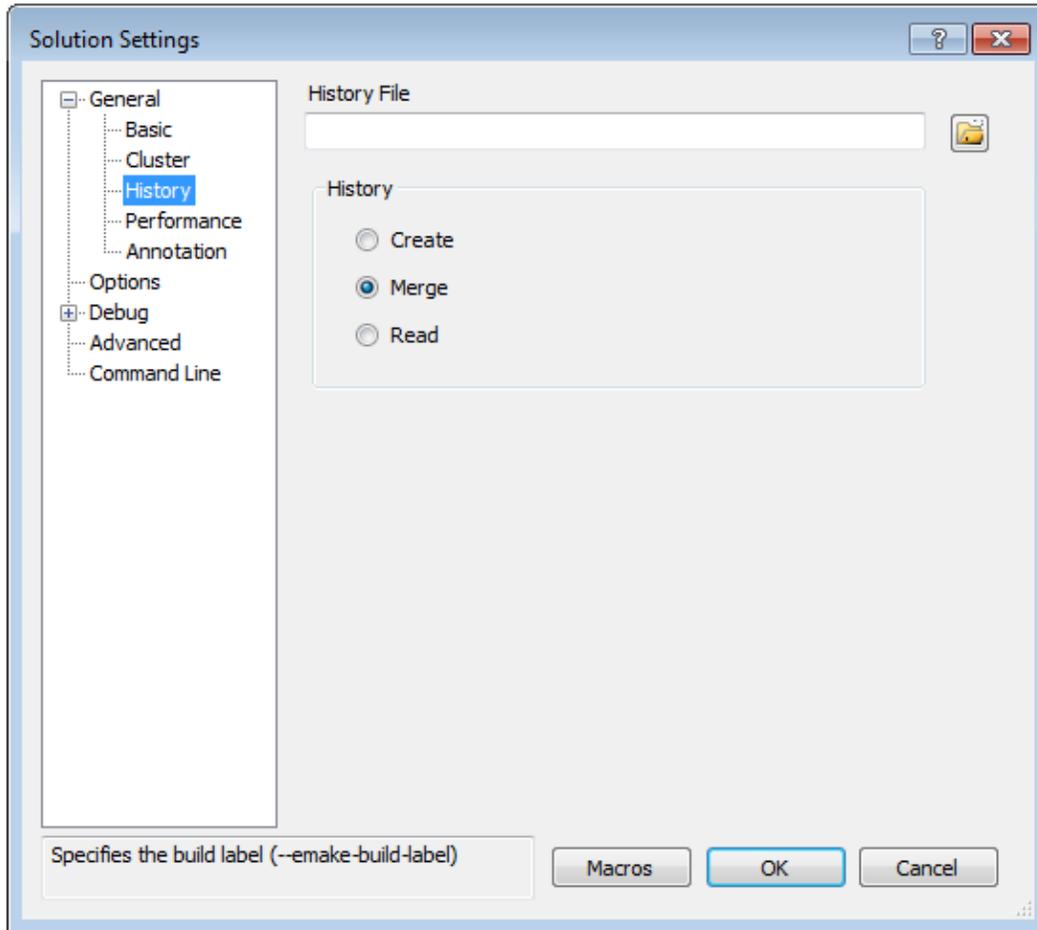
The following screenshot illustrates the Cluster sub-category.



- Build Label - Specifies the build label (`--emake-build-label`).
- Build Class - Specifies the build class (`--emake-class`).
- Resource - Specifies the build resource (`--emake-resource`).
- Virtualize Toolchain - Determines whether to virtualize the Visual Studio toolchain.
- Use 64-bit eMake - Determines whether to use the 64-bit version of eMake.
- Use Local Agents - Determines whether to use local agents (`--emake-localagents`).

History

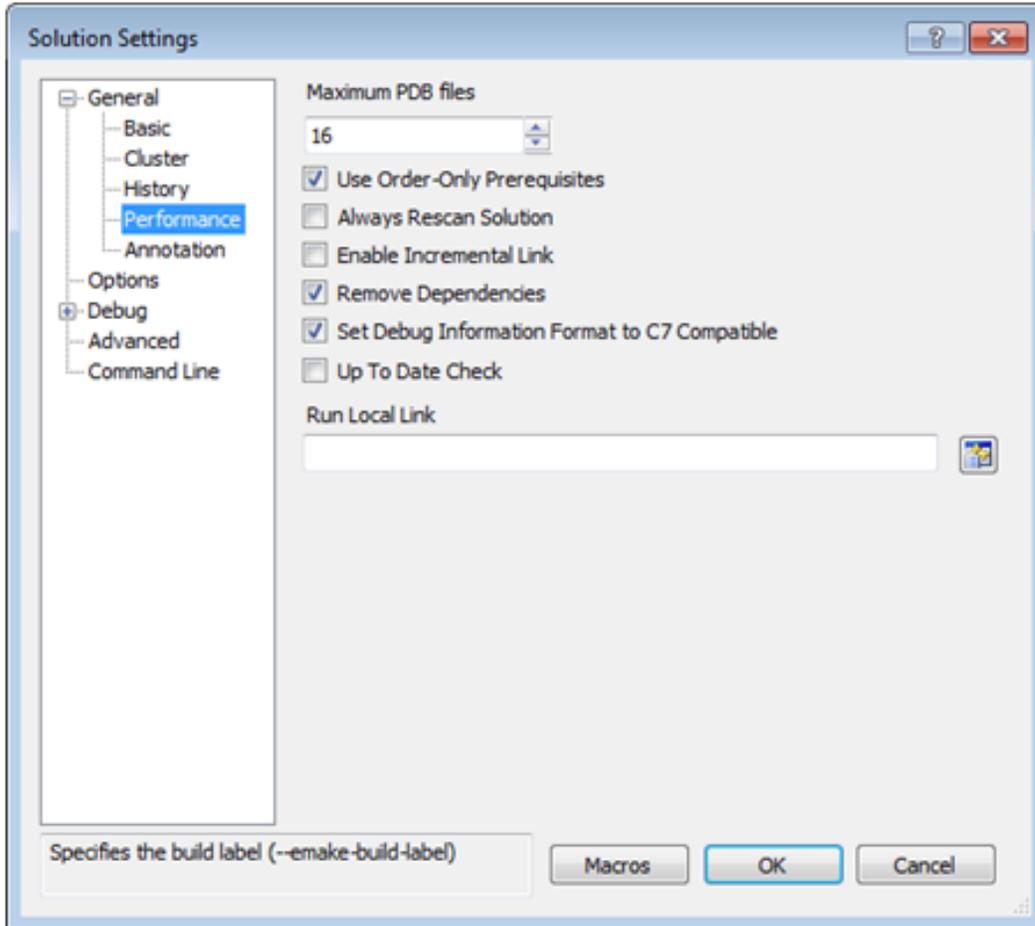
The following screenshot illustrates the History sub-category.



- History File - Specifies the history file to use (`--emake-historyfile`). The default is `eMake.data`.
- History - Specifies the eMake history option (`--emake-history`). Available values: create, merge, or read.

Performance

The following screenshot illustrates the Performance sub-category.

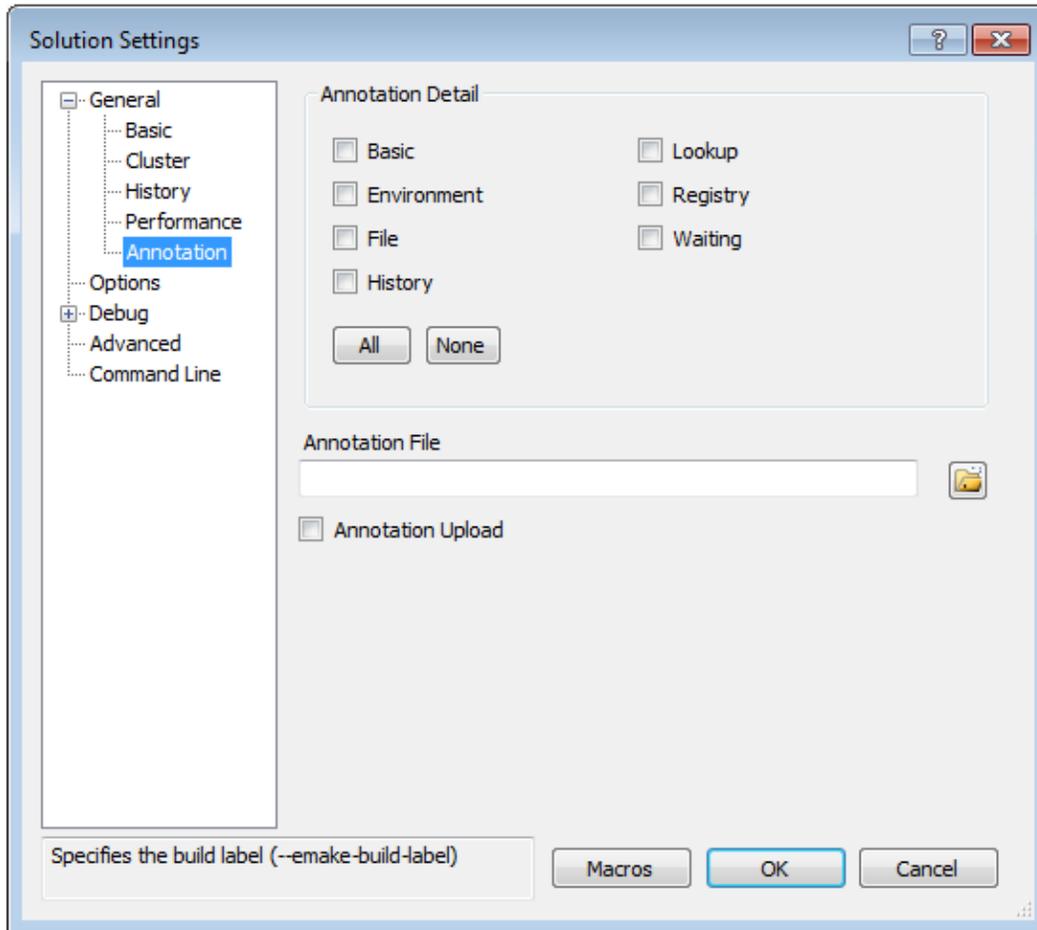


- **Maximum PDB Files** - Sets the maximum number of PDB files used when splitting (sets `ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES`). Default is 16. If you have fewer than 16 agents, you can decrease this value to be equal to or less than the number of agents.
- **Use Order-Only Prerequisites** - Determines whether to use order-only prerequisites (sets `ECADDIN_USE_ORDER_ONLY_PREREQS=true` if enabled). Using order-only prerequisites can improve first-time build speed.
- **Always Rescan Solution** - Determines whether to always recreate temporary makefiles even if the solution has not changed.
- **Enable Incremental Link** - Enables/disables incremental linking (sets `ECADDIN_ENABLE_INCREMENTAL_LINK=true` if enabled).
- **Remove Dependencies** - Determines whether to remove dependencies and references (sets `ECADDIN_REMOVE_DEPENDENCIES=true` if enabled). Removing dependencies prevents Visual Studio from building dependent projects.
- **Set Debug Information to C7 Compatible** - Determines whether to force compiler option `/Z7` (sets `ECADDIN_FORCE_Z7`).
- **Up To Date Check** - Determines whether to check if anything requires building (set `ECADDIN_UP_TO_DATE_CHECK=true` if enabled).

- Run Local Link - Links specified projects locally using `#pragma runlocal` (sets `ECADDIN_RUN_LOCAL_LINK`). Use the projects button to select projects.

Annotation

The following screenshot illustrates the Annotation sub-category.

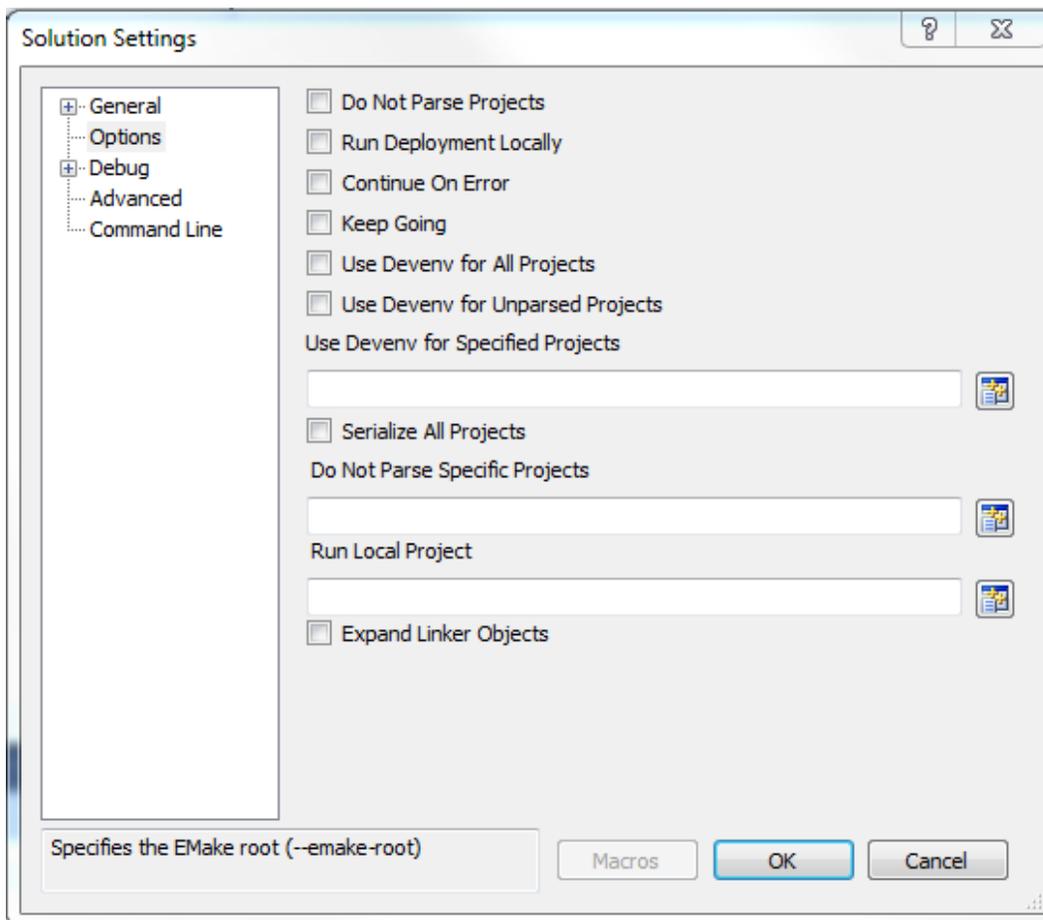


- Annotation Detail - Specifies the level of annotation detail (`--emake-annodetail`) from the following selections:
 - Basic - Collects information about every command run by the build. Detailed information about each “job” in the build is recorded, including command arguments, output, exit code, timing, and source location. In addition, the build structure is represented as a tree where each recursive make level is represented in the XML output.
 - Environment - Adds information about environment variable modifications.
 - File - Adds information about files read or written by each job.
 - History - Adds information about missing serializations discovered by eMake. This includes information about which file caused two jobs to become serialized by the eMake history mechanism.
 - Lookup - Adds information about files that were looked up by each job. **Note:** *This mode can cause the annotation file to become quite large.*

- Registry - Adds information about registry operations.
- Waiting - Adds information about the complete dependency graph for the build.
- Annotation File - Specifies the annotation file (`--emake-annofile`). Required if annotation detail is set. Use folder button to select a file.
- Annotation Upload - Determines whether to upload the annotation file to the Cluster Manager (`--emake-annoupload`).

Options

This category contains most frequently used optional settings.



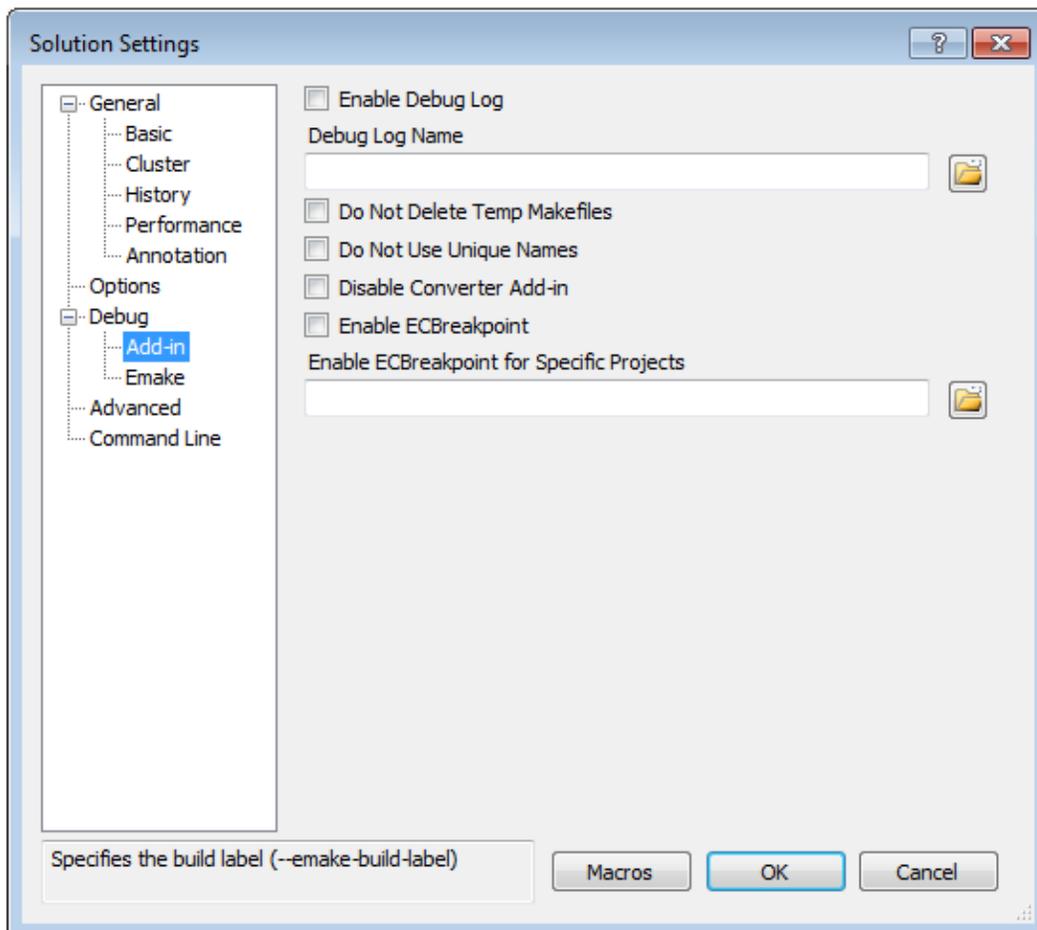
- Do Not Parse Projects - Determines whether to prevent the VS Converter Add-In from breaking up C++ projects (sets `ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECTS=true` if enabled).
- Run Deployment Locally - Determines whether to run deployment projects locally using `#pragma runlocal` (sets `ECADDIN_RUN_DEPLOYMENT_PROJECTS_LOCALLY=true` if enabled).
- Continue On Error - Determines whether to continue when an error occurs (adds `/I` to the eMake call).
- Keep Going - Determines whether to keep going when an error occurs (adds `/k` to the eMake call).
- Use Devenv for All Projects - Determines whether to run all projects using devenv, not msbuild (sets `ECADDIN_USE_DEVENV=true` if enabled).

- Use Devenv for Unparsed Projects - Determines whether to use devenv for unparsed projects (sets ECADDIN_USE_MSBUILD=).
- Use Devenv for Specified Projects - Run specified projects using devenv, not msbuild (sets ECADDIN_USE_DEVENV_FOR_PROJECTS).
- Serialize All Projects - Determines whether to serialize all projects using #serialize (sets ECADDIN_SERIALIZE=true if enabled).
- Do Not Parse Specific Projects - Prevents the VS Converter Add-In from breaking up specified C++ projects (sets ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECT).
- Run Local Project - Runs specified projects locally using #pragma runlocal (sets ECADDIN_RUN_LOCAL_PROJECT).
- Expand Linker Objects - Determines whether to expand linker objects to full pathnames (sets ECADDIN_EXPAND_LINKER_OBJECTS=true if enabled).

Debug

This category contains debug options for the [Add-In](#) and [eMake](#).

Add-In

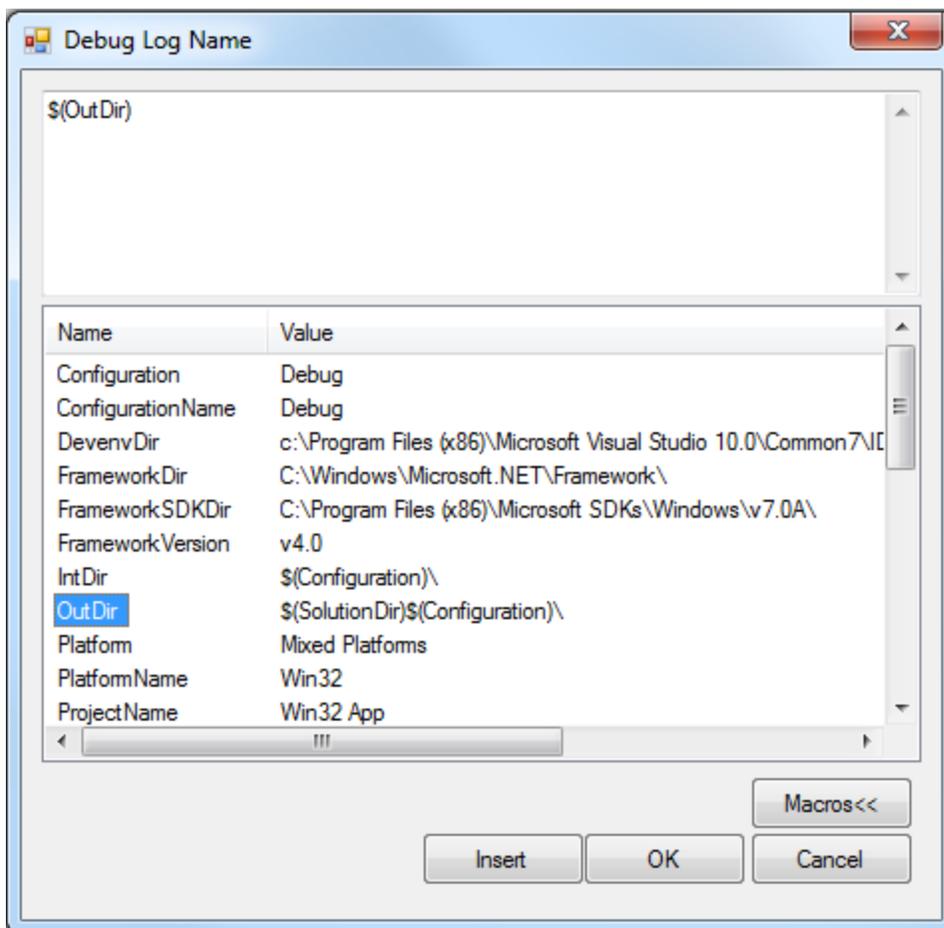


- Enable Debug Log - Determines whether to enable debug logging (sets `ECADDIN_DEBUG=true` if enabled).
- Debug Log Name - Specifies the name of the debug log (sets `ECADDIN_DEBUG_LOG_FILENAME`). The default location is `%TMP%\ecdebug<unique>.log` (where `%TMP%` is usually `C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Local\Temp`). Use the folder button to select a log file.
- Do Not Delete Temp Makefiles - Determines whether to delete temporary makefiles when the build completes (sets `ECADDIN_DONT_RM_TMP_MAKEFILES=true` if enabled).
- Do Not Use Unique Names - Determines whether to use unique names for temporary files (sets `ECADDIN_DONT_USE_UNIQUE=true` if enabled).
- Enable ECBreakpoint - Determines whether to invoke `ecbreakpoint` in failed jobs.
- Enable ECBreakpoint for Specific Projects - Invokes `ecbreakpoint` for specified projects. Use the folder button to select projects and delimit projects with a semi-colon.

Using Macros in the Solution Settings String-Based Fields

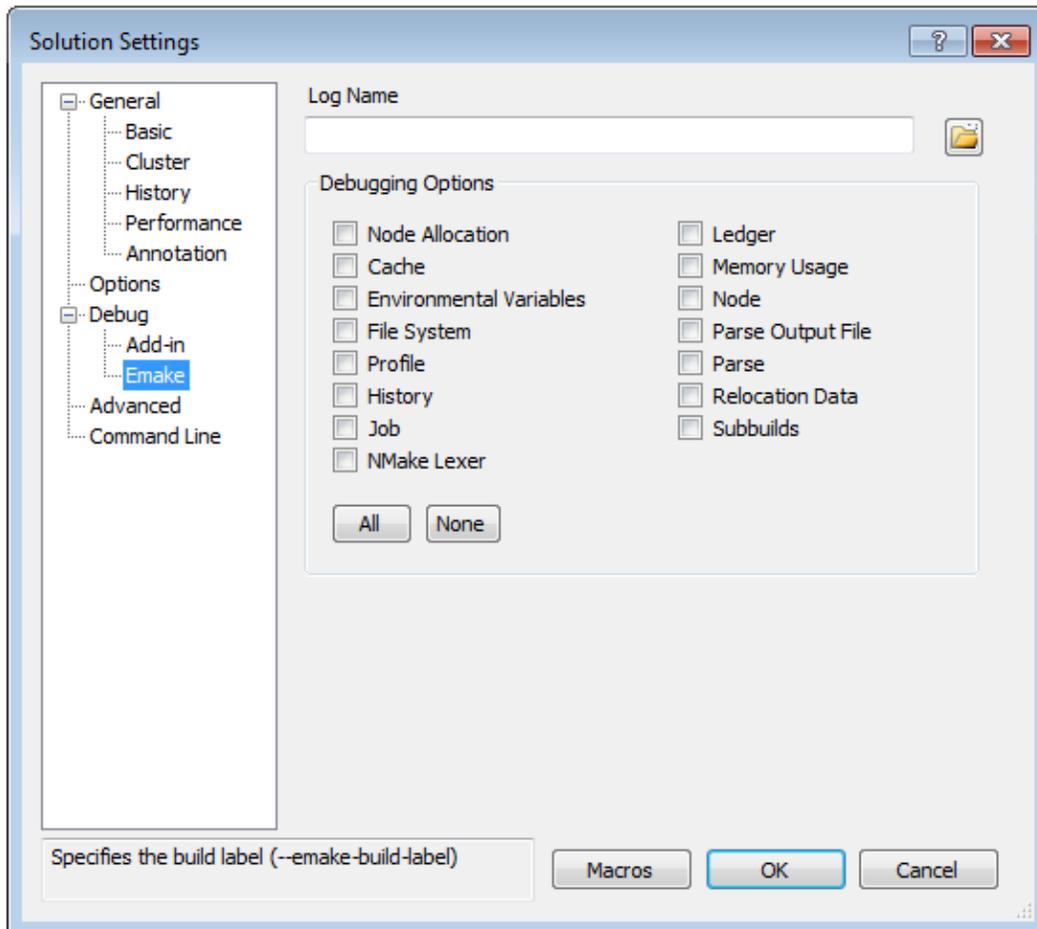
In any string-based field (such as the path name you enter into the **Debug Log Name** field) in the Electric Cloud solution settings, you can use a custom build command instead of a hardcoded string. For example, you can create a command that generates separate debug logs if you are running separate builds where each build has a different configuration.

Following is an example of a dialog box for entering macros:



To edit a set of macros for a field, click in the field, then click the **Macros** button to invoke the macro editor for that field, then click the **Macros<<** button to view the list of available macros.

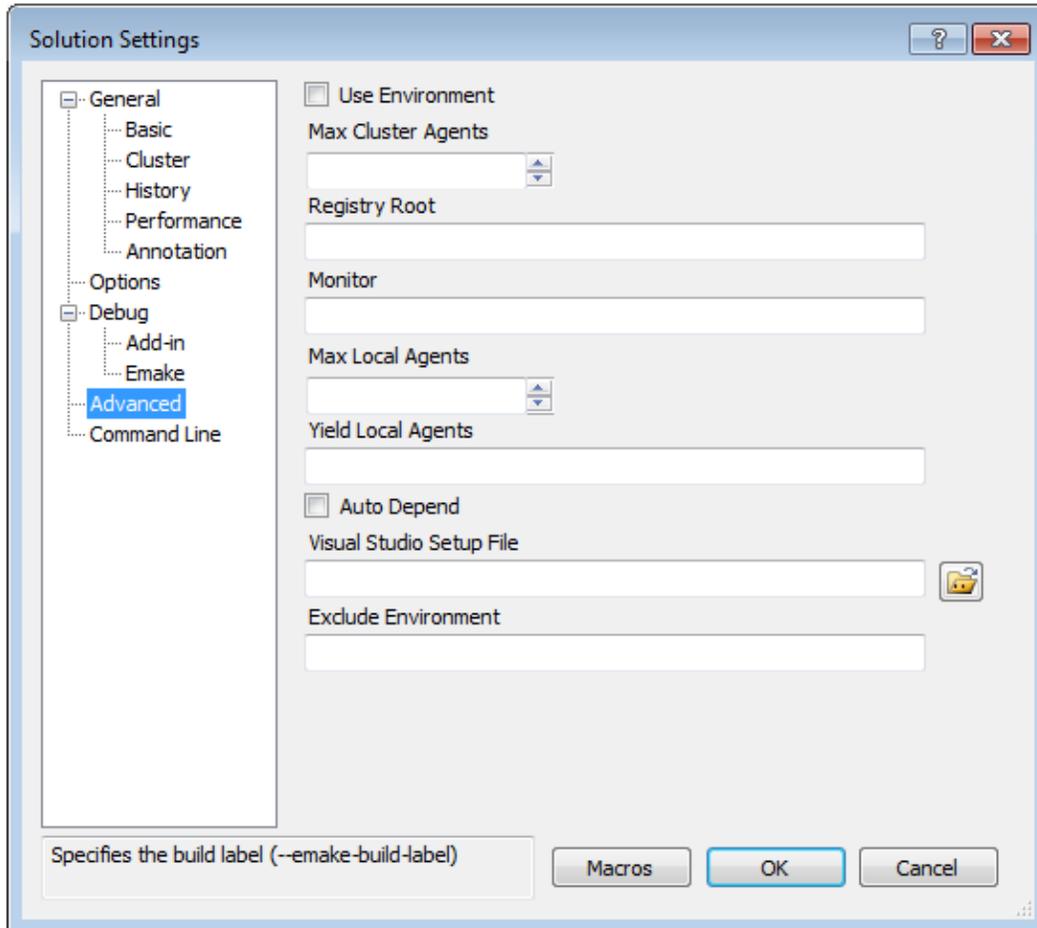
eMake



- Log Name - Specifies the name of the debug log (sets `--emake-logfile`). Use the folder button to select a log file.
- Debugging Options - Select debug categories to log.

Advanced

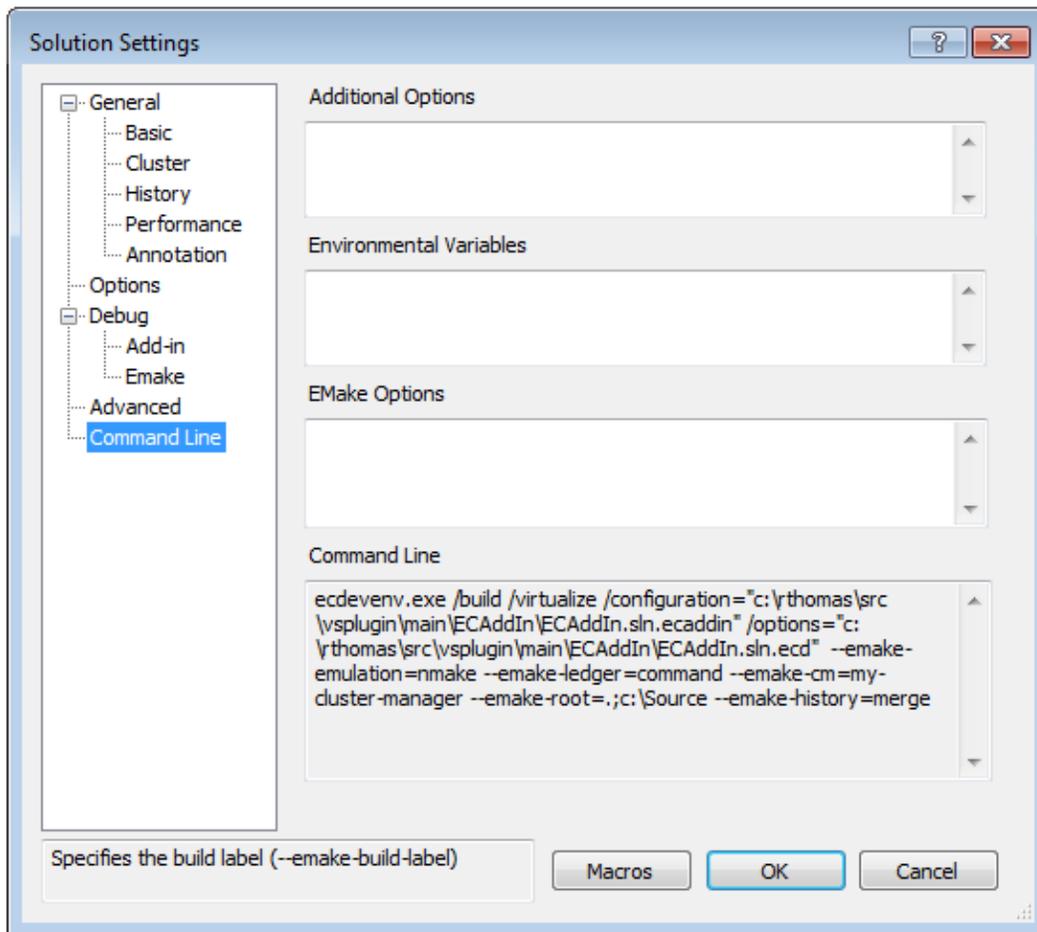
This category contains advanced options.



- Use Environment - Determines whether to add `/useenv` to the `devenv` call.
- Max Cluster Agents - Specifies the maximum number of agents to use during the build (`--emake-maxagents`).
- Registry Root - Specifies the registry root (`--emake-reg-roots`). You can specify multiple roots separated by ':' [a colon].
- Monitor - Allows the build to be monitored by ElectricInsight (`--emake-monitor`).
- Max Local Agents - Sets the maximum number of local agents to use (`--emake-localagents`).
- Yield Local Agents - If using more than N local agents, then eMake releases the number agents over N every T seconds so they can be used by another eMake that is looking for local agents (`--emake-yield-localagents=N, T`). Two values are required in this format: *release agents over this number, every this number of seconds*.
- Auto Depend - Enables/disables allowing eMake to automatically determine dependencies. Default is enabled.
- Visual Studio Setup file - Specifies the Visual Studio setup file for command line builds. Default is `vsvars32.bat`.
- Exclude Environment - Specifies a list of environment variables to exclude from eMake (`--emake-exclude-env`), separated by ':' [a colon].

Command Line

This category allows you to add additional options not explicitly specified elsewhere.



- **Additional Options** - Specifies a list of add-in options in this format: `<Name=Value>`. These are the same options specified on [page 9-1](#)
- **Environmental Variables** - Specifies a list of environment variables in this format: `<variable>=<value>`, separated by a carriage return. Do not use "set".
- **EMake Options** - Specifies a list of eMake options in this format: `--emake-<option>=<value>`, separated by a carriage return.
- **Command Line** - A non-editable field that shows the `ecdevenv` command that is executed by the add-in. VS Converter Add-In options are stored in the `/options` file.

Chapter 7: Using the ecdevenv Utility

ecdevenv.exe is a drop-in replacement for devenv.exe that builds Visual Studio solutions and projects using eMake. Following are the key ecdevenv features:

- Skip generation of NMAKE makefiles
- No makefiles are required
- Visual Studio toolchain virtualization
- Ability to build multiple solutions and projects in one command
- Ability to specify global add-in options in an options file
- Forced regeneration of makefiles if required
- Ability to generate makefiles without running eMake

The pre-4.0 behavior of ecdevenv is still supported in versions 4.0 and later.

No Makefiles are Required

Without ecdevenv, you must create a makefile to build using eMake:

```
all:
    devenv.exe solution.sln /build Debug
```

Then call this makefile with eMake:

```
emake.exe --emake-cm=<your cm> --emake-emulation=nmake -f makefile
```

With ecdevenv, you can simply use the following command:

```
ecdevenv.exe solution.sln /build Debug --emake-cm=<your cm>
```

ecdevenv converts the solution into NMAKE makefiles and runs eMake on them using the eMake parameters specified. Devenv and eMake arguments can be in any order. ecdevenv automatically uses NMAKE emulation.

ecdevenv always converts the solution locally, so any differences between the eMake machine and agent machines can be ignored.

Visual Studio Toolchain Virtualization

Use the `/virtualize` option to virtualize the Visual Studio toolchain. This virtualizes the Visual Studio installation directory, SDK directory, and relevant registry entries. This negates the need to install Visual Studio on the agent machines. Make sure that you have installed the following software before using this option:

- Relevant .NET version that you are using
- Relevant redistributable for your version of Visual Studio

Build Multiple Solutions and Projects

ecdevenv can build multiple solutions. To use this capability, create a makefile in the following format and (optionally) specify the projects and project configurations:

```
<BuildSpecification>
  <Solution>
    <Name>Solution1.sln</Name>
    <Platform>Mixed Platforms</Platform>
    <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
    <Project>
      <Name>Project1\Project1.vbproj</Name>
      <Platform>Any CPU</Platform>
      <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
    </Project>
    <Project>
      <Name>Project2\Project2.vcproj</Name>
      <Platform>Win32</Platform>
      <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
    </Project>
  </Solution>
  <Solution>
    <Name>Solution2.sln</Name>
    <Platform>Mixed Platforms</Platform>
    <Configuration>Debug</Configuration>
  </Solution>
</BuildSpecification>
```

Then pass the name of the file to ecdevenv using `/configuration=<filename>`.

You cannot specify a solution or project on the command line when using the `/configuration` option.

Add-In Options

Use `/options=<file>` to specify the add-in options. The file uses the format shown in the [page 9-1](#) chapter.

Force

Use `/force` to force the regeneration of makefiles.

Skip

Use `/skip` to never regenerate makefiles. You use this when you have cached makefiles. You must manually regenerate makefiles using `/force` when required.

Generate Only

Use `/generate` to generate the NMAKE makefiles without running eMake.

Other Options

- Use `/use64bit` to use the 64-bit version of eMake.
- Use `/help` to display a list of ecdevenv options and example option and configuration files.

- Use `/makefile` to specify an alternative default makefile (rather than `ecdevenv.mak`).

Debugging

- Set `ECDEVENV_DEBUG=true` to turn on debugging (output is sent to `stdout` by default).
- Set `ECADDIN_DEBUG_LOG=<filename>` to redirect output to a file.

Miscellaneous Files Generated by ecdevenv

ecdevenv creates several files in the build directory. Do not remove these files. You do **not** need to check in these files to your revision control system, unless you want to skip regeneration of NMAKE makefiles.

- `*.last_build`

"*.last_build" files are created in the same directory as the solution files. One file is created for each invocation of ecdevenv. ecdevenv uses this file to determine whether it needs to regenerate the temporary makefiles. Delete these only if you want to force ecdevenv to regenerate makefiles.

- `metrics.sln.Release_Win32.ecmak` and `metrics.vcxproj.Release_Win32.ecmak`

These are temporary makefiles generated by ecdevenv. Do not delete them unless you are regenerating the temporary makefiles.

- `metrics_Release_Win32.sln`

This is a copy of the original solution used to remove project dependencies. This was generated by ecdevenv (note the configuration name in the file name) Do not delete it unless you are regenerating the temporary makefiles.

- `metrics.sln`, `metrics.vcxproj`, `metrics.vcxproj.filters`, `metrics.vcxproj.user`

These are Visual Studio files. Do not delete them.

- `ecdevenv.mak`

This is the top-level makefile created by ecdevenv. Do not delete it.

Chapter 8: Visual Studio Converter Add-In

ElectricAccelerator can build Visual Studio solutions in two different modes:

- Use `ecdevenv` as a drop-in replacement for your command-line build (recommended)
- Create a makefile containing the `devenv` calls

Using `ecdevenv`

If you choose to use `ecdevenv`, replace:

```
devenv.com Solution.sln /build Debug
```

with:

```
ecdevenv Solution.sln /build Debug --emake-cm=<yourcm> /virtualize
```

`ecdevenv` does the following:

1. Converts `Solution.sln` to NMAKE format.
2. Calls `eMake` on the generated files.

The `/virtualize` flag virtualizes the Visual Studio toolchain, negating the need to install Visual Studio on the agents. You must, however, ensure the relevant versions of .NET and redistributables are installed.

`devenv` must be in the `PATH` environment variable **before** executing `ecdevenv`.

Creating a makefile

Before you can use Accelerator to build your Visual Studio project, make sure you have already installed and run Visual Studio on each agent host for each user (all `ECloudInternalUsers`).

Note: Virtualization of the toolchain is not possible when using this method.

If you currently invoke Visual Studio from inside a makefile, you are ready. If you invoke Visual Studio directly from the command line or through a batch file, you must create a makefile for `eMake` to run. For example:

```
all:
    devenv /build Release foo.sln

-- or --

all:
    devenv /build Release foo.sln /project bar.vcproj
```

The makefile must invoke `devenv` with the options you currently use. Ensure the correct version of `devenv` is in your path:

```
devenv /?
```

and ensure that the usual Visual Studio environment variables are set.

Setting the Path for 64-bit or Xbox Builds

To run 64-bit or Xbox builds, you must set the path manually.

Chapter 9: Setting Visual Studio Environment Variables

Setting VS Converter Add-In Environment Variables

You can control the way the VS Converter Add-In works by setting these environment variables on the eMake machine.

Alternatively, you can set the variables in a configuration file and set `ECADDIN_CONFIGURATION_FILE` to the full or relative pathname.

For example:

```
all:
    set ECADDIN_CONFIGURATION_FILE=addin.cfg
    devenv.com Solution.sln /build Debug
```

Sample `addin.cfg`:

```
<SolutionSettings>
  <DisableAddin>>false</DisableAddin>
  <DoNotParseProjects>>false</DoNotParseProjects>
  <ECBreakpoint>>false</ECBreakpoint>
  <DoNotParseSpecificProjects />
  <ECBreakpointProjects />
  <RunLocalLink />
  <UseDevenvForProject />
  <EnableDebugLog>>false</EnableDebugLog>
  <DebugLogName>ecdebug.log</DebugLogName>
  <MaxPDBFiles>16</MaxPDBFiles>
  <UseOrderOnlyPrereqs>>true</UseOrderOnlyPrereqs>
  <EnableIncrementalLink>>false</EnableIncrementalLink>
  <RemoveDependencies>>true</RemoveDependencies>
  <ForceZ7>>true</ForceZ7>
  <UpToDateCheck>>false</UpToDateCheck>
  <DoNotDeleteTempMakefiles>>false</DoNotDeleteTempMakefiles>
  <DoNotUseUniqueNames>>false</DoNotUseUniqueNames>
  <ExpandLinkerObjects>>false</ExpandLinkerObjects>
  <RunDeploymentLocally>>false</RunDeploymentLocally>
  <RunLocalProject />
  <SerializeAllProjects>>false</SerializeAllProjects>
  <UseDevenv>>false</UseDevenv>
```

```
<UseMSBuild>>true</UseMSBuild>
</SolutionSettings>
```

All environment variables override variables in the configuration file, so you can set them outside of the configuration file as needed.

Note: Environment variables that take Boolean values can accept: “0”, “no”, “false”, “off”, “1”, “yes”, “true”, or “on”. Case is not significant.

Environment Variable	Configuration File Variable	Description	Default
ECADDIN_BUILD_ORDER	BuildOrder	Specifies projects' build order. Use only if Accelerator is not building projects in the correct order.	-
ECADDIN_CHECK_DLLEXPORT	CheckDLLExport	Prevents the linker from including libraries that do not contain any exports. This might be slow.	False
ECADDIN_CONFIGURATION_FILE	n/a	Sets the filename of the configuration file. If this is set, all settings are taken from the file and the environment variables are ignored.	-
ECADDIN_CREATE_MISSING_DEPENDENCIES	CreateMissingDependencies	Creates missing dependencies to avoid missing dependency warnings.	False
ECADDIN_DEBUG	EnableDebuglog	Setting this variable to any value causes debug log files to remain in %TMP%\ecdebug<ID>.log on the agent host. These files are used for troubleshooting by Electric Cloud engineers. Normally, you do not need to set this value.	False
ECADDIN_DEBUG_LOG_FILENAME	DebugLogName	Specifies the debug log name. Requires ECADDIN_DEBUG. Use '\$1' in the file specification to insert a unique ID. For example, C:\Users\Bill\ecdebug_\$1.log. Use a file location outside of eMake root. The log file is stored on the agent.	-
ECADDIN_DISABLE_MINIMAL_REBUILDS	DisableMinimalRebuilds	Disables minimal rebuilds.	False

Environment Variable	Configuration File Variable	Description	Default
ECADDIN_DISALLOW_BSC	DisallowBSC	Does not generate browse information files.	False
ECADDIN_DISALLOW_PCH	DisallowPCH	Does not generate/use precompiled header files (implied by ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES)	False
ECADDIN_DISALLOW_PDB	DisallowPDB	Does not generate PDB files.	False
ECADDIN_DISALLOW_SBR	DisallowSBR	Does not generate browse information files from sources.	False
ECADDIN_DONT_ADD_PCH_LOCATION	DoNotAddPCHLocation	Prevents the add-in from adding the location of the PCH file in all cases. This variable is relevant only if ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES or ECADDIN_DISALLOW_PCH is switched on.	False
ECADDIN_DONT_ALLOW_PCH_AND_PDB	DoNotAllowPCHAndPDB	Switches off PDB and PCH generation.	False
ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECT	DoNotParseSpecificProjects	<p>This variable takes a list of project names separated by semi-colons and without white spaces. This variable is useful for deploying the add-in. If, for any reason, the add-in cannot build some of your projects, this variable allows you to work around the problem.</p> <p>When using this variable, you might experience an the warning MSB4098. You can ignore this warning because any project references are now converted into additional dependencies. MSBuild, however, does not provide a mechanism to turn off this warning.</p>	False

Environment Variable	Configuration File Variable	Description	Default
ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECTS	DoNotParseProjects	This variable takes any non-blank value and its behavior is similar to ECADDIN_SERIALIZE. It calls devenv on each project (the add-in does not convert each project into individual compile/link steps).	-
ECADDIN_DONT_RM_TMP_MAKEFILES	DoNotDeleteTempMakefiles	Retains makefiles created during the build but normally deleted when the build finishes. This environment variable can have any value; it just needs to be set.	False
ECADDIN_DONT_RUN	DoNotRun	TEST only. Convert makefiles without running eMake.	False
ECADDIN_DONT_USE	DisableAddin	Disables the add-in. This environment variable can have any value, it just needs to be set. Also, you can disable the add-in on each host by using the Visual Studio Add-In Manager (on the Tools menu). Note: This is a “light-weight” uninstall program that disables one individual machine at a time.	False
ECADDIN_DONT_USE_UNIQUE	DoNotUseUniqueNames	Does not use unique names for temporary makefiles. Use with ECADDIN_DONT_RM_TMP_MAKEFILES.	False
ECADDIN_ECBREAKPOINT	ECBreakpoint	Determines whether to invoke ecbreakpoint on failed jobs.	False
ECADDIN_ECBREAKPOINT_PROJECTS	ECBreakpointProjects	Determines whether to invoke ecbreakpoint for specified projects. Use a semi-colon to delimit projects.	-
ECADDIN_ENABLE_INCREMENTAL_LINK	EnableIncrementalLink	Inserts a call to ectouch.exe. See Setting Visual Studio Environment Variables .	False

Environment Variable	Configuration File Variable	Description	Default
ECADDIN_EXPAND_LINKER_OBJECTS	ExpandLinkerObjects	Expands linker objects to one line per object. Prevents errors when link line length is exceeded.	False
ECADDIN_FORCE_Z7	ForceZ7	Enables /Z7 compiler options for all C++ files.	False
ECADDIN_INCLUDE_CMAKELISTS	IncludeCMakeLists	Excludes any source file with the name CMakeLists.txt. Set this variable to True to execute the file.	False
ECADDIN_INJECT_PCH_REFERENCE	InjectPCHReference	Adds <code>/I<projectname></code> to the PCH creator (<code>/Yc</code>). Set it to <code>false</code> only if linker tools error LNK2005 (multiply-defined symbol error) appears.	True
ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES	MaxPDBFiles	Specifies the maximum number of PDB files produced. See Optimize Parallelization Using PDB Splitting .	16
ECADDIN_MSBUILD_DIR	MSBuildDir	Path to the location of <code>msbuild.exe</code> if different from the default.	-
ECADDIN_MSBUILD_PARAMETERS	MSBuildParameters	Adds extra parameters to <code>msbuild</code> command line.	-
ECADDIN_NORMALIZE_PATHS	NormalizePaths	Normalizes all paths in the makefile.	True
ECADDIN_REMOVE_DEPENDENCIES	RemoveDependencies	Removes project-to-project dependencies to improve parallelization.	True
ECADDIN_RUN_DEPLOYMENT_PROJECTS_LOCALLY	RunDeploymentLocally	Runs deployment projects locally using <code>#pragma runlocal</code> .	False
ECADDIN_RUN_LOCAL_LINK	RunLocalLink	A list of projects where the linker will be run locally (using <code>#pragma runlocal</code>).	-

Environment Variable	Configuration File Variable	Description	Default
ECADDIN_RUN_LOCAL_PROJECT	RunLocalProject	Use this variable if your build uses a local resource (for example, a resource only on the eMake host (for example, a database). You do not need to set this variable if your project build includes web deployment; this is handled by the add-in. The value of this variable is a list of project names separated by semi-colons. Each project name must be the unique Visual Studio identifier for the project (for example, <code>solution1/project1.vcproj</code>). Do not add quotation marks or white spaces.	-
ECADDIN_SERIALIZE	SerializeAllProjects	Causes each project to be built serially. It inserts <code>'#pragma allserial'</code> into each makefile. This variable is equivalent to setting <code>ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECTS</code> .	False
ECADDIN_UP_TO_DATE_CHECK	UpToDatecheck	Pre-parses the projects to determine whether there is anything to build. Prevents unnecessary rebuilding of static build steps.	False
ECADDIN_USE_DEVENV	UseDevenv	Uses <code>devenv</code> (rather than <code>msbuild</code>) for all unparsed projects.	False
ECADDIN_USE_DEVENV_FOR_PROJECT	UseDevenvForProject	Uses <code>devenv</code> (rather than <code>msbuild</code>) to build specific projects. Supply a list of projects (separated by a semicolon) to be built with <code>devenv</code> .	-
ECADDIN_USE_LEGACY_CODE	UseLegacyCode	Use this variable to workaround a Visual Studio bug where <code>AdditionalLibraryDirectories</code> does not give the correct value.	False

Environment Variable	Configuration File Variable	Description	Default
ECADDIN_USE_MSBUILD	UseMSBuild	Allows you to use <code>msbuild</code> internally for projects that the add-in cannot parse.	True
ECADDIN_USE_ORDER_ONLY_PREREQS	UseOrderOnlyPreReqs	Uses order-only prerequisites (available in Accelerator v7.0 and later). This allows for quicker first time (no history) builds.	True
ECADDIN_USE_RELATIVE_PATHS	UseRelativePaths	Uses relative paths in the makefile to reduce line lengths.	False
ECADDIN_USE_WCE_MACROS	UseWCEMacros	Loads platform macros.	False
ECADDIN_XBOX_INSTALL_DIR	XBoxInstallDir	Path to the location of Xbox SDK if different from the default.	-
ECADDIN_XBOX_VERSION	XBoxVersion	Xbox SDK version if different from the default.	-

Setting the Environment Variable to Enable Local Solution Builds

You can build a solution locally with eMake but without using remote agents or local agents. You might want to use this function if a distributed incremental build is slow, or if a local Visual Studio incremental build causes unnecessary rebuilding of objects. To make this function visible in the **Electric Cloud** menu, set the environment variable `ECUIADDIN_LOCAL_BUILD=true`. For more information about this menu, see the [Main Menu and Toolbar](#) section.

Setting the Environment Variable for ecdevenv Startup Checks

By default, the `ecdevenv` utility perform several checks (such as the existence and proper version number of the converter add-in) when it starts. To disable the checks, set the environment variable `ECDEVENV_SKIP_CHECKS=true`.

Chapter 10: Performance Tuning

The add-in has several methods for improving performance. To determine which is best for your situation, generate an annotation file and open it in ElectricInsight.

To generate an annotation file, pass `--emake-annodetail=basic, file, lookup, env` to your eMake call. By default, the annotation file is named `emake.xml`.

Available methods:

- [Improve Build Time for /Zi + PCH Builds](#)
- [Improve Build Time for Solutions with Many Projects](#)
- [Improve Final Link Time](#)
- [Improve Incremental Build Time](#)
- [Improve Incremental Linking Time](#)
- [Optimize Parallelization Using PDB Splitting](#)

Improve Build Time for /Zi + PCH Builds

The default configuration for VC++ projects is /Zi and using PCH. To parallelize this combination, the add-in splits PDB and duplicates PCH. However PCH files are usually very large and might negate any improvement parallelization offers.

To improve build time in these circumstances:

1. Set `ECADDIN_FORCE_Z7=true`
This is the single most effective way to improve build speed.
2. Set `ECADDIN_DISALLOW_PCH`
This turns off PCH but might result in build failures that can be fixed in code only.
3. Reduce `ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES`
Reducing this setting reduces parallelism but decreases the time spent copying PCH files.

Improve Build Time for Solutions with Many Projects

Some very large solutions with few inter-project dependencies might benefit from not parsing the project down to the project item level. Follow these steps:

1. Set `ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECTS=true`
2. Clear history.
3. Rebuild.

Although you lose fine-grain parallelism, the reduced overhead might reduce the overall build time.

Improve Final Link Time

Many typical solutions have a final link (or lib) that is very large and slow on the cluster. To perform this link locally, set `ECADDIN_RUN_LOCAL_LINK=<project>`.

IMPORTANT: Running projects locally with `#pragma runlocal` might cause other issues. When running with `#pragma runlocal`, only changes in the current working directory are recognized by EFS, so it is not advised if there are subsequent jobs that use files outside of the CWD.

Improve Incremental Build Time

By default, the add-in always rebuilds prebuild events. If you have a prebuild event that touches files, it could potentially rebuild far more than Visual Studio would. To prevent this, set `ECADDIN_UP_TO_DATE_CHECK=true`. This first checks whether there is anything out of date. If not, nothing will be built including the prebuild event.

Improve Incremental Linking Time

Using the Add-In

Visual Studio supports incremental linking with the `/INCREMENTAL` linker option. This does not function in eMake because eMake updates the timestamp of the exe/dll when it copies it back to the build machine (from the agent) to prevent any problems due to clock skew.

To work around this problem, we can “touch” the exe after the link with its current timestamp. This explicit modification of the timestamp instructs eMake to preserve the timestamp, hence keeping the validity of its incremental status.

To enable this feature with the add-in, set `ECADDIN_ENABLE_INCREMENTAL_LINK=true`. This inserts a call to `ectouch.exe`, which performs the action stated above. `ectouch.exe` should be in `%PATH%`.

Not Using the Add-In

If you are not using the add-in, you can still use this feature. You can rename `ectouch.exe` to `eclink.exe` and replace occurrences of `link.exe` with `eclink.exe`. `eclink.exe` should be in `%PATH%`. Alternatively, you can rename `link.exe` to `link_ec.exe` and copy `eclink.exe` to `link.exe`. (If you want something other than `link_ec.exe`, set `EC_ORIGINAL_LINK_PATH` to the location of the “real” `link.exe`.)

Optimize Parallelization Using PDB Splitting

Using the Add-In

By default, Visual Studio puts all debugging information in a centralized database (PDB) called `vc80.pdb` (this is Visual Studio version-specific). Because each compilation modifies this file, everything in the project is serialized. A workaround is to group debug information into multiple PDB files. You can accomplish this automatically if you use the add-in.

`ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES` is set to 16 by default. You can change this value to be equal to or less than the number of agents, but you might need to increase or decrease this for optimal efficiency. `ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES` specifies the maximum number of PDB files produced. Each file is placed into a PDB determined by a hash of its filename. This method ensures that a particular file is always placed in the same PDB. This is necessary to ensure eMake's history file remains valid.

For example, if a project contains 4 files, `File1.cpp`, `File2.cpp`, and so on, and they are all serialized on PDB file `vc80.pdb`. Set `ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES=2` will create (at most) 2 PDB files:

```
File1.cpp --' <ProjectName>_0.pdb
File2.cpp --' <ProjectName>_1.pdb
File3.cpp --' <ProjectName>_0.pdb
File4.cpp --' <ProjectName>_1.pdb
```

In this example, `File1` and `File3` will be serialized against each other but will build in parallel from `File2` and `File4` (which will be serialized against each other).

You can change this variable in the Visual Studio IDE Add-In solution settings. Go to the Performance section of the Add-in pane.

The history file must be deleted when adding or changing the value of `ECADDIN_MAX_PDB_FILES`. You can also set `--emake-history=create`.

Not Using the Add-In

This technique can be used without using the add-in. This distribution contains the application `hashstr.exe`, which hashes the filename and returns the bucket number. You can use this in your makefile to set the PDB filename (using `/fd`) in the same manner as above. Precompiled headers must be switched off for this to work.

Usage: `hashstr "mystring" [modulus]`

Where `mystring` is the string from which to generate the hash value, and `modulus` is the number of hash bins you want to use.

You can add this to a pattern rule for builds that suffer from performance degradation due to PDB serialization, with something similar to the following:

```
%.o: %.c
$(CC) /c $(cflags) $(PCH_USE_FLAGS) $(cvars) $(cplus_flags) $(LOCAL_INCLUDE) $(P
CB_INCLUDE) $< /Fo$@ /Fd$(shell ${path-to-hashstr}/hashstr.exe "$@" ${hashstr-mo
dulus}) .pdb
```

Chapter 11: Using MSBuild

ElectricAccelerator **cannot** parallelize msbuild project files. If you have multiple msbuild projects, however, you can create a makefile to build them in parallel.

For example:

```
all: project1 project2

project1
    msbuild myproject.csproj /t:build

project2:
    msbuild myproject.csproj /t:build
```

Then run:

```
emake -f makefile --emake-emulation=nmake --emake-cm<your cm>
```

For C++ projects, call devenv (or ecdevenv) to parallelize those projects down to the project item level.

If you use a top-level msbuild script that builds separate projects, convert that to NMAKE in the format above to achieve parallelization under eMake.

Chapter 12: Visual Studio 6

Although there is no Visual Studio 6 add-in, you can parallelize such builds using the built-in option to generate NMAKE makefiles. See <http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/441/how-do-i-export-visual-studio-6-projects> for more information.

One-Time Export

Consider exporting makefiles (.mak) for the project and building the project using the NMAKE utility. To export a makefile, select **Export Makefile** from the Project menu in the Developer Studio. This is a one-time export, after which makefiles and Project files would potentially diverge.

To avoid makefiles and Project files diverging, instruct Visual Studio 6 to export makefiles automatically whenever the project changes:

1. Go to the Tools menu and click **Options**.
2. On the Build tab, select **Export Makefile** when saving the project file.

On-the-Fly Export

Makefiles can be generated from .dsw files via the command-line using the following technique documented on MSDN: http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa260829.aspx#autobld_export.

DevStudio provides some built-in commands for automation. To see a list of these commands, select **Customize** under the **Tools** menu and choose the **Keyboard** tab. The commands under the respective categories are listed. These commands can be launched in the same way that add-ins and macro commands are launched. To export a makefile for all projects in a workspace, do the following from the command line:

```
msdev.exe MyProject.dsw -execute BuildProjectExport
```

Note: The command supplied using the `-execute` option is case sensitive. DevStudio should be in the path; otherwise, specify the full path in the preceding statement.

This launches DevStudio, opens the MyProject.dsw workspace file, and exports the makefile for all projects. There is a drawback in doing this—you will see the Export Makefile dialog box.

The same can also be accomplished using the following VBScript macro:

```
Sub ExportMakFile
  'Export the makefile
  ExecuteCommand "BuildProjectExport"
  'Close the workspace
  ExecuteCommand "WorkspaceClose"
  'Exit from DevStudio
  Quit
End Sub
```

Chapter 13: Debugging

Perform the following tasks first when debugging a failed build:

- Double-check that the build works under Visual Studio.
- Check [Troubleshooting](#) and ask.electric-cloud.com.

If the previous tasks do not help you debug your build, do the following steps:

1. Set `ECADDIN_DEBUG=true` and `ECADDIN_DEBUG_LOG_NAME=<filename>`.
2. Rerun the build.

The *<filename>* will exist on the machine that performed the conversion. When using `ecdev`, this will be the local machine. When running `devenv` or `ecdev` remotely, the file will exist on the remote machine.

Chapter 14: Troubleshooting

Make Sure You Initialize Visual Studio

If you don't virtualize the toolchain, you must initialize Visual Studio on *every agent* host for *each ECloudInternalUser*. Each Accelerator agent runs as user ECloudInternalUser1, ECloudInternalUser2, and so on.

Log in to each user account and run Visual Studio and do the following:

1. Choose **Tools > Options** and browse to **Project and Solutions > Build and Run**.
2. Set the maximum number of parallel project builds to 1.
3. Choose **Help > Customer Feedback Options**.
4. Initialize the Customer Experience Improvement Program to either Yes or No.

If you still encounter issues, go to the [Electric Cloud ElectricAccelerator Knowledge Base](#) and search for "Visual Studio". Also refer to ask.electric-cloud.com for answers to common issues with eMake and the Visual Studio Integration.

Common Issues

Check this list of common issues after you verify that Visual Studio initialized properly:

- [Visual Studio is missing the Electric Cloud menu](#)
- [Application Data folder could not be created. make: *** \[all\]](#)
- [For VS2005 SP1 builds, the build is not broken up and runs as one large job](#)
- [Build terminated with "not making progress" error](#)
- [Visual Studio quits immediately at the start of the build](#)
- [Error "'devenv' not found" is displayed](#)
- [For VS2010/msbuild 4.0 builds, each project is taking around 15 minutes](#)
- [Error "Unable to build specified project" or missing file errors](#)
- [Error "msbuild not found"](#)
- [Missing DLL errors or Visual Studio installation is corrupt](#)
- [Error "command line too long"](#)
- [The build is slow \(not parallelized\) and/or each line of the build output is prefixed with 1>, 2>, etc](#)

- Error: '[' not recognized
- When virtualizing the Visual Studio toolchain, regsvr32 fails trying to register a DLL that uses debug CRT DLLs
- Particular projects do not build under eMake
- Electric Cloud menu in Visual Studio is grayed out (disabled)
- Invalid macro invocation '\$' build error
- Using Visual Studio 2010, a project fails at link when using the Add-In but succeeds when using Visual Studio alone
- Upgrading only cluster agents to Accelerator v7.0 might result in an error

Visual Studio is missing the Electric Cloud menu

Description

The VS IDE Add-In is installed, but the Electric Cloud menu is missing and the Tools menu item is corrupted (shows "Electric Cloud").

The add-in might throw an exception similar to the following:

```
3:Error: Adding Build menu item: Could not load file or assembly 'stdole, Version=7.0.3300.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=b03f5f7f11d50a3a' or one of its dependencies. The system cannot find the file specified.
```

Cause

This occurs because the add-in requires stdole.dll to be installed and registered.

Solution

1. Close all instances of Visual Studio.
2. Uninstall the add-in from Control Panel.
3. Open a command prompt and register the DLL manually (Adjust the path to gacutil.exe accordingly.):

```
"%PROGRAM_FILES%\Microsoft SDKs\Windows\v7.0A\Bin\gacutil.exe" -i ""%PROGRAM_FILES%\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\MSEnv\PublicAssemblies\stdole.dll"
```

Run Visual Studio and check if the Electric Cloud menu is present.

4. If Step 3 doesn't work, install the Office 2003 Update: Redistributable Primary Interop Assemblies from <http://www.microsoft.com/download/en/details.aspx?DisplayLang=en&id=20923>.
5. Run:

```
devenv.exe /ResetSettings
```

This resets the menus.

6. Re-install the add-in and run Visual Studio.

Application Data folder could not be created. make: *** [all]

Cause

The current user does not have an account on the agent that is running devenv.exe.

Solution

Virtualize the Visual Studio toolchain or set `--emake-exclude-env=USERPROFILE`.

See <http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/299/what-does-it-mean-when-visual-studio-reports-the-application-data-folder-for-visual-studio-could-not-be-created>.

For VS2005 SP1 builds, the build is not broken up and runs as one large job

Cause

The hotfix for VS2005 SP1 is not installed.

Solution

See <http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/439/visual-studio-2005-behaves-as-if-the-visual-studio-add-in-is-not-installed>.

Build terminated with “not making progress” error

Cause

There are many reasons for this error. It usually occurs when a build has shown a modal dialog (that is not visible to the build user) and is waiting for input.

Solution

See <http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/427/why-does-visual-studio-stall-and-display-a-modal-dialog>.

Visual Studio quits immediately at the start of the build

Cause

You are running the wrong version of Visual Studio for your build.

Solution

Ensure the environment is setup for the version of Visual Studio you are using.

Error “devenv’ not found” is displayed

Cause

Visual Studio is not installed on the agent or is not in the same location as the build machine.

Solution

Install Visual Studio on the agent or set the `PATH` environment variable to reflect the installation directory on the agent.

For VS2010/msbuild 4.0 builds, each project is taking around 15 minutes

Cause

MSBuild v4.0 does not exit immediately after a build for performance reasons.

Solution

Set `MSBUILDNODECONNECTIONTIMEOUT=0`.

See <http://ask.electric-cloud.com/questions/34/msbuild-processes-are-slow-and-takes-long-time-to-finish>.

Error “Unable to build specified project' or missing file errors

Cause

The missing project or files are not in the eMake root.

Solution

Make sure all files are either present on the agent, or in the emake root.

Error “msbuild not found”

Cause

.NET is not installed on the agent.

Solution

Install the relevant version of .NET on all agents.

Missing DLL errors or Visual Studio installation is corrupt

Cause

C++ redistributable is not installed on the agent.

Solution

Install the relevant redistributable for the version of Visual Studio you're using on the agents.

Error "command line too long"

Cause

The add-in has generated a command line that is too long.

Solution

If the error occurs during linking, set `ECADDIN_EXPAND_LINKER_OBJECTS=true`, otherwise set `ECADDIN_USE_RELATIVE_PATHS=true` in your environment.

The build is slow (not parallelized) and/or each line of the build output is prefixed with 1>, 2>, etc

Cause

The build is not using the add-in. The 1>, 2> is an indication that devenv is being used.

Solution

Check that the VS Converter Add-In is installed on the agents or build machine. (Go to **Tools > Add In Manager.**)

For VS2005 SP1, check if the hotfix is installed ([see above](#)).

Check for other third-party add-ins on the agents. The VS Converter Add-In might not be compatible with other build-related add-ins.

Error: '[' not recognized

Cause

You are using an older Accelerator version (pre 7.0) that doesn't recognize order-only prerequisites.

Solution

Turn off `ECADDIN_USE_ORDER_ONLY_PREREQS`.

When virtualizing the Visual Studio toolchain, regsvr32 fails trying to register a DLL that uses debug CRT DLLs

Cause

These SxS DLLs cannot be virtualized and are not part of the Visual Studio redistribution.

Solution

Do one of the following:

- See [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa985618\(v=VS.90\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa985618(v=VS.90).aspx)
- Copy debug DLLs from `<VSINSTALLDIR>\VC\redist\Debug_NonRedist` to the target directory (the location of the DLL that is being registered)
- Copy `Microsoft.VC90.DebugCRT.manifest` and `msvcr90d.dll` from `<VSINSTALLDIR>\VC\redist\Debug_NonRedist\x86\Microsoft.VC90.DebugCRT`

Particular projects do not build under eMake

Solution

Use `ECADDIN_DONT_PARSE_PROJECT` to specify the offending projects. Use either the project name or the project path as shown in the solution file.

Electric Cloud menu in Visual Studio is grayed out (disabled)

Cause

This might occur if you install Visual Studio **after** installing the add-in. Visual Studio's setup routine has not initialized the add-in.

Also, the debug log will contain: AddCommandControls failed for Build: The parameter is incorrect. (Exception from HRESULT: 0x80070057 (E_INVALIDARG))

Solution

Open a Visual Studio 2010 or later command prompt as administrator and type:

```
devenv /setup
```

Invalid macro invocation '\$' build error

Cause

An NMAKE limitation treats the dollar sign (\$) as a special character that precedes a macro name. It is not possible to use '\$' in a preprocessor definition unless the number of '\$' is even.

Solution

Either avoid having to use the single dollar sign (\$), or specify it by using a double dollar sign (\$\$).

Using Visual Studio 2010, a project fails at link when using the Add-In but succeeds when using Visual Studio alone

Description

You encounter this error: LINK : fatal error LNK1123: failure during conversion to COFF: file invalid or corrupt

Solution

Upgrade Visual Studio to 2010 SP1.

Upgrading *only cluster agents* to Accelerator v7.0 might result in an error

Cause

When upgrading the cluster agents only to Accelerator v7.0, be advised that an older eMake client will run the same version of eMake on the agent (if it is available). This might result in the following error:

```
NMAKE : fatal error U1073: don't know how to make '|'
```

Solution

Do one of the following:

- Upgrade the local eMake client to 7.0 or later (recommended).
- Set `ECADDIN_USE_ORDER_ONLY_PREREQS=false` in your environment.

Index

- B**
- build
 - locally 6-3
 - multiple solution and projects 7-2
- C**
- common issues 14-1
- Converter Add-in 8-1
 - known issues 3-1
 - upgrading 2-2
 - what's new 2-1
- create makefile 8-1
- D**
- debugging 13-1
- E**
- ecdevenv 7-1
- ecdevenv Utility
 - what's new 2-3
- eMake 6-1
- environment variables 9-1
- I**
- IDE Add-in
 - installation 5-1
 - what's new 2-1
- initialize Visual Studio 14-1
- Insight 6-1, 6-2
- installation 5-1
 - options 5-2
 - silent 5-1
- M**
- main menu 6-2
- msbuild 11-1
- P**
- performance optimization
 - Visual Studio 10-1
- prerequisites 4-2
- S**
- settings
 - advanced 6-15
 - command line 6-17
 - debug 6-13
 - options 6-12
- supported versions 4-1
- T**
- toolbar 6-2
- toolchain
 - virtualization 7-1
- troubleshooting 14-1
- U**
- upgrading 2-2
- V**
- virtualization
 - toolchain 7-1
- Visual Studio
 - performance optimization 10-1
 - supported versions 4-1

Visual Studio 6 12-1

W

what's new

Converter Add-in 2-1

ecdevenv Utility 2-3

IDE Add-in 2-1